BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

C101

GENERAL
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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SPECIFICATION C101 : DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION - GENERAL

PROJECT SPECIFIC INFORMATION

C101.01 LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

EXAMPLE (TO BE COMPLETED BY COMPILER)

1. The Works comprise the construction of a subdivision at North Arm Grove, Dubbo, Lots 16-90, D.P. 2315, in the Parish of Cork, City of Dubbo, NSW.

2. The subdivision involves the construction of five roads and the provision of services to 68 residential building sites.

3. Access to the subdivision is to be from Hastings Road and Gosford Circuit.

C101.02 EXTENT OF WORK

1. Works under this Contract comprise the supply of labour, materials and plant to construct the Works. It includes but is not limited to the following items of construction which shall be carried out in their entirety in strict accordance with and to the true intent and purpose of, the Conditions of Contract, these Technical Specifications, the Drawings listed herein, and under the supervision of the Superintendent.

EXAMPLE (TO BE COMPLETED BY COMPILER)

(a) General

- Provision for control, protection and safety of traffic during construction including notifications to and obtaining approvals from Authorities.
- Notification of all appropriate property owners adjoining the Works.
- Setting out the Works.
- Erosion and sedimentation control of the Works, including stockpile areas.
- Site clearing and grubbing. Topsoil to stockpile.
- Site regrading.
- Topsoil spreading and revegetation to disturbed areas.

(b) Roadworks

- Earthworks, including excavation and embankment construction.
- Stormwater drainage, including kerb and gutter, pipes, pits and headwalls.
- Sub-surface drainage.
- Pavement, consisting of unbound granular subbase and base, bituminous primer seal, and asphaltic concrete wearing surface.
- Guardfence.
- Signposting and linemarking.
- Ancillary works, including medians, paved footpath, turfing and landscaping.
(c) Structures
   • Crib retaining wall
   • Bridge, single span, comprising driven prestressed concrete piles, prestressed concrete bridge beams, and cast-in-situ reinforced concrete headstocks and deck.

(d) Provision of Services
   • Water supply, including pumping station.
   • Sewerage services, including pumping station.

(e) Work by Others
   • Provision of electricity and gas services to the subdivision will be undertaken by the relevant authorities.
   • The excluded work will be the responsibility of the Principal and Utility Authorities. Attention is drawn to the Conditions of Contract regarding the obligation of the Contractor to co-ordinate the works with any simultaneous and/or adjacent work by others. The Contractor shall liaise with these Contractors and Authorities to avoid disruption, delays and possible conflict.

C101.03 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

EXAMPLE (TO BE COMPLETED BY COMPILER)

1. A geotechnical investigation was carried out during February 1992 for design purposes. A copy of the report from this geotechnical investigation is available for the information of the Contractor upon request to the Superintendent.

2. The Contractor’s attention is drawn to the General Conditions of Contract Clause “Site Conditions”. The Contractor should make its own assessment of the in-situ moisture content likely to be encountered at the actual time work is to be carried out.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

C101.04 DRAWINGS

1. The Drawings which form part of the Contract Documents are bound in a separate volume.

C101.05 STANDARDS AND TEST METHODS

1. Unless otherwise specified in the Contract, and where applicable, materials and workmanship shall be in accordance with the relevant standard of the Standards Association of Australia.

2. A standard applicable to the Works shall be the edition last published 14 days prior to the closing date for tenders unless otherwise specified.

3. Overseas standards and other standard documents named in the Specification shall be applicable in the same manner as Australian Standards to relevant materials and workmanship.

4. Copies of any standards quoted or referred to in the Specification shall be kept on the site if so specified.
5. Where no suitable AS test methods are available, those of the relevant State Road Authority shall be used. These are designated T123 etc.

C101.06 TESTING AND SURVEY

1. All testing and survey as required by the Technical Specifications shall be arranged and carried out by the Contractor and all test results and survey records made available to the Superintendent and Council. The cost of all such testing and survey shall be borne by the Contractor.

2. The minimum frequency of testing and survey shall be in accordance with either the Specification for QUALITY SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS or QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS as appropriate for quality assurance or quality control contracts respectively. The appropriate requirements for this Contract are cited on the Form of Tender.

3. Additional inspections, testing, survey, documentation and auditing of Quality Systems may be required by Council or accredited certifiers, to demonstrate compliance with all relevant requirements of the DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION.

C101.07 WORKING AREAS

1. The Principal will not be responsible for the safe-keeping of any of the Contractor's plant, equipment, tools, materials or other property. The Contractor may provide, and pay for, any security fencing considered necessary around any office, workshop or storage area, subject to the Superintendent's approval.

2. If existing fencing is cut or altered by the Contractor, or if there is no existing site fencing, the Contractor shall provide and maintain temporary fencing to the satisfaction of the Superintendent during the Contract to prevent unauthorised entry into the property, and shall reinstate the fencing and remove temporary fencing on completion of the work.

3. The Contractor shall erect appropriate regulatory, hazard, emergency information and fire signs, in accordance with AS 1319 Safety signs for the occupational environment, at prominent locations around the working areas and temporary site facilities. Signs shall include, but are not limited to: mandatory signs for personal protection such as eye, head and foot protection, and DANGER signs such as “DANGER, Construction Site. No Unauthorised Access”. All words on word-message signs shall be approved by the Superintendent prior to sign manufacture or purchase.

C101.08 SMOOTH JUNCTIONS

1. Construction work carried out under this Contract adjacent to or adjoining existing works, shall make smooth junctions with the existing work.

C101.09 SETTING OUT THE WORKS

1. The Superintendent will provide Permanent Marks as shown on the Drawings. The Superintendent will also establish bench marks related to the level datum.

2. Before any of the given survey marks on the base lines or the various control lines are affected by the Works, the Contractor shall transfer such survey marks to side positions clear of operations and shall note, and inform the Superintendent in writing, of the extent of such movement.

3. The Contractor shall give the Superintendent not less than two full working days' notice of the intention to perform any portion of the relocation of survey control.
establishment of recovery pegs, or setting out or levelling, so that suitable arrangements can be made for checking of the work by the Superintendent. If no such notification is given and a control mark is disturbed or destroyed, then the cost of re-establishing the control shall be borne by the Contractor.

4.  The Contractor shall provide and fix adequate recovery pegs in suitable locations adjacent to the elements of work to enable location and construction to be checked.

5.  All pegs and profiles placed by the Contractor shall be removed on completion of work unless otherwise directed by the Superintendent.

C101.10 SITE MEETINGS

1.  Regular site meetings will be held for the purpose of discussion of the progress and co-ordination of the Work under the Contract and any matters of doubt regarding the intent or interpretation of the Drawings or the Specification. The Contractor shall arrange for relevant sub-contractors or their responsible representatives to be present at these meetings. The meetings will be held at a time nominated by the Superintendent.

2.  The Superintendent shall also give Council 48 hours notice of the date, time and location of the meetings. A Council representative may attend these meetings.

3.  The Superintendent or Superintendent’s Representative shall chair site meetings, keep minutes of the proceedings and shall provide copies of the minutes for the Contractor, all present at the meeting and others concerned with the matters discussed.

C101.11 WORK-AS-EXECUTED DRAWINGS

1.  The Contractor shall supply the Superintendent with fully marked-up and certified Work-as-Executed Drawings for the whole of the Contract prior to issue of the Final Certificate. Prints or reproducibles of the Contract Drawings will be supplied by the Principal free of charge for this purpose. A Work-As-Executed Certification Report, refer to Annexure C101A, shall be completed by an appropriate qualified Engineer or Surveyor commissioned by the Contractor.

2.  Work-as-Executed Drawings for Roadworks shall show in red ink all changes to the Contract Drawings and actual values of all levels shown on the Drawings. The Drawings shall be signed by a Surveyor and certified by the Contractor.

3.  Work-as-Executed Drawings for Bridgeworks shall show in red ink all changes to the Contract Drawings, including variations to levels, dimensions, concrete, reinforcement, prestressing and other materials, all non-conformances accepted without rectification, suppliers and model numbers of bearings and proprietary joints and type of barrier railings installed where both steel and aluminium alternatives are detailed. The Drawings shall be certified by the Contractor.

C101.12 ITEMS TO BE SUPPLIED BY THE PRINCIPAL

1.  Items listed in the Schedule of Items to be supplied by the Principal (TBS Items) will be supplied, delivered and unloaded by the Principal free of cost to the Contractor at points to be nominated. The Contractor shall give the Superintendent notice of the time delivery of TBS Items are required in accordance with the Requirements of the Technical Specification or as specified below.

2.  If any TBS Item is found to be damaged or defective the Contractor shall so inform the Superintendent within 2 days of taking delivery of such item. If the Contractor does not report damage or defect, it shall be deemed that the TBS Item was free from damage or defect when received. The Contractor shall then be responsible for any replacement or making good as may be directed by the Superintendent in the case of a Quality Control Contract or in accordance with the Disposition of Nonconformance

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requirements in the Specification for QUALITY SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS in the case of a Quality Assured Contract.

3. The Contractor shall be responsible for the storage, protection and insurance of all TBS Items received.

**C101.13 SCHEDULE RATES**

1. Requirements in respect of all matters specified in this General Specification shall be considered as incidental to the Works and no separate Rates shall be provided in the Schedule in respect thereof.

**ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS**

**C101.14 PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT**

1. All work shall be carried out in such a manner as to avoid nuisance and/or damage to the environment. The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the conditions of approval imposed by Bega Valley Shire Council, the Environment Protection Authority, the Protection of the Environment Operations Act and the Rural Fires Act. No variation in costs or extensions of time will be considered due to these requirements.

2. The Contractor shall plan and carry out the Works to avoid erosion, contamination and sedimentation of the site and its surroundings.

3. Herbicides and other toxic chemicals shall not be used on the site without the prior written approval of the Superintendent.

4. No noise or smoke or other nuisance, which in the opinion of the Superintendent is unnecessary or excessive shall be permitted by the Contractor in the performance of the Works under this Contract. Should work outside customary working hours be approved, the Contractor shall not use, during such period, any plant, machinery or equipment which in the opinion of the Superintendent is causing or is likely to cause a nuisance to the public. No noisy works and/or works likely to disturb nearby residents shall be undertaken during the hours precluding such activity as specified by Council in accordance with the requirements for development consent and building approval made under the Local Government Act and the Protection of the Environment Operations Act.

5. The Contractor shall ensure that fugitive dust from disturbed areas is minimised by a method approved by the Superintendent.

**C101.15 DRAINAGE OF WORKS**

1. The control and management of stormwater drainage through the site will be important during construction of the Works.

2. The Contractor shall provide for the effectual diversion of surface water from the Works and provide and ensure proper flushing for storm and subsoil water across and beyond the Works at all times. The flow of stormwater and drainage along existing gutters and water tables shall not be interrupted.

3. The Contractor shall provide efficient pumping equipment on site and shall keep trenches and excavations dewatered at all times during construction.

4. All permanent retention basins, and temporary erosion and sedimentation control shall be completed prior to commencement of earthworks.
C101.16  BLASTING

1. Blasting will not be permitted without the specific approval of the Council. If such approval is given then blasting shall be carried out strictly in accordance with the Specification - EARTHWORKS.

C101.17  LIMITS ON NOISE

1. The Contractor shall only use plant that have effective residential class silencers fitted to all engine exhaust, have engine covers fitted, are maintained in good order, and in addition meet the following requirements.

   (a) On purchase have met the NAASRA Specification for Noise levels of plant and equipment, or

   (b) Have a Maximum Noise level (L_{MAX}) less than 80 dB(A) when measured at a distance of 7 metres.

2. Operational hours of plant, including the entry and/or departure of heavy vehicles, shall be restricted to 7am to 6pm Monday to Friday, 7am to 1pm on Saturday and at no times on Sundays or Public Holidays. Work outside of the hours specified shall not be undertaken without the prior approval of the Superintendent.

3. Noise emanating from the construction site when measured at any noise sensitive location (such as a residential premise), as determined by the Environment Protection Authority's publication Environment Noise Control Manual, shall not exceed an assigned L10 sound pressure level threshold (noise level exceeded for 10% of the sample time). The intent of this requirement is to avoid excessive noise and long periods of elevated noise that is reasonably anticipated to annoy or adversely effect the adjacent community.

4. The Contractor will be responsible for any damage and compensation payments as a result of non observance of the above requirements. No claim by the Contractor arising out of these requirements will be considered by the Principal.

C101.18  LIMITS ON GROUND VIBRATION

1. It is the intent of this Specification that ground vibration levels, transmitted from operating items of plant in the vicinity of residential premises shall not exceed levels that are close to the lower level of human perception inside the premise nor will cause structural damage to the building. Practices and vibration thresholds acceptable shall be determined in accordance with current Statutory Regulations. Where such regulation is not available, or jurisdiction is disputed, the criteria given in paragraphs 2 and 3 shall apply.

2. Vibration (RMS Z-Axis) generated by construction works shall not exceed

   Curve 4 - for the period of 1 month or less
   Curve 2 - for the period of more than 1 month

as defined in British Standard BS6472 "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Vibration in Buildings (1 HZ to 80 HZ)" when measured inside nearby residential premises.
3. Ground vibrations generated by construction works shall not exceed a peak particle velocity ($V_{R \text{ max}}$) limit of 5 mm/sec when measured within one metre of any residential premise.

4. The Contractor shall be responsible for any damage and compensation payments as a result of non-observance of the above requirements. No claim by the Contractor will be considered by the Principal.

**SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS**

C101.19 RESERVED

C101.20 RESERVED

C101.21 RESERVED
XXXDDDDDDDDDD COUNCIL
WORK-AS-EXECUTED CERTIFICATION REPORT

Project Title: ____________________________________________

DA/BA No: _____________________________________________

Design Consultant’s Drawing No: __________________________

Name of Consultant: ____________________________________

Name and Address of Developer: ___________________________

I certify that the Work-as-Executed drawings represent the construction of Works for which Quality Records, providing a valid record of construction, is held by me and is available for inspection by Council.

I certify that the Works have been constructed in accordance with the Council approved drawings and standards with the exception of departures indicated on the Work-as-Executed drawings.

Each approved drawing has been reviewed and signed by me certifying that they contain all amendments reported by the Superintendent and visible in the finished works and accurately reflect the Works-as-Executed.

Contact Phone: ___________________________ Consulting Engineer/Surveyor Date

Contact Postal Address: ______________________________________

_________________________________________________________________

Qualifications

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# SPECIFICATION C101 - GENERAL

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CONTROL OF TRAFFIC

BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT
CONSTRUCTION
SPECIFICATION

C201

CONTROL OF TRAFFIC
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

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SPECIFICATION C201 : CONTROL OF TRAFFIC

GENERAL

C201.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of all work necessary to provide for the safe movement of traffic and the protection of persons and property through and/or around the work site.

2. The extent of work includes the design, construction, maintenance and removal of temporary roadways and detours, the provision of traffic controllers, signposting, roadmarkings, raised pavement markers, lights, barriers and any other items required. All temporary traffic arrangements required by works under this Contract are included under this Specification except where specified otherwise.

3. Control of traffic shall be in accordance with AS1742.3, SAA HB81, this Specification, and the Drawings.

4. Wherever the word 'should' occurs in AS 1742.3 the word 'shall' applies and the required action is the Contractor's responsibility.

C201.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Australian Standards

AS 1165 - Traffic Hazard Warning Lamps
AS 1742.3 - Traffic Control Devices for Works on Roads
AS 1743 - Road Signs Specifications
AS 1744 - Standard Alphabets for Road Signs
AS 1906 - Retroreflective Materials & Devices for Road Traffic Control Purposes
AS/NZS 4602 - High visibility safety garments
SAA HB81 - Field Guides for Traffic Control at Works on Roads

(b) AUSTROADS Publications

AUSTROADS - Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice - Intersections at Grade
AUSTROADS - Guide to the Geometric Design of Rural Roads

C201.03 TRAFFIC GUIDANCE SCHEME

1. The Contractor shall construct the work with the least possible obstruction to traffic.

2. The Contractor shall obtain all necessary approvals from Councils and other Authorities for temporary traffic arrangements except where specified otherwise.
3. Two weeks before undertaking work which would involve any obstruction whatsoever to traffic the Contractor shall submit, for the Superintendent's approval, a Traffic Guidance Scheme in accordance with AS 1742.3.

4. The Traffic Guidance Scheme shall include:-

   (a) design drawings for any temporary roadways and detours in accordance with Clause C201.11 showing pavement, wearing surface and drainage details,

   (b) details of arrangements for construction under traffic in accordance with SAA HB81, and

   (c) a signpost layout plan showing:

   (i) location, size and legend of all temporary signs

   (ii) temporary regulatory signs and temporary speed zones, and

   (iii) all traffic control devices such as temporary traffic signals, linemarking, pavement reflectors, guideposts, guardfence and barrier boards.

   (d) working times when traffic control measures are in place to minimise disruption to traffic during periods of peak flows.

5. Where the Traffic Guidance Scheme involves Regulatory Traffic Control Signs or Devices and/or where in the opinion of the Superintendent the disruption to local traffic is significant, the prior approval of the Council Local Traffic Committee will be sought and obtained. In such cases the period of notice shall be increased to five weeks in accordance with Clause C201.24.

6. The Traffic Guidance Scheme shall be in accordance with the requirements of this Specification and the Drawings.

7. Special consideration to the safety of pedestrians and workers shall be given in the preparation of the Traffic Guidance Scheme. Particular care shall be taken when requiring reversal of traffic flows or the separation of unidirectional flow by medians or other physical separation.

C201.04 SIDE ROADS AND PROPERTY ACCESSES

1. The Contractor shall provide safe and convenient passage for vehicles, pedestrians and stock to and from side roads and property accesses connecting to the roadway. Work which affects the use of side roads and existing accesses shall not be undertaken without providing adequate alternative provisions to the prior satisfaction of the Superintendent.

2. With the prior approval of the Superintendent, vehicular access may need to be denied due to particular construction activities. The Contractor is to keep these interruptions to an absolute minimum and must advise the property owners of such occurrences by way of letter drop at least 24 hours prior to such an interruption. The Contractor shall repeat this advice verbally to the property owner in a courteous manner.
### C201.05 TRAFFIC CONTROLLERS

1. The Contractor shall advise the Superintendent of the names of proposed traffic controllers with a signed declaration that they are appropriately trained in the duties of traffic controllers in accordance with AS 1742.3 and SAA HB81.

### C201.06 APPROVED CLOTHING FOR WORK PERSONNEL

1. All personnel shall wear high visibility clothing to the requirements of AS 1742.3 and AS/NZS 4602.

### C201.07 TEMPORARY SPEED ZONING

1. Where a temporary speed limit has been approved by the Council Local Traffic Committee or Road Authority, the Contractor shall arrange for the supply of appropriate temporary speed zoning signs, including posts and fittings, for erection. Where and when directed by the Superintendent, the Contractor shall erect these signs, cover the signs when the speed zone is not in use and remove the signs when the speed zone is no longer required as part of the provision for traffic. A diary recording operation times of the speed zone shall be kept by the Contractor.

2. All costs associated with temporary speed zoning signposting shall be borne by the Contractor.

### C201.08 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

1. During the day plant and equipment working in a position adjacent to traffic and having a projection beyond the normal width of the item, for example, a grader blade, shall have a fluorescent red flag attached to the outer end of the projection. During poor light conditions or at night, an additional traffic controller with an illuminated red wand shall direct traffic around such plant and equipment.

2. At night, where traffic is permitted to use the whole or portion of the existing road, all plant items and similar obstructions shall be removed from the normal path of vehicles to provide a lateral clearance of at least 6 m where practicable, with a minimum clearance of 1.2m.

3. Plant and equipment, within 6 m of the normal path of vehicles, shall be lit by not less than two yellow steady lamps suspended vertically from the point of the obstruction nearest to a traffic lane and one yellow steady lamp at each end of the obstruction on the side furthest away from the traffic lane.

### C201.09 APPROVAL

1. The Contractor shall submit for the Superintendent's approval the design of all proposed temporary roadways and detours.

### C201.10 DESIGN STANDARDS

1. The standard of alignment and grading adopted shall be in accordance with specific provisions of this Specification and shall otherwise be in accordance with the AUSTROADS publication `Guide to the Geometric Design of Rural Roads'.

2. Intersections shall be designed in accordance with the AUSTROADS publication
‘Guide to Traffic Engineering Practice - Intersections at Grade’.

3. Design drawings, geometric standards, design speed, wearing surface type and pavement design of the proposed temporary roadways and detours shall be submitted by the Contractor with the Traffic Guidance Scheme.

C201.11 DESIGN DRAWINGS

1. Design drawings submitted for approval shall show:

   (a) Alignment and grading at a horizontal scale of 1:2000 for rural roads and 1:500 for urban roads. Where the temporary road rejoins the existing road, levels showing the full cross section shall be extended along the existing road for a minimum length of 200m.

   (b) A sight distance diagram if opposing traffic is to use a single carriageway

   (c) Intersections, and any other locations where traffic may be required to make turning, merging or diverging movements, at a scale of 1:500.

   (d) Pavement marking details.

   (e) Sufficient cross-sections to indicate the feasibility of making connections between various parts of the work.

   (f) Sufficient dimensions, especially lane widths, to make clear the geometry and clearances of the proposed Works.

   (g) A north point or some other location method to orientate the plan.

C201.12 DRAINAGE

1. Drainage structures and drains shall be constructed in accordance with the following Specifications:

   C220 - Stormwater Drainage - General
   C221 - Pipe Drainage
   C223 - Drainage Structures
   C224 - Open Drains, including Kerb and Gutter

2. Drainage proposed in accordance with Clause C201.03 shall be able to cope with upstream rainfall run-off resulting from all rainfall intensities up to that expected for a once in five year frequency, without overflow over the road.

3. Pavements shall be designed and constructed to not pond water on the wearing surface or shoulders. Temporary formations to be constructed shall not dam water.

C201.13 CONSTRUCTION OF EARTHWORKS AND PAVEMENT

1. Temporary roadways shall be constructed in accordance with the following Specifications:

   C211 - Control of Erosion and Sedimentation
   C212 - Clearing And Grubbing
   C213 - Earthworks
   C242 - Flexible Pavements

C201.14 SURFACING

1. The wearing surface width shall extend across the full width of the traffic lanes plus the width for each shoulder, or as shown on the Drawings.

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2. The wearing surface shall be carried onto any existing connecting roadway so as to finish square to the existing roadway centreline.

3. Surfacing shall be constructed in accordance with:
   - C244: Sprayed Bituminous Surfacing
   - C245: Asphaltic Concrete

### C201.15 ROAD SAFETY BARRIER

1. Corrugated steel road safety barrier shall be erected on all temporary embankments where the vertical height between the edge of the shoulder and the intersection of the embankment slope and natural surface exceeds 2m and as otherwise shown on the Drawings.

2. Road safety barrier shall be erected in accordance with:
   - C264: Non-Rigid Road Safety Barrier Systems (Public Domain)

### C201.16 OPENING TO TRAFFIC

1. Temporary roadways and detours (including portable or temporary traffic signals sites) shall not be open to traffic until they have been inspected, approved and authorised in writing by the Superintendent.

2. All signposting, pavement marking, guardfence and portable or temporary traffic signals shall be completed before the opening of temporary roadways to traffic.

3. Unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent, the opening of temporary roadways shall be arranged so that sections of existing roadway being replaced are not disturbed for a minimum of forty-eight hours in the event of temporary roadway failure and there is a warrant to redirect traffic back onto the existing roadway. The determination to redirect traffic shall be by the Superintendent.

4. The costs associated with the redirection of traffic back onto the existing roadway shall be borne by the Contractor.

5. Unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent, traffic shall be switched to a temporary roadway or detour only where the Contractor’s usual workforce will be on site for a minimum of two days thereafter.

### C201.17 MAINTENANCE

1. The Contractor shall be responsible for the maintenance of temporary roadways and detours and shall ensure the road surface is kept safe for traffic. Any potholes or other failures shall be repaired without delay.
ARRANGEMENTS FOR TRAFFIC

C201.18 REMOVAL

1. Upon completion of the Work the temporary roadways and/or detour arrangements shall be removed and the area restored to a condition equivalent to that which existed prior to the commencement of the work.

C201.19 CONSTRUCTION UNDER TRAFFIC

1. Where a temporary roadway or a detour is not provided or available then, subject to the approval of the Superintendent, construction under traffic may be permitted provided a minimum of 3.5 m lane width is available for through traffic on a two lane roadway and where 3.5 m lanes are available in both directions for through traffic when working on multilane roads.

2. The carriageway/s shall be restored to a safe and trafficable state for through traffic prior to cessation of work each day in accordance with the approved Traffic Guidance Scheme.

3. Full details of temporary signposting, traffic control devices and traffic control methods, in accordance with the appropriate arrangement diagrams in SAA HB81, are to be submitted for the Superintendent's approval at least five working days before undertaking any work which would involve construction under traffic.

C201.20 OPENING COMPLETED WORK

1. The Contractor shall give the Superintendent at least five working days written notice confirming the date of opening completed work to traffic. The procedure for opening shall be determined through consultation between the Superintendent, the Contractor and the Council.

2. The Contractor shall be responsible for the removal of all temporary traffic control devices no longer required for the safety of traffic, when the Works or part thereof are opened to traffic.

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

C201.21 ARRANGEMENT OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

1. The arrangement and placement of traffic control devices shall be carried out in accordance with the approved Traffic Guidance Scheme, AS 1742.3 and SAA HB81. The arrangement diagrams illustrate the more common examples of the arrangement of traffic control devices and set out the minimum requirements.

2. All temporary traffic control devices when no longer required shall be covered and/or removed without delay in order to maintain unambiguous safe guidance to traffic.

C201.22 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

1. All traffic control devices shall be maintained in accordance with AS 1742.3 so that they are in good order and in the correct positions day and night. They shall be neat and clean, and signs shall be clear and legible at all times.

2. The Contractor may need to be contacted outside normal working hours to
arrange for adjustments or maintenance of traffic control devices. The Contractor shall notify the Superintendent, the Council and the local Police, in writing, the names, addresses, and means of communicating with personnel nominated for this purpose.

C201.23 ADEQUATE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

1. Where the Contractor fails to provide and maintain adequate traffic control devices specified in this Specification, the Superintendent shall arrange to have such items provided and maintained.

2. The cost of providing and maintaining adequate traffic control devices arranged by the Superintendent shall be borne by the Contractor.

C201.24 REGULATORY TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS AND DEVICES

1. A Regulatory Traffic Control Sign or Device shall be in accordance with AS 1742.3, and shall require approval by the Council Local Traffic Committee before its erection. This approval should be obtained through the Superintendent, refer to Clause C201.07.

C201.25 SIGNS

1. Signs shall be designed and manufactured in accordance with AS 1743. Details of each letter shall be as shown in AS 1744.

2. The reflective material used on signs shall be Class 2 material complying with AS 1906.1 except where otherwise specified.

C201.26 SUPPLEMENTARY SIGNS

1. Signs supplementary to AS 1742.3 are shown in Annexure C201A. These signs may be used in lieu of or in addition to those shown in AS 1742.3 as follows:

(a) Heavy Machinery Crossing

This temporary sign, shown as Sign SW5-22, shall be used in lieu of W5-22, trucks entering.

(b) Cycle Hazard Grooved Road

This temporary sign, shown as Sign ST1-10, shall be used in addition to T1-10 of AS 1742.3 where the road is grooved and is a hazard to cyclists.

(c) Tar Spraying Possible Short Delay

This temporary sign, shown as Sign ST3-1, shall be used in addition to T3-1 for bituminous surfacing works.

(d) Changed Traffic Conditions Ahead

This temporary sign, shown as Sign ST1-6, shall be used in addition to T1-1,T1-6, T2-6 and T2-21 on long term works, sidetracks and detours.

C201.27 FLASHING ARROW SIGNS

1. Flashing arrow signs shall comply with AS 1742.3.
C201.28 BARRIER BOARDS

1. Barrier boards shall comply with AS 1742.3.

2. Trestles supporting the barrier boards may be manufactured of timber, metal or other suitable material and shall be yellow. The trestles shall provide firm supports for the barrier board and be kept in place by sandbags or other devices approved by the Superintendent. The bases of the trestles shall not protrude beyond the ends of the boards.

C201.29 HIGH VISIBILITY MESH FENCING

1. High visibility mesh fencing shall be constructed where shown on the Drawings, Traffic Guidance Scheme or as directed by the Superintendent.

2. High visibility mesh fencing shall be constructed in accordance with AS 1742.3, containment fences.

3. The mesh fencing shall be approximately 1m in height and of a red-orange coloured flexible material as approved by the Superintendent.

C201.30 TEMPORARY POST-MOUNTED DELINEATORS

1. In addition to the requirements of AS 1742.3, temporary post mounted delineators shall be provided in conjunction with high visibility mesh fencing which is erected parallel to and in close proximity to traffic.

C201.31 CONES AND BOLLARDS

1. Traffic cones and bollards shall comply with AS 1742.3 and be placed in accordance with the arrangement diagrams in SAA HB81.

2. Unless cones are firmly fixed in position they shall be used only while work is in progress, or in locations where there is an employee in attendance who shall reinstate any of the cones which have been dislodged by traffic. Otherwise they shall be removed and bollards or barriers substituted.

3. Cones and bollards used under night conditions shall be reflectorised in accordance with AS 1742.3.

C201.32 TRAFFIC WARNING LAMPS

1. Traffic warning lamps shall comply with AS 1165 and shall be installed in accordance with AS 1742.3. The Contractor shall ensure that warning lamps are in good working order, correctly aligned and positioned with respect to the direction of traffic flow each night, before the site is left unattended.

C201.33 TEMPORARY PAVEMENT MARKINGS

1. All pavement markings shall be reflectorised and consist of painted lines, roadmarking tape and/or raised pavement markers in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards or as otherwise approved by the Superintendent and shall be provided in accordance with AS 1742.3.

2. Where the adjoining roadway is edgelined, temporary roadways shall be similarly edgelined.
C201.34 TEMPORARY LINEMARKING

1. Where temporary linemarking is required on the final wearing surface, only pavement marking tape shall be used.

2. Where the pavement linemarking has become ineffective in the opinion of the Superintendent, remarking shall be undertaken within forty-eight hours of direction by the Superintendent. The cost of remarking the pavement lines shall be borne by the Contractor.

3. Where a single carriageway is opened adjacent to or used in lieu of an existing dual carriageway length, pavement arrows indicating the direction of flow of traffic shall be placed at not more than 500 m or at a spacing nominated by the Superintendent. The arrows shall be removed if the section is then reincorporated as dual carriageway.

4. Immediately before or after placement of new markings all superseded pavement markings shall be obliterated or removed to the satisfaction of the Superintendent.

5. On a final surface, obliteration by painting shall not be permitted.

C201.35 RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. Where raised pavement markers have become ineffective in the opinion of the Superintendent, they shall be replaced within twenty four hours of direction by the Superintendent.

2. The cost of replacing ineffective pavement markers shall be borne by the Contractor.

3. All superseded raised pavement markers shall be immediately removed from the pavement by the Contractor.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C201.36 RESERVED

C201.37 RESERVED

C201.38 RESERVED

C201.39 RESERVED

C201.40 RESERVED

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C201.41 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification and shown on the Drawings in accordance with Pay Item C201(a) - Control of Traffic.

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2. All activities for the construction, maintenance and removal of temporary roadways, including side-tracks and divided road crossovers, and detours detailed in this Specification to the requirements of specific activity Specifications are measured and paid in accordance with the Specifications for the specific activities.

Pay Item C201(a)  CONTROL OF TRAFFIC

1. This shall be a Lump Sum item.

2. The Lump Sum shall include the design of temporary roadways and detours, traffic switching operations, the provision of traffic controllers, signposting, roadmarkings, raised pavement markers, lights, barriers and any other items required for the safe movement of traffic and the protection of persons and property in accordance with this Specification.

3. Progress payments shall be made on a pro-rata basis of work done under this item, having due regard to the duration of the Contract.
ANNEXURE C201A
SUPPLEMENTARY TEMPORARY WARNING SIGNS TO AS 1742.3

Black letters and border on yellow reflectorised ground
Dimensions are in mm

(i) SW5-22

(ii) ST1-10
ANNEXURE C201A
SUPPLEMENTARY TEMPORARY WARNING SIGNS TO AS 1742.3

Black letters and border on yellow reflectorised ground
Dimensions are in mm

(iii) ST3-1

(iv) ST1-6
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CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION

BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

C211

CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION

GENERAL

C211.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the construction of structures and the implementation of measures to control erosion and sedimentation in accordance with the approved Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) or Soil and Water Management Plan (SWMP) included in the Drawings. These may be temporary or permanent.

2. The Contractor shall plan and carry out the whole of the Works to avoid erosion and sedimentation of the site, surrounding country, watercourses, waterbodies and wetlands.

3. All measures for erosion and sedimentation control shall be designed, installed and maintained by the Contractor in such a manner so as not to present a potential hazard to any person or property.

C211.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

   (a) Council Specifications

   C212 - Clearing and Grubbing
   C213 - Earthworks
   C224 - Open Drains, Including Kerb and Gutter
   C273 - Landscaping

   (b) NSW State Legislation


   (c) Other

   NSW Department of Land and Water Conservation (DLWC)
   - Urban Erosion and Sediment Control

   NSW Department of Housing (DOH)

   Institute of Public Works Engineering Australia (IPWEA)
   - Local Government Salinity Management Handbook (Draft, July 2001)

C211.03 EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN/SOIL AND WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

1. For implementation of the ESCP/SWMP, the site shall be divided into sections based on the catchment area draining to each permanent drainage structure in the works. In addition to the area bounded by the property boundaries, the sections shall include:

   (a) access and haulage tracks,
CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION

Section Plan

2. At least fourteen days before the natural surface is disturbed on each of these sections, the Contractor shall submit to Council an ESCP/SWMP for that section. This Plan shall be superimposed on half-sized drainage drawings of the works and shall be detailed for each catchment area of the works and consistent with the approved ESCP/SWMP.

3. The Plan shall consist of scale diagrams indicating:

(a) features of the site including contours and drainage paths,
(b) relevant construction details of all erosion and sedimentation control structures,
(c) all permanent and temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures, including the control measures to be implemented in advance of, or in conjunction with, clearing and grubbing operations as required under the Specification for CLEARING AND GRUBBING,
(d) an order of works based upon construction and stabilisation of all culverts and surface drainage works at the earliest practical stage, and
(e) proposed time schedules for construction of structures and implementation of measures to control erosion and sedimentation.

4. The DLWC publication Urban Erosion and Sediment Control and the DOH publication Managing Urban Stormwater, Soils and Construction provides guidance on typical permanent and temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures which may be required and guidance in the preparation of an ESCP/SWMP.

5. In known salt affected areas, the Contractor shall seek advice from the relevant land and water resource authority to ensure that its Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan conforms with the current salinity prevention measures outlined in the IPWEA publication, Local Government Salinity Management Handbook.

6. No work shall commence in each section until Council has approved the ESCP/SWMP. Such approval shall not relieve the Contractor of the full responsibility to provide whatever measures are required for effective erosion and sedimentation control at all times.

7. The Contractor shall adhere to the approved ESCP/SWMP. The Contractor shall submit a revised ESCP/SWMP for approval by Council fourteen days in advance of intended variation from the approved plan.

C211.04 EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES

1. Erosion and sedimentation control measures shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

(a) The installation of permanent drainage structures before the removal of topsoil and commencement of earthworks for formation within the catchment area of each structure.
(b) The prompt completion of all permanent and temporary drainage works, once commenced, to minimise the period of exposure of disturbed areas.
(c) The stabilisation of diversion and catch drains to divert uncontaminated runoff from outside the site, clear of the site. Catch drains shall be installed and lined, as specified or as directed by the Superintendent.
before the adjacent ground is disturbed and the excavation is commenced.

(d) The passage of uncontaminated water through the site without mixing with contaminated runoff from the site.

(e) The provision of contour and diversion drains across exposed areas before, during and immediately after clearing and the re-establishment and maintenance of these drains during soil removal and earthworks operations.

(f) The provision of sediment filtering or sediment traps, in advance of and in conjunction with earthworks operations, to prevent contaminated water leaving the site.

(g) The restoration of the above drainage and sedimentation control works on a day to day basis to ensure that no disturbed area is left without adequate means of containment and treatment of contaminated water.

(h) The limitation of areas of erodible material exposed at any time to those areas being actively worked. Any area that is not approved by the Superintendent for clearing or disturbance by the Contractor’s activities shall be clearly marked, fenced off or otherwise appropriately protected against any such disturbance.

(i) The minimisation of sediment loss during construction of embankments by means such as temporary or reverse superelevations during fill placement, constructing berms along the edge of the formation leading to temporary batter flumes and short term sediment traps.

(j) The progressive vegetation of the site, in accordance with the Specification for LANDSCAPING, as work proceeds.

(k) All stockpile sites shall be situated in areas approved for such use by the Superintendent. A 5m buffer zone shall exist between stockpile sites and any stream or flow path. All stockpiles shall be adequately protected from erosion and contamination of the surrounding area by use of the measures approved in the Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan.

(l) Access and exit areas shall include shake-down or other methods approved by the Superintendent for the removal of soil materials from motor vehicles.

2. All permanent and temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures shall be constructed in accordance with the construction details in the ESCP/SWMP and the details as shown on the Drawings.

PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

C211.05 EARTHWORKS FOR PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL BASINS

1. Earthworks for permanent erosion and sedimentation control basins shall be constructed to the planned levels and dimensions shown on the Drawings or such levels and dimensions as determined by the Superintendent.

2. The entire storage and embankment foundation area of permanent erosion and sedimentation control basins shall be cleared in accordance with the Specification for CLEARING AND GRUBBING and shall be stripped of topsoil and any unsuitable material under embankments removed in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

3. The embankments shall be constructed in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.
CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION

4. If payment for embankment construction is on a Schedule of Rates basis, at least three days before construction of the embankment the Contractor shall provide the Superintendent with survey information which will be sufficient to subsequently measure the volume of the constructed embankment.

C211.06 INLETS, SPILLWAYS AND LOW FLOW OUTLETS FOR SEDIMENTATION CONTROL BASINS AND SEDIMENT TRAPS

1. Inlets and spillways shall be constructed using rock filled woven galvanised steel mattresses and geotextile, as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. The rock filled mattresses shall be installed in accordance with the requirements for rock filled wire mattress and geotextile in the Specification for OPEN DRAINS, INCLUDING KERB AND GUTTER.

2. A low flow outlet consisting of a 150 mm diameter plastic pipe shall be installed as shown in the Drawings. No extra payment shall be made for this work which shall be regarded as part of the construction of the sedimentation control basin.

C211.07 DROP INLET SEDIMENT CONTROL

1. Drop inlet sediment traps and inlet control banks shall be constructed on completion of each gully pit unless otherwise directed by the Superintendent. These drop inlet sediment traps and inlet control banks are additional to the temporary sedimentation control measures that may be required under Clause C211.10 during construction of the gully pits.

2. The drop inlet sediment traps are intended to remove sediment from the surface flow before it enters the drainage system. The inlet control banks shall be constructed as required to prevent the surface flows bypassing the gully pits.

3. The drop inlet sediment traps shall be constructed as shown on the Drawings. The associated inlet control banks shall consist of at least two courses of sandbags containing a 10:1 sand/cement mix. The bags shall be keyed at least 25 mm into the surface, dampened sufficiently to ensure hydration of the cement and tamped lightly to provide mechanical interlock between adjacent bags.

C211.08 CLEANING SEDIMENTATION CONTROL STRUCTURES

1. The Contractor shall clean out permanent sedimentation control structures, cleaning out whenever the accumulated sediment has reduced the capacity of the structure by 50 per cent or more, or whenever the sediment has built up to a point where it is less than 300 mm below the spillway crest. All permanent sedimentation control structures shall be cleaned out by the Contractor prior to Practical Completion of the Works.

2. Accumulated sediment shall be removed from permanent sedimentation control structures in such a manner as not to damage the structures. The sediment removed shall be disposed of in such locations that the sediment will not be conveyed back into the construction areas or into watercourses. The Contractor shall provide and maintain suitable access to permanent sedimentation control structures to allow cleaning out in all weather conditions.

C211.09 RESERVED

(For additional Site Specific Permanent Control Measures.)
TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

C211.10  GENERAL

1. The Contractor shall ensure that effective erosion and sedimentation control is provided at all times during the Contract.

2. Runoff from all areas where the natural surface is disturbed by construction, including access roads, depot and stockpile sites, shall be free of pollutants as defined in the Protection of the Environment Operations Act before it is either dispersed to stable areas or directed to natural watercourses. The Contractor shall be responsible for all temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures required for this purpose.

3. The Contractor shall provide and maintain slopes, crowns and drains on all excavations and embankments to ensure satisfactory drainage at all times. Water shall not be allowed to pond on the works unless such ponding is part of an approved ESPC/SWMP.

C211.11  TEMPORARY DRAINS

1. Runoff from areas exposed during the work shall be controlled by construction of temporary contour drains and/or temporary diversion drains. Generally, a temporary contour drain or temporary diversion drain takes the form of a channel constructed across a slope with a ridge on its lower side. They may require progressive implementation and frequent alteration as the work progresses.

2. Contour drains, which follow points on the natural surface of approximately the same elevation, shall be provided immediately after a construction site is cleared to intercept and divert runoff from the site to nearby stable areas at non-erosive velocities. Contour drains shall be formed with a grade of neither less than 1 per cent nor more than 1.5 per cent and shall be spaced at intervals of neither less than 20m nor more than 50m, depending on the erodibility of the exposed soil. Contour drains shall be constructed as shown on the Drawings.

3. Diversion drains shall be provided across haul roads and access tracks when such roads and access tracks are identified as constituting an erosion hazard due to their steepness, soil erodibility or potential for concentrating runoff flow. Diversion drains shall be formed to intercept and divert runoff from the road or track to stable outlets. Spacing of diversion drains shall not be greater than that required to maintain runoff at non-erosive velocities.

C211.12  TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAPS

1. Temporary sediment-trapping devices shall be provided during construction to remove sediment from sediment-laden runoff flowing from areas of 0.5 hectares or more before the runoff enters natural watercourses or adjacent land.

C211.13  BATTER PROTECTION

1. The Contractor shall take all necessary action to protect batters from erosion during the Contract.

2. Scour of newly-formed fill batters during and after embankment construction shall be minimised by diverting runoff from the formation away from the batter until vegetation is established.
C211.14 MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

1. The Contractor shall inspect all temporary erosion and sedimentation control works after each rain period and during periods of prolonged rainfall. Any defects revealed by such inspections shall be rectified immediately and these works shall be cleaned, repaired and augmented as required, to ensure effective erosion and sedimentation control thereafter.

2. The Contractor shall provide and maintain access from within the road reserve or from other locations acceptable to the Superintendent, for cleaning out sedimentation control works.

C211.15 REMOVAL

1. All temporary erosion and sedimentation control works shall be removed by the Contractor when revegetation is established on formerly exposed areas before the end of the Contract. All materials used for the temporary erosion and sedimentation control works shall be removed from the site or otherwise disposed by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Superintendent.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C211.16 RESERVED

C211.17 RESERVED

C211.18 RESERVED

C211.19 RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C211.20 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification, in accordance with Pay Items (a) to (e) inclusive.

2. A lump sum for any item other than Pay Item C211(a) shall not be accepted.

3. If any item for which a quantity of work listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Clearing and grubbing is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CLEARING AND GRUBBING.

5. Landscaping works are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for LANDSCAPING.

6. Topsoil stripping and removal of unsuitable material are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

Pay Item C211(a) TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

1. The unit of measurement shall be a lump sum for the installation, maintenance, inspection and removal of the temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures in accordance with Clauses C211.10 to C211.15 inclusive and the Drawings.

Pay Item C211(b) EARTHWORKS FOR PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL BASINS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre of compacted volume of embankment constructed in accordance with Clause C211.05 and the Drawings.

2. The volume shall be determined by calculation using the end area method.

3. The schedule rate shall cover the excavation of material from within the sedimentation control basin and embankment construction required under Clause C211.05 and shall be an average rate for all types of materials.

4. The cost of excavating and transporting material for embankment construction and obtained from within cuttings or from borrow shall be included in the schedule rate for General Excavation in the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

Pay Item C211(c) INLETS, SPILLWAYS AND LOW FLOW OUTLETS FOR SEDIMENTATION CONTROL BASINS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of horizontal surface area of rock filled mattress constructed in accordance with Clause C211.06 and the Drawings.

Pay Item C211(d) DROP INLET SEDIMENT TRAPS AND INLET CONTROL BANKS

1. The unit of measurement shall be 'each' drop inlet sediment trap including inlet control bank constructed in accordance with Clause C211.07 and the Drawings.
Pay Item C211(e)  CLEANING OF PERMANENT SEDIMENTATION STRUCTURES

1. The unit of measurement shall be the in-place cubic metre of sediment removed from the structure in accordance with Clause C211.08.

2. The volume of sediment removed shall be determined by survey or by methods approved by the Superintendent. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

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C212.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the clearing of all vegetation, both living and dead, all minor man-made structures (such as fences and livestock yards), all rubbish and other materials which, in the opinion of the Superintendent, are unsuitable for use in the Works, the chipping of the crowns of trees and the branches of shrubs, and the grubbing of trees and stumps from the area defined in Clause C212.02. The work also includes the disposal, in accordance with Clause C212.05 and C212.06, of all materials that have been cleared and grubbed. All natural landscape features, including natural rock outcrops, natural vegetation, soil and watercourses are to remain undisturbed except where affected by the Works as approved by the Council.

2. In advance of or in conjunction with clearing and grubbing operations, effective erosion and sedimentation control measures shall be implemented in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

3. The clearing and grubbing required for boundary fencing is included in the Pay Item for Boundary Fencing and does not form part of the work under this Specification.

4. Explosives shall not be permitted to be used in clearing, grubbing or other demolition activities without the prior written approval of the Council.

C212.02 LIMITS OF CLEARING

1. Unless otherwise specified or directed, the area to be cleared is that required by site regrading works, including the area occupied by the completed road formation and associated drainage works and erosion and sedimentation measures, plus a clearance of 2m beyond tops of cuts and toes of embankments. The Contractor shall ensure that only the absolute minimum area for construction is cleared.

2. Before clearing commences, the limits of clearing shall be marked by pegs placed by the Contractor at 25m intervals around the area to be cleared.

C212.03 CLEARING OPERATIONS

1. The area within the limits of clearing shall be cleared of all vegetation, both living and dead, all minor man-made structures (such as fences and livestock yards), all rubbish and other materials which, in the opinion of the Superintendent, are unsuitable for use in the Works with the exception of certain trees marked for preservation. The Contractor shall plan clearing operations such that wherever possible, clearing is carried out progressively and only the minimum area of land is left disturbed at any time.

2. The Contractor shall give the Superintendent written notice of seven days of the intention to clear any area of the work. The Superintendent shall mark or indicate to the Contractor the trees that shall be preserved. Trees that shall be preserved shall be protected during site works by the erection of solid barricades, as shown on the Drawings and, generally at a distance of 4m from the trunk of the tree, unless otherwise authorised by the Superintendent.

3. The Contractor shall take all measures to prevent damage to existing underground and overhead utility services.

4. The erection of structures, excavation and filling, changes to soil profiles, etc., shall be carried out with care to prevent damage to existing underground and overhead utility services.

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CLEARING & GRUBBING

stockpiling of spoil, storage of other materials and driving or parking of any vehicle or machinery within 4m of the trunks of trees to be retained shall not be permitted unless part of the Works as approved by the Council.

5. Damage to trees shall also include damage to bark and root systems. No tree roots are to be cut without the prior approval of the Superintendent and Council’s Tree Preservation Officer.

6. The Contractor shall plan all operations to ensure that there is no damage to any trees outside the limits of clearing specified or directed by the Superintendent. No growing trees shall be destroyed or damaged by the Contractor other than those specified and those indicated by the Superintendent.

7. Any tree remaining within the road reserve but outside the limits of clearing which is, in the opinion of the Superintendent, unsound and likely to fall upon the roadway shall be cleared and disposed of in accordance with Clause C212.05, subject to prior approval of Council’s Tree Preservation Officer.

8. If directed by the Superintendent, any branch, which overhangs the road formation, shall be cut back to within 0.5m of the tree trunk and disposed of in accordance with Clause C212.05.

9. Every precaution shall be taken to prevent timber from falling on private property and the Contractor shall dispose of any timber so fallen or produce the written consent of the owner to its remaining there. The cost of disposal of such fallen timber shall be borne by the Contractor. Prior to entering private property, the Contractor shall obtain consent from the Superintendent and the property owner.

10. Damage of any kind, including damage to trees and fencing, occurring during clearing operations shall be made good by the Contractor. The cost of making good such damage shall be borne by the Contractor.

C212.04 GRUBBING

1. All trees and stumps, on or within the limits of clearing, unable to be felled and removed by the clearing methods used by the Contractor shall be removed by grubbing.

2. Grubbing operations shall be carried out to a depth of 0.5m below the natural surface or 1.5m below the finished surface level, whichever is the lower.

3. Holes remaining after trees and stumps have been grubbed shall be backfilled promptly with sound material to prevent the infiltration and ponding of water. The backfilling material shall be compacted to at least the relative density of the material existing in the adjacent ground.

C212.05 CHIPPING OF CLEARED VEGETATION

1. The Contractor shall produce a wood-chip mulch derived from crowns of trees and branches of shrubs cleared under this Specification. The wood-chip mulch produced shall be stockpiled for subsequent use in accordance with the Specification for LANDSCAPING or for use at other locations as appropriate.

2. The wood-chip mulch shall be produced from branches having a maximum diameter of 100 millimetres and the chipped material produced shall not have two orthogonal dimensions exceeding 75mm and 50mm.

C212.06 DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS

1. Unless otherwise specified elsewhere, all materials cleared and grubbed in accordance with this Specification shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site.
be removed from the site and legally disposed of.

2. Unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent in writing, disposal of timber and other combustible materials by burning shall not be permitted. Where the Contractor obtains the prior written approval of the Superintendent, the Contractor shall comply with all Statutory requirements applicable to burning off, and any such burning off shall be carried out in such a manner that no damage is done to any trees outside the limits of clearing. Smoke resulting from such burning off shall not cause a traffic hazard.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C212.07 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed under this Specification entitled Clearing and Grubbing in accordance with Pay Item C212(a).

Pay Item C212(a) CLEARING AND GRUBBING

1. The unit of measurement shall be the hectare of plan area bounded by the limits of clearing specified in Clause C212.02.
# SPECIFICATION C212 - CLEARING AND GRUBBING

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Bega Valley Shire Council
LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

C213.45 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C213.46 PAY ITEMS
CONTRACT NO.

SPECIFICATION C213 : EARTHWORKS

GENERAL

C213.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of:-

(a) removal of topsoil

(b) all activities and quality requirements associated with site regrading, the excavation of cuttings, the haulage of material and the construction of embankments to the extent defined in the Drawings and Specification.

(c) removal and replacement of any unsuitable material,

(d) any spoil or borrow activities associated with earthworks, and

(e) any additional processing of selected material for the selected material zone.

2. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C213.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

C201 - Control of Traffic
C211 - Control of Erosion and Sedimentation
C212 - Clearing and Grubbing
C220 - Stormwater Drainage - General
C273 - Landscaping

(b) Australian Standards

AS 1289.6.1.1 - Determination of the California Bearing Ratio of a soil - Standard laboratory method for a remoulded specimen.
AS 1289.3.3.1 - Calculation of the plasticity index of a soil.
AS 1289.5.1.1 - Determination of the dry density/moisture content relation of a soil using standard compactive effort.
AS 1289.5.4.1 - Compaction control test - Dry density ratio, moisture variation and moisture ratio.
AS 1289.5.7.1 - Compaction Control Test (Rapid Method).
AS 2187 - Explosives - Storage, transport and use (SAA Explosive Code)
Part 1 Storage
Part 2 Use of explosives

(c) Other

EPA - Environmental Noise Control Manual.
National Road Transport Commission/Federal Office of Road Safety, Joint Publication - Australian Code for the Transport of Explosives

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(a) **Natural Surface**

1. The Contractor shall submit details of the Contractor’s proposed survey system to the Principal for approval, prior to commencement of clearing and grubbing or earthworks.

2. Computer generated road design data files in the format of the approved software containing the ground model may be supplied to the Contractor, as advised prior to commencement of the Contract. If desired, the Contractor, may verify the accuracy of the model by field surveys. If the Contractor considers any areas of the model not to be representative, or submitted plans to be inaccurate, the Contractor shall give not less than seven (7) days notice, prior to commencement of Works, to the Superintendent to allow checking. If the subsequent check survey reveals the ground model to be correct, then the Contractor shall bear the cost of the check survey.

(b) **Earthworks Materials**

1. The Contractor shall be responsible for any assumptions made by the Contractor in relation to the nature and types of the materials encountered in excavations and the bulking and compaction characteristics of materials incorporated in embankments.

2. The estimated quantity for general earthworks at any cutting includes all types of materials which may be encountered in the cutting.

3. Where material from excavations is acceptable for use in embankments, but the Contractor elects to:-

   (a) Spoil it, or
   (b) Use it for the Contractor’s own purposes, or
   (c) Use it as a source of pavement materials, or
   (d) Construct embankments with dimensions in excess of those specified.

   and a deficiency of material for embankment construction is thereby created, the Contractor shall make good that deficiency from sources of material meeting the quality requirements specified in Clause C213.23. The cost of making good such deficiency of material shall be borne by the Contractor.

**C213.04 PROTECTION OF EARTHWORKS**

1. The Contractor’s responsibility for care of the Works shall include the protection of earthworks.

2. The Contractor shall install effective erosion and sedimentation control measures in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION, prior to commencing earthworks, and shall maintain these control measures for the duration of the contract.

3. Adequate drainage of all working areas shall be maintained throughout the period of construction to ensure run-off of water without ponding, except where ponding forms part of a planned erosion and sedimentation control system. In salt affected areas, the Contractor shall take adequate precautions to minimise ingress of surface water into the groundwater table.

4. When rain is likely or when work is not proposed to continue in a working area on wet weather...
the following day, precautions shall be taken to minimise ingress of any excess water into earthworks material. Ripped material remaining in cuttings and material placed on embankments shall be sealed off by adequate compaction to provide a smooth tight surface.

5. Should insitu or stockpiled material become over wet as a result of the Contractor not providing adequate protection of earthworks, the Contractor shall be responsible for replacing and/or drying out the material and for any consequent delays to the operations.

C213.05 SETTING OUT OF EARTHWORKS

1. Before earthworks operations commence and after survey controls are in place, batter profiles shall be established by the Contractor and the necessary pegs driven at 25 m intervals or at each cross section shown on the Drawings, whichever is the lesser. The chainage/station, offset from control line and slope distance to finished surface level, shall be clearly marked on each peg.

2. The batter profiles shall be repositioned by the Contractor at each change in the slope of the batter and at intervals of not more than 5 m of vertical height.

3. All pegs and batter profiles shall be maintained in their correct positions. They shall be removed by the Contractor on completion of the contract or separable part.

4. The foregoing shall be the minimum requirement. Additional pegs and profiles may be required to suit the Contractor. These shall not be painted with the same colours used for the specified setting out pegs and stakes.

5. The position and extent of all transitions from cuttings to embankments and foundations for shallow embankments shall be marked with clearly labelled stakes in accordance with Clauses C213.15 and C213.24.

C213.06 STOCKPILE SITES

1. The Contractor shall obtain the written consent of the Superintendent to the use of any stockpile site which is not shown on the Drawings. Proposals in this regard shall be submitted at least three working days before stockpiling is due to commence and shall specify the maximum dimensions of the proposed stockpile.

2. Any clearing and grubbing required for these sites shall be carried out in accordance with the Specification for CLEARING AND GRUBBING. Temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures shall be taken in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

3. Restoration of stockpile sites following completion of the work shall be carried out in accordance with the Specification for LANDSCAPING.

REMOVAL OF TOPSOIL

C213.07 SCOPE

1. Topsoil is surface soil which is reasonably free from subsoil, refuse, clay lumps and stones.

2. Removal of topsoil from any section of the Works shall only commence after erosion and sedimentation controls have been implemented and when clearing, grubbing and disposal of materials have been completed on that section of the Works in accordance with the Specifications for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.
and CLEARING AND GRUBBING.

3. Topsoil throughout the length of the Work shall be removed and stockpiled separately clear of the Work with care taken to avoid contamination by other materials. The work shall include the following:-

   (a) **Cuttings**
   Removal of the topsoil to a depth quoted in Annexure C213A or as directed by the Superintendent.

   (b) **Embankments**
   Removal of topsoil over the base of embankments up to the depth below the natural surface quoted in Annexure C213A, or as directed by the Superintendent. For those embankments or sections of embankment where the height of embankment from natural surface to underside of pavement is less than two metres, topsoil which is deeper than the depth quoted in Annexure C213A shall be removed to its full depth as directed by the Superintendent.

   (c) **Other Locations**
   Removal of topsoil as directed by the Superintendent.

### C213.08 SURVEY AFTER REMOVAL OF TOPSOIL

1. Where payment is on a 'Schedule of Rates' basis, and unless alternative arrangements have been made by the Superintendent, after removing the topsoil the Contractor shall determine the surface levels in each cutting and embankment at sufficient locations to determine the volume of excavation for general earthworks and the volume of compacted fill. A schedule of these surface levels shall be submitted to the Superintendent for concurrence at least three working days before commencement of any work which will alter the ground surface as surveyed. Such work shall only commence with the approval of the Superintendent.

### C213.09 TOPSOIL STOCKPILES

1. Where payment is on a 'Schedule of Rates' basis, at least three working days before stockpiling of topsoil at any site, the Contractor shall submit, for the approval of the Superintendent, a site survey which will be sufficient to subsequently measure the volume placed in stockpile.

2. The maximum height of stockpiles shall not exceed 2.5m and the maximum batter slope shall not exceed 2h:1v.

3. Topsoil stockpiles shall not contain any timber or other rubbish and shall be trimmed to a regular shape.

4. To minimise erosion, stockpile batters shall be track rolled or stabilised by other means acceptable to the Superintendent.

5. Where seeding of stockpiles to encourage vegetation cover is specified, such work shall be carried out in accordance with the Specification for LANDSCAPING.

### CUTTINGS

C213.10 **SCOPE**

1. Construction of cuttings shall include all operations associated with the Extent of Work.
excavation of material within the limits of the batters including benching, treatment of cutting floors and transition from cut to fill.

C213.11 EXCAVATION

1. Materials encountered in cuttings shall be loosened and broken down as required so that they are acceptable for incorporation in the Works. In this regard, the Contractor's attention is drawn to Clauses C213.21, C213.22 and C213.23.

2. Cuttings shall have batter slopes as shown on the Drawings or as redetermined by the Superintendent on the basis of site inspection and investigation during the excavation.

3. The tops of all cuttings shall be neatly "rounded".

4. In all cuttings, undulations in the general plane of the batter shall not be permitted except that batters may require progressive flattening at the ends of cuttings due to the presence of less stable material.

5. Cut faces shall be cleaned of loose or unstable material progressively as the excavation proceeds.

6. Where, after the removal of topsoil as specified in Clause C213.07, material of variable quality or moisture content is encountered, the Contractor shall adjust his excavation methods to ensure blending of the materials, to obtain material meeting the requirements of Clause C213.23.

7. Where the Superintendent redetermines the batter slope of any section of a cutting after it has been completed in accordance with this Clause, the Superintendent shall order a Variation to the Contract for the resetting out, removal of additional material and retrimming of the batter. This Variation shall include all additional costs incurred by the Contractor who shall not have any further claim upon the Principal as a result of the redetermination of the batter slope.

C213.12 BATTER TOLERANCES

1. The tolerances for the excavation of batters, measured at right angles to the design grade line, shall be ± 300mm.

2. If the Contractor excavates the batter beyond the batter slope line and the tolerance applicable thereto, the Superintendent may authorise a minor change in the general slope of the batter to suit the convenience of the Contractor, but such a change shall not be regarded as a redetermination of the batter slope under Clause C213.11. The cost of any increase in excavation quantities resulting from such change in batter slope shall be borne by the Contractor. Alternatively the Contractor shall submit details of the material and/or methods proposed to restore the specified slope and stability of the batter for the Superintendent's approval.

3. For batters steeper than 1:1, if any section of the batter up to a height of 3m above the table drain level has been over excavated beyond the tolerance limit specified, the Superintendent may direct that the batter be restored to the average batter slope using randomly mortared stone. The stone shall be similar to the sound rock in the cutting and the mortar shall be coloured to match the colour of the rock.

4. The cost of restoring batters shall be borne by the Contractor.

C213.13 BENCHING IN CUTTINGS

1. Cut batters shall be benched as shown on the Drawings to provide drainage and
erosion control. Notwithstanding the tolerances permitted under Clause C213.12, bench widths shall not be less than those shown on the Drawings.

2. Benches shall be maintained and cleaned of loose stones and boulders regularly throughout the Contract period. The cost of such maintenance and cleaning of benches shall be borne by the Contractor.

C213.14 TREATMENT OF FLOORS OF CUTTINGS

1. The floors of cuttings shall be excavated, parallel to the designed grade line, to a designed floor level which shall be at the underside of the selected material zone or where there is no selected material zone, to the underside of the pavement subbase. The floors shall then be trimmed to a level of not more than 50 mm above or below the designed floor level. Where the Superintendent considers that any underlying material is unsuitable for pavement support, the Superintendent may direct that it be removed in accordance with Clause C213.21.

2. The Contractor shall rip or loosen all material in the floor to a minimum depth of 200mm below the designed floor level for the width of the selected material zone (or subbase layer, where no selected material zone). The maximum dimension of any particles in the ripped or loosened zone shall not exceed 150mm.

3. Prior to ripping or loosening the cutting floor the Contractor shall determine the CBR of the material in the floor by AS 1289.6.1.1. Sufficient tests shall be taken to represent all the various materials which may exist in the cutting floor. If material in the floors of cuttings has a CBR value less than the value quoted in Annexure C213A, the Superintendent will direct the action to be taken.

4. Ripped or loosened material shall be made available for inspection by the Superintendent before recompaction commences. It shall be recompacted in accordance with Clause C213.36. No account shall be taken of the volume involved in loosening when measuring the volume of excavations.

5. After recompaction, the floors of cuttings shall be re-trimmed parallel with the finished wearing surface so that their levels do not vary more than 10 mm above or 40 mm below the designed floor levels.

6. Prior to placing any subsequent layers over the completed cutting floor, the Contractor shall present the completed surface to the Superintendent for inspection. The Contractor shall verify as part of the quality system that the completed surface has achieved full conformance with all respects of this Specification.

C213.15 TRANSITION FROM CUT TO FILL

1. After the removal of topsoil and before the excavation of any cutting commences the Contractor shall survey and mark the position of the intersection line between cutting and embankment occurring at the underside of the selected material zone or pavement subbase.

2. Following excavation to the cutting floor, a terrace shall be excavated for the width of the selected material zone (or subbase layer, where no selected material zone) to a depth of 600mm below and parallel to the cutting floor, as shown in Figure C213.1.

3. The terrace shall extend into the cut to the point where the cutting floor is 600mm below the original stripped surface, or a distance of 20 metres, whichever is the lesser.

4. The material excavated shall be either incorporated in the embankments or spoiled as directed by the Superintendent. Material incorporated in embankments shall be included in the excavated volume for General Earthworks and material spoiled shall be
included in the excavated volume of Unsuitable Material to Spoil.

5. The material placed above the terrace shall satisfy the requirements of Clause C213.23 and shall be compacted in accordance with Clause C213.36.

BLASTING

C213.16 GENERAL

1. When explosives are permitted to be used by Council, the Contractor shall obtain all necessary licences from the appropriate authorities, and shall comply with all Government and Council regulations relating to transport, storage, handling and the use of explosives and also to the rules set out in AS2187, Parts 1 and 2. The transport of explosives shall be in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Explosives by Rail and Road. The requirements of the Environment Protection Authority (EPA) shall be complied with.

2. The Contractor shall be liable for any accident, damage or injury to any person, property or thing, resulting from the use of explosives.

3. Before the start of blasting operations, the Contractor, in the presence of the Superintendent, shall conduct a survey to determine and record the existing condition of all structures likely to be affected by any blast.

4. Structures shall include public utilities. The survey shall include all structures within 500m of any blast but shall be extended where the maximum instantaneous charge proposed is likely to produce peak particle velocities greater than allowable at structures more remote from a blast site. A written report of the survey, supported by photographs where necessary, together with a list of any existing defects in the structures, shall be submitted to the owner of each structure and to the Superintendent before blasting commences.

5. The Contractor shall advise the Superintendent of the proposed maximum instantaneous charge and the Contractor’s validation of the adequacy of the proposed structural survey at least three working days before the survey is due to commence. The Superintendent may direct amendments to the scope of the survey as a result of blast monitoring during the work. All costs associated with the surveys and reports shall be borne by the Contractor.

6. Before each blasting operation, the Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent written details of the proposed blasting procedure including the quantity and type of explosive to be detonated, the blasting pattern to be used and measures proposed to limit noise and to ensure that vibration from blasting does not adversely affect nearby structures.

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7. Ground vibration caused by blasting shall not exceed the values of peak particle velocity listed in Table C213.1:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Point of Potential Damage (within 1km of blasting site)</th>
<th>Peak Particle Velocity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Completed and cured bridge structures or sub-structures (eg completed abutment)</td>
<td>25 mm/sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bridgeworks and structural retaining walls under construction</td>
<td>20 mm/sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential premises, schools, hospitals and other buildings</td>
<td>5 mm/sec (with 10% not to exceed 10 mm/sec)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings or monuments of historical significance</td>
<td>2 mm/sec</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C213.1 - Limiting Peak Particle Velocity

8. The Contractor shall advise all residents within a radius of 1km, by letter drop before blasting operations commence, of the likely times, frequency and duration of blasting and precautions being taken to ensure that damage to property will not result.

9. Unless otherwise approved, blasting operations shall be confined to the periods Mondays to Fridays (excluding public holidays), 9am to 3pm.

10. When blasting operations are being carried out, precautions shall be taken relating to the safety of persons and animals and the road shall be closed to traffic and the appropriate signs erected in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC. A standard warning procedure such as that given in the AUSTROADS Explosives in Roadworks, Users Guide 1982, shall be established and observed at all times.

C213.17 PRESPLITTING

1. Where presplitting is carried out the spacing of presplit drill holes shall not exceed 750mm centre to centre.

C213.18 BLASTING RECORDS

1. The Contractor shall maintain accurate records of each blast showing the details listed below:-
   - Date and time of blast
   - Location, number and diameter of holes loaded
   - Depth of each hole loaded
   - Inclination of holes
   - Maximum and minimum burden
   - Types of explosives used
   - Charge distribution in each hole

**Advice to Residents**

**Time Limits**

**Safety Precautions**

**Presplitting**

**Records to be kept**
Maximum instantaneous charge  
Delay periods and sequence  
Total amount of charges in the blast  
Length and type of stemming in each hole

2. The records shall be prepared as holes are loaded and signed by the Powderman. A copy shall be provided to the Superintendent on the day of the blast.  

C213.19 CONTROL OF AIR BLAST OVER-PRESSURE

1. This Clause shall apply only where a noise sensitive location exists within 1km of the blasting site.  

2. The Contractor's attention is drawn to the recommendations given in the EPA Noise Control Manual for the reduction of air blast over-pressure.  

3. The noise emanating from blasting operations shall not exceed an over-pressure level of 115 decibels (linear peak) at any noise sensitive location (such as residential premises, schools or hospitals). Up to 10 per cent of the total number of blasts may exceed this value provided a level of 120 decibels is not exceeded at any time.

4. The Contractor shall arrange for the monitoring of air blast over-pressure to ensure compliance with the specified limits. All monitoring shall be carried out by personnel possessing current NATA registration for such monitoring. All test results shall be reported on NATA endorsed test certificates which shall include a clear statement as to compliance or non-compliance with the requirements of this Specification. In general, a monitoring location will be near the perimeter of the noise sensitive location at the point closest to the maximum charge. The Contractor shall submit a copy of the monitoring record to the Superintendent.

5. In the event that the measured air blast over-pressure exceeds the specified limits, the Contractor shall suspend further blasting work and shall submit to the Superintendent proposals detailing any additional steps and precautions the Contractor shall take to ensure that for any future blast, the limiting over-pressure shall not be exceeded. The Contractor shall not resume any blasting until such proposals have been submitted.

C213.20 CONTROL OF GROUND VIBRATION

1. The Contractor shall arrange for the monitoring of ground vibrations to ensure compliance with the peak particle velocity limits shown in Table C213.1. All monitoring shall be carried out by personnel possessing current NATA registration for such monitoring. All test results shall be reported on NATA endorsed test certificates which shall include a clear statement as to compliance or non-compliance with the requirements of this Part of the Specification. In general a monitoring location shall be near the perimeter of the structure or building at the point closest to the maximum charge. The Contractor shall submit a copy of the monitoring record to the Superintendent.

2. To minimise the risk of peak particle velocity limits being exceeded, the Contractor shall develop a blasting site relationship between peak particle velocity, distance and blasting charge.
3. For the first blast, monitors shall be set up at not less than five points at varying distances away from the blasting site. The Maximum Instantaneous Charge for the first blast shall not exceed that calculated from the following formula:

$$MIC = 0.5 \left( \frac{D}{PPV^{0.625}} \right)^2$$

where MIC = Maximum Instantaneous Charge in kilograms

D = Distance in metres from charge to the point of potential damage

PPV = limiting peak particle velocity from Table C213.1

4. A log-log (base 10) graph of measured peak particle velocity (vertical axis) versus Scaled Distance (horizontal axis) shall be plotted, where

$$\text{Scaled Distance} = \frac{D}{\sqrt{MIC}}$$

The mean regression line shall be obtained by the least squares method.

5. For subsequent blasts, the MIC and other aspects of blast design may be adjusted provided that further ground vibration monitoring is undertaken and the mean regression line redetermined to demonstrate that peak particle velocity limits are not exceeded. The Contractor shall make the regression line plots available to the Superintendent, if so requested.

**UNSUITABLE MATERIAL**

C213.21 GENERAL

1. Unsuitable material is that occurring below the designed floor level of cuttings and below the nominated depth for stripping topsoil beneath embankments, which the Superintendent deems to be unsuitable for embankment or pavement support in its present position. Unsuitable material also includes material in cuttings which the Superintendent deems to be unsuitable for embankment construction.

2. Such material shall be excavated to the extent directed by the Superintendent. Material removed as unsuitable, as directed by the Superintendent, shall be incorporated in embankments in accordance with Clause C213.23 or spoiled in accordance with Clause C213.34.

3. After removal of the unsuitable material, the floor of the excavation shall be represented to the Superintendent for inspection, prior to backfilling with replacement material, to determine whether a sufficient depth of unsuitable material has been removed. Prior to placing replacement material the excavated surface shall be compacted in accordance with Clause C213.36.

4. The unsuitable material which has been removed shall be replaced with material from cuttings, or with material borrowed in accordance with Clause C213.35, of the quality specified in Clause C213.23. Replacement material is deemed to form part of embankment construction. It shall be placed in accordance with Clause C213.26 and compacted in accordance with Clause C213.36.
5. All costs associated with reworking or replacing any material which the Superintendent deems to have become unsuitable because of inappropriate construction activities shall be borne by the Contractor.

**EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION**

**C213.22 SCOPE**

1. Embankment construction includes all operations associated with the preparation of the foundation areas on which fill material is to be placed, the placing and compacting of approved material within areas from which unsuitable material has been removed in accordance with Clause C213.21, the placing and compacting of fill material and of materials of specified quality in nominated zones throughout the Works and all other activities required to produce embankments as specified to the alignment, grading and dimensions shown on the Drawings. It also includes any pretreatment such as breaking down or blending material or drying out material containing excess moisture.

**C213.23 EMBANKMENT MATERIAL**

1. Material for embankment construction shall be obtained from the cuttings within the Works in accordance with Clause C213.11, supplemented by borrow in accordance with Clause C213.35 and from other sources as approved by the Superintendent if necessary. The material shall be free of tree stumps and roots, clay, topsoil, steel, organic material and other contaminants and shall be capable of being compacted in accordance with Clause C213.36.

2. The work shall be programmed so that material of the quality specified in Clause C213.26 and C213.30 for the upper zones of the formation is available when required.

**C213.24 FOUNDATIONS FOR EMBANKMENTS**

1. Following removal of topsoil in accordance with Clause C213.07, the embankment foundation area shall be made available for inspection by the Superintendent.

2. Where the Superintendent considers that any underlying material is unsuitable, the Superintendent may direct that it be removed and replaced in accordance with Clause C213.21.

**a) Foundations for Shallow Embankments**

1. Shallow embankments are those embankments of a depth less than 1.0 metre from the top of pavement to natural surface. After removal of topsoil the Contractor shall survey and work out the extent of the area of shallow embankments.

2. Material in the foundations for shallow embankments which does not meet the requirements specified in Annexure C213A, shall be deemed unsuitable in accordance with Clause C213.21 and shall be replaced by material of the specified quality.

3. Foundations for shallow embankments shall be prepared for embankment construction after removing topsoil and unsuitable material, by loosening the material exposed to a depth of 200mm, adjusting the moisture content of the loosened material and compacting as specified in Clause C213.36. The Contractor shall use equipment and techniques to minimise surface heaving or other foundation damage.

**b) Other Embankments**
1. For all other embankments the foundation shall be prepared by grading and levelling the general area, adjusting the moisture content where necessary and compacting the top 200mm as specified in Clause C213.36.

2. Where a bridging layer has been specified as a foundation treatment in the Contract documents, it shall be supplied and placed as part of General Earthworks. The bridging layer shall consist of free-draining granular material with or without geofabric interlayer as specified on the Drawings. The granular material shall be end-dumped and spread in a single layer and in sufficient depth to allow the passage of earthmoving equipment with minimal surface heaving. The compaction requirements of Clause C213.36 shall not apply to the bridging layer. Where it is necessary to import suitable material from off site and no suitable borrow source is available as provided in Clause C213.35, the supply and placing of the bridging layer shall be treated as a Variation to the Contract.

3. A bridging layer may also be employed, subject to the approval of the Superintendent, where ground water or seepage is encountered in the foundation area or where the Contractor demonstrates that it is impracticable to achieve the degree of compaction specified for the foundation in Clause C213.36. A bridging layer shall not be acceptable if its proximity to the pavement is likely to affect the pavement design.

C213.25 HILLSIDE EMBANKMENTS

1. Where embankments are to be constructed on or against any natural slopes or the batters of existing embankments, the existing slope or batter, if it is steeper than 4 horizontal to 1 vertical in any direction shall be cut in the form of horizontal terraces over the whole area to be covered by new filling. The existing slope or batter shall be stepped in successive terraces, each at least 1 metre in width, the terraces to be cut progressively as the embankment is placed. Wherever possible terraces shall coincide with natural discontinuities. Subsoil drainage may be required in some instances. Material thus excavated shall be compacted as part of the new embankment material.

2. No account shall be taken of the material removed in terracing when determining the General Earthworks excavated volume.

C213.26 PLACING FILL FOR EMBANKMENT CONSTRUCTION

1. The methods of excavation, transport, depositing and spreading of the fill material shall be selected so as to ensure that the placed material is uniformly mixed.

2. The embankment shall be constructed so as to derive its stability from the adequate compaction of the fine material embedding the large rock pieces rather than mechanical interlock of the rock pieces. The fine material shall be compacted to meet the requirements of Clause C213.36.

3. Fill material for embankment construction shall be placed in layers parallel to the grade line and compacted in accordance with Clause C213.36. The layers shall be of uniform compacted thickness not exceeding 200mm, except that where more than 25 per cent by volume of the filling consists of rock with any dimension larger than 150mm, the Superintendent may approve an increase in the compacted layer thickness to 300mm, provided that the relative compaction specified in Clause C213.36 is attained.

4. The maximum dimension, measured in any direction, of rock pieces in the fill material for embankment construction shall not exceed two-thirds of the approved compacted layer thickness. Any larger rock pieces shall be reduced in size for incorporation in the embankment layers.

5. Rock material shall be broken down and evenly distributed through the fill.
material, and sufficient fine material shall be placed around the larger material as it is deposited to fill the voids and produce a dense, compact embankment. Where the Superintendent considers insufficient fine material is present to fill the voids, additional fine material shall be obtained from other places in the work or by a change in the method of winning fill material.

6. Stony patches with insufficient fine material to fill the voids shall be reworked with additional fine material being blended in to achieve a dense, compact layer. The cost of any reworking shall be borne by the Contractor.

7. In placing embankment layers, the Contractor shall use equipment and techniques to avoid surface heaving or other damage to the foundations and underlying embankment layers.

8. After compaction, embankment material in the zone(s) below the selected material zone (or subbase layer, where no selected material zone) shall have a CBR value not less than that quoted in Annexure C213A for the depth(s) specified in Annexure C213A.

9. For the purpose of this Clause, the CBR value of the material shall be determined by Test Method AS 1289.6.1.1.

10. The Contractor shall be responsible for determining suitable sources of material and for any processing to satisfy these quality requirements.

C213.27 EMBANKMENT BATTERS

1. The batter slopes shown on the Drawings represent the estimated requirements for the expected types of materials, and may be subject to redetermination by the Superintendent according to the Superintendent's assessment of the materials encountered.

2. When completed, the average planes of the batters of embankments shall conform to those shown on the Drawings or as determined by the Superintendent. No point on the completed batter shall vary from the specified slope line by more than ± 300mm when measured at right angles to the grade line. However, in no case shall the edge of the formation at the underside of the pavement be nearer to the roadway than shown on the Drawings.

3. Undulations in the general plane of the batter shall not be permitted.

4. Where the Superintendent redetermines the slope of any section of an embankment batter which has been completed in accordance with this Clause the Superintendent shall order a Variation to the contract for the resetting out and removal or addition of fill material and retrimming of the batter.

C213.28 ROCK FACING OF EMBANKMENTS

1. Where shown on the Drawings, embankment batters (including embankments at bridge abutments) shall be provided with a facing of clean, hard, durable rock.

2. The rock facing shall be built up in layers ahead of each layer of filling. Rock may be placed by hand or plant but shall be placed in such a manner that its least dimension is vertical and that mechanical interlock between the larger stones occurs. Any rock deposited in the rock facing which has an excess of fine material surrounding it shall be removed together with the excess fine material and replaced.

3. The Contractor shall adjust its working methods and programme the work so as...
EARTHWORKS

to obtain hard and durable rock of the specified dimensions as it is required. The space between larger batter rocks shall be filled with progressively smaller rocks to form a ’graded filter’ which prevents the leaching out of fines from the fill material but which does not overfill the voids between larger rocks, or cause the larger rocks to lose contact with one another. Fine material shall not cover the outside of the rocks on the face of the batter.

4. The Contractor shall exercise extreme caution whilst placing the rock facing. Where embankment material is placed above other roads in use the outer rock layer shall be placed in such a manner as to prevent spillage down the batter. The Contractor shall ensure that, under no circumstances, could any rock be dislodged and roll onto any adjacent roadway or track in use.

C213.29 TRIMMING TOPS OF EMBANKMENTS

1. The tops of embankments shall be trimmed parallel to the designed grade line at levels equal to the finished surface level less the thicknesses of pavement courses and the selected material zone.

2. The tops of embankments at these levels shall be compacted to meet the requirements of Clause C213.36 and trimmed so that they do not vary more than 10 mm above or 40 mm below the levels as calculated above.

3. Prior to placing any subsequent pavement layers over the completed top of embankment filling, the Contractor shall present the completed surface to the Superintendent for inspection. The Contractor shall verify as part of the quality system that the completed surface has achieved full conformance with all respects of this Specification.

C213.30 SELECTED MATERIAL ZONE

1. A selected material zone may be indicated on the Drawings as a zone below the subbase layer and in accordance with the following quality requirements:

   (a) it shall be free from stone larger than 100mm maximum dimension

   (b) the fraction passing 19.0mm AS sieve shall have a CBR value of not less than that quoted in Annexure C213A.

2. The selected material shall be obtained from cuttings excavated under the Contract or from borrow areas as specified in Clause C213.35. If necessary, the Contractor shall use working methods to yield material for the selected material zone by breaking down oversize rock or by other means, including processing through a crusher, to ensure that the resulting material conforms to the requirements of this Clause.

3. The Contractor shall ensure that any material encountered of the quality specified for the selected material zone shall be either placed directly in the selected material zone or stockpiled at locations approved by the Superintendent for future use by the Contractor in the selected material zone until at least sufficient material is reserved to complete the selected material zone over the whole work. Should the Contractor fail to conserve material of the specified quality, the Superintendent may direct that material of equivalent quality be provided. The cost of providing such extra material shall be borne by the Contractor.

4. The Contractor shall have no right to monetary compensation or a claim for damages in respect of any loss the Contractor may claim to have suffered by reason of the Contractor’s failure to reserve sufficient selected material or by reason of stockpiling material for the selected material zone.

5. The selected material zone shall be placed and compacted in layers with the

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compacted thickness of each layer not exceeding 150mm. Compaction shall be as specified in Clause C213.36.

6. After placement the selected material shall be homogeneous and free from patches containing segregated stone or excess fines. There shall be no areas containing material which does not comply with the specified requirements of this Clause.

7. The top of the selected material zone shall be compacted and trimmed parallel with the designed grade line at a level equal to the finished surface level minus the thickness of pavement layers adopted. The tolerances for the trimmed levels are given in Annexure C213A.

8. Prior to placing any subsequent pavement layers over the completed select material zone surface, the Contractor shall present the completed surface to the Superintendent for inspection. The Contractor shall verify as part of the quality system that the completed surface has achieved full conformance with all respects of this Specification.

C213.31 FILL ADJACENT TO STRUCTURES

1. Supply and placement of fill adjacent to structures shall be deemed to be part of General Earthworks.

2. For the purpose of this Clause, structures shall include bridges, precast and cast-in-place box culverts and retaining walls. Fill adjacent to other culverts and drainage structures shall be provided in accordance with the particular Specifications for STORMWATER DRAINAGE as appropriate.

3. No filling shall be placed against structures, retaining walls, headwalls or wingwalls within 21 days after placing of the concrete, unless the walls are effectively supported by struts to the satisfaction of the Superintendent, or when the Contractor can demonstrate that 85 per cent of the design strength of the concrete has been achieved.

C213.32 TREATMENT AT WEEPHOLES

1. Drainage adjacent to weepholes shall be provided by either a layer of broken stone or river gravel consisting of clean, hard, durable particles graded from 50mm to 10mm such that:

   (a) The maximum particle dimension shall not exceed 50mm

   (b) No more than 5 per cent by mass shall pass the 9.5mm A.S. sieve.

2. The broken stone or river gravel shall be continuous in the line of the weepholes, extend at least 300mm horizontally into the fill and extend at least 450mm vertically above the level of the weepholes.

3. Alternatively the Contractor may provide a synthetic membrane of equivalent drainage characteristics at no extra cost to the Principal. It shall be stored and installed in accordance with Manufacturer's instructions. The use of a synthetic membrane shall be subject to the Superintendent's approval.

C213.33 SELECTED BACKFILL

1. Selected backfill shall be placed adjacent to structures in accordance with Table C213.2. The selected backfill shall consist of a granular material having a maximum dimension not exceeding 50mm and a Plasticity Index, determined by AS 1289.3.3.1, neither less than 2 nor more than 12.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Structure Type</th>
<th>Selected Backfill</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Width</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bridge abutments</td>
<td>2m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cast-in-place Box Culverts</td>
<td>H/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corrugated Steel Pipes and Arches</td>
<td>0.5m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retaining Walls</td>
<td>H/3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Where H = height of structure)

Table C213.2 - Selected Backfill, Width and Height

2. The selected backfill shall be placed in layers, with a maximum compacted thickness of 150mm. Layers shall be placed simultaneously on both sides of box culverts to avoid differential loading. Compaction shall start at the wall and proceed away from it, and shall meet the requirements of Clause C213.36.

3. The existing embankment slope behind the structure shall be cut in the form of successive horizontal terraces, each terrace being at least 1 metre in width, and the selected backfill shall be placed in accordance with Clause C213.26.

4. No selected backfilling shall be placed against structures, retaining walls, headwalls or wingwalls within 21 days after placing of the concrete, unless the walls are effectively supported by struts to the satisfaction of the Superintendent, or when the Contractor can demonstrate that 85 per cent of the design strength of the concrete has been achieved.

5. Where a bridge deck is being concreted adjacent to an abutment, no filling shall be placed against the abutment within twenty-one days after placing concrete in the bridge deck, unless approved by the Superintendent.

6. In the case of spill-through abutments, rocks shall not be dumped against the columns or retaining walls but shall be built up evenly by individual placement around or against such structures.

7. In the case of framed structures, embankments at both ends of the structure shall be brought up simultaneously, the difference between the levels of the embankments at the respective abutments, shall not exceed 500mm.

C213.34 SPOIL

1. Spoil is surplus material from excavations under the Contract which is not required to complete the Works as specified or material from excavations under the Contract whose quality the Superintendent deems to be unacceptable for incorporation in the Works.

2. Where there is surplus material the Superintendent may direct that flatter batter slopes be provided on embankments which have not been commenced, and/or direct that the excess material be used in the uniform widening of embankments, the surface of which shall be shaped so as to provide a tidy appearance and effective drainage. The surplus material shall be spread and compacted as specified in Clauses C213.26 and C213.36 for material in embankments.

3. Alternatively, spoil shall be disposed of in the manner and at locations approved by the Superintendent within the specified working area for the Works or be removed and disposed of off site by the Contractor. Surplus material so deposited shall be compacted as specified in Clause C213.36 for material in embankments or to such lesser extent as may be approved by the Superintendent.
C213.35  BORROW

1. Unless provided by the Contract, borrow will only be authorised by the Superintendent if, in constructing cuttings and embankments to the batter slopes specified or directed by the Superintendent or in providing materials of the quality specified, and not by reason of excess widening of embankments or wastage by the Contractor of material of the quality specified in Clauses C213.23, C213.28, C213.29 or C213.31, there is an overall deficiency in either the quantity or the quality of material required to complete the Works.

2. Where borrow material is required to complete the Works as specified, the location of borrow sites shall be as approved by the Superintendent, and the quality of material shall be acceptable to the Superintendent in accordance with Clauses C213.23, C213.28 or C213.31 as appropriate. The edges of borrow sites shall be no closer than 3 metres from any fence line, or edge of excavation or embankment. Adequate clearance shall be provided for the construction of catch drains. Borrow sites shall have drainage outlets acceptable to the Superintendent, cut batter slopes not steeper than 4h to 1v, and shall be left by the Contractor in a tidy and safe condition.

3. For borrow within the defined working area for the Works as specified, site preparation shall be in accordance with the Specification for CLEARING AND GRUBBING and Clause C213.07. Restoration of borrow sites shall be carried out in accordance with the Specification for LANDSCAPING.

4. If borrow material is obtained by uniformly widening a cutting, the requirements of Clauses C213.11, C213.12 and C213.14 as to the redetermination of batter slopes, the trimming of batters and the compaction of floors of cuttings respectively shall apply to the borrow area.

5. If the Superintendent accepts that borrow has to be obtained from locations outside the specified working area for the Works, such work shall be treated as a Variation to the Contract. The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining any permits required for entry on land and for the payment of any royalty for such borrow material. The Contractor shall also comply with any requirements of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, the Local Council, land owners, the Rural Lands Protection Board and the NSW Soil Conservation Service, as appropriate.

COMPACtion AND QUALITY CONTROL

C213.36  COMPACTION AND MOISTURE REQUIREMENTS

1. In areas listed below, all layers shall be uniformly compacted to not less than the relative compaction specified before the next layer is commenced. Each layer of material shall be trimmed prior to and during compaction to avoid bridging over low areas. A smooth surface shall be presented at the top of each layer.

2. The following areas shall be compacted to provide a relative compaction, determined by AS 1289.5.7.1 for modified compactive effort, of not less than 92 per cent.

- Each layer of material replacing unsuitable material as detailed in Clause C213.21.
- Each layer of material placed in embankments, up to 0.5 metres from the top of the pavement.
- The whole area on the floors of cuttings.
- Fill placed adjacent to structures up to 1.0 metre from the top of pavement.

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3. Unsuitable material shall be stockpiled as directed by the Superintendent and compacted by track rolling.

4. The following areas shall be compacted to provide a relative compaction of not less than 95 per cent as determined by AS 1289.5.7.1 for modified compactive effort:

- Foundations for shallow embankments.
- Foundations other than shallow embankments.
- Each layer of the embankment within 0.5 metres from the top of pavement.
- Each layer of the selected material zone as specified in Clause C213.30.
- Any areas of material of specified quality which may be shown on the Drawings or specified elsewhere behind kerbs and/or gutters or adjacent to rigid pavements.
- The fill material placed adjacent to structures as specified in Clauses C213.31 and C213.33 in each layer within 1.0 metre from the top of the pavement.

5. At the time of compaction the moisture content of the material shall be adjusted so as to permit the specified compaction to be attained at a moisture content which, unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent, is within the range set out in Annexure C213A of the optimum moisture content as determined by AS 1289.5.1.1 or AS 1289.5.7.1. Material which becomes wetted up after placement shall not be compacted until it has dried out so that the moisture content is within this range. The drying process may be assisted by aeration, or where approved by the Superintendent, by the use of hydrated or quick lime at the Contractor's cost. Alternatively the Contractor may transport the wet material to a stockpile site for drying out and later use as fill material. The cost of transport to stockpile for drying out and later use shall be borne by the Contractor. If there is insufficient moisture in the material for it to be compacted as specified, water shall be added. The added water shall be applied uniformly and thoroughly mixed with the material until a homogeneous mixture is obtained. The cost of such wetting or drying the material to be compacted shall be borne by the Contractor.

6. Compaction shall be undertaken to obtain the specified relative compaction for the full depth of each layer in embankments and for the full width of the formation over the entire length of the work. Compaction shall be completed promptly to minimise the possibility of rain damage.

7. Any material placed by the Contractor that has attained the specified relative compaction but subsequently becomes wetted up so that the moisture content is greater than the apparent optimum, determined by AS 1289.5.7.1, shall be dried out and uniformly recompacted to the required relative compaction in accordance with this Clause before the next layer of material is placed. Alternatively, the Contractor may remove the layer of wetted material to a stockpile site for drying and later re-use. The cost of the removal to stockpile, drying out and reincorporation of the wet material shall be borne by the Contractor.
C213.37 TEST LOCATIONS

1. The specified compaction and moisture tests shall be taken at the random test locations established in each lot in accordance with the specified minimum testing frequency. Prior to testing the Contractor shall work the lot to ensure uniform moisture content and compaction of all material within the lot.

2. The test/s then taken shall be considered to represent the total volume of material placed within the lot.

3. Where the Superintendent considers that the material which is present has not achieved uniformity required by this Clause or Clause C213.26, the Superintendent may take or direct further testing. The Superintendent shall nominate the area represented by the additional testing.

4. If such testing confirms that material not conforming to the Specification is present the cost of such tests shall be borne by the Contractor. The Contractor shall carry out remedial work as necessary to achieve conformance to the requirements of Clause C213.36.

C213.38 DEFLECTION MONITORING

1. Following completion of the formation to the underside of the selected material zone in accordance with Clause C213.24 and C213.26, and completion of the selected material zone in accordance with Clause C213.30, the Contractor shall make the work available in lots, for the Superintendent or Council to carry out deflection monitoring.

2. A lot for deflection testing shall consist of a continuous length of formation, in compliance with Council requirements, and a single carriageway width which is generally homogeneous with respect to material and appearance. The Contractor shall identify the boundaries of each lot with stakes clearly labelled to the satisfaction of the Superintendent. The cost of preparing the surface for deflection monitoring is deemed to be included in the rate for General Earthworks.

C213.39 WIDENING OF FORMATION

1. Road shoulders and formation shall be widened to accommodate footpaths, guardfence, streetlight plinths, emergency telephone bays and vehicle standing areas as shown on the Drawings.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C213.40 RESERVED

C213.41 RESERVED

C213.42 RESERVED

C213.43 RESERVED

C213.44 RESERVED
C213.45 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarized in Table C213.3 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Batter Slopes</td>
<td>± 300mm</td>
<td>C213.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Excavation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Embankment</td>
<td>± 300mm</td>
<td>C213.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Floors</td>
<td>Parallel to the designed grade line and ± 50mm of the designed floor level</td>
<td>C213.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Floor of Cutting</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Tops of Embankments</td>
<td>Parallel to the designed grade line, +10mm or -40mm of the levels specified</td>
<td>C213.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Trimming tops of Embankments</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Selected Material</td>
<td>Annexure C213A</td>
<td>C213.30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: Plus (+) is towards the roadway/surface and minus (-) is away from the roadway/surface. Tolerances are measured at right angles to design surfaces.

Table C213.3 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C213.46 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification on a schedule of rates basis in accordance with Pay Items (a) to (d) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

3. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Control measures for erosion and sedimentation are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

5. Clearing and grubbing of stockpile sites and borrow areas is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CLEARING AND GRUBBING.

6. Seeding and restoration of stockpile sites and borrow areas is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for LANDSCAPING.

7. Traffic control for blasting operations is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC.

8. Fill adjacent to culverts, other than box culverts, and drainage structures is measured and paid in accordance with the STORMWATER Specifications for PIPE DRAINAGE and DRAINAGE STRUCTURES as appropriate.

9. Selected backfilling to box culverts is measured and paid in accordance with the STORMWATER Specification for PRECAST BOX CULVERTS.

Pay Item C213(a) REMOVAL AND STOCKPILING OF TOPSOIL

1. The unit of measurement shall be cubic metre measured in stockpile.

2. The volume shall be determined by calculation using the End Area method.

3. The schedule rate under this Pay Item includes all activities associated with stripping topsoil, carting and placing into stockpile, then stabilising and trimming the stockpiles.

Pay Item C213(b) GENERAL EARTHWORKS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre measured as bank volume of excavation.

2. The schedule rate for this Pay Item shall be an average rate to cover all types of material encountered during excavation and placed in embankments or spoil stockpiles, including both earth and rock.
3. Payment for General Earthworks shall include all activities associated with the excavation of material and the construction of embankments, stockpiling of spoil, the haulage of material and any pretreatment such as breaking down or blending material or drying out material containing excess moisture, except that:

- removal of unsuitable material to spoil shall be paid under Pay Item C213(c)
- extra costs in processing selected material shall be paid under Pay Item C213(d)

4. The base of the excavation shall be the designed floor level in accordance with Clause C213.14 and no account shall be taken of level tolerances.

5. The volume of earthworks in cuttings shall be determined by calculation using the End Area Method.

6. Where unsuitable material from the foundations of shallow cuttings or material from cut to fill transitions is excavated and placed into embankments the volume shall be calculated from joint surveys carried out immediately prior to, and after subsequent removal of the unsuitable material, or by other methods which may be approved by the Superintendent.

Pay Item C213(c)  UNSUITABLE MATERIAL TO SPOIL

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre measured as bank volume of excavation.

2. This pay item refers only to unsuitable material as defined in Clause C213.21 which is removed to spoil stockpile.

3. If the material is such that the bank volume of excavation cannot be measured, the Superintendent shall determine the conversion factors to be applied to the loose volumes measured in haulage units or to the measured stockpile volumes.

4. The schedule rate(s) under this Pay Item shall include all operations involved in the excavation, haulage, drying out, compaction or other activity required under Clause C213.21 for its disposal as spoil in accordance with Clause C213.34.

5. When this Pay Item provides for ranges of provisional quantities, the rates shall be applied successively, but not cumulatively, as the volume of unsuitable material increases from one provisional quantity range to the next higher range.

6. Each rate shall be applied as the sole payment due for all unsuitable material removed within each quantity range, irrespective of the nature or quantity of the material removed.

Pay Item C213(d)  SELECTED MATERIAL

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre measured as embankment volume in place in the selected material zone. The volume shall be determined by multiplying the theoretical plan area of the top of the selected material zone with its nominated thickness.
2. This pay item covers any extra costs involved in stockpiling, processing, placing, compaction and trimming of material, including surface preparation for deflection monitoring in the selected material zone over and above those costs allowed for under Pay Item C213(b).

3. The width and depth shall be taken as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. No account shall be taken of level tolerances.
## ANNEXURE C213A
### EARTHWORKS - SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLAUSE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>VALUE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C213.07</td>
<td>The depth below natural surface up to which the removal and measurement of top soil shall apply:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Cutting areas</td>
<td>_____mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Embankment areas</td>
<td>_____mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C213.14</td>
<td>Minimum CBR value in cutting floors used for design of pavement</td>
<td>_____%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C213.24</td>
<td>Requirements of material in foundations for shallow embankments:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Moisture Content - within the range of ___% to ___% of optimum.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C213.26</td>
<td>Upper Zones of Formation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C213.30</td>
<td>Selected Material Zone</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Material within each zone shall have a CBR value of not less than the following, under the nominated test conditions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Minimum CBR Value</th>
<th>Depth</th>
<th>Nominated Soaking Period (Days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a.</td>
<td>Selected Material Zone</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b.</td>
<td>Material below Selected Material Zone to 1.0 metre from top of pavement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C213.30 Construction tolerances for Selected Material Zone are + _____ mm or - _____ mm of the designed grade and crossfall.

C213.36 Moisture Content of material placed in embankments:

(a) Material in upper zones of formation: within the range of ___% to ___% of optimum.

(b) All other embankment material: within the range of ___% to ___% of optimum.
BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

C220

STORMWATER DRAINAGE

GENERAL
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment Sequence No.</th>
<th>Key Topic addressed in amendment</th>
<th>Clause No.</th>
<th>Amendment Code</th>
<th>Author Initials</th>
<th>Amendment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE 1</td>
<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPECIFICATION C220 : STORMWATER DRAINAGE - GENERAL

GENERAL

C220.01 INTRODUCTION

1. Drainage works shall form a complete system carrying water through and away from the Works.

2. This is the general Specification common and applicable to all types of drainage lines, open drains, kerb and gutter, and drainage structures and shall be read in conjunction with drainage Specifications:

   C221 - Pipe Drainage
   C222 - Precast Box Culverts
   C223 - Drainage Structures
   C224 - Open Drains, including Kerb and Gutter

as applicable to particular Contracts.

C220.02 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of:

   (a) preparation for stormwater drainage construction,
   (b) temporary drainage during construction,
   (c) siting of pipes, pipe arches and box culverts.
   (d) all activities and quality requirements associated with excavation and backfilling,
   (e) all concrete work associated with stormwater drainage.

2. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C220.03 EXTENT OF WORK

1. Details of the work are shown on the Drawings. The extent of works under this Contract is summarised as follows:

   EXAMPLE  (To be completed by compiler)

   (a) pipe culvert stormwater drainage
   (b) precast box culvert stormwater drainage
   (c) drainage pits, headwalls, wingwalls and aprons
   (d) kerb and gutter
   (e) open concrete dish drains
   (f) scour protection of open drains at outlets to drainage structures

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C220.04 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Other Council Specifications

- C211 - Control of Erosion and Sedimentation
- C213 - Earthworks
- C271 - Minor Concrete Works

(b) Australian Standards

- AS 1289.5.4.1 - Compaction control test - Dry density ratio, moisture variation and moisture ratio
- AS 1289.5.7.1 - Compaction control test (Rapid Method)

CONSTRUCTION

C220.05 TEMPORARY DRAINAGE DURING CONSTRUCTION

1. All drainage works carried out by the Contractor shall comply with the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

2. The Contractor shall make adequate provision for runoff flows at drainage works under construction to avoid damage or nuisance due to scour, sedimentation, soil erosion, flooding, diversion of flow, damming, undermining, seepage, slumping or other adverse effects to the Works or surrounding areas and structures as a result of the Contractor's activities.

3. The Contractor shall not implement any proposals to dam up or divert existing watercourses (either temporarily or permanently) without the prior approval of Council by way of approved Drawings or written instruction.

4. The Contractor's material and equipment shall be located clear of watercourses or secured so that they will not cause danger or damage in the event of large runoff flows.

C220.06 SITING OF CULVERTS

1. Before commencing construction of any culvert, the Contractor shall set out on site the culvert inlet and outlet positions to the location and levels shown on the Drawings, and shall present this set-out for inspection by the Superintendent.

2. The Superintendent may amend the inlet or outlet locations or designed levels or the culvert length to suit actual site conditions. Any activity resulting from such amendments by the Superintendent shall be deemed to be included as part of the work covered by the Schedule of Rates.
3. Should the Contractor propose changes to the culvert location, length, designed levels, culvert strength, conditions of installation or cover to suit the construction procedures, the Contractor shall present the proposed culvert set-out in addition to the designed set-out for consideration by the Superintendent and Council. No changes shall be made unless the prior written approval of the Superintendent and Council is obtained.

C220.07 EXCAVATION

1. Before undertaking stormwater drainage excavation, topsoil shall be removed in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

2. In undertaking trench excavation, the Contractor shall provide any shoring, sheet piling or other stabilisation of the sides necessary to comply with statutory requirements.

3. Where public utilities exist in the vicinity of stormwater drainage works the Contractor shall obtain the approval of the relevant authority to the method of excavation before commencing excavation.

4. Excavation by blasting, if permitted by Council, shall be carried out to ensure that the peak particle velocity measured on the ground adjacent to any previously installed culvert of drainage structure does not exceed 25 millimetres per second. The Contractor shall comply with other requirements concerning blasting operations in the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

5. Trench or foundation excavation for stormwater drainage works shall be undertaken to the planned level for the bottom of the specified bedding or foundation level. All loose material shall be removed by the Contractor.

6. Any material at the bottom of the trench or at foundation level which the Superintendent deems to be unsuitable shall be removed and disposed in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS by the Contractor and replaced with backfill material in accordance with the requirements of this Specification and the Specifications for particular culvert types. The bottom of the excavated trench or foundation, after any unsuitable material has been removed and replaced, shall be parallel with the specified level and slope of the culvert.

7. The excavated material shall be used in the construction of embankments backfilling or spoiled in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

C220.08 BACKFILLING

1. Backfilling shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the relevant culverts or drainage structures Specifications and to the compaction requirements specified below.
C220.09 COMPACTED FOUNDATIONS AND BACKFILLING

1. Foundations, bedding (other than for pipe drainage) and backfilling shall be compacted to the following requirements when tested in accordance with AS 1289.5.4.1 for standard compactive effort.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Relative Compaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Foundations or trench base to a depth of 150mm below foundation levels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material replacing unsuitable material</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bedding material (other than for pipe drainage)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected backfill and ordinary backfill material</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• below 1.5m of finished surface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• within 1.5m of finished surface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backfill material within the selected material zone</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Compaction requirements adjacent to pipe drainage for concrete, steel or UPVC pipes are set out in the Specification for PIPE DRAINAGE.

2. All material shall be compacted in layers not exceeding 150mm compacted thickness. Each layer shall be compacted to the relative compaction specified before the next layer is commenced.

3. At the time of compaction, the moisture content of the material shall be adjusted so as to permit the specified compaction to be attained at a moisture content which, unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent, is neither less than 60 per cent nor more than 95 per cent of the apparent optimum moisture content, as determined by AS 1289.5.7.1 (standard compaction).

4. When compacting adjacent to culverts or drainage structures, the Contractor shall adopt compaction methods which will not cause damage or misalignment to any culvert or drainage structure. Any damage caused shall be rectified, and all costs of such rectification shall be borne by the Contractor.

C220.10 CONCRETE WORK

1. For all concrete work, the Contractor shall comply with the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS in relation to the supply and placement of normal class concrete and steel reinforcement, formwork, tolerances, construction joints, curing and protection.

C220.11 SPRAYED CONCRETE

1. If sprayed concrete has been specified, shown on the Drawings or directed by the Superintendent, it shall comply with requirements in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.
SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C220.12 RESERVED

C220.13 RESERVED

LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

C220.14 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C220.1 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Excavation by Blasting</td>
<td>peak particle velocity $\leq 25 \text{mm/sec}$</td>
<td>C220.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Relative Compaction (Standard)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Foundations or trench base to a depth of 150mm below foundation levels</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>C220.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Material replacing unsuitable material</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>C220.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Bedding material</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>C220.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(d) Selected backfill and ordinary backfill material:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• below 1.5m of finished surface</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>C220.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• within 1.5m of finished surface</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(e) Backfill material within the selected material zone</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>C220.09</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C220.1 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C220.15 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification and the associated activity specific specifications on a schedule of rates basis.

2. The Pay Items applicable to particular activities are listed in the Specifications for these activities.

3. Common to culverts and drainage structures is Excavation and payment for this shall be made under this Specification.

4. Erosion and sedimentation control measures are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

5. Topsoil removal is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

6. Concrete work is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for the particular drainage activities and not in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

7. Sprayed concrete work is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

8. Miscellaneous minor concrete work not included in the pay items in this Specification shall be in accordance with pay items described in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

Pay Item C220(a) EXCAVATION FOR STORMWATER DRAINAGE CULVERTS AND STRUCTURES

1. The unit of measurement shall be cubic metre measured as bank volume of excavation.

2. The schedule rate for this Pay Item shall be an average rate to cover all types of material encountered during excavation. Separate rates shall not be included for earth and rock.

3. The rate is deemed to include:
   • Setting out and associated survey
   • Excavation, including excavation and replacement of unsuitable material.
   • Replacement for over-excavation for any reason
   • Control of stormwater runoff, temporary drainage and erosion and sedimentation control.

4. The volumes of excavation for payment shall be computed as follows:

   (i) Reinforced Concrete and Fibre Reinforced Cement Pipes

   • Positive Projection (if excavation required)
     Width:
     - single cell: external pipe diameter + 1m.
     - multi cell: sum of external diameters + sum of spacings between pipes measured square to the line of the culvert + 1m.

     Depth:
     - in natural ground: average actual depth from topsoil stripped ground surface to underside of specified bedding.
- in embankment: average actual depth or 500mm above top of pipe to underside of specified bedding, whichever is lesser.

Length: actual excavation length, centre to centre of pits or centre of pit to face of headwall.

• Wide Trench
  Width:
  - single cell: external pipe diameter + 1m.
  - multi cell: sum of external diameters + sum of spacings between pipes measured square to the line of the culvert + 1m.

Depth:
  - in natural ground: average actual depth from topsoil stripped ground surface to underside of specified bedding.
  - in embankment: maximum 500mm above top of pipe to underside of specified bedding.

Length: actual excavation length, centre to centre of pits or centre of pit to face of headwall.

• Normal Trench
  Width: 1.4 times external pipe diameter or external pipe diameter +300mm on each side, whichever is the greater.

Depth:
  - in natural ground: average actual depth from topsoil stripped ground surface to underside of specified bedding.
  - in embankment: maximum 500mm above top of pipe to underside of specified bedding.

Length: actual excavation length, centre to centre of pits or centre of pit to face of headwall.

(ii) Steel Pipes and Pipe Arches

Width:
  - wide trench: external pipe diameter or span + 2 x external pipe diameter or span.
  - normal trench: external pipe diameter or span + 600mm on each side.

Depth: as for RC and FRC pipes.

Length: actual excavation length.

(iii) UPVC Pipes

Width: For pipes of:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ext. dia at collar</th>
<th>Width</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>≥75 ≤150</td>
<td>external diameter of pipe plus 200mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;150 ≤300</td>
<td>external diameter of pipe plus 300mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
 Ext. dia at collar \( >300 \leq 450 \) external diameter of pipe plus 400mm

Depth: average actual depth excavated.

Length: actual excavation length, centre to centre of pits or centre of pit to face of headwall.

(iv) **Box Culverts**

The plan area for payment shall be the area calculated from the outside dimensions of the base slab plus 300mm and wingwalls as shown on the Drawings. The depth for payment shall be the average actual depth below ground surface stripped of topsoil to the bottom of the specified bedding.

(v) **Other Drainage Structures**

The plan area for payment shall be the area calculated from the outside dimensions of the structure as shown on the Drawings. The depth shall be determined from the actual site measurement of the surface at the time of excavation to the underside of the bedding.

(vi) **Unsuitable Material under Culverts and Drainage Structures**

The volume for payment of material which the Superintendent deems unsuitable shall be calculated from the actual plan area of material removed and the average actual depth below the bottom of bedding. It shall be replaced with ordinary backfill material either from drainage excavations or from Earthworks.
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<tbody>
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<td>SCOPE</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
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<td>C220.02</td>
<td>EXTENT OF WORK</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>C220.03</td>
<td>REFERENCE DOCUMENTS</td>
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<td>CONSTRUCTION</td>
<td>TEMPORARY DRAINAGE DURING CONSTRUCTION</td>
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<tr>
<td>C220.05</td>
<td>SITING OF CULVERTS</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>C220.06</td>
<td>EXCAVATION</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C220.07</td>
<td>BACKFILLING</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C220.08</td>
<td>COMPACTION</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C220.09</td>
<td>CONCRETE WORK</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C220.10</td>
<td>SPRAYED CONCRETE</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS</td>
<td>RESERVED</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C220.12</td>
<td>RESERVED</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C220.13</td>
<td>SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIMITS AND TOLERANCES</td>
<td>PAY ITEMS</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C220.14</td>
<td>PAY ITEMS</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT
CONSTRUCTION
SPECIFICATION

C222

PRECAST BOX CULVERTS

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AUS-SPEC-1/NSW-C222  Apr 2000

BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council’s primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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<tr>
<th>Amendment Sequence No.</th>
<th>Key Topic addressed in amendment</th>
<th>Clause No.</th>
<th>Amendment Code</th>
<th>Author Initials</th>
<th>Amendment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE 1</td>
<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**SPECIFICATION C222 : PRECAST BOX CULVERTS**

**GENERAL**

**C222.01 SCOPE**

1. This Specification covers the installation of precast concrete box culverts and should be read in conjunction with the Specification for STORMWATER DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

2. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of:

   (a) preparation of foundations;
   (b) provision of bedding;
   (c) construction of base slabs;
   (d) installation of precast culvert units;
   (e) headwalls and wingwalls;
   (f) backfilling against structures;
   (g) provision and removal of coffer dams;
   (h) excavation of inlet and outlet channels.

3. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

**C222.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS**

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

   (a) **Council Specifications**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C213</td>
<td>Earthworks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C220</td>
<td>Stormwater Drainage - General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C224</td>
<td>Open Drains, including Kerb and Gutter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C242</td>
<td>Flexible Pavements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C271</td>
<td>Minor Concrete Works</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   (b) **Australian Standards**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AS1597.1</td>
<td>Precast reinforced concrete box culverts - Small culverts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS1597.2</td>
<td>Precast reinforced concrete box culverts - Large culverts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS/NZS ISO 9002</td>
<td>Quality Systems - Model for Quality Assurance in Production, Installation and Servicing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   (c) **Other**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AUSTROADS</td>
<td>Guide to Geotextiles</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C222.03 CULVERT UNITS, LINK AND BASE SLABS

1. The supply and testing of precast reinforced concrete box culvert units, link and base slabs shall be in accordance with AS 1597.1 for small culverts not exceeding 1200mm width and 900mm depth and AS 1597.2 for large culverts from 1500mm span and up to and including 4200mm span and 4200mm height with the following alterations or additional requirements:
   (a) Proof load testing shall be arranged by the Contractor in batches as specified in either AS 1597.1 or AS1597.2 as appropriate.
   (b) Lifting holes, galvanised lifting points or steel lifting eyes shall be provided in the culvert units, link and base slabs.
   (c) The end units shall have factory installed starter bars for headwall and wingwall construction.
   (d) Delivery and unloading shall be the Contractor's responsibility.

2. The Supplier shall implement and maintain a Quality System in accordance with ISO 9002 to ensure materials, manufacture and proof load testing conform to the appropriate Standards.

3. A conformance certificate, to AS 1597.1 or AS 1597.2, for the box culvert units shall be submitted at least 3 working days prior to despatch.

4. Each unit shall be marked at time of manufacture with:
   (a) Type and size
   (b) Casting date
   (c) Manufacturer's name
   (d) Inspection pass and date.

C222.04 CONCRETE

1. The concrete and reinforcement for cast-in-situ base slabs shall comply with the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

C222.05 SELECTED BACKFILL

1. The quality of selected backfill shall comply with the requirements in AS 1597.2.

C222.06 ORDINARY BACKFILL

1. Ordinary backfill is material obtained from culvert excavations, cuttings and/or borrow areas which is in accordance with the requirements for the upper 1.0m of embankment construction as detailed in the Specification for EARTHWORKS.
CONSTRUCTION

C222.07 COFFER DAMS

1. At some sites it may be expedient for the Contractor to construct a coffer dam. All costs associated with the construction of coffer dams shall be borne by the Contractor.

2. Coffer dams shall be sufficiently watertight to prevent damage of the concrete by percolation or seepage through the sides, and shall be taken sufficiently below the level of the foundations to prevent loosening of the foundation materials by water rising through the bottom of the excavation. Coffer dams shall be adequately braced and shall be so constructed that removal will not weaken or damage the structure.

3. A coffer dam may be constructed to the actual size of the reinforced concrete invert slab and used as side forms for the concrete. The details of the coffer dam and formwork, and the clearances proposed shall be subject to the approval of the Superintendent, but the Contractor shall be responsible for the successful construction of the work.

4. Coffer dams which have tilted or have moved laterally during sinking, shall be righted or enlarged to provide the clearances specified. This work will be at the Contractor's expense.

5. No timber or bracing shall be left in the concrete or in the backfill of the finished structure. Coffer dams, including temporary piles, shall be removed at least to the level of the invert after completion of the structure.

C222.08 EXCAVATION

1. Excavation shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions in the Specification for STORMWATER DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

2. The trench width shall be the width of the base slab plus 150mm minimum each side.

C222.09 FOUNDATIONS

1. Rock foundations shall be neatly excavated to the underside of the mass concrete or selected fill bedding shown on the Drawings. All minor fissures shall be thoroughly cleaned out and refilled with concrete, mortar or grout. All loose material shall be removed.

2. Where rock is encountered over part of the foundation only, or lies within 300mm below the underside of the mass concrete or selected fill, all material shall be removed to a depth of 300mm below the mass concrete or selected fill for the full width of the foundation over the length where the rock is encountered. This additional excavation shall be backfilled with ordinary backfill material.

3. Over-excavation or uneven surfaces shall be corrected with mass concrete so as to provide a uniform surface at least 50mm above the highest points of rock.

4. Earth foundations shall be finished to line and level to the underside of bedding shown on the Drawings. Care shall be taken to avoid disturbing material below this level.
5. All soft, yielding or unsuitable material shall be removed and replaced with ordinary backfill material as directed by the Superintendent and backfilled in accordance with the Specification for STORMWATER DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

C222.10 BEDDING

(a) Cast-In-Situ Base Slabs

1. No bedding material shall be placed until the foundations have been inspected and approved by the Superintendent.

2. Bedding shall be either mass concrete or lightly bound DGB20 in accordance with the Specification for FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS, whichever is shown on the Drawings.

3. Mass concrete bedding shall be of the same compressive strength as for the base slab and shall not be less than 50mm thick over any point in the foundation. It shall be laid to the line and level of the underside of the base slab to a tolerance of ±10mm in level and ±5mm in line. The bedding shall be finished to a smooth surface.

(b) Precast Base Slabs

1. Precast base slabs, U-shaped culvert units and one piece culvert units shall be supported on a bed zone of selected backfill of minimum compacted depth 150mm in accordance with AS 1597.2.

C222.11 CAST-IN-SITU BASE SLABS

1. Cast-in-situ base slabs shall be constructed to the dimensions shown on the Drawings and in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS. The invert levels shall be within -10mm to +10mm of the design level, grade 5mm in 2.5m (1 in 500) and plan position ±50mm.

2. Recesses to accommodate the walls of the precast crown units shall be formed in the base slab to the dimensions shown on the Drawings.

C222.12 INSTALLATION OF PRECAST UNITS

1. Precast units shall not be installed until the base slab has attained a minimum compressive strength of 20MPa.

2. Precast crown units shall be placed on a bed of mortar in the recesses in the base slab. Any gaps between the side walls and the sides of the recesses shall be packed with cement mortar. Lifting hooks and butt joints between units shall be packed or sealed with cement mortar or grout.

3. Before placement of top slabs on U-shaped units or link slabs on adjacent crown units, the bearing areas of the supports shall be thoroughly cleaned and covered with a bed of mortar of minimum thickness 5mm after placement of precast unit.

4. Steel lifting hooks shall be cut flush with the surface of the concrete, cleaned to bright metal and coated with two coats of coal tar epoxy. Alternatively, they shall be cut off 12mm below the surface of the unit and the recess sealed with epoxy mortar.

5. In the case of multi-cell culverts, a nominal 15mm gap shall be provided between adjacent cells. This gap shall be filled with cement mortar or grout.
6. All mortar joints shall be protected from the sun and cured in an approved manner for not less than 48 hours.

7. All external surfaces of joints between precast crown units, both laterally and longitudinally, shall be covered full length, and minimum 250mm width, with strips of non-woven geotextile of minimum mass 270 g/m² in accordance with AUSTROADS Guide to Geotextiles.

C222.13 BACKFILL

1. All bracing and formwork shall be removed prior to backfilling.

2. Selected backfill shall be placed in the side zones of the box culverts and wingwalls, and to a depth of 300mm in the overlay zone of the culverts, in layers with a maximum compacted thickness of 150mm in accordance with the backfilling and compaction requirements of AS 1597.2. The remainder of the excavation shall be backfilled with ordinary embankment fill in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

3. No backfill shall be placed against wingwalls until 21 days after casting.

4. Backfill layers shall be placed simultaneously on both sides of the culvert with a maximum 600mm level difference to avoid differential loading. Backfilling and compaction shall commence at the wall and proceed away from it.

5. Where the slopes bounding the excavation are steeper than 4:1, they shall be cut in the form of successive horizontal terraces of at least 1m width before the backfill is placed.

C222.14 EXCAVATION OF INLET AND OUTLET CHANNELS

1. Excavation of inlet and outlet channels shall be carried out as shown on the Drawings and shall extend to join the existing stream bed in a regular manner as detailed in the Specification for OPEN DRAINS INCLUDING KERB AND GUTTER.

C222.15 CONSTRUCTION LOADING ON CULVERTS

1. Construction vehicles and plant shall not pass over the culvert until 28 days after the casting of the base slab or until the cylinder compressive strength of the base slab concrete has reached 32MPa.

2. Construction vehicle loads on culverts for various design fill heights shall be in accordance with AS 1597.2.
## LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

### C222.16 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C222.1 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clauses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td><strong>Mass Concrete Correction</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Over highest point of rock</td>
<td>50mm</td>
<td>C222.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td><strong>Mass Concrete Bedding</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Level</td>
<td>± 10mm</td>
<td>C222.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Line</td>
<td>± 5mm</td>
<td>C222.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td><strong>Culvert Location</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Invert Level</td>
<td>±10mm</td>
<td>C222.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Grade</td>
<td>5mm in 2.5m (1 in 500)</td>
<td>C222.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Plan Position</td>
<td>±50mm</td>
<td>C222.11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C222.1 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances

## SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- C222.17 RESERVED
- C222.18 RESERVED
- C222.19 RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C222.20 DEDUCTIONS

1. Payment for in-situ concrete work shall be made at the scheduled rates provided the concrete meets the strength requirements specified in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

2. Where any concrete does not reach the strength specified, the scheduled rate of payment shall be reduced by 2% for each 1%, or fraction thereof, by which the strength of the specimen fails to reach the specified strength, up to a maximum deficiency of 10%.

3. If the deficiency in strength exceeds 10%, the concrete represented by the specimens may be rejected, in which case no payment will be made.

C222.21 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for the activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification in accordance with Pay Items C222(a) and C222(b).

2. A lump sum price shall not be accepted.

3. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Excavation for box culverts is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for STORMWATER DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

5. Excavation for inlet and outlet channels is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for OPEN DRAINS INCLUDING KERB AND GUTTER.

6. Base slab bedding using lightly bound DGB20 is measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS.

7. Cast-in-situ base slabs are measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

8. Miscellaneous minor concrete work not included in the pay items in this Specification shall be in accordance with pay items described in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

9. Ordinary embankment backfill is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

10. Cast-in-situ headwalls and wingwalls are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for DRAINAGE STRUCTURES.

Pay Item C222(a) IN-SITU BASE SLAB

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre of reinforced concrete in place (excluding the mass concrete bedding layer).

2. The width, length and depth of the slab shall be as specified on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. The schedule rate shall include foundation preparation, bedding and all activities associated with the construction of the base slab.

4. The schedule rate does not include excavation.
Pay Item C222(b) PRECAST CONCRETE BOX CULVERTS

1. The unit of measurement shall be linear metre of the actual length installed.

2. The Schedule Rate shall include supply, installation and jointing of the precast units, selected backfilling and testing of the units.
# SPECIFICATION C222 - PRECAST BOX CULVERTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL
PRECAST BOX CULVERTS

C222.19  RESERVED

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

C223

DRAINAGE STRUCTURES
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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C223.01 SCOPE

1. This Specification covers the construction of drainage structures and shall be read in conjunction with the Specification for STORMWATER DRAINAGE - GENERAL and other drainage Specifications as applicable:

   C221 - Pipe Drainage

2. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the construction of headwalls, wingwalls, pits, gully pits, inspection pits, junction boxes/pits, drop structures, inlet and outlet structures, energy dissipators, batter drains and other supplementary structures as shown on the Drawings.

3. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C223.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

   C213 - Earthworks
   C220 - Stormwater Drainage - General
   C221 - Pipe Drainage
   C271 - Minor Concrete Works

(b) Australian Standards

   AS 3996 - Metal access covers, road grates and frames

C223.03 GENERAL

1. Drainage structures shall be constructed in concrete and in accordance with the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

2. All structures shall be constructed as soon as practicable and shall be completed not later than 28 days after the construction of the associated culverts, unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

C223.04 ALIGNMENT

1. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, headwalls and pits shall be constructed parallel to the road centreline and wingwalls at 135° to the headwall.
2. Where the culvert is laid skew to the road, the wingwalls and headwalls shall be splayed so that the front edge of the wing bisects the angle between the centreline of the culvert and the headwall.

3. Energy dissipators shall be constructed in accordance with the Drawings and with centreline on the axis of the culvert.

C223.05 HEADWALLS AND WINGWALLS

1. The wingwalls shall be constructed to retain the batters effectively. Where the dimensioned drawings do not satisfy this requirement the Superintendent shall be notified before the headwalls and wingwalls are constructed. The Superintendent shall direct the Contractor as to the action to be taken.

2. Where rock is encountered at the bottom of excavations for wingwalls and headwalls, and after approval is given by the Superintendent, the depth of cut-off walls in uniform rock over the full width of the foundations may be reduced to less than that shown in the Drawings, but must be not less than 150mm into sound rock.

C223.06 PITS

1. All new pits, including access covers, gully grates and frames complying with AS 3996, shall be constructed to the details shown on the Drawings. Modification of existing pits is only to be carried out if such is shown on the Drawings.

2. Where the full depth of the excavation is in sound rock, and the Superintendent approves, part of the concrete lining of gully pits and sumps may be omitted, provided that a neatly formed pit of the required dimensions is constructed. In all such cases the wall of the pit adjacent to and parallel to the road shall be constructed of concrete.

3. Step irons shall be installed in accordance with the Drawings.

4. Step irons shall be either fixed firmly in the formwork prior to pouring the concrete for the pit walls or by using blockout formers to make recesses in the concrete to receive the arms of the step irons, or alternatively installed at a later date by drilling the pit wall. Holes may only be drilled using a rotary masonry bit or similar. Percussion tools shall not be used to form the hole for the step iron.

5. Where the step irons are installed in recesses or drill holes after the concrete wall is poured, the step irons shall be fixed in position by using an epoxy resin in accordance with the step iron and epoxy resin manufacturers’ instructions and specifications. The Contractor shall ensure that no movement of the step irons occurs until the epoxy resin has reached the specified strength.

6. Inlet and outlet pipes shall be integrally cast into the pit at the time of pouring the concrete for the pit walls.

7. A subsoil drain shall be installed into the pit or headwall in accordance with the general requirements in the Specification for PIPE DRAINAGE.

C223.07 PRECAST UNITS

1. Where precast units including kerb and inlet lintels, are provided in the design they shall be handled and installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

2. If the Contractor proposes to use precast units, detailed drawings and complete details of installation procedures shall be submitted for the approval of the Superintendent.
3. Unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent, precast units shall not be delivered to the site before satisfactory documentary evidence has been submitted to the Superintendent that quality tests have been carried out.

C223.08 JOINTING

1. Where drainage structures abut concrete paving, kerb and gutter or other concrete structures, a 10mm wide joint shall be provided between the structure and paving, or kerb and gutter or other concrete structures. The joint shall consist of preformed jointing material of bituminous fibreboard.

C223.09 MASS CONCRETE BEDDING

1. Mass concrete bedding for reinforced concrete bases shall not be placed on earth or rock foundations until the foundations have been inspected and approved by the Superintendent. Following such approval, the surface of the foundation shall be dampened and a layer of concrete not less than 50mm thick, shall be placed over the excavated surface and shall be finished to a smooth even surface.

2. Unreinforced concrete bases may be cast on earth or rock foundations without the mass concrete bedding.

C223.10 BACKFILL

1. Backfilling shall not commence until the compressive strength of concrete has reached at least 15MPa unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

2. Selected backfill shall be placed against the full height of the vertical faces of structures for a horizontal distance equal to one-third the height of the structure.

3. Selected backfill shall consist of a granular material in accordance with the requirements in the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

4. Special care shall be exercised to prevent wedge action against vertical surfaces during the backfilling. Where the sides of the excavation are steeper than 4 horizontally to 1 vertically they shall be cut in the form of successive horizontal terraces at least 600mm in width, as the backfill is placed.

5. Backfill on both sides of the structure shall be carried up to level alternately in layers so as to avoid wedge action or excessive horizontal forces. Backfilling and compaction shall commence at the wall. Compaction shall be in accordance with the Specification for STORMWATER DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C223.11 RESERVED

C223.12 RESERVED

C223.13 RESERVED
# LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

## SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C223.1 below:

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Table C223.1 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C223.15 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification, in accordance with the Pay Items C223(a) and C223(b).

2. If any item for which a quantity of work listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

3. Excavation is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for STORMWATER DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

4. Backfill is measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

5. Drainage structures are measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not with the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

6. Miscellaneous minor concrete work not included in the pay items in this Specification shall be in accordance with pay items described in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

Pay Item C223(a) CONCRETE HEADWALLS AND WINGWALLS

1. The unit of measurement shall be cubic metre of concrete as calculated from the dimensions on the Drawings.

2. The Schedule Rate shall include formwork, supply and fixing of steel reinforcement, supply, placing and curing of concrete, stripping, finishing and backfilling.

Pay Item C223(b) PITS, DISSIPATORS, CHANNEL BASINS AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY STRUCTURES

1. The unit of measurement shall be "each" for the completed structures as scheduled.

2. The rate shall include all activities and materials required to complete the structures as shown on the Drawings, including the supply and installation of all cast in metalwork, frames, grates, lintels and lids, finishing and backfilling.
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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT
CONSTRUCTION
SPECIFICATION

C224

OPEN DRAINS
INCLUDING KERB & GUTTER
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council’s primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

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OPEN DRAINS

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SPECIFICATION C224 : OPEN DRAINS, INCLUDING KERB AND GUTTER

GENERAL

C224.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the construction, lining and protection of all types of open drains including the construction of rock filled wire mattresses and gabions.

2. This Specification should be read in conjunction with the Specification for STORMWATER DRAINAGE - GENERAL, and other drainage Specifications as applicable:

   C221 - Pipe Drainage
   C222 - Precast Box Culverts
   C223 - Drainage Structures

3. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C224.02 DEFINITION

1. Open drains are all drains other than pipe and box culverts and include catch drains, contour drains, diversion drains, table drains, batter drains, swales, channels, gutters and kerbs and gutters.

C224.03 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

   C211 - Control of Erosion and Sedimentation
   C220 - Stormwater Drainage - General
   C221 - Pipe Drainage
   C222 - Precast Box Culverts
   C271 - Minor Concrete Works
   C273 - Landscaping

(b) Australian Standards

   AS 1141.22 - Wet/dry strength variation
   AS 1289.5.4.1 - Compaction control test - Dry density ratio, moisture variation and moisture ratio
   AS 1289.5.7.1 - Compaction control test (rapid method)
   AS 2758.4 - Aggregate for gabion baskets and wire mattresses
   AS 2876 - Concrete kerbs and channels (gutters) - Manually or machine placed
   AS/NZS 4534 - Zinc and zinc/aluminium-alloy coatings on steel wire
C224.04 GENERAL

1. Unless shown otherwise on the Drawings, drains shall be vee shaped or of trapezoidal cross section and shall not be less than 300mm deep and have a minimum waterway area of 0.2 square metres.

2. Open drains shall be graded to ensure free flow of water and, shall not have a grade of less than 1 per cent.

3. Where trees marked for preservation or rock outcrops occur in the line of a drain, the drain may be neatly diverted if approved by the Superintendent.

4. Open drains shall be extended as necessary to lead the water clear of the work to natural drainage depressions, culverts, or pits connected to underground drainage systems. The drains shall follow existing watercourses and depressions in the natural surface, unless other locations are shown on the Drawings.

5. Open drains shall be located and constructed so as to avoid recharging groundwater encouraging a shallow watertable and creating or worsening salinity degradation of adjacent land.

6. All work shall be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

C224.05 TYPES

1. Catch drains shall be provided above the tops of cuttings or along the toes of embankments where shown on the Drawings before construction of the adjacent roadway. The edges of catchdrains shall be positioned not be less than 2m from the tops of cuttings or the toes of embankments nor more than is necessary to maintain the fall of the drains.

2. Minor diversion and contour drains shall be constructed where shown on the Drawings or directed by the Superintendent. Minor diversion drains shall have the same capacity as the nearest pipe culvert on the line of the drain unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

3. Table drains, swales and depressed medians shall be constructed to the line and level shown or calculated from the Drawings. Their construction is deemed to be part of earthworks.

4. Inlet, outlet and diversion channels shall be excavated as shown on the Drawings and, unless indicated otherwise, shall extend to join the existing stream bed in a regular manner, avoiding disturbance in stream flow. The channel shall be excavated to the full width of the structure but the existing stream bed shall be preserved as far as possible outside the limits of the excavation.
C224.06 CONSTRUCTION

1. Material excavated from drains shall be placed on the lower sides of the drains and formed as banks with slopes not steeper than 4h:1v on the cross section of the bank to increase the capacity of the drains. This material shall be compacted in accordance with AS 1289.5.4.1 and shall be not less than 95 per cent for standard compactive effort.

2. The Contractor shall ensure that none of the activities associated with the work disturbs any watercourse outside the site. Any excavation below the level of the natural channel shall be backfilled with suitable material compacted to a density equal to and compatible with that existing naturally.

3. Any excess material shall be legally and responsibly disposed of by the Contractor.

4. Unlined drains and areas adjacent to open drains shall be revegetated immediately after the drains are complete, in accordance with the Specification for LANDSCAPING.

**LINED OPEN DRAINS**

C224.07 GENERAL

1. Lined open drains shall be formed as for unlined open drains with the inclusion of a lined invert in accordance with the Drawings.

2. Lining shall conform to the profile of the drain and shall be provided as soon as possible after forming the drain.

3. Before placing any lining material, the foundation material shall be shaped and compacted to form a firm base for the lining. Other than for kerb and gutter constructed on pavement courses, the relative compaction, as determined by AS 1289.5.7.1 or AS 1289.5.4.1 shall not be less than 95 per cent for standard compactive effort.

C224.08 CONCRETE LINING

1. Concrete lining for open drains shall be cast-in-situ or sprayed concrete supplied and placed in accordance with the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS. Weepholes shall be provided in the concrete at intervals of 2m or as determined by the Superintendent.

2. Contraction joints in concrete lining, consisting of narrow transverse and vertical grooves, 20mm deep, shall be formed neatly in the surface of the freshly placed concrete at intervals of 3m unless otherwise specified by the Superintendent. Expansion joints shall be placed at intervals not more than 15m and shall consist of preformed jointing material of bituminous fibreboard and shall be of sufficient depth to fill the joint.

C224.09 STONE PITCHING

1. Stone Pitching shall consist of sound durable rock not less than 100mm thick, properly bedded on approved loam or sand and mortared to present a uniform surface. The exposed surface of each stone or block shall be approximately flat and not less than 0.05 square metres in area. Spaces between adjacent stones or blocks shall not exceed 20mm in width.
C224.10 BATTER DRAINS

1. Batter drains shall be constructed using either half round steel pipes or precast nestable concrete units as shown and detailed on the Drawings.

2. The units shall be installed in carefully excavated and template controlled trench to produce an even rim line of +0mm to –50mm from the batter line at the underside of topsoil.

3. Any over excavation and undulations in the batter line shall be backfilled and both sides of the drain compacted over the full length to form a firm shoulder against the rim of the batter drain.

4. When topsoil is placed it shall be tapered over a width of 1m to zero thickness at the rim of the drain. Both sides of the drain shall then be turfed for minimum width of 600mm and pinned down as provided in the Specification for LANDSCAPING.

C224.11 PROPRIETARY PRODUCTS

1. Unless shown on the Drawings, proprietary products may only be used with the approval of the Superintendent. Where specified, they must be used strictly in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

C224.12 KERB AND GUTTER (CHANNEL)

1. Kerb and/or gutters (channel) may be constructed in fixed forms, by extrusion or by slip forming, in accordance with AS 2876.

2. The foundation, concrete quality, curing and testing details shall be in accordance AS 2876.

3. The top and face of the finished kerb and gutter shall be true to line and the top surface shall be of uniform width, free from humps, sags or other irregularities. Kerb and gutter shall have a steel float finish.

4. The level at any point on the surface of the gutters shall be within ±10mm of design levels. When a straight edge 3m long is laid on top of or along the face of the kerb or on the surface of gutters, the surface shall not vary more than 5mm from the edge of the straight edge, except at kerb laybacks, grade changes or curves or at gully pits requiring gutter depression.

5. Unless shown otherwise on the Drawings, contraction joints, shall be formed every 3m of gutter length for a minimum of 50 per cent of cross sectional area. The joint shall be tooled 20mm in depth to form a neat groove of 5mm minimum width.

6. Unless shown otherwise on the Drawings, expansion joints, 15mm in width for the full depth of the kerb and gutter, shall be constructed at intervals not exceeding 15m and where the gutter abuts against gutter pits, retaining walls and overbridges. Expansion joints shall consist of a preformed jointing material of bituminous fibreboard.

7. Where kerbs and/or gutters are cast adjacent with a concrete pavement the same type of contraction, construction and expansion joints specified in the concrete base shall be continued across the kerb and/or gutter.

8. All house stormwater outlets shall be provided and/or extended, to match the existing type and size of pipe, through the kerb as shown on the Drawings. Pipework shall be in accordance with the requirements for UPVC pipes in the Specification for PIPE DRAINAGE, or as directed by the Superintendent for other types of pipe.
9. Opposite all driveways, where shown on the Drawings or where directed by the Superintendent, barrier kerb shall be discontinued to provide for vehicular or pedestrian access. At such locations, kerb laybacks shall be constructed in accordance with the Drawings. Footpath crossovers shall be constructed to meet the laybacks as shown on the Drawings, or reinstated to match existing materials where not otherwise shown.

10. After the new kerb and gutter has been constructed and not earlier than three days after placing, the spaces on both sides of the kerb and/or gutters shall be backfilled and reinstated in accordance with the Drawings, or as instructed by the Superintendent.

11. Backfill material behind the kerb shall consist of granular material, free of organic material, clay and rock in excess of 50mm diameter, or material as approved by the Superintendent.

12. Backfill material behind the kerb shall be compacted in layers not greater than 150mm thick, to a relative compaction of 95 per cent when tested in accordance with AS 1289.5.4.1, for standard compactive effort. The whole of the work shall be finished in a neat and workmanlike manner, free draining and free from surface undulations and trip hazards.

13. Pavement material adjacent to new gutter shall be backfilled in accordance with the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

ROCK FILLED WIRE MATTRESSES AND GABIONS

C224.13 GENERAL

1. Rock-filled wire mattresses and gabions shall be placed at the locations shown on the Drawings. Installation shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. A geotextile, as shown on the Drawings, shall be placed between the wire cage and the material being protected.

C224.14 MATERIALS

1. For wire mattresses and gabions, the galvanising requirements for wire of circular cross section cited in this Clause as 'heavily galvanised', shall comply with the coating mass requirements for round wire, Class W10, in AS/NZS 4534.

(a) Gabions

1. The gabions shall be of the sizes shown on the Drawings and fabricated of woven heavily galvanised wire mesh and PVC coated where specified on the Drawings. Each gabion shall be divided by diaphragms into cells whose length shall not be greater than the width of the gabions plus 100mm. Gabions shall have a nominal mesh size of 80mm x 100mm and body wire shall be a minimum diameter of 2.7mm heavily galvanised with an additional thickness of 0.4mm PVC coating where specified on the Drawings. The minimum core diameters of heavily galvanised selvedge wire and lacing wire shall be 3.4mm and 2.2mm respectively.

(b) Wire Mattresses

1. Unless specified otherwise, the wire mattresses shall be supplied in units having dimensions of 6m x 2m x 230mm, and shall be cut to suit areas as shown on the Drawings. The mattresses shall be divided by diaphragms into cells of length not exceeding 600mm. Unless otherwise specified, they shall be fabricated of woven heavily galvanised wire and PVC coated where specified on the Drawings.

2. Mattresses shall have a mesh size of 60mm x 80mm and body wire shall be a
minimum diameter of 2.0mm heavily galvanised with an additional minimum thickness of 0.4mm PVC coating where specified on the Drawings. The minimum core diameters of heavily galvanised selvedge wire and lacing wire shall be 2.7mm and 2.2mm respectively.

(c) Geotextile

1. A chemically and biologically stable geotextile with a minimum strength rating (G) of 1350 and minimum mass of 180 grams per square metre, in accordance with AUSTROADS Guide to Geotextiles, shall be used.

2. Samples, manufacturer's specification and instructions on installation shall be submitted to the Superintendent seven days before the intended use of geotextile.

(d) Rock Fill Material

1. The rock fill shall consist of clean hard rock complying with the requirements of AS 2758.4.

2. Rock fill for gabions shall have particle sizes between 100mm and 250mm and preferably not greater than 200mm. Rock fill material may be placed by hand or suitable mechanical device to ensure fill is tightly packed with a minimum of voids. Fill material shall be levelled off 25mm to 50mm above the top of the mesh to allow for settlement.

3. Rock fill for wire mattresses shall have particle sizes between 75mm and two-thirds of the mattress thickness, or 250mm, whichever is the lesser. When the mattress is on a slope, rock fill material shall be placed into the units starting from the low end. Units shall be filled slightly overfull by 25mm to 50mm to allow for settlement and to provide an even tight and smooth surface of the required contour.

C224.15 ASSEMBLY AND ERECTION

1. Before laying out the gabions or wire mattresses, geotextile shall be placed on the founding material. The edges of wire mattresses shall be firmly tied to galvanised star pickets driven a minimum of 900mm into the surrounding ground at 1m maximum intervals and the star pickets cut off level with the top of the mattress. The upstream edge of wire mattresses shall be folded down into a trench of minimum depth 300mm and filled with rock fill. This edge shall be tied to star pickets.
**LIMITS AND TOLERANCES**

C224.16 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C224.1 below.

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<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
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</thead>
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<td>1.</td>
<td>Open Drains - General</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Grading</td>
<td>Grade &gt;1%</td>
<td>C224.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Depth</td>
<td>&gt;300mm</td>
<td>C224.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Waterway Area</td>
<td>&gt;0.2 sq m</td>
<td>C224.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(d) Catch Drain Location</td>
<td>&gt;2m from top of cuttings or toes of embankments</td>
<td>C224.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(e) Compaction</td>
<td>&gt;95% (standard compaction)</td>
<td>C224.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Open Drains - Lining</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Compaction of Foundation</td>
<td>&gt;95% (standard compaction)</td>
<td>C224.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Stone Pitching</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Rock Dimensions</td>
<td>&gt;100mm thickness</td>
<td>C224.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Exposed Surface Area</td>
<td>&gt;0.05 sq m</td>
<td>C224.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Spaces between Stones</td>
<td>&lt;20mm width</td>
<td>C224.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Batter Drains</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Rim line</td>
<td>+0, -50 from batter line</td>
<td>C224.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Kerb and Gutter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Compaction of foundation</td>
<td>To AS 2876</td>
<td>C224.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Level of gutter surface</td>
<td>Level ≤±10mm of design level</td>
<td>C224.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Surface uniformity</td>
<td>Deviation of kerb and gutter surface from 3m straight edge ≤5mm</td>
<td>C224.12</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(d) Contraction Joints</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) Area</td>
<td>≥50% of CS area</td>
<td>C224.12</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Groove Width</td>
<td>≥5mm</td>
<td>C224.12</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(e) Expansion Joint Interval</td>
<td>≤15m</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(f) Backfill behind Kerb</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(i) Layer thickness</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(ii) Compaction</td>
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<td>C224.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Rock Fill for Gabions and</td>
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## Wire Mattresses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wire Mattresses</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a)</td>
<td>Wet Strength</td>
<td>&gt;100kN</td>
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<td>(b)</td>
<td>Wet/Dry Strength variation</td>
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<td>(c)</td>
<td>Particle size for Gabions</td>
<td>&gt;100mm &lt;250mm</td>
<td>C224.14d</td>
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<tr>
<td>(d)</td>
<td>Fill Level</td>
<td>&gt;25mm &lt;50mm above top of mesh</td>
<td>C224.14d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e)</td>
<td>Particle size for Wire Mattresses</td>
<td>&gt;75mm &lt;150mm</td>
<td>C224.14d</td>
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### 7. Erection of Wire Mattresses

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<td></td>
<td>Star pickets for ties</td>
<td>Depth in ground &gt;900mm Spacing &lt;1m</td>
<td>C224.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Trench Depth for upstream edge</td>
<td>Depth &gt;300mm</td>
<td>C224.15</td>
</tr>
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Table C224.1 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances

**SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS**

C224.17 RESERVED

C224.18 RESERVED

C224.19 RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C224.20 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification on a Schedule of Rates basis in accordance with Pay Items C224(a) to C224(h) inclusive.

2. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which as not been priced.

3. Erosion and sedimentation control measures are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

4. Sprayed concrete lining of open drains is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

5. Cast-in-situ lining of open drains is measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not with the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

6. Miscellaneous minor concrete work not included in the pay items in this Specification shall be in accordance with pay items described in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

7. Topsoiling and turving to sides of batter drains are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for LANDSCAPING.

Pay Item C224(a) EXCAVATION - CATCH, CONTOUR AND MINOR DIVERSION DRAINS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre measured along the invert of the drain.

2. The placement and compaction of material excavated from the drains on the lower sides of the drains to form banks shall be included in the excavation rates.

3. The schedule rate for excavation shall allow for excavation of all types of material. Separate rates shall not be included for earth and rock.

4. Any temporary measures for the control of stormwater runoff shall be included in the rate for excavation.

Pay Item C224(b) EXCAVATION - INLET, OUTLET, AND DIVERSION CHANNELS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre measured from cross sections on the drawings using the end area method, or as "each" where minor work is involved.

2. The disposal of surplus material shall be included in the excavation rates.

3. The schedule rate for excavation shall allow for excavation of all types of material. Separate rates shall not be included for earth and rock.

4. Any temporary measures for the control of stormwater runoff shall be included in the rate for excavation.

Pay Item C224(c) CONCRETE LINING OF OPEN DRAINS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of concrete in place.

2. The schedule rate under this Pay Item shall include all the operations involved in the surface preparation, supply and placing of concrete, jointing and curing.
Pay Item C224(d)  STONE PITCHING OF OPEN DRAINS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of stone pitching in place.

2. The schedule rate under this Pay Item shall include all the operations in the surface preparation, supply of stone, placing, final trimming and mortar jointing.

Pay Item C224(e)  BATTER DRAINS

1. The unit of measurement shall be linear metre along the length of the drain formed by batter drain units.

2. The schedule rate shall include supply of the units, excavation, installation, backfilling and compaction.

Pay Item C224(f)  ROCK FILLED GABIONS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre of rock filling.

2. The volume shall be taken from the Drawings with appropriate adjustments being made for any authorised changes.

3. The schedule rate shall include the supply and placement of geotextile material behind the gabions, the supply and assembly of the gabions, the supply and placing of the rock fill in the gabions.

Pay Item C224(g)  ROCK FILLED WIRE MATTRESSES

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of rock filled mattress complete.

2. The area shall be determined from the actual completed work and shall include the area folded into the trench.

3. The schedule rate shall include the supply and placement of geotextile material, star pickets and ties as specified, together with the supply and assembly of the wire mattresses and the supply and placing of the rock fill.

Pay Item C224(h)  KERB AND/OR GUTTER (CHANNEL)

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre measured along the length of the kerb and/or gutter.

2. The schedule rate shall include all operations involved in the forming, compaction of foundations, concreting, expansion and contraction joints, backfilling and compaction adjacent to the completed kerb.

3. Separate pay items shall be included for each type of kerb and/or gutter specified.
BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT
CONSTRUCTION
SPECIFICATION

C230

SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE
GENERAL
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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<th>Clause No.</th>
<th>Amendment Code</th>
<th>Author Initials</th>
<th>Amendment Date</th>
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<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
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### SPECIFICATION C230 - SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE-GENERAL

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<td>10</td>
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ANNEXURE

C230A  SLOTTED PIPES FITTED WITH SEAMLESS TUBULAR FILTER FABRIC
SPECIFICATION C230 : SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL

GENERAL

C230.01 INTRODUCTION

1. This is the general Specification common and applicable to all types of subsurface drainage and shall be read in conjunction with subsurface drainage specifications:

   C231 - Subsoil and Foundation Drains
   C232 - Pavement Drains
   C233 - Drainage Mats

   as applicable to particular contracts.

C230.02 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of:

   (a) preparation for subsurface drainage construction;
   (b) siting of subsurface drainage facilities;
   (c) the supply of all materials associated with the provision of the subsurface drainage system;
   (d) all activities and quality requirements associated with the supply, placement and compaction of filter material;
   (e) the provision of a detailed record of all subsurface drain installations;
   (f) the marking on the ground of the location of all subsurface drains.

2. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C230.03 EXTENT OF WORK

1. Details of the work are shown on the Drawings. The requirements of this Contract are summarised as follows:-

   (TO BE COMPLETED BY COMPILER)

   (a)
   (b)
   (c)
   (d)
   (e)
   (f)
C230.04 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

- C211 - Control of Erosion and Sedimentation
- C213 - Earthworks
- C271 - Minor Concrete Works

(b) Australian Standards

- AS 1141.11 - Particle size distribution by dry sieving.
- AS 1141.22 - Wet/dry strength variation.
- AS 1289.E5.1 - Determination of minimum and maximum dry density of a cohesionless material.
- AS 1477 - Unplasticised PVC (UPVC) pipes and fittings for pressure applications
- AS 2439.1 - Perforated drainage pipe and associated fittings
- AS 2758.1 - Aggregates and rock for engineering purposes - Concrete aggregates
- AS 3705 - Geotextiles - Identification, marking and general data
- AS 3706 - Geotextiles - Methods of test
- AS 3706.11 - Determination of durability - Resistance to degradation by light and heat

(c) Other

- AUSTROADS - Guide to Geotextiles.
- ASTM-D2434-68 - Test method for permeability of granular soils (Constant Head)

C230.05 TEMPORARY DRAINAGE DURING CONSTRUCTION

1. All drainage works carried out by the Contractor shall comply with the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

2. The Contractor shall make adequate provision for runoff flows at subsurface drainage works under construction to avoid damage or nuisance due to scour, sedimentation, soil erosion, flooding, diversion of flow, damming, undermining, seepage, slumping or other adverse effects to the Works or surrounding areas and structures as a result of the Contractor's activities.

3. The Contractor's material and equipment shall be located clear of watercourses or secured so that they will not cause danger or damage in the event of large runoff flows.

C230.06 SITING OF WORK

1. Before commencing construction of any subsurface drainage activity, the Contractor shall set out on site the position of the work to the location and levels shown on the Drawings, and shall present this set-out for inspection by the Superintendent.

2. The Superintendent may amend the locations or designed levels or the lengths to suit actual site conditions. Any activity resulting from such amendments by the Superintendent shall be deemed to be included as part of the work covered by the Schedule of Rates. Should the Superintendent require a change to the conditions of
installation an appropriate variation shall be ordered.

3. Should the Contractor propose changes to the location, length, designed levels, conditions of installation or cover to suit the Contractor’s construction procedures, the Contractor shall present the proposed set-out in addition to the designed set-out for consideration by the Superintendent. No changes shall be made unless the prior written approval of the Superintendent is obtained.

C230.07 EXCAVATION

1. In undertaking trench excavation the Contractor shall provide any shoring, sheet piling or other stabilisation of the sides necessary to comply with statutory requirements.

2. Where public utilities exist in the vicinity of drainage works the Contractor shall obtain the approval of the relevant authority to the method of excavation before commencing excavation.

3. Excavation by blasting, if permitted, shall be carried out to ensure that the peak particle velocity measured on the ground adjacent to any previously installed drainage structure does not exceed 25 millimetres per second. The Contractor shall comply with other requirements concerning blasting operations in the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

4. Trenches shall be excavated to the line, grade, width and depth shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. The bottom of the trench shall be constructed so that no localised ponding can occur. All loose material shall be removed by the Contractor.

5. Any material at the bottom of the trench or at foundation level which the Superintendent deems to be unsuitable shall be removed and disposed in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS by the Contractor and replaced with backfill material in accordance with the requirements of this Specification. The bottom of the excavated trench or foundation, after any unsuitable material has been removed and replaced, shall be parallel with the specified level or grade of the pipe.

6. The excavated material shall be used in the construction of embankments backfilling or spoiled in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

C230.08 BACKFILLING

1. Backfilling shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the relevant subsurface drainage structures Specifications.

C230.09 OUTLET STRUCTURES FOR SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE

1. Subsurface drainage pipes shall be connected to discharge into gully pits or to outlet structures as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. As a salinity prevention measure, and where practicable, discharge shall be on the downhill side of the embankment or in the cut-fill area so as to reduce the risk of recharge to the subsurface water table.

2. Outlets shall be spaced at a maximum interval of 150m.

3. Outlets, including those discharging into gully pits, shall be made rodent proof using galvanised wire netting in accordance with the Drawings.

4. The outlet shall be located so that erosion of the adjacent areas does not occur or shall be protected by the placement of selected stone or similar treatment together with a marker post to indicate location and assist maintenance.
5. Outlet pipes from curtain drains shall be unslotted. At no point shall an outlet pipe be higher than the pipe at the end of the curtain drain.

6. All concrete used in the construction of outlet structures shall conform to the requirements of the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

MATERIALS

C230.10 CORRUGATED PLASTIC PIPE

1. Corrugated plastic pipe shall be Class 1000 complying with AS2439.1 of 65mm or 100mm diameter as indicated on the Drawings. All pipe shall be slotted except where shown on the Drawings.

2. Joints, couplings, elbows, tees and caps shall also comply with AS2439.1 and only the manufacturer's recommended fittings shall be used.

3. The Contractor shall obtain from the Manufacturer a Test Certificate demonstrating compliance with AS2439.1.

C230.11 OTHER TYPES OF SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE

1. Where a Contractor wishes to use a subsurface drainage pipe other than corrugated plastic pipe, the Contractor shall submit full details of the type of pipe, certification from the manufacturer of its suitability and quality and written acceptance by the Council for its use in each particular application. Certification of the suitability of any pipe will address the crushing strength, flexural strength, jointing system and slotting details.

C230.12 FILTER MATERIAL

(a) General

1. The types of filter material covered by this Specification shall include:

   (a) Type A filter material for use in trench drains and Type B drainage mats
   (b) Type B filter material for use in trench drains and Type B drainage mats
   (c) Type C filter material comprising crushed rock for use in Type A drainage mats
   (iv) Type D filter material comprising uncrushed river gravel for use in Type A drainage mats

2. All filter material shall consist of clean, hard, tough, durable particles.

(b) Type A Filter Material

1. Type A filter material shall be crushed rock complying with the following requirements:

   (a) Compliances:
   (b) Grades:

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(c) **Type B Filter Material**

1. Type B filter material shall be granular material complying with the following grading requirements:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Method</th>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AS 1141.11</td>
<td>Material passing AS sieve</td>
<td>Per cent by mass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.7mm</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.75mm</td>
<td>85 to 100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.36mm</td>
<td>0 to 40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.18mm</td>
<td>0 to 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>425um</td>
<td>0 to 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C230.1 - Type A Filter Material

2. In addition to the above grading requirements, Type B filter material shall have a coefficient of saturated permeability, when compacted to its maximum dry density as determined by AS 1289.E5.1 and then tested in accordance with Test Method ASTM-D2434-68, of at least 8 metres per day after three hours of flow.

3. Type B filter material shall not vary from its original grading as a result of compaction processes by more than the following amounts:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AS Sieve</th>
<th>Variation From Grading Before Treatment (per cent of mass)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.36mm</td>
<td>± 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.18mm</td>
<td>± 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>425um</td>
<td>± 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300um</td>
<td>± 0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150um</td>
<td>± 0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75um</td>
<td>± 0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C230.2 - Type B Filter Material

Table C230.3 - Type B Filter Material Variation
(d) Type C Filter Material

1. Type C filter material shall be crushed rock complying with the following requirements:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Method</th>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AS 1141.11</td>
<td>Maximum particle size</td>
<td>37.5mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1141.22</td>
<td>Maximum passing the 9.5mm AS Sieve</td>
<td>5% by mass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum (D90:D10)*</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Minimum wet strength</td>
<td>100kN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum 10% fines wet/dry variation</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** The D90 value shall be determined by sieving the material using 75mm, 53mm, 37.5mm, 26.5mm, 19mm, 13.2mm and 9.5mm AS sieves, as appropriate, and then plotting the results on a graph of AS sieve size v percentage passing. The plotted points shall be joined by straight lines and the D90 value shall be determined as the theoretical sieve size corresponding to 90 per cent passing.

D10 denotes the theoretical size of a sieve through which 10 per cent of the material would pass and shall be determined from the same graph used to determine the D90 value.

Table C230.4 - Type C Filter Material

(e) Type D Filter Material

1. Type D filter material shall be uncrushed river gravel complying with the description of rounded aggregate in Table B1, Appendix B of AS2758.1 and the following requirements:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Method</th>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AS 1141.11</td>
<td>Maximum particle size</td>
<td>75mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1141.22</td>
<td>Maximum passing the 9.5mm AS Sieve</td>
<td>5% by mass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum (D90:D10)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Minimum wet strength</td>
<td>100kN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum 10% fines wet/dry variation</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C230.5 - Type D Filter Material
C230.13 GEOTEXTILE

(a) General

1. The geotextile, other than seamless tubular filter fabric, shall consist of either a woven or a non-woven type which shall be manufactured from synthetic materials other than polyamide. Rolls of geotextile shall be marked with product identification and supplied with data sheets and information in accordance with the requirements of AS 3705.

2. The geotextile shall be bio-stable and resistant to attack by alkalis, acids, dry heat, steam, moisture, brine, mineral oil, petrol, diesel and detergents when tested in accordance with the properties and labelling requirements of AS 3706.

3. The geotextile shall be resistant to ultra-violet light. No geotextile shall be left exposed to sunlight during storage and construction for a period longer than a total of twenty-one days. If exposure in excess of twenty-one days does occur, the geotextile shall be tested in accordance with AS 3706.11 and if its characteristics have deteriorated to or below 90 per cent of the characteristics claimed by the manufacturer or the characteristics determined on unexposed geotextile, whichever is the better, it shall be removed and replaced with a geotextile complying with this Specification.

4. The geotextile material type, strength rating “G”, and minimum mass requirements shall be as shown on the Drawings.

5. The type, properties, functions, design and construction requirements for a particular application of geotextile installation shall be compatible with recommendations provided by the AUSTROADS Guide to Geotextiles as well as requirements indicated on the drawings.

6. In addition to the above mentioned requirements, geotextiles for curtain drains shall consist of either polyester, polypropylene or polyethylene. When subjected to a pressure of 200 kPa applied at right angles to the plane of the fabric and to a constant head of water no greater than 50 mm applied to the top edge of the fabric, geotextiles for curtain drains shall have a rate of water transmission not less than 20 litres per hour per metre width of fabric through a 300 mm length of the fabric.

(b) Seamless Tubular Filter Fabric

1. Seamless knitted tubular filter fabric shall be used to enclose all slotted pipes and shall be manufactured from either polypropylene or polyester. The fabric shall be free of imperfections in weave or yarn and have abrasion resistant and weave stability qualities such that it shall not form holes, ladder, deweave, tear or unravel more than 5mm from a cut end.

2. Fitting of the seamless tubular filter fabric shall be in accordance with the requirements of Annexure C230A. Filter fabric that is excessively stretched, torn or otherwise damaged during fitting of the fabric, storage, transportation or pipe laying will be removed and replaced so as to eliminate any damaged lengths.
RECORDING OF DRAINAGE

C230.14 RECORDING OF SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE INFORMATION

1. The Contractor shall keep a detailed record of all subsurface drainage pipes and the completed subsurface drainage systems shall be shown on the work-as-executed plans to be returned to the Superintendent upon completion of the Contract.

2. In addition, the Contractor shall prepare a subsurface drainage information sheet or sheets at the completion of construction of each drain or drainage system and shall submit the subsurface drainage sheet or sheets to the Superintendent within five working days of the completion of the drain or drainage system.

3. The information to be included in the subsurface drainage information sheets shall include:

   Date of completion of drain construction:

   Drain Number:

   Type of Drain:

   Pipe Size:

   Pipe Type:

   Filter Type:

   Grade of Drain:

   Locations of Cleanouts:

   Locations of Outlets:

   Geotextile-

   Seamless Tubular Filter Fabric

   Response Time:

NOTE: Response Time shall be the time taken for water to travel from the inlet end of a drain or from a cleanout leading to a drain to the outlet end of the drain.

4. The costs associated with the preparation of Subsurface Drainage Sheets shall be borne by the Contractor.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C230.15 RESERVED

C230.16 RESERVED

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LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

**C230.17 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES**

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C230.6 below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td><strong>Excavation by Blasting</strong>&lt;br&gt;Peak particle velocity</td>
<td>≤25mm/sec</td>
<td>C230.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td><strong>Outlets</strong>&lt;br&gt;Spacing</td>
<td>Max 150m</td>
<td>C230.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td><strong>Filter Material</strong>&lt;br&gt;(a) Type A&lt;br&gt;Table C230.1&lt;br&gt;(b) Type B&lt;br&gt;Tables C230.2 and C230.3&lt;br&gt;(c) Type C&lt;br&gt;Table C230.4&lt;br&gt;(d) Type D&lt;br&gt;Table C230.5</td>
<td></td>
<td>C230.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td><strong>Geotextile</strong>&lt;br&gt;(a) Exposure to sunlight&lt;br&gt;&lt;21 days&lt;br&gt;if &gt;21 days deterioration not to exceed 10% of claimed characteristics&lt;br&gt;(b) Curtain Drains&lt;br&gt;Water Transmission&lt;br&gt;&gt;20 litres/hr/m</td>
<td></td>
<td>C230.13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C230.6 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C230.18 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification and the associated activity specific specification on a schedule of rates basis.

2. The Pay Items applicable to particular activities are listed in the Specifications for these activities.

3. Common to subsurface drainage works are Filter Material and Outlet Structures and payment for these items shall be made under this Specification.

4. A Lump Sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

5. If any item, for which a quantity of work is listed is not priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

6. Erosion and sedimentation control measures are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

7. Excavation and Geotextile material is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification applicable to the particular activity.

8. Unsuitable material removal is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

9. Concrete work for outlet structures is measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

10. Miscellaneous minor concrete work not included in the pay items in this Specification shall be in accordance with pay items described in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

Pay Item C230(a) FILTER MATERIAL TYPE 'A' BACKFILL

1. The unit of measurement shall be the compacted cubic metre.

2. The volume shall be computed from the actual length and depth of the trench multiplied by the design width of the trench.

3. The rate shall include the supply, placement and compaction of filter material and the "capping" of the trench where shown on the Drawings.

4. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.

Pay Item C230(b) FILTER MATERIAL TYPE 'B' BACKFILL

1. The unit of measurement shall be the compacted cubic metre.

2. The volume shall be computed from the actual length and depth of the trench multiplied by the design width of the trench.

3. The rate shall include the supply, placement and compaction of filter material and the "capping" of the trench where shown on the Drawings.

4. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.
Pay Item C230(c) FILTER MATERIAL TYPE 'C' BACKFILL

1. The unit of measurement shall be the compacted cubic metre.

2. The volume shall be computed from the actual length and depth of the trench multiplied by the design width of the trench.

3. The rate shall include the supply, placement and compaction of filter material and the “capping” of the trench where shown on the Drawings.

4. The schedule rate is a provisional quantity.

Pay Item C230(d) FILTER MATERIAL TYPE 'D' BACKFILL

1. The unit of measurement shall be the compacted cubic metre.

2. The volume shall be computed from the actual length and depth of the trench multiplied by the design width of the trench.

3. The rate shall include the supply, placement and compaction of filter material and the “capping” of the trench where shown on the Drawings.

4. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.

Pay Item C230(e) OUTLET STRUCTURES FOR SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE PIPES

1. The unit of measurement shall be “each” outlet structure, excluding outlets into pits, provided in accordance with this Specification.

2. The schedule rate under this Pay Item shall include all the operations involved in the construction of the outlet including the forming of the structure, supply of concrete and, where directed by the Superintendent, the provision of erosion control measures.

3. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.
SLOTTED PIPES FITTED WITH SEAMLESS TUBULAR FILTER FABRIC

1. PROCEDURE FOR FITTING SEAMLESS TUBULAR FILTER FABRIC TO SLOTTED PIPE

Seamless tubular filter fabric shall be fitted to slotted pipe immediately before the slotted pipe is to be laid in its final position in the work.

The filter fabric shall be initially pulled over and onto a short length of smooth pipe of internal diameter between 20mm and 30mm greater than the external diameter of the slotted pipe to be enclosed by filter fabric. The short, larger diameter pipe shall be referred to as the 'mandrel'.

The pipe to be enclosed by the filter fabric shall be passed through the mandrel. The filter fabric shall be slipped on to the pipe as the pipe emerges from the mandrel leaving enough overhang of the filter fabric to make a suitable joint with the filter fabric on the adjacent pipe. The filter fabric shall be firmly held to the forward end of the pipe so that it can not slip back along the pipe.

The pipe shall be pulled right through the mandrel allowing the filter fabric to progressively slip over the pipe. The filter fabric shall be restrained from easily slipping off the mandrel thus ensuring the filter fabric is stretch fitted onto the pipe.

When the end of the pipe emerges from the mandrel, the filter fabric shall be clamped to that end of the pipe so that the filter fabric can not slip down the pipe. The filter fabric shall remain clamped to each end of the pipe to ensure the filter fabric remains stretch fitted onto the pipe when the pipe is placed in its final position in the drain. The filter fabric shall be cut cleanly leaving enough overhang off the end of the pipe to make a fully covered join with the filter fabric on the adjacent pipe when the pipes are installed in the drain.

2. PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN WHEN USING SLOTTED PIPE FITTED WITH SEAMLESS TUBULAR FILTER FABRIC

Slotted pipe fitted with seamless tubular filter fabric shall not be dragged over the ground. If carried, the pipe shall be lifted clear of the ground and the filter fabric shall be protected from damage at all times.

Seamless tubular filter fabric which has been so damaged as to affect its filtering properties shall be removed from the pipe and replaced with undamaged filter fabric.

If at any time during the installation of a slotted pipe it is found that the enclosed filter fabric has become loose on the pipe it shall be restretched to its correct position. If restretching causes any damage to the filter fabric, the damaged filter fabric shall be removed from the pipe and replaced with undamaged filter fabric.
BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

C231

SUBSOIL AND FOUNDATION DRAINS
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council’s primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment Sequence No.</th>
<th>Key Topic addressed in amendment</th>
<th>Clause No.</th>
<th>Amendment Code</th>
<th>Author Initials</th>
<th>Amendment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE 1</td>
<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# SPECIFICATION C231 - SUBSOIL AND FOUNDATION DRAINS

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<th>Contents</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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</tr>
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<td>1</td>
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<td>ORDER OF CONSTRUCTION</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td><strong>CONSTRUCTION</strong></td>
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<td>2</td>
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<td>FOUNDATION DRAINS</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>RESERVED</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>5</td>
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<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C231.09</td>
<td>PAY ITEMS</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPECIFICATION C231 : SUBSOIL AND FOUNDATION DRAINS

GENERAL

C231.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification covers the excavation, bedding, installation and backfilling of subsoil and foundation drains.

2. Subsoil and foundation drains shall be constructed where and as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. This Specification should be read in conjunction with the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

4. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C231.02 TERMINOLOGY

1. Subsoil drains are intended for the drainage of ground water and/or the pavement in cuttings.

2. Foundation drains are required for the drainage of seepage, springs and wet areas within and adjacent to the foundations.

C231.03 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

C213 - Earthworks
C230 - Subsurface Drainage - General

(b) Australian Standards

AS 1289.5.4.1 - Compaction control test - Dry density ratio, moisture variation and moisture ratio

C231.04 ORDER OF CONSTRUCTION

(a) Subsoil Drains

1. Subsoil drains shall be constructed as soon as possible after necessary earthworks are completed in the area of the drain. Where stabilisation of the subgrade is required, subsoil drains shall be constructed after completion of stabilisation except that, where excessive ground water is encountered, they may be constructed prior to stabilisation of the subgrade.

2. Where a Selected Material Zone is specified and excessive ground water is encountered, subsoil drains may be installed in two stages as follows:

Timing of Work

Two Stage Construction
Stage 1: Standard subsoil drains installed below the base of the cutting prior to placement of select material in the Selected Material Zone.

Stage 2: Extension of subsoil drain to top of the Selected Material Zone after placement of selected material.

(b) Foundation Drains

1. Foundation drains shall be constructed after completion of clearing and stripping operations, and preceding the commencement of embankment construction.

CONSTRUCTION

C231.05 SUBSOIL DRAINS

(a) Excavation

1. Excavation shall be undertaken in accordance with the requirement of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

2. The bottom of the trench shall be excavated to the same grade as the design pavement surface in the direction of the trench except where the grade of the design pavement surface in the direction of the trench is less than 0.5 per cent. In which case the trench depth shall be increased to provide a minimum grade of fall in the trench of 0.5 per cent. The bottom of the trench shall be excavated so that no localised ponding of water occurs.

3. If at any location the trench is excavated below the specified floor level, the trench shall be backfilled with non-porous subgrade material so that when the subgrade material is compacted to a relative compaction, determined by AS 1289.5.4.1, of at least 95 per cent (standard compaction), the bottom of the trench shall be at the specified floor level.

4. Where a subsoil drain is constructed in two stages, the excavation for Stage 2 shall be carried out after placement and compaction of the selected material zone or the stabilised subgrade layer. The Stage 2 trench shall be excavated to the same line and width as the Stage 1 trench and to a depth to provide a clean, full contact with the filter material placed in Stage 1. All excavated material shall be disposed to waste or incorporated into fills.

(b) Laying of Pipe

1. The 100mm diameter corrugated slotted plastic piping, complying with the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL, shall be laid on a bed of filter material 50mm in thickness and shall be laid to the specified line and grade. The pipe shall not deviate from the specified line by more than 100mm at any point.

2. The type of filter material shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. Joints in the pipeline shall be kept to the minimum number and, where required, shall be made using a suitable external joint coupling. The inlet end of the pipe shall be fitted with a cap.
(c) **Backfilling**

1. The trench shall be backfilled with filter material to the level specified. The type of filter material shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. The filter material shall be placed and compacted in layers with a maximum compacted thickness of 300mm. Tamping around and over the pipe shall be done in such a manner as to avoid damage or disturbance to the pipe.

2. The filter material shall be compacted for its full depth to a relative compaction of not less than 100 per cent (standard compaction) as determined by AS 1289.5.4.1.

3. The upper section of the trench, above the level specified for filter material backfill, shall be backfilled with selected free draining backfill material, conforming to the requirements of the Specification - EARTHWORKS, compacted for its full depth to a relative compaction of not less than 100 per cent (standard compaction) as determined by AS 1289.5.4.1.

4. Where shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent, a geotextile conforming with the requirements of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL, shall be provided at the interface between the filter material and adjoining materials. Laps of 500mm shall be provided at joints in the fabric.

(d) **Outlets**

1. Outlets are to be provided as shown on the Drawings or at maximum intervals of 150m. Subsoil drains shall discharge into gully pits and other stormwater drainage structures. Outlets shall be constructed of unslotted plastic pipe of the same diameter as the main run when outside the targeted subsurface water catchment. An outlet structure in accordance with the Drawings shall be constructed at the discharge end.

2. Details of the required cleanout construction are shown on the Drawings. The standard CI caps as shown on the Drawings shall be supplied by the Contractor.

C231.06 **FOUNDATION DRAINS**

(a) **Excavation**

1. Excavation shall be undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL and Clause C231.05 of this Specification.

(b) **Laying of Pipe**

1. The 100mm diameter corrugated slotted plastic piping, complying with the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL, shall be laid on a bed of filter material 50mm in thickness and shall be laid to the required line and grade.

2. The type of filter material shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. Joints in the pipeline shall be kept to the minimum number and, where required, shall be made using a suitable external joint coupling. The inlet end of the pipe shall be fitted with a PVC cap.

(c) **Backfilling**

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1. The trench shall be backfilled with filter material in accordance with the provisions of Clause C231.05(c).

2. The upper section of the trench, above the level specified for filter material backfill, shall be backfilled with suitable earth backfill material, compacted for its full depth to a relative compaction of not less than 95 per cent (standard compaction) as determined by AS 1289.5.4.1.

3. Where shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent, a geotextile, conforming with the requirements of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL, shall be provided at the interface between the filter material and adjoining materials. Laps of 500mm shall be provided at joints in the fabric.

(d) Outlets

1. An outlet structure in accordance with the detail shown on the Drawings and the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL shall be constructed at the discharge end. The outlet shall be located so that erosion of the adjacent area does not occur or shall be protected by the placement of selected stone in the splash zone of the outlet.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C231.07 RESERVED
## LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

### C231.08  SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C231.1 below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Excavation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Trench Grade</td>
<td>≥0.5%</td>
<td>C231.05(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Laying of Pipe</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alignment</td>
<td>Deviation &lt;100mm from specified line at any point</td>
<td>C231.05(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Subsoil Drain Backfill</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Layer thickness</td>
<td>300mm max</td>
<td>C231.05(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Compaction (Relative)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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Table C231.1 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C231.09 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed under this Specification in accordance with Pay Items C231(a) to C231(e) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

3. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Filter material and outlet structures are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

Pay Item C231(a) EXCAVATION FOR SUBSOIL AND FOUNDATION DRAINS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre measured as bank volume of excavation.

2. The volume of excavation shall be determined by multiplying the width, depth and length of the trench. The width of trench shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. The depth and length of excavation shall be based on the Superintendent's instructions and shall be determined at the time of excavation. The sides of the trench shall be taken as vertical.

3. The schedule rate shall cover all types of material and separate rates shall not be included for earth or rock. The rate is deemed to include:

   - setting out and associated survey work;
   - replacement for overexcavation for any reason;
   - control of stormwater run-off, temporary drainage and erosion and sedimentation control.

4. The disposal of material from drain excavation shall be included in the schedule rate for excavation.

5. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.

Pay Item C231(b) SUBSOIL DRAIN PIPE - 100MM DIA SLOTTED CORRUGATED PLASTIC PIPE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre measured along the length of the pipe.

2. The schedule rate shall cover the supply and laying of the subsoil pipe.

3. The rate shall include connections, markers, fittings and seamless tubular filter fabric where specified.

4. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.

Pay Item C231(c) SUPPLY, PLACEMENT AND COMPACTION OF BACKFILL MATERIAL (OTHER THAN FILTER MATERIAL) FOR SUBSOIL AND FOUNDATION DRAINS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre of compacted backfill material.

2. The volume of backfill material shall be determined by multiplying the width, depth and length of backfill material in the trench. The width of the trench shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. The depth and length of backfill material in the trench shall be based on the Superintendent's instructions and shall be determined on site. The sides of the trench shall be taken as vertical.

3. The schedule of quantity is a provisional quantity.
Pay Item C231(d)  SUPPLY AND PLACEMENT OF GEOTEXTILE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of area covered by geotextile as measured on site.

2. The schedule rate shall cover the supply placing and securing of the geotextile material.

3. No additional payment shall be made for additional geotextile used in lap joints.

4. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.

Pay Item C231(e)  CLEANOUT STRUCTURES

1. The unit of measurement shall be "each" cleanout structure constructed in accordance with the Drawings.

2. The schedule rate shall cover the supply and installation of standard cast iron lids and the recording of cleanout locations in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

3. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.
BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

PAVEMENT DRAINS
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council’s primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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<th>Clause No.</th>
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# SPECIFICATION C232 - PAVEMENT DRAINS

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SPECIFICATION C232 : PAVEMENT DRAINS

GENERAL

C232.01 SCOPE
1. This Specification covers the installation of Sub-Pavement Drains, Intra-Pavement Drains and Edge Drains.

2. Pavement drains shall be constructed where and as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. This Specification should be read in conjunction with the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

4. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C232.02 TERMINOLOGY
1. Sub-Pavement Drains are intended for the drainage of the pavement layers where the subbase is not a macadam crushed rock.

2. Intra-Pavement Drains are intended for the drainage of the pavement layers of a flexible pavement where the subbase material is a macadam crushed rock or open graded asphaltic concrete.

3. Edge Drains are intended for the drainage of rigid pavements.

C232.03 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS
1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications
C213 - Earthworks
C230 - Subsurface Drainage - General
C242 - Flexible Pavements
C245 - Asphallic Concrete

(b) Australian Standards
AS 1289.3.3.1 - Calculation of the plasticity index of a soil.
AS 1289.5.4.1 - Compaction control test - Dry density ratio, moisture variation and moisture ratio
AS 1477 - Unplasticised PVC (UPVC) pipes and fittings for pressure applications.
C232.04 ORDER OF CONSTRUCTION

(a) Sub-Pavement Drains

1. Sub-pavement drains shall be constructed as soon as possible after necessary earthworks are completed in the area of the drain. Where stabilisation of the subgrade is required, sub-pavement drain shall be constructed after completion of stabilisation except that where excessive ground water is encountered, sub-pavement drains may be constructed prior to stabilisation of the subgrade.

2. Where a Selected Material Zone is specified and excessive ground water is encountered, sub-pavement drains may be installed in two stages as follows:

Stage 1: Standard sub-pavement drains installed below the base of the cutting prior to placement of select material in the Selected Material Zone.

Stage 2: Extension of sub-pavement drain to top of the Selected Material Zone after placement of selected material.

(b) Intra-Pavement Drains

1. Intra-Pavement Drains shall be constructed after the completion of the layer below the crushed rock Macadam or 40mm open graded asphaltic concrete subbase and preceding the construction of the subsequent layers.

(c) Edge Drains

1. Edge Drains shall be constructed after the construction of the rigid pavement and before the placement and compaction of verge material.

CONSTRUCTION

C232.05 SUB-PAVEMENT DRAINS

(a) Excavation

1. Trenches 300mm wide shall be trimmed to the required line and to a depth of 600mm below the bottom of the subbase or below the base of the cutting where two stage construction of the Sub-Pavement Drain is required.

2. The bottom of the trench shall be to the same grade as the design pavement surface except where the grade of the roadway is less than 0.5 per cent, in which case the depth of the trench shall be increased to provide a grade of 0.5 per cent in the trench. The bottom of the trench shall be excavated so that no localised ponding of water occurs.

3. Where two stage construction of the sub-pavement is required, excavation for Stage 2 shall be carried out after placement and compaction of the Selected Material Zone. The Stage 2 trench shall be to the same line and width as Stage 1 and to a depth sufficient to provide a clean, full contact with the previously placed filter material. All excavated material shall be disposed to waste or incorporated into fills.

(b) Laying of Pipe

1. The 100mm diameter corrugated slotted plastic piping, complying with the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL, shall be laid on a bed of filter material 50mm in thickness and shall be laid to the specified line and grade. The pipe shall not deviate from the specified line by more than 100mm at any point.
2. The type of filter materials shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. Joints in the pipeline shall be kept to the minimum number and, where required, shall be made using a suitable external joint coupling. The inlet end of the pipe shall be fitted with a cap.

(c) Backfilling

1. The trench shall be backfilled with filter material to the level specified. The type of filter material shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. The filter material shall be placed and compacted in layers with a maximum compacted thickness not exceeding 300mm. Tamping around and over the pipe shall be done in such a manner as to avoid damage or disturbance of the pipe.

2. The filter material shall be compacted for its full depth to a relative compaction of not less than 100 per cent (standard compaction) as determined by AS 1289.5.4.1.

3. On the outlet section of pipes discharging through the fill batters the trench shall be backfilled with the nominated filter material to a depth of 50mm above the pipe. The balance of trench shall be backfilled with earth backfill material of maximum particle size of 50mm and shall be compacted for the full depth to a relative compaction of 95 per cent (standard compaction) as determined by AS 1289.5.4.1.

4. In case of sub-pavement drains of two stage construction, when it is not practical to place the Pavement Layers or the Selected Material Zone immediately after the construction of Stage 1, the filter material placed to the top of Stage 1 shall be protected from scour and/or contamination by covering with a 50mm thick plug of compacted select fill material having a maximum particle size of 25mm and Plasticity Index of not more than twelve as determined by AS 1289.3.3.1. This plug, any contaminated filter material and any select material covering shall be removed and replaced with the nominated filter material and compacted immediately ahead of the placement of the pavement layer. All excavated material shall be disposed to waste or incorporated in fills.

(d) Cleanouts

1. Cleanouts are to be provided at the commencement of each run of sub-pavement drain line and at intervals of approximately 60m or as shown on the Drawings.

2. Details of the required cleanout construction are shown on the Drawings.

(e) Outlets

1. Outlets are to be provided as shown on the Drawings or at maximum intervals of 150m. Sub-pavement drains shall discharge into gully pits and other stormwater drainage structures. Outlets shall be constructed of unslotted plastic pipe of the same diameter as the main run when outside the pavement area. An outlet structure in accordance with the Drawings shall be constructed at the discharge end.

2. The outlet shall be made rodent proof in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

3. The outlet shall be located so that erosion of the adjacent area does not occur, or shall be protected by the placement of selected stone in the splash zone of the outlet.
C232.06 INTRA-PAVEMENT DRAINS

(a) Excavation

1. A "V" shaped trench approximately 50mm deep shall be cut to the required line in the pavement layer immediately below the MS75 crushed rock pavement layer. No excavation is required below a 40mm open graded asphaltic concrete subbase layer.

2. The bottom of the trench is to be to the same grade as the roadway. The bottom of the trench shall be constructed so that localised ponding of water does not occur.

3. Where the pipe is to discharge through the fill batter a trench shall be constructed on a grade suitable for the pipe to discharge its contents without scour. After laying the pipe the trench shall be backfilled with fill material and compacted for the full depth to a relative compaction of not less than 95 per cent (standard compaction) as determined by AS 1289.5.4.1.

(b) Laying of Pipe

1. Thick walled unplasticised PVC pressure pipe, complying with AS 1477, and having a nominal diameter of 58mm, and a minimum pipe wall thickness of 6.5mm, shall be used with crushed rock subbases having not more than 10 per cent of material passing the 9.5mm AS sieve and having layer thicknesses neither less than 150mm nor more than 200mm or open graded asphalt subbases having layer thicknesses neither less than 80mm nor greater than 100mm.

2. Where crushed rock subbases require pavement drains and have a depth exceeding 200mm, the type of pavement drain will need to be certified to have adequate crushing strength and written approval of the Council to the proposed pavement drain type will be required. Similar proposal and Council approval is required for pavement drain in asphalt subbases greater than 100mm in depth.

3. All pipe shall be slotted except where otherwise shown on the Drawings. Details of slot sizes and spacings shall be in accordance with Annexure C232-A for thick walled unplasticised PVC pressure pipe.

4. Thick walled unplasticised PVC pressure pipe shall have square ends and shall be butt jointed.

5. Where spigot and socket type pipes are used, the pipes shall be joined with the socket ends facing upstream.

6. The pipe shall be laid to the specified line and level. The pipe shall not deviate from the specified line by more than 100mm at any point.

7. The inlet ends of all pipes shall be fitted with caps.

8. All pipes shall be securely held to the layer under the free-draining subbase to prevent movement of the pipes during placement and compaction of the free-draining subbase. At least seven days before commencement of pipe laying, the Contractor shall submit details of the proposed method of securing the pipes to the layer under the free-draining subbase for the approval of the Superintendent.

9. Notwithstanding the Superintendent's approval to the use of a method of securing the pipes to the layer under the free draining subbase, if such securing method allows movement of the pipes, the method shall be discontinued and the Contractor shall propose an alternative securing method for approval by the Superintendent.
10. Any additional costs resulting from the use of the alternative method of securing the pipes shall be borne by the Contractor.

11. The outlet length of pipe from the outside edge of the free-draining subbase to an outlet structure in the embankment batter shall be unslotted and the pipe joints in this length of pipe shall be sealed with suitable couplings or mastic.

(c) **Backfilling**

1. Subbase material shall be spread, compacted and trimmed, where appropriate, as follows:

   (a) For crushed rock Macadam subbase, in accordance with the Specification for FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS.

   (b) For open graded asphalt subbase, in accordance with the Specification for ASPHALTIC CONCRETE.

2. Tipping, spreading and compaction of the subbase shall be undertaken in such a manner as not to damage the intra-pavement drain pipes. If any pipes are damaged as a result of the tipping, spreading and compaction of the subbase, the Contractor shall remove and replace the damaged pipes.

3. The cost of the removal and replacement of such damaged pipes shall be borne by the Contractor.

4. The thickness of the layer of subbase material enclosing the pipe shall be within the limits specified in Clause C232.06(b) for the type of pipe used in the intra-pavement drain.

(d) **Outlets**

1. Outlets are to be provided as shown on the Drawings or at maximum intervals of 150m. Intra-pavement drains shall discharge into gully pits and other stormwater drainage structures. Outlets shall be constructed of unslotted plastic pipe of the same diameter as the main run when outside the pavement area. An outlet structure in accordance with the Drawings shall be constructed at the discharge end.

2. The outlet shall be made rodent proof in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

3. The outlet shall be located so that erosion of the adjacent area does not occur, or shall be protected by the placement of selected stone in the splash zone of the outlet.

### C232.07 EDGE DRAINS

(a) **Excavation**

1. The verge material shall be trimmed to subgrade level and to the minimum width shown on the Drawings. The bottom of the trench is to be constructed at the same grade as the roadway and in such a manner that localised ponding of water does not occur.

2. Where the grade of the roadway is less than 0.5 per cent the trench shall be excavated to provide a minimum grade of 0.5 per cent.

3. When the pipe is to discharge through the fill batter a suitable trench shall be excavated to provide the required grade.
(b) Laying of Pipe

1. Generally, 65mm diameter slotted corrugated plastic pipe enclosed in seamless tubular filter fabric, complying with the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL, shall be used for edge drains.

2. Where any part of a shoulder consists of material other than concrete, slotted thick walled unplasticised PVC pressure pipe, complying with AS 1477, shall be used. Spigot and socket type pipes shall be joined with the socket ends facing upstream and the ends of each pipe shall be securely held against the vertical face of the rigid pavement. At least seven days before commencement of pipe laying, the Contractor shall submit details of the proposed method of securing the pipes against the rigid pavement for the approval of the Council.

3. The pipe shall be laid on a prepared bed to the specified line and level. The pipe shall not deviate from the specified line by more than 100mm at any point.

4. Joints in the pipe shall be kept to a minimum number and shall be made using an external joint coupling approved by the Superintendent.

5. The inlet end of the pipe shall be fitted with a cap.

6. The outlet section of a pipe from the vertical face of the rigid pavement to an outlet in the embankment batter shall be unslotted and the pipe joints in this length of pipe shall be sealed with mastic.

(c) Backfilling

1. The pipe shall be covered with Type B filter material to the dimensions shown on the Drawings.

2. Mechanical compaction of this filter material is not required, however after placement of the filter material it shall be soaked with water. Where necessary additional filter material shall be added and soaked to provide the final dimensions shown on the Drawings.

3. Backfilling over the edge drain shall be done in such a manner as to avoid damage or disturbance of the pipe. Backfill material shall be selected material as required for verges and in accordance with the requirements of the Specification EARTHWORKS. Backfilling shall be compacted to a relative compaction of not less than 100 per cent (standard compaction) as determined by AS 1289.5.4.1.

(d) Cleanouts

1. Cleanouts are to be provided at the commencement of each run of edge drainage line and at intervals of approximately 60m or as shown on the Drawings.

2. Details of the required cleanout construction are shown on the Drawings. The standard CI caps as shown on the Drawings shall be supplied by the Contractor.

(e) Outlets

1. Outlets are to be provided as shown on the Drawings or at maximum intervals of 150m. Edge drains shall discharge into gully pits and other stormwater drainage structures. Outlets shall be constructed of unslotted plastic pipe of the same diameter as the main run when outside the pavement area. An outlet structure in accordance with the Drawings shall be constructed at the discharge end.

2. The outlet shall be made rodent proof in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.
3. The outlet shall be located so that erosion of the adjacent area does not occur, or shall be protected by the placement of selected stone in the splash zone of the outlet.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C232.08 RESERVED
## LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

### C232.09  SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C232.1 below.

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<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
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<td>Laying of Pipe</td>
<td>Deviation &lt;100mm from specified line at any point</td>
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<td>Alignment</td>
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<td>3.</td>
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</table>

Table C232.1 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C232.10 PAY ITEMS

1. Pay Items shall be made for ALL activities associated with completing the work detailed under this Specification in accordance with Pay Items C232(a), C232(b) and C232(c).

2. A Lump Sum price for any of these items will not be accepted.

3. If any item, for which a quantity of work is listed is not priced by the Contractor, it is then understood that due allowance has been made in other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Filter material and outlet structures are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

5. Subbase material, including spreading, compacting and trimming, is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for either FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS or ASPHALTIC CONCRETE as appropriate.

6. Selected material backfill to edge drains is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

Pay Item C232(a) EXCAVATION

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre measured as bank volume of excavation.

2. The width of trench shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. The depth and length of excavation shall be based on the Superintendent's instructions and shall be determined at the time of excavation.

3. The schedule rate shall cover all types of material and separate rates shall not be included for earth or rock. The rate is deemed to include:

   • setting out and associated survey work;
   • replacement for overexcavation for any reason;
   • control of stormwater run-off, temporary drainage and erosion and sedimentation control.

4. The disposal of material from drain excavation shall be included in the schedule rate for excavation.

5. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.

Pay Item C232(b) SUBSOIL DRAIN PIPE

   C232(b)(i) 100mm dia slotted corrugated plastic pipe.
   C232(b)(ii) 58mm dia thick walled unplasticised PVC pressure pipe.
   C232(b)(iii) 65mm dia slotted corrugated plastic pipe.

1. The unit of measurement for Pay Items C232(b)(i), C232(b)(ii) and C232(b)(iii) shall be the linear metre measured along the length of the pipe. Any unslotted pipe required for outlets shall be included in the length.

2. The schedule rate shall cover the supply, laying and securing of the subsoil pipe.
3. The rate shall include connections, markers, fittings and seamless tubular filter fabric where specified.

4. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.

Pay Item C232(c) CLEANOUT STRUCTURES

1. The unit of measurement shall be 'each' cleanout structure constructed in accordance with the Drawings.

2. The schedule rate shall include the supply and installation of lids and the recording of cleanout locations in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

3. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.
ANNEXURE C232A

SLOTTING DETAILS FOR THICK WALLED UNPLASTICISED PVC PLASTIC PIPE

Diagram not to scale
Dimensions are in millimetres
BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

C233

DRAINAGE MATS
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council’s primary amendments.

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<th>Amendment Code</th>
<th>Author Initials</th>
<th>Amendment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE 1</td>
<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPECIFICATION C233 : DRAINAGE MATS

GENERAL

C233.01  SCOPE

1.  The work to be executed under this Specification covers the installation of Drainage Mats (Blankets).

2.  Drainage mats shall be constructed where and as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3.  This Specification should be read in conjunction with the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

4.  Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C233.02  TERMINOLOGY

1.  Type A drainage mats are intended to ensure continuity of a sheet flow of water under fills, to collect surface seepage from a wet seepage area or for protection of vegetation or habitat downstream of the road reserve where a fill would otherwise cut the flow of water.

2.  Type B drainage mats are constructed to intercept water which would otherwise enter pavements by capillary action or by other means on fills and to intercept and control seepage water and springs in the floors of cuttings.

C233.03  REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1.  Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a)  Council Specifications

   C230  -  Subsurface Drainage - General
   C232  -  Pavement Drains

(b)  Australian Standards

   AS 1289.5.4.1  -  Compaction control test - Dry density ratio, moisture variation and moisture ratio.

C233.04  ORDER OF CONSTRUCTION

1.  Type A drainage mats shall be constructed after the site has been cleared and grubbed and before commencement of embankment construction.

2.  Type B drainage mats shall be constructed after completion of the subgrade construction and before construction of the pavement.
CONSTRUCTION

C233.05 TYPE A MATS

1. Type A drainage mats shall be constructed under embankments as and where shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

2. After the embankment foundation has been trimmed and any necessary trench drains installed, a geotextile complying with the requirement of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL, shall be laid on the embankment foundation. The area of geotextile laid shall be sufficient to cover the area of the Type A drainage mat and an additional amount for enclosing the sides of the drainage mat after the filter material has been placed. Laps of minimum width of 500mm shall be provided at each join in the geotextile.

3. Type C filter material or Type D filter material, as shown on the Drawings or as determined by the Superintendent, shall be placed on the geotextile and compacted to the satisfaction of the Superintendent. The minimum thickness of the compacted filter material shall be 300mm plus an allowance for the expected consolidation of the embankment foundation under the embankment load or 500mm if the amount of the expected total consolidation of the embankment foundation is not known. The filter material shall be placed in two or more layers so that no layer, when compacted, has a thickness greater than 250mm.

4. After completion of placement and compaction of the filter material, geotextile shall be placed on top of and around the sides of the filter material so that the filter material is completely enclosed by geotextile. The geotextile shall be secured in such a manner as to prevent movement of the geotextile by wind or by construction plant placing subsequent layers of filter material or earth filling over the drainage mat.

5. An additional layer of geotextile shall be placed on the drainage mat under the base of any rock facing which may be placed as part of the embankment construction. The additional layer of geotextile shall extend beyond the outside and inside faces of the bottom layer of rock.

6. Care shall be taken not to damage the geotextile during the construction of the drainage mat or during placement of subsequent layers of filter material, earth filling or rock facing. Any geotextile so damaged shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Superintendent. The cost of repairing or replacing such damaged geotextile shall be borne by the Contractor.

7. Type A drainage mats shall extend 2m beyond the toes of embankments and such extensions shall be covered by a 300mm thick layer of Type C filter material or Type D filter material, as determined by the Superintendent. This protective layer shall be placed immediately after completion of construction of each drainage mat.

8. Outlets from Type A drainage mats may be surface outlets at the toes of embankments or piped outlets connected to other drainage systems. Where piped outlets are constructed they shall conform to the requirements of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

C233.06 TYPE B MATS

1. Type B drainage mats shall be constructed in cuttings as and where shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. Type B drainage mats shall be constructed for the full width of cuttings and for the pavement width in other locations.

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2. After the subgrade material has been compacted and trimmed, a geotextile complying with the requirements of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL, shall be laid on the subgrade. Laps of minimum width of 500mm shall be provided at each join in the geotextile.

3. Slotted thick walled unplasticised PVC pressure pipe complying with AS 1477, shall be laid on the geotextile at a distance of 200mm from and parallel to the longitudinal edges of the drainage blanket as shown in the Drawings. Details of slot sizes and spacings are shown in the Specification for PAVEMENT DRAINS.

4. Type A filter material shall be placed on the geotextile and compacted to achieve a relative compaction, determined by AS 1289.5.4.1, of at least 100 per cent (standard compaction). Alternatively, the Superintendent may approve the use of a coarser filter material having a maximum particle size of 75mm and a maximum D90/D10 ratio of three.

5. The thickness of the compacted filter material shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. If the required thickness of compacted filter material is greater than 250mm, the filter material shall be placed in two or more layers so that no layer, when compacted, has a thickness greater than 250mm.

6. After completion of placement and compaction of the filter material, geotextile shall be placed on top of and around the sides of the filter material so that the filter material is completely enclosed by geotextile. The geotextile shall be secured in such a manner as to prevent movement of the geotextile by wind or by construction plant placing pavement layers over the drainage mat.

7. Care shall be taken not to damage the geotextile during the construction of the drainage mat or during placement of subsequent pavement layers. Any geotextile so damaged shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Superintendent. The cost of repairing or replacing such damaged geotextile shall be borne by the Contractor.

8. The surface of the completed drainage mat shall be at the design level for the top of the drainage mat with a tolerance of plus zero and minus 40mm.

9. Outlet structures where specified, or where directed by the Superintendent, shall be in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.
C233.08 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C233.1 below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Filter Material</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Layer thickness</td>
<td>250mm max</td>
<td>C233.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C233.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Compaction (Relative)</td>
<td>100% Standard</td>
<td>C233.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Type A filter material</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Type B Mats</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Design level at top of mat</td>
<td>+0, -40mm</td>
<td>C233.06</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C233.1 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C233.09 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification in accordance with Pay Items C233(a) and C233(b).

2. A lump sum price for any of these activities shall not be accepted.

3. If any item, for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates, has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Filter material and outlet structures are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE - GENERAL.

5. Slotted thick walled unplasticised PVC pressure pipe is measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for PAVEMENT DRAINS.

Pay Item C233(a) SUPPLY AND PLACEMENT OF GEOTEXTILE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of area covered by geotextile as measured on site.

2. No additional payment shall be made for additional geotextile used in lap joints.

3. For Type A drainage mats, the additional layer of geotextile placed under rock facing shall be measured and included as an additional quantity for payment under this item.

4. The schedule rate shall cover the supply, placing and securing of the geotextile material.

5. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.

Pay Item C233(b) DRAINAGE MAT OUTLET PIPE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre of pipe laid.

2. The distance shall be measured along the centreline of the pipe and shall be the actual length laid including pipe leading to outlet structures.

3. The schedule rate shall cover the supply and laying of the pipe.

4. The schedule quantity is a provisional quantity.
## SPECIFICATION C233 - DRAINAGE MATS

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<th>CONTENTS</th>
<th>PAGE</th>
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<td>C233.02</td>
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<td>SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES</td>
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<td></td>
<td>MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C233.09</td>
<td>PAY ITEMS</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

STABILISATION
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment Sequence No.</th>
<th>Key Topic addressed in amendment</th>
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<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**SPECIFICATION C241**  
**STABILISATION**

**GENERAL**

**C241.01 SCOPE**

1. This Specification defines the materials requirements for stabilised materials provided by stationary plant production as well as materials and process requirements for in-situ stabilisation.

2. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the supply and incorporation of stabilising binders with material in a nominated pavement course or subgrade layer (including materials for the selected material zone, and selected backfill), at specified locations in the work and the spreading, compaction, trimming and curing of such materials.

3. This Specification provides the requirements for stabilisation of the types of pavement courses and subgrade zones or layers as shown in Table C241.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pavement Course Or Subgrade Zone Or Layer</th>
<th>Stabilising Binder</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PAVEMENT COURSE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Base and Subbase</td>
<td>Cement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blended Stabilising Agent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hydrated Lime (pugmill)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quicklime (in-situ)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUBGRADE ZONE OR LAYER</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Material Zone</td>
<td>Cement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blended Stabilising Agent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quicklime (in-situ)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hydrated Lime (pugmill)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Subgrade Layers</td>
<td>Cement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Blended Stabilising Agent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quicklime (in-situ)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hydrated Lime (pugmill)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Backfill Zone</td>
<td>Cement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hydrated Lime (pugmill)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C241.1  
Types Of Pavement Courses, Subgrade Zones Or Layers And Stabilising Binder

4. The pavement course or subgrade zone or layer to be stabilised shall be as specified in the Specifications for FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS, or as indicated on the Drawings.

5. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.
C241.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

C201 - Control of Traffic
C213 - Earthworks
C220 - Stormwater Drainage - General
C242 - Flexible Pavements

(b) Australian Standards

AS 1141.11 - Particle size distribution by dry sieving.
AS 1289.5.7.1 - Compaction control test (Rapid method)
AS 1289.5.8.1 - Determination of field density and field moisture content of a soil using a nuclear surface moisture-density gauge - Direct transmission mode.
AS 1289.4.2.1 - Determination of the sulphate content of a natural soil and the sulphate content of the ground water - Normal Method.
AS 1289.6.1.1 - Determination of the California bearing ratio of a soil - Standard laboratory method for a remoulded specimen.
AS 2350.4 - Setting time of Portland and blended cements.
AS 2350.9 - Fineness of Portland fly ash cement.
AS 3582.1 - Fly ash.
AS 3582.2 - Slag - Ground granulated iron blastfurnace.
AS 3583.3 - Determination of loss on ignition.
AS 3583.6 - Determination of relative water requirement and relative strength.
AS 3583.12 - Determination of available alkali.
AS 3583.13 - Determination of chloride ion content.
AS 3583.14 - Determination of insoluble residue content.
AS 3972 - Portland and blended cements

(c) NSW RTA Test Methods

T432 - Rate of Slaking of Quicklime

INSPECTION, SAMPLING AND TESTING

C241.03 MATERIALS PROPOSED FOR USE IN THE WORK

1. The Contractor shall provide a certificate from a laboratory with appropriate NATA registration stating that the stabilisation mix(es) submitted and the mix constituents comply with the mix nominated in Annexure C241A and that the stabilised material meets the requirements of the Specification for FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS if incorporated into the works as a pavement layer or alternatively the Specification for EARTHWORKS or STORMWATER DRAINAGE GENERAL.
C241.04 MATERIALS USED IN THE WORK

1. Regular inspection, sampling and testing of pavement and subgrade materials shall be undertaken by the Contractor while stabilisation is in progress in accordance with this Specification.

   Sampling and Testing

MATERIALS

C241.05 CEMENT

1. The type of cement used as the stabilising agent or a constituent in a blended stabilising agent shall comply with AS 3972.

   Type

2. Cement shall be from a source included in the New South Wales Government Quality Assurance Scheme at time of production.

   NSW QA Scheme

3. The Contractor shall nominate the brand and source of all cementitious materials.

   Nominated Brand and Source

4. Documentary evidence of the quality and source of the cement shall be furnished by the Contractor to the Superintendent upon request at any time.

   Proof of Quality

5. If the Contractor proposes to use cement which has been stored for a period in excess of three months from the time of manufacture, the Contractor shall arrange a re-test, to ensure the cement still complies with AS3972, before the cement is used in the work. The cost of retesting cement, which has been stored for a period in excess of three months, shall be borne by the Contractor. Test results shall be forwarded to the Superintendent for approval at least 2 days in advance of usage of the material.

   Storage in Excess of 3 months

C241.06 QUICKLIME

1. Quicklime, consisting essentially of calcium oxide in a highly reactive form, shall have the following properties at the point of spread:

   Properties

   (i) Available Lime The content of calcium oxide, determined by AS 3583.12, shall not be less than 85 per cent.

   (ii) Slaking Rate The active slaking time shall not be greater than twenty minutes and the temperature rise on slaking, determined from the average of four samples tested in accordance with Test Method T432, shall not be less than 40°C in six minutes.

2. The particle size distribution of the quick lime determined by AS 1141.11 shall comply with the following requirements in Table C241.2.

   Particle Size

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AS Sieve</th>
<th>Per Cent Passing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13.2mm</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5mm</td>
<td>96 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.75mm</td>
<td>70 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.36mm</td>
<td>0 - 90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C241.2 Particle Size Distribution of Quicklime
C241.07 HYDRATED LIME

1. Hydrated lime, consisting essentially of calcium hydroxide, whether used as the sole stabilising agent or blended with other additives, shall have the following properties:

   (i) **Available Lime** The content of calcium hydroxide, determined by AS 3583.12, shall not be less than 80 per cent.

   (ii) **Form** The material shall be in powder form.

   (iii) **Residue on Sieving (Particle Size)** The residue on a 300 micron sieve, determined by AS 3583.14, shall not exceed 2 per cent.

2. The properties which characterise the particular hydrated lime to be used in the stabilising agent submitted as part of the mix design are:

   (a) Percentage of calcium hydroxide

   (b) Fineness - Percentage by mass passing the 45 micron sieve (AS 2350.9).

   (c) Source.

C241.08 GROUND GRANULATED BLAST FURNACE SLAG

1. The ground granulated blast furnace slag shall conform to AS3582.2.

2. The properties which characterise the particular ground blast furnace slag to be used in the stabilising agent submitted as part of the mix design are:

   (a) Fineness - percentage by mass passing the 45 micron sieve (AS2350.9).

   (b) Relative strength (28 days) (AS 3583.6).

   (c) Source.

C241.09 FLYASH

1. Flyash shall conform to AS3582.1.

2. The properties which characterise the particular flyash to be used in the stabilising agent submitted as part of the mix design are:

   (a) Fineness - percentage by mass passing the 45 micron sieve (AS2350.9).

   (b) Loss on ignition (AS 3583.3).

   (c) Source.

C241.10 BLENDED STABILISING AGENTS

1. The Contractor may utilise a blended stabilising agent. The Contractor shall obtain mill and batch information which will make the blended stabilising agent traceable to the supplier's test results. Handling and storage requirements of the Supplier shall be complied with by the Contractor who shall also arrange for sampling of the agent as required by the Superintendent.
2. The mass of components of the nominated blended stabilising agent shall not vary by more than ± 3 per cent from the blend percentages nominated in the mix design described in Annexure C241A.

3. When a blended stabilising agent is produced from a combined grinding of components the following properties will characterise the particular stabilising agent blend:
   (a) Source of each component.
   (b) Fineness - percentage by mass passing the 45 micron sieve (AS 2350.9).
   (c) Setting time (AS 2350.4).

### C241.11 WATER

1. Water shall be free from harmful amounts of materials such as oils, salts, acids, alkalis and vegetable substances. The water shall not contain more than:
   (a) 600 parts per million of chloride ion, determined by AS 3583.13.
   (b) 400 parts per million of sulphate ion, determined by AS 1289.4.2.1.
   (c) 1 per cent by mass of undissolved solids.

2. Water accepted as potable and fit for human consumption will not require testing to confirm suitability.

### STABILISATION PROCESSES

### C241.12 GENERAL

1. The Contractor shall submit details of the proposed equipment (including the mixing plant) and stabilisation procedures to be used in the work 14 days prior to commencement of the work. This submission, hereafter called the Work Plan, will nominate the sequence of operations, widths of stabilisation passes and provision for traffic if appropriate.

2. Notwithstanding submission to the Superintendent of the Contractor's equipment and stabilisation procedures, the work shall meet all the Specification requirements, and Statutory Requirements for Occupational Health and Safety, and the Contractor shall perform such tests as specified as the work proceeds, to ensure compliance. Costs of such tests shall be borne by the Contractor.

3. Stabilisation of pavement materials shall not proceed during wet weather or if rain is imminent and likely to occur during any stage of the stabilisation process so as to significantly influence the resultant moisture content and uniformity of moisture content in the mix.

### C241.13 APPLICATION OF STABILISING AGENT

(a) Stationary Mixing Plant

1. Application rate of stabilising agent shall be monitored at the pug mill or equivalent plant utilised as approved by the Superintendent.

2. Application rate measured in kilograms per tonne of product shall be monitored.
3. The achieved accuracy of application rate shall be ±10 per cent of the nominated rate nominated in Annexure C241A.

4. The application rate shall not be allowed to exceed the nominated rate by more than 10 per cent. The stabilising agent incorporated in excess of the nominated rate shall be at no cost to the Principal.

(b) In-Situ

1. The incorporation of stabilising agent is to follow a process where stabilising agent is spread on the pavement in advance of the specialist mixing equipment. Where special processes are proposed by the Contractor involving supply of stabilising agent within the mixing bowl of equipment the approval of the Superintendent is required and a demonstration of the process at Contractor’s expense may be requested.

2. Spreading shall be carried out using the mechanical spreader nominated in the Work Plan and subsequently approved by the Superintendent. Annexure C241A nominates the spread rate.

3. The actual spread rate shall be within ±10 per cent of the nominated rate. The Contractor shall verify this by testing the spread rate for each lot or 500m² of pavement treated (whichever is less) in each application of binder. Spread rate testing shall be performed by weighing the contents of a suitable 4 sided tray placed on the pavement and between the wheels of the mechanical spreader. The rate of stabilising agent spread shall be calculated by dividing the mass collected (kg) by the area of the tray (m²).

4. Where spreading vehicles are fitted with load cells, the Contractor shall ascertain the average spreading rate of the stabilising agent by dividing the mass of the stabilising agent spread per run by the area of the run. The Contractor shall record this data for each run and make it available to the Superintendent promptly. Such action will not cancel the Contractor’s obligation to undertake prescribed testing of spread rate if required by the Superintendent.

5. The actual spread rate shall not exceed the nominated rate by more than 10 per cent. The stabilising agent spread in excess of the nominated rate shall be at no cost to the Principal.

6. Spreading shall not proceed during windy conditions which may cause loss of stabilising agent or cause nuisance or danger to people or property.

7. Traffic or equipment not involved in spreading or mixing of the stabilising agent shall not pass over the spread material until it has been mixed into the layer to be stabilised.

8. Any spillage of the stabilising agent on site or at any loading location related to the site shall be removed as soon as possible and within the same work shift of such spillage.

C241.14 MIXING

(a) Stationary Mixing Plant

1. The stationary mixing plant shall be purpose built for the process of mixing road making materials. All equipment shall be maintained and calibrated so as to provide a uniformly mixed product without segregation of the aggregate material.

2. The plant shall provide for the controlled and metered inclusion of water into the mix.
3. The stationary mixing equipment shall incorporate a delivery system for mix materials capable of producing a uniform mixture to design requirements. This performance shall be confirmed by monitoring of unconfined compressive strength of production, in accordance with AS 1289.6.1.1, with a pair of test specimens tested for each 400 tonnes of production and at full cost to the Contractor.

(b) In-situ

1. Mixing equipment shall be purpose built for the process of in-situ mixing of road making materials. It shall be capable of mixing to the depth specified for the layer to be stabilised and of distributing the stabilising agent uniformly through the full depth and over the whole area of the layer to be stabilised. A minimum of 2 passes of the mixing equipment is required. As mixing blades or tynes wear they shall be replaced so as to maintain mixing efficiency consistent with that demonstrated during the trial section. The mixing equipment will be capable of supplying a calibrated amount of water to the mixing bowl in a such manner as to provide a uniformly moist mix to a target moisture content.

2. The resultant mix shall be uniform over the full depth so that there are no lenses, pockets, lumps or granules of stabilising agent present in the layer or adjacent to it.

3. The procedure nominated in the Work Plan shall minimise disturbance of the distribution of stabilising agent spread in advance of the mixing process.

4. The Contractor shall carry out visual inspections during mixing to ensure uniform mixing is being achieved in the layer. Inspection results shall be recorded as cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements. The Superintendent may require that additional passes by the mixing equipment be carried out to improve the visual uniformity of the mix and/or the moisture content. Such additional work shall be carried out at no cost to the Principal.

C241.15 FIELD WORKING PERIOD

1. The time period from addition of water during the mixing process until the completion of compaction is nominated as the Field Working Period. This period may vary significantly with variations in the type of stabilising agent.

2. The nominated Field Working Period shall be provided in Annexure C241A for the stabilising agent approved for the works. The Nominated Field Working Period shall be based on laboratory tests determining the time from mixing until such time as the calculated Wet Density for modified compaction procedures decreases by more than 2 percentage points. This testing shall be undertaken utilising AS 1289.5.7.1 and samples of the materials representative of those to be utilised in the works.

3. The Contractor will complete the compaction process within the Nominated Field Working Period unless specific approval is provided by the Superintendent to an adjustment for site and seasonal conditions.

C241.16 TRIMMING AND COMPACTION

1. After mixing the layer shall be trimmed and compacted in accordance with the Specification for FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS to produce a tight dense surface parallel with the finished wearing surface so that the levels do not vary from the design levels beyond the tolerance for primary trimming specified in Clause C241.18(a).

2. Subsequent secondary trimming may be undertaken on one or more occasions in preparation for primer seal and with the objective of meeting shape and level requirements. Secondary trimming shall involve cutting to waste. Work methods that lead to the development of laminations in the pavement will not be allowed and surface...
slurrying will not be accepted. The Contractor's survey control methods as stated in the Work Plan will be adequate to ensure that the pavement layer thickness is not reduced during secondary trimming to an extent such that it fails to comply with the requirement for layer thickness in accordance with the tolerance specified in Clause C241.18(b). When required by the Superintendent survey results shall be provided to confirm that the pavement layer thickness remains within tolerance after secondary trimming. This survey will be at no cost to the Principal.

3. All trimmed material having been cut to waste shall be used as fill or spoiled as directed by the Superintendent.

4. Measurements with a 3 metre straight edge shall be taken at a minimum of 10 randomly selected stations so as to represent each 200 metre lane length or part thereof. Deviation of the surface from the bottom of a 3 metre straight edge placed in any direction will meet the tolerance shown in Clause C241.18(a). This testing will be undertaken immediately prior to sealing or prior to agreed practical completion for any work component.

5. The stabilised layer shall be compacted over the entire area and depth so that the relative compaction determined by AS 1289.5.7.1 is not less than as detailed in the Specification for FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS, EARTHWORKS or STORMWATER DRAINAGE GENERAL as appropriate.

6. To provide true relative compaction assessments the lots shall be sampled and tested within the nominated field working period in accordance with AS 1289.5.7.1.

7. The maximum wet density (modified compaction) will be determined by sampling immediately after the determination of field density and testing will be undertaken within 2 hours of sampling. A determination of maximum wet density (modified compaction) representing the full layer depth is required for each sampling location when calculation of relative compaction is undertaken.

8. The field density may be determined by in-situ sand replacement testing or by single probe Nuclear Density Meter in direct transmission mode in accordance with AS 1289.5.8.1.

C241.17 JOINTS

1. Joints are defined in this Specification to comprise interfaces between work episodes that are separated in time by more than the nominal field working period for the nominated stabilisation mix design. A longitudinal joint shall be considered to be a joint generally parallel to the road centreline. A transverse joint occurs when a length of work is terminated and extended at a later time after a period which exceeds the nominated field working period.

2. All longitudinal and transverse joints shall be formed by cutting back into the previously stabilised and fully compacted sections. A minimum longitudinal overlap of mixing runs shall be 75mm. Transverse joints shall be overlapped by a minimum of 2 metres. The material disturbed during cutting back shall be remixed at full depth and incorporated into the new work. No longitudinal joints shall be allowed within 0.5 metre of the centreline of a typical wheelpath.

3. The level and shape of the joints shall be within the limits specified in Clause C241.18.
C241.18  TOLERANCES

(a)  Levels and Surface Trim

1. The surface level after primary trimming shall be within a tolerance of +30mm and +10mm of the levels shown on the Drawings.

2. The surface level after secondary trimming shall be within a tolerance of +15mm and -15mm of the levels shown on the Drawings.

3. The pavement surface after secondary trimming and immediately prior to sealing shall be of a quality such that deviation under a 3 metre straight edge does not exceed 12mm.

(b)  Layer Thickness

1. The final thickness of the stabilised layer at any point shall be within a tolerance of +20mm and -10mm of the nominated layer thickness.

2. The average thickness of the layer in a lot shall be determined from measurements of six randomly selected locations over any 200m length of a lot. The average thickness shall not be less than that required to meet the specified final thickness tolerances after trimming.

3. The layer thickness shall be measured at the edges of the stabilising run before compaction commences. The layer thickness shall be measured relative to the finished design level.

(c)  Width

1. The width measured at any point of the stabilised layer shall be not less than the specified width as shown in the Drawings by more than 50mm.

2. The average width of the layer shall be determined from measurements at 3 sites selected at random by the Superintendent over any 200m length of a lot and shall be not less than the specified width.

C241.19  CURING

1. The Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent details of the proposed method of curing as part of the Work Plan.

2. The stabilised work shall be protected against rapid drying out by keeping it continuously wet or damp during the period prior to the provision of a subsequent layer or the application of a prime or primer-seal.

3. Water curing shall consist of frequent light uniform spraying that will not produce significant run off or flooding on sections of the area. Slurrying of the surface or leaching of the stabilising agent shall be avoided.

4. Under this Specification provision for curing up to the period indicated in Annexure C241A shall be the responsibility of the Contractor at cost to the Contractor.
## LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

### C241.20 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses of this Specification are summarised in Table C241.3 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Quicklime</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Available Lime</td>
<td>&gt;85% Calcium Oxide content</td>
<td>C241.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Slaking Rate</td>
<td>Active Slaking time &lt; twenty minutes, and temperature rise on slaking not less than 40°C in six minutes (for an average of four samples).</td>
<td>C241.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Particle Distribution</td>
<td>Fraction passing AS Sieve: 100% for 13.2mm Sieve, 96-100% for 9.5mm Sieve, 70-100% for 4.75mm Sieve, 0-90% for 2.36mm Sieve</td>
<td>C241.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Hydrated Lime</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Available Lime</td>
<td>&gt;80% Calcium Hydroxide</td>
<td>C241.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Particle Size</td>
<td>&lt;2% residue on a 300 micron Sieve</td>
<td>C241.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Blended Stabilising Agents</td>
<td>Blend percentages shall not vary by more than ± 3% from those nominated in Annexure C241A</td>
<td>C241.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Water</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Chloride ion content</td>
<td>&lt;600 PPM Chloride ion</td>
<td>C241.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Sulphate ion content</td>
<td>&lt;400 PPM Sulphate ion</td>
<td>C241.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Undissolved solids</td>
<td>&lt;1 percent by mass of undissolved solids</td>
<td>C241.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Application of Stabilising Agent</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Spread Rate or Incorporation Rate for in-situ plant</td>
<td>Actual spread rate shall be within ± 10% of the nominated rate</td>
<td>C241.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Activity</td>
<td>Limits/Tolerances</td>
<td>Spec Clause</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Trimming and Compaction</td>
<td>After primary trimming be within +30mm and +10mm of levels shown on Drawings</td>
<td>C241.18(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>After secondary trimming be within ±15mm of levels shown on Drawings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Surface Level</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Layer Thickness</td>
<td>Final thickness of layers shall not vary more than +20mm and -10mm of required thickness</td>
<td>C241.18(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Shape</td>
<td>Shall not deviate more than 12mm under a 3m straight edge immediately prior to first sealing</td>
<td>C241.18(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Joints</td>
<td>&gt; 75mm overlap of mixing runs</td>
<td>C241.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Longitudinal Overlap</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Transverse Overlap</td>
<td>&gt; 2m overlap of transverse joints</td>
<td>C241.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Longitudinal Joints</td>
<td>Shall not be allowed within 0.5m of the centreline of a typical wheelpath</td>
<td>C241.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Width</td>
<td>At any point, the width shall be not less than 50mm short of the width shown on the Drawings with an average width always greater than that shown on the Drawings.</td>
<td>C241.18(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Width of Stabilised Layer</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C241.3 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C241.21 RESERVED
C241.22 RESERVED
C241.23 RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C241.24 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for the activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification for on-site stabilisation in accordance with Pay Items C241(a) to C241(b) inclusive. Except that where stabilisation is provided by use of stationary plant the supply of the material including the stabilisation service and stabilising agent is measured and paid in accordance with Specification for FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS or EARTHWORKS as appropriate for supply of the material as a pre-mix product. Supply in these circumstances includes all testing.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

3. Supply, spread and compact subbase, or base material is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification of FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS.

4. Supply, spread and compact select material is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

5. Control of traffic is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC.

6. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

Pay Item C241(a) SUPPLY AND SPREAD STABILISING AGENT (IN-SITU MIXING ONLY)

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The area shall be determined by the length and width of work as specified on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. No account shall be taken of allowable tolerances.

4. The schedule rate under this Pay Item shall include all the activities associated with the supply, delivery and spreading of the stabilising agent including testing in accordance with this Specification.

Pay Item C241(b) MIXING OF STABILISING AGENT

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The area shall be determined by the length and width of work as specified on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. No account shall be taken of the allowable tolerances.

4. The schedule rate under this Pay Item shall include all the activities associated with the mixing of the stabilising agent with the designated materials in-situ and to the nominated depth in accordance with this Specification.
## ANNEXURE C241A

### STABILISATION MIX DESIGN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type of Stabilising Agent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal Percentage of Stabilising Agent by Mass</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spread Rate of Stabilising Agent for contractual purposes</td>
<td>(kg/m²)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depth of Compacted Layer to be Stabilised</td>
<td>(mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominated Field Working Period</td>
<td>(hrs)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominated Target Unconfined Compressive Strength (UCS) (7 day accelerated curing)</td>
<td>MPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominated Target CBR Value for stabilised modified subgrade</td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Period for Contractor’s Curing</td>
<td>(days)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominated Granular Material(s)</td>
<td>(type)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source of Nominated Granular Material</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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## STABILISATION

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<th>Page</th>
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</tr>
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<td>MATERIALS PROPOSED FOR USE IN THE WORK</td>
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<tr>
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<td>MATERIALS USED IN THE WORK</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>QUICKLIME</td>
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<td>GROUND GRANULATED BLAST FURNACE SLAG</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
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<td>FLYASH</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>BLENDED STABILISING AGENTS</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C241.11</td>
<td>WATER</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C241.12</td>
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<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C241.13</td>
<td>APPLICATION OF STABILISING AGENT</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C241.14</td>
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<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C241.15</td>
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<td>7</td>
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<tr>
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<td>TRIMMING AND COMPACTION</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C241.17</td>
<td>JOINTS</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
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<td>TOLERANCES</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C241.19</td>
<td>CURING</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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BEWA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

AUS-SPEC-1/NSW-C241 May 2000
STABILISATION

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ANNEXURE

C241A  STABILISATION MIX DESIGN
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council’s primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment Sequence No.</th>
<th>Key Topic addressed in amendment</th>
<th>Clause No.</th>
<th>Amendment Code</th>
<th>Author Initials</th>
<th>Amendment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE 1</td>
<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Gravel pavement material for unsealed roads</td>
<td>242.08</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>JW</td>
<td>4/4/03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPECIFICATION 242 : FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS

GENERAL

C242.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the supply, spreading, compaction and trimming of base and subbase courses of flexible and semi-rigid (bound) pavements to the specified levels and thicknesses as shown on the Drawings.

2. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C242.02 TERMINOLOGY

(a) Materials designated as 'base' require the provision of a wearing surface comprising either a sprayed bituminous seal or asphalt up to 50mm thick.

(b) Materials designated as 'subbase' require a covering course of 'base'. The subbase may consist of one or more layers.

(c) A flexible pavement consists of a base and a subbase constructed of unbound materials. For the purpose of this Specification it also includes "semi-rigid" pavements.

(d) A semi-rigid pavement is one where the base and/or the subbase are constructed of bound materials.

(e) Bound material incorporates a binder to produce structural stiffness.

(f) Modified material incorporates small amounts of stabilising binder to improve the properties of the material without significantly affecting structural stiffness.

C242.03 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

C241 - Stabilisation
C244 - Sprayed Bituminous Surfacing

(b) Australian Standards

AS 1141.14 - Particle shape, by proportional calliper.
AS 1141.22 - Wet/dry strength variation.
AS 1289.3.1.1 - Determination of the liquid limit of a soil - Four point Casagrande method.
AS 1289.3.3.1 - Calculation of the plasticity index of a soil.
AS 1289.3.6.1 - Determination of the particle size distribution of a soil - Standard method of analysis by sieving.
AS 1289.3.6.3 - Determination of the particle size distribution of a soil - Standard method of fine analysis using a hydrometer.
1. Flexible or semi-rigid pavement material types and layer thicknesses shall be as shown on the Drawings.

2. The Contractor shall provide the Superintendent with written notice when testing is being carried out and copies of all test reports for approval to proceed.

3. Field density tests shall be carried out in accordance with AS 1289.5.3.1, or, with the Superintendent's concurrence, with a Nuclear Density Meter in accordance with Clause C242.19.

MATERIALS

1. The Contractor shall submit details of all constituents of the proposed base and subbase materials, including sources of supply and the proposed type and proportion of any binder. These details shall be submitted to the Superintendent, supported with test results from a nominated NATA registered laboratory confirming that the constituents comply with the requirements of this Specification. If the proposed base or subbase is a bound material, the Contractor shall submit a completed Annexure C241A contained in the Specification for STABILISATION.

2. No material shall be delivered until the Superintendent has approved the source of supply.

3. If, after the Contractor's proposals have been approved, the Contractor wishes to
make changes in any of the material constituents the Contractor shall inform the Superintendent in writing of the proposed changes. No delivery of material produced under the altered proposal shall take place without the approval of the Superintendent. The cost of testing associated with any altered proposal shall be borne by the Contractor.

4. At least fourteen days before placement of the material on site, the Contractor shall submit a Certificate from a laboratory with appropriate NATA registration demonstrating and stating that the unbound material or the mix and its constituents comply with the requirements of this Specification.

5. Ongoing testing of materials during delivery and construction shall be undertaken on samples taken from the site.

C242.07 TRAFFIC CATEGORY

1. Pavement materials are specified in terms of the Traffic Categories given in Table C242.1 for the calculated design traffic of the pavement.

2. The Traffic Category (or Design Traffic) for the pavement materials shall be as shown on the Drawings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pavement Material Traffic Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Roads with design traffic equal to or exceeding $10^7$ equivalent standard axle (ESA) repetitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2a</td>
<td>Roads with design traffic exceeding $4 \times 10^6$ ESAs but less than $10^7$ ESAs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2b</td>
<td>Roads with design traffic exceeding $10^5$ ESAs but less than or equal to $4 \times 10^6$ ESAs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2c</td>
<td>Roads with design traffic exceeding $10^5$ ESAs but less than or equal to $10^6$ ESAs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2d</td>
<td>Roads with design traffic less than or equal to $10^5$ ESAs.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C242.1 - Pavement Material Traffic Categories

C242.08 UNBOUND BASE AND SUBBASE

1. Unbound materials, including blends of two or more different materials, shall consist of granular material which does not develop significant structural stiffness when compacted. Material produced by blending shall be uniform in grading and physical characteristics.
2. Unbound crushed rock materials are designated as follows:

- **DGB20**: 20mm nominal sized densely graded base
- **DGS20**: 20mm nominal sized densely graded subbase
- **DGS40**: 40mm nominal sized densely graded subbase
- **GMB20**: 20mm nominal sized graded macadam base
- **GMS40**: 40mm nominal sized graded macadam subbase

3. Unbound natural gravel materials are designated as follows:

- **NGB20-2c**: 20mm nominal sized natural gravel base for Traffic Category 2c
- **NGB20-2d**: 20mm nominal sized natural gravel base for Traffic Category 2d
- **NGS20**: 20mm nominal sized natural gravel subbase
- **NGS40**: 40mm nominal sized natural gravel subbase

4. The acceptable material types for each Traffic Category are given in Table C242.2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Traffic Category</th>
<th>Acceptable Base Material</th>
<th>Acceptable Subbase Material</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>DGB20, GMB20</td>
<td>DGS20, DGS40, GMS40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2a</td>
<td>DGB20, GMB20</td>
<td>DGS20, DGS40, GMS40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2b</td>
<td>DGB20, GMB20</td>
<td>DGS20, DGS40, GMSS40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2c</td>
<td>DGB20, GMB20, NGB20-2c</td>
<td>DGS20, DGS40, GMS40, NGS20, NGS40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2d</td>
<td>DGB20, GMB20, NGB20-2c, NGB20-2d</td>
<td>DGS20, DGS40, GMS40, NGS20, NGS40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C242.2 - Acceptable Pavement Material Types

5. Gravel pavement material for unsealed roads shall conform to the requirements for acceptable subbase material for Traffic Category 2d.

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5. Base materials shall comply with the requirements of Table C242.3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Base Material Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DGB20</td>
<td>GMB20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1289.3.6.1</td>
<td>Coarse Particle Size Distribution</td>
<td>% passing 75.0mm sieve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 53.0mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 37.5mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 26.5mm sieve</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 19.0mm sieve</td>
<td>95-100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 13.2mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 9.5mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 6.7mm sieve</td>
<td>50-70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 4.75mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 2.36mm sieve</td>
<td>35-55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 0.425mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 0.075mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1289.3.6.3</td>
<td>Fine Particle Size Distribution Ratios expressed as percentages (for that portion of the material passing 2.36mm sieve)</td>
<td>A. Pass 425mm sieve %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B. Pass 75µm sieve %</td>
<td>35-55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C. Pass 13.5µm sieve %</td>
<td>35-60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1289.3.3.1</td>
<td>Plasticity Index</td>
<td>max 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T114</td>
<td>Maximum Dry Compressive Strength on fraction passing 19mm sieve (only applies if Plasticity Index is less than 1)</td>
<td>min 1.7 MPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1141.14</td>
<td>Particle Shape by Proportional Calliper % mis-shapen (2 : 1)</td>
<td>max 35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1141.22</td>
<td>Aggregate Wet Strength</td>
<td>For category 1 or 2a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For category 2b or 2c</td>
<td>min 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For category 2d</td>
<td>min 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1141.22</td>
<td>Wet/Dry Strength Variation</td>
<td>For category 1 or 2a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For category 2b or 2c</td>
<td>max 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For category 2d</td>
<td>max 45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1289.6.1.1</td>
<td>4 day Soaked CBR (98% Modified Compaction)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C242.3 - Unbound Base Material Properties

NOTES ON TABLE C242.3:
Material consisting of rounded river stone shall have a minimum of two fractured faces on at least 75 per cent of the particles larger than 6.70mm.

✔ The maximum value of the Liquid Limit may be increased to 23 for non-plastic material, provided that the value determined is not influenced by the presence of adverse constituents.

◼ For category 2d base materials the maximum Plasticity Index shall be 8.

◊ All fractions of the sample specified by AS 1141.22 must be within specification. The fraction with the highest wet/dry strength variation is the value for determining conformance with the specification. The fractions 19.0mm to 13.2mm and 6.7mm to 4.75mm must be tested.
6. Subbase materials shall comply with the requirements of Table C242.4

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>DGS20</th>
<th>DGS40</th>
<th>GMS40</th>
<th>NGS20</th>
<th>NGS40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AS 1289.3.6.1</td>
<td>Coarse Particle Size Distribution</td>
<td>% passing 75.0mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 53.0mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 37.5mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>95-100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 26.5mm sieve</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 19.0mm sieve</td>
<td>95-100</td>
<td>50-65</td>
<td>50-75</td>
<td>96-100</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 13.2mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 9.5mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>65-89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 6.7mm sieve</td>
<td>50-70</td>
<td>30-55</td>
<td>15-35</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 4.75mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>47-60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 2.36mm sieve</td>
<td>35-55</td>
<td>25-50</td>
<td>5-15</td>
<td>32-67</td>
<td>25-58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 0.425mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>14-42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>% passing 0.075mm sieve</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>6-26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AS 1289.3.6.3 Fine Particle Size Distribution Ratios expressed as percentages (for that portion of the material passing 2.36mm sieve)

A. Pass 425µm sieve %
   - A. Pass 425µm sieve
   - B. Pass 75µm sieve
   - C. Pass 13.5µm sieve

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>DGS20</th>
<th>DGS40</th>
<th>GMS40</th>
<th>NGS20</th>
<th>NGS40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AS 1289.3.1.1</td>
<td>Liquid Limit (if non plastic)</td>
<td>max 23</td>
<td>max 23</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>max 23</td>
<td>max 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1289.3.3.1</td>
<td>Plastic Limit (if plastic)</td>
<td>max 20</td>
<td>max 20</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>max 23</td>
<td>max 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1289.3.3.1</td>
<td>Plasticity Index</td>
<td>max 12</td>
<td>max 12</td>
<td>max 12</td>
<td>max 12</td>
<td>max 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T114</td>
<td>Maximum Dry Compressive Strength on fraction passing 19mm sieve (only applies if Plasticity Index is less than 1)</td>
<td>min 1.0 MPa</td>
<td>min 1.0 MPa</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1.0 MPa</td>
<td>1.0 MPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1141.14</td>
<td>Particle Shape by Proportional Caliper % mis-shapen (2 : 1)</td>
<td>max 35</td>
<td>max 35</td>
<td>max 35</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1141.22</td>
<td>Aggregate Wet Strength</td>
<td>min 50kN</td>
<td>min 50kN</td>
<td>min 130kN</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1141.22</td>
<td>Wet/Dry Strength Variation</td>
<td>max 60</td>
<td>max 60</td>
<td>max 30</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 1289.6.1.1</td>
<td>4 day Soaked CBR (98% Modified Compaction)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table C242.4 - Unbound Subbase Material Properties**

**NOTES ON TABLE C242.4:**

Material consisting of rounded river stone shall have a minimum of two fractured faces on at least 75 per cent of the particles larger than 6.70mm.

- All fractions of the sample specified by AS 1141.22 must be within specification. The fraction with the highest wet/dry strength variation is the value for determining conformance with the specification. The fractions 19.0mm to...
13.2mm and 6.7mm to 4.75mm must be tested.

7. Where the proposed unbound base or subbase material complies with all of the requirements of Table C242.3 or Table C242.4 as appropriate except gradings (AS 1289.3.6.1 and AS 1289.3.6.3), the Contractor may propose the use of the material, subject to approval of the Council, if the material complies with the RTA Modified Texas Triaxial Classification Number (T171) requirements specified in Table C242.5. (T171 tested at not less than 85 per cent of Optimum Moisture Content and 98 per cent of Maximum Dry Density as determined by AS 1289.5.2.1).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Traffic Category</th>
<th>Base</th>
<th>Subbase</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Base</td>
<td>max 2.0</td>
<td>max 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2a</td>
<td>max 2.2</td>
<td>max 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2b</td>
<td>max 2.5</td>
<td>max 3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2c</td>
<td>max 3.0</td>
<td>max 3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2d</td>
<td>max 3.0</td>
<td>max 3.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C242.5 - RTA Modified Texas Triaxial Classification Number Requirements

C242.09 LIME MODIFIED BASE AND SUBBASE MATERIALS

1. Modification of unbound base and subbase materials to meet the requirements of Clause C242.08 by the addition of hydrated lime or quicklime shall be subject to approval by the Superintendent and to the additional requirements of this clause. After modification, the material shall meet the requirements of Clause C242.08.

2. Modification of materials for Traffic Categories 1, 2a and 2b shall only be by use of hydrated lime mixed in a stationary mixing plant at the supplier's quarry.

3. Modification of materials for Traffic Categories 2c and 2d may be by the use of either hydrated lime through a stationary mixing plant or by hydrated lime or quicklime utilising in-situ operations.

4. Material requirements of hydrated lime and quicklime shall be in accordance with the Specification for STABILISATION.

5. In-situ operations shall be in accordance with the Specification for STABILISATION.

6. The proportion of lime shall be not less than 1.5 per cent nor more than 4 per cent by mass. The material prior to lime treatment shall not contain any added pozzolanic material.

7. The lime treated material shall yield an unconfined compressive strength not exceeding 1.0 MPa, when tested in accordance with Test Method T116 where sampling is

8. The proportion of lime shall be not less than 1.5 per cent nor more than 4 per cent by mass. The material prior to lime treatment shall not contain any added pozzolanic material.

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undertaken within 24 hours of adding the lime and testing is after 7 days accelerated curing.

9. For DGB20 material, prior to being treated with lime, the material shall comply with the requirements of DGS20 in Table C242.4, except that the aggregate wet strength shall not be less than 80kN and the wet/dry strength variation shall not exceed 60 per cent.

10. For DGB20, the lime treated material shall yield a CBR value of not less than 100 when tested in accordance with AS 1289.6.1.1, where sampling is undertaken within 24 hours of adding the lime and testing is after 7 days of accelerated curing.

C242.10 BOUND BASE AND SUBBASE MATERIALS

1. Bound materials utilised in semi-rigid pavements as a base layer for Traffic Categories 1, 2a and 2b shall be supplied as a crushed rock product with stabilising agent incorporated in a stationary mixing plant (pugmill) at the supplier's quarry unless prior written approval is obtained from the Council.

2. Bound material to be used as subbase generally or base layer for Traffic Categories 2c and 2d may be supplied as a crushed rock product with stabilising agent incorporated in a pugmill or may be produced by the in-situ stabilisation of natural or blended gravel where stabilisation is undertaken by mobile plant at the site.

3. Prior to stabilisation, the base layer material shall meet the requirements of Table C242.4 for subbase material for the appropriate Traffic Category.

4. Material requirements for the stabilising agent shall be in accordance with the Specification for STABILISATION.

5. The stabilisation process shall meet the requirements of the Specification for STABILISATION.

6. The unconfined compressive strength (UCS) of the material after seven days accelerated curing as determined by Test Method T131 shall be not less than 4MPa nor more than 10MPa. Sampling and test specimen compaction of the material shall be undertaken within one hour of the incorporation of the stabilising agent.

DELFERY, STOCKPILING AND PROCESSING OF PAVEMENT MATERIAL

C242.11 DELIVERY TO SITE

1. Materials shall be supplied sufficiently damp to avoid segregation and loss of fines during transit.

C242.12 STOCKPILING OF UNBOUND MATERIALS

1. Stockpile sites shall be located as shown on the Drawings or as approved by the Superintendent.

2. Stockpile sites, which shall be cleared of all vegetation and extraneous matter, shall be shaped to form a crown so as to be free draining and compacted over the whole area to provide a relative compaction, determined by AS 1289.5.4.1 for standard compactive effort, of not less than 95 per cent.
3. Stockpiles and stockpile sites shall be maintained so as to prevent the stockpiled materials from becoming intermixed or contaminated with foreign material.

4. The total height of any stockpile shall not exceed 3m.

5. Stockpiles shall be of uniform shape with side slopes neither steeper than 1.5h to 1v nor flatter than 3h to 1v.

6. The worked face of any stockpile shall be the full face of the stockpile. The stockpiled material shall be maintained at a moisture content sufficiently damp to avoid loss of fines.

7. At the completion of the works, stockpile sites shall be cleared of all surplus material and left in a clean and tidy condition.

C242.13 DELIVERY OF MODIFIED OR BOUND MATERIALS

1. Modified or bound materials shall be delivered in vehicles fitted with covers of canvas or other suitable material to prevent loss of moisture during transport.

2. The time between mixing and conveyance by delivery trucks to the site, shall be such as to allow incorporation into the works including trimming and compaction within the nominated field working period.

3. Each truck load of bound material shall be identified by delivery dockets, indicating the time and date of mixing and registration or fleet number of the delivery truck, and such dockets shall be made available to the Superintendent at the point of delivery.

4. Bound materials shall comply with the requirements of the Specification for STABILISATION.

SPREADING OF PAVEMENT MATERIAL

C242.14 SPREADING PAVEMENT MATERIALS

1. Unbound materials shall not be spread upon an underlying pavement layer which has a moisture content exceeding 90 per cent of the laboratory optimum moisture content as determined by AS 1289.5.2.1 or which has become rutted or mixed with foreign matter. The underlying layer shall be corrected to comply with this Specification before spreading of the next layer of pavement.

2. Where the underlying layer was constructed by the Contractor, or where the Contractor’s activities caused the underlying layer constructed by others to become non-complying with this Specification, the cost of correcting the underlying layer to comply shall be borne by the Contractor.

3. Each layer of material shall be deposited and spread in a concurrent operation and, after compaction, the finished surface levels on the base and subbase courses shall be within the permitted tolerances stated in Clause C242.22(c) without subsequent addition of material. The thickness of each compacted layer shall be neither less than 100mm nor more than 200mm for all pavement layer types, unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

4. At all work boundaries in bound materials the Contractor shall provide vertical faces to provide for transverse and longitudinal joints.

5. When spread for compaction processes the moisture content of the base or

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subbase materials shall be in the range of 60-90 per cent of laboratory optimum moisture content in accordance with AS 1289.5.2.1.

6. Bound materials shall not be spread when the ambient air temperature in shade is either below 5°C or above 35°C.

TRIMMING AND COMPACTION

C242.15 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1. Each layer of the base and subbase courses shall be uniformly compacted over its entire area and depth to satisfy the requirements of relative compaction set out in Clauses C242.19 and C242.20.

2. On sections of pavement with one-way crossfall, compaction shall begin at the low side of the pavement and progress to the high side. On crowned sections, compaction shall begin at the sides of the pavement and progress towards the crown. Each pass of the rollers shall be parallel with the centreline of the roadway and uniformly overlap each preceding pass. The outer metre of both sides of the pavement shall receive at least two more passes by the compaction plant than the remainder of the pavement.

3. At locations where it would be impracticable to use self propelled compaction plant, the pavement material shall be compacted by alternative hand-operated plant approved by the Superintendent.

4. Watering and compaction plant shall not be allowed to stand on the pavement being compacted.

5. If any unstable areas develop during rolling, the unstable material shall be rejected. The rejected material shall be removed for the full depth of the layer, disposed of and replaced with fresh material in accordance with Clause C242.24. This operation will be at cost to the Contractor.

6. The placement of subsequent layers shall not be allowed until the requisite testing has been completed and the test results for each layer have been accepted by the Superintendent.

7. Any unbound material in a layer that has attained the specified relative compaction but subsequently becomes wetted up shall be dried out and, if necessary, uniformly recompacted and trimmed to meet the specified density requirements and level tolerances.

C242.16 CURING OF BOUND MATERIALS

1. The curing of the surface layer of a lot shall commence after compaction is completed.

2. The stabilised work shall be protected against rapid drying out by keeping it continuously wet or damp during the period prior to the provision of a subsequent layer or the application of a prime or primer-seal.

3. Water curing shall consist of frequent light uniform spraying that will not produce significant run off or flooding on sections of the area. Slurrying of the surface or leaching of the stabilising agent shall be avoided.
ACCEPTANCE OF COMPACTED LAYERS

C242.17 LOTS FOR ACCEPTANCE

1. Acceptance of work, as far as compaction is concerned, shall be based on density testing of the work in lots. A lot shall be nominated by the Contractor; but shall conform to the following:

   (a) cover only a single layer of work which has been constructed under uniform conditions in a continuous operation and not crossing any transverse construction joints;

   (b) for unbound materials it may equal a day's output using the same material.

C242.18 COMPACTION ASSESSMENT

1. The Superintendent shall assess compaction for each lot based on random sampling of test locations for in-situ dry density testing.

2. The Contractor shall arrange for testing to assess compaction on the basis of ten tests per 5000 sq m with a minimum of three (3) tests per lot, and present the results to the Superintendent for approval.

3. The cost of all testing for compaction assessment of any layer in an area of pavement shall be borne by the Contractor.

4. Alternatively, when agreed by the Principal and Council, acceptance of lots may be determined according to the elastic rebound deflection. The elastic rebound deflection shall be taken as the maximum deflection in accordance with Test Method T160 utilising the Benkelman Beam or equivalent. The average maximum deflection for any lot shall not exceed 1.0mm, and the coefficient of variation (CV) in recorded deflections shall not exceed 30 per cent. Measurements shall be taken at the rate of 4 per 1000 square metres, with a minimum of ten measurements per lot.

C242.19 RELATIVE COMPACTION

1. The relative compaction of pavement material at each location tested for in-situ dry density shall be calculated in accordance with AS 1289.5.4.1 as follows:

   \[ \text{Relative Compaction (per cent)} = \left( \frac{\text{In-situ dry density}}{\text{Comparative dry density}} \right) \times 100 \]

   NOTE: The comparative dry density shall be the maximum dry density determined in the laboratory.

2. The Council may approve some or all of the in-situ dry density testing to be carried out with a single probe Nuclear Density Meter in the direct transmission mode in accordance with AS 1289.5.8.1.

3. Each day that material is produced for placement in a layer or layers, a sample of the material shall be taken by the Contractor for maximum dry density testing to represent that day's production.

4. For unbound layers, the sample shall be tested in accordance with AS 1289.5.2.1 to determine the maximum dry density (modified compactive effort) for the material.
For bound layers the sample shall be tested within two hours after the addition of stabilising agent to the mix in accordance with RTA Test Method T130 to determine the maximum dry density (modified compactive effort) for the material. This test method shall also be used to determine the optimum moisture content.

The maximum dry density so determined shall be used as the comparative dry density in relative compaction calculations for all like material from that lot or day's production placed in a single layer of work whichever is the lesser.

C242.20 COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS AND ACCEPTANCE

1. A lot shall be accepted for compaction if:

(a) The minimum value of all calculated relative compaction for modified compactive effort is not less than 97 per cent within the lot or the area of pavement being assessed.

(b) In the case of bound layers an area of pavement presented for compaction assessment has within that area a zone or zones with relative compaction less than 97 per cent (modified compactive effort) but equal to or greater than 92 per cent may be accepted by the Superintendent provided such zone or zones shall not comprise more than 5 per cent of the area presented.

(c) In the case of bound layers of target final depth in excess of 250mm, the top 150mm shall meet the requirements of paragraph 1(b) in this clause whilst the bottom 150mm shall have a relative compaction equal to or greater than 92 per cent.

2. Lots or areas of pavement not achieving these specified values shall be rejected. Unbound layers may be reworked as provided by Clause C242.21, but the bound materials in rejected layers/courses shall be removed and replaced with fresh materials in accordance with Clause C242.24.

C242.21 REWORKING OF REJECTED UNBOUND LAYERS

1. Lots or areas of pavement that have been rejected in regard to compaction shall be reworked before resubmission for compaction assessment.

2. Material that has become degraded, segregated or otherwise reduced in quality by reworking shall be rejected. The rejected material shall be removed, disposed of and replaced with fresh material complying with this Specification in accordance with Clause C242.24. When a lot or area of pavement is resubmitted for compaction assessment, testing shall be carried out in accordance with Clauses C242.18 and C242.19.

3. All costs associated with corrective work carried out before the resubmission of a lot for compaction assessment, including rewatering, rerolling, removal and replacement of material as well as reworking shall be borne by the Contractor.

C242.22 TOLERANCES

a) General

1. The tolerances stated are the acceptable limits of departure from the dimensions shown on the Drawings, which may occur during construction.

2. Areas for assessment of conformity with tolerance requirements shall be divided into lots and presented to the Superintendent together with survey reports covering line and level.
b) Width

1. At any cross section without kerb and/or guttering, and for pavement layers extending under the kerb and/or guttering, the horizontal dimension measured from the design centre line to the edge of the constructed pavement surface shall be neither less than 50mm less than the dimension nor more than 300 mm greater than the dimension shown on the Drawings.

2. The average width of the layer determined from measurements at three sites selected at random by the Superintendent over any 200 metre road length, or part thereof, shall be not less than the specified width.

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Horizontal Dimensions

---

Average Width

---

c) Levels and Surface Trim

1. The levels of the finished surface of the top of the unbound subbase course shall not vary from the design levels by more than ± 10mm.

2. Level tolerances at the top of the unbound base course shall not exceed those stated above for subbase. In addition, where kerb and gutter exists or is being constructed, the level of the top of the base course adjacent to the kerb and gutter shall not vary by more than ± 5mm from the lip level of the gutter minus the design thickness of the wearing surface.

3. The design level of the top of the subbase course shall be determined from the design level of the finished road surface less the thickness of the base course and the wearing course, including an allowance for any flush seal layer in the pavement design.

4. The pavement surface after trimming and immediately prior to sealing shall be of a quality such that the deviation under a 3 metre straight edge placed in any direction does not exceed 12mm. Measurements for conformance shall be taken in accordance with the maximum lot size and minimum test frequencies in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

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Subbase Surface Level

---

Base Surface Level

---

Subbase Design Level

---

Straight Edge Deviation

---

C242.23 ACTION ON REJECTION

(a) Unbound Materials

1. A lot that has not complied with the requirements for width or level tolerance as set out in Clauses C242.22(b) and C242.22(c) respectively shall be rejected except as otherwise provided in this Clause. Rejected lots shall be removed, disposed of and replaced with fresh material in accordance with Clause C242.24.

2. Notwithstanding the above, where the rejected lot can be corrected by further trimming, the Superintendent may allow the surface to be corrected without complete removal and replacement with fresh material. Such trimming shall be undertaken in a manner that produces a uniform, hard surface and shall be achieved by cutting only without filling. After any such cutting, the level tolerances in Clause C242.22(c) shall apply.

3. The cost of surface correction or replacement work ordered in accordance with this Clause including removal of material, disposal and supply and transport of replacement material, shall be borne by the Contractor.

---

Rejection Criteria

---

Corrective Action

---

Contractor’s Costs

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(b) Bound Materials

1. An area of bound material that has not complied with the requirements for width or level tolerance as set out in Clauses C242.22(b) and C242.22(c) respectively shall be rejected except as otherwise provided for in this Clause. Rejected areas shall be removed, disposed of and replaced with fresh material in accordance with Clause C242.24.

---

Rejection Criteria
2. The cost of removal and disposal of rejected material and its replacement with fresh material shall be borne by the Contractor.

3. Notwithstanding the above, the Superintendent may allow the Contractor to rectify the area in the following cases:

   (i) Where the cause for rejection is under Clause C242.22(c), the course is a subbase course and rejection is due to departures from design level being too far below the design level, the Contractor may increase the thickness of the base course to make up such deficiency in thickness.

   (ii) Where the cause for rejection is under Clause C242.22(c), the course is a subbase course and rejection is due to departures from design level being too far above the design level, the Contractor may propose a regrading of the design level of the base course, to allow for its design thickness to be laid, up to a maximum of 20mm above the original design level. Approval by the Superintendent shall be subject to the following requirements:

       - The rate of change of grade from the original finished design surface level shall be less than 3 mm per metre.

       - The regrading shall not interfere with the proper design functioning of the drainage system.

       - The regrading shall not interfere with levels at the property boundary, or increase or decrease footpath or footpath crossover levels or grades beyond Council's allowable design limits.

       - The regrading shall not interfere with clearances.

   (iii) Where the cause for rejection is under Clause C242.22(c), the course is a base course and rejection is due to departures from design level being too far above the design level, the Contractor may propose a regrading of the design level of the base course. Approval by the Superintendent shall be subject to the requirements of this Clause in (ii) above.

   The cost associated with surface level corrections required in this Clause shall be borne by the Contractor.

C242.24 REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF REJECTED COURSES

1. Sections of the work that have been rejected shall be removed from the work and replaced with fresh material. Rejected material shall be removed from site.

2. In rejected sections the material shall be removed over the full length of the rejected lot, except that a minimum length of 50 m of pavement layer shall be removed and replaced. Any damage to underlying or abutting layers or structures shall be made good by the Contractor using methods approved by the Superintendent.

3. The Superintendent may approve removal for less than the full width as constructed if the cause of the rejection of the work can be isolated transversely to the Superintendent's satisfaction. In this case, the new longitudinal cold joint shall be formed and located along the centreline of the road pavement.

4. After removal of rejected base or subbase course material, the section shall be presented for inspection by the Superintendent before replacement work is commenced.

5. Materials used as replacement materials, and the subsequent spreading, compaction, trimming, curing and testing of the replacement materials, shall comply with
6. All costs associated with removals, replacements and corrections of base and subbase courses required under this Clause and the extra costs incurred by the Contractor in respect of delays caused by such removals, replacements and corrections shall be borne by the Contractor.

C242.25 MAINTENANCE BEFORE COMPLETION OF WEARING SURFACE

1. Following the Superintendent's acceptance of any section of the work, the Contractor shall maintain the prepared surface of the base in the condition specified for acceptance until the wearing surface is completed. The base course of sections of the accepted work shall be covered with a primerseal over the full width of pavement in accordance with the Specification for SPRAYED BITUMINOUS SURFACING within seven days of the date of the acceptance of such sections, unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

2. Should the pavement condition deteriorate before the application of the primerseal and consent to proceed with the bitumen surfacing work is withdrawn by the Superintendent, the Contractor shall re-prepare the pavement and re-present the pavement for inspection by the Superintendent.

3. The cost of re-preparing areas of the deteriorated pavement shall be borne by the Contractor.

4. The Contractor shall maintain adequate drainage of the pavement, and remove any ponded water within 12 hours of its creation if free drainage cannot be achieved, prior to the completion of the wearing course.

OPENING PAVEMENT TO TRAFFIC

C242.26 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1. For unbound pavements, construction plant and vehicles not involved in the current construction or testing of the work shall not be permitted to use the pavement until the primerseal has been applied, unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

2. For bound pavements, construction plant and vehicles not involved in the current construction or testing of the work shall not be permitted to use the pavement until the primerseal has been applied and seven days have elapsed since placement of the base. In any case only vehicles registered for legal road usage and loaded within legal limits will be allowed to use the pavement.

3. For bound pavements, traffic shall not be allowed to use the constructed pavement until a minimum of seven days after completion of the full pavement depth and the primerseal.
# LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

C242.27 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C242.6 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stockpile Sites</td>
<td>(i) Relative Compaction &gt;95%</td>
<td>C242.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Stockpile height &lt;3m</td>
<td>C242.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(iii) Stockpile batter &lt;1.5:1 and &gt;3:1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Spreading Pavement Materials</td>
<td>(i) Compacted Layer Thickness ≥100mm, ≤200mm</td>
<td>C242.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compaction Acceptance</td>
<td>Minimum value of all calculated relative compaction results ≥97 per cent (modified compactive effort). For bound pavements may accept between 92% and 97% provided it represents less than 5% of the area.</td>
<td>C242.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Width of Pavement</td>
<td>(i) Design centre-line to edge of constructed pavement -50mm to +300mm of dimensions on Drawings</td>
<td>C242.22(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Average Width</td>
<td>The average width determined from 3 random sites over any 200m road length, or part thereof, shall be not less than the specified width.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Surface Level</td>
<td>(i) Subbase levels</td>
<td>&lt;±10mm from design level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Base levels</td>
<td>&lt;±10mm from design level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(iii) Base levels adjacent to Kerb and Gutter</td>
<td>&lt;±5mm from the lip levels of adjacent gutter minus design thickness of wearing surface.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(iv) Shape</td>
<td>Deviation from a 3m long straightedge on base surface immediately prior to sealing shall be less than 12mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C242.6 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

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C242.29 RESERVED
C242.30 RESERVED
C242.31 RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C242.32 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for the activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification in accordance with Pay Items C242(a) to C242(b) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

3. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Base course primerseal is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for SPRAYED BITUMINOUS SURFACING.

Pay Item C242(a) SUPPLY, SPREAD AND COMPACT SUBBASE COURSE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The area shall be determined by the length and width of work as specified on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. No account shall be taken of allowable tolerances.

4. The schedule rate under this Pay Item shall include all the activities associated with the supply, spread, compaction, trimming, jointing, and testing of the subbase course, and curing of bound material.

Pay Item C242(b) SUPPLY, SPREAD AND COMPACT BASE COURSE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The area shall be determined by the length and width of work as specified on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. No account shall be taken of the allowable tolerances.

4. The schedule rate under this Pay Item shall include all the activities associated with the supply, spread, compaction, trimming, jointing, and testing of the base course, and curing of bound material.
# SPECIFICATION C242 - FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS

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<td>DELIVERY, STOCKPILING AND PROCESSING OF PAVEMENT MATERIAL</td>
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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT
CONSTRUCTION
SPECIFICATION

SPRAYED BITUMINOUS SURFACING

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Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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<th>Key Topic addressed in amendment</th>
<th>Clause No.</th>
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GENERAL

C244.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the supply of all materials and the application of any or all of the following types of sprayed bituminous surfacing as required under the Contract:

(a) Prime

The application of a primer of field or refinery prepared cutback bitumen without aggregate to provide penetration of the surface (preferably from 5 to 10mm) and waterproofing.

(b) Primerseal

The application of a primerbinder of field or refinery prepared cutback bitumen to provide surface penetration (preferably from 2mm to 5mm) and incorporation of a light cover of aggregate to provide a temporary wearing surface.

(c) Seal or Reseal

The application of a bituminous binder into which aggregate is incorporated to provide a durable wearing surface.

NOTE: This Specification does not include bituminous emulsion seals or polymer-modified seals.

2. The locations and required types of sprayed bituminous surfacings, including types of binders and aggregate sizes, shall be as shown on the Drawings and/or as detailed in Annexure C244.A.

3. For multiple application treatments, the binder and aggregate may be required to be laid in one or more separate applications indicated in Annexure C244.A.

4. Requirements for adhesion agent in the bitumen and tolerances for binder application rates are set out in Annexure C244.B.

5. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C244.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

C201 - Control of Traffic
SPRAYED BITUMINOUS SURFACING

Contract No. XYZ

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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

C244.03 CONTROL OF TRAFFIC

1. The Contractor shall provide for control of traffic in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC while undertaking the work and shall take all necessary precautions to protect the work from damage until such time as the new seal coat has developed sufficient strength to carry normal traffic without disturbance of the aggregate.

2. Where early use of the new seal is required to facilitate the movement of traffic, vehicles may be allowed to run on the work after initial rolling has taken place provided that vehicles are controlled to such slow speeds that no lateral displacement of aggregate occurs. Where necessary, the Contractor shall use patrol vehicles to ensure that traffic travels at an acceptable speed.

3. The Contractor shall take all necessary steps to avoid or minimise delays and inconvenience to road users during the course of the work. Where adequate detours or side tracks are included in the Contract or are otherwise available, traffic shall be temporarily diverted while the work is in progress.

4. If facilities for the diversion of traffic are not available, the Contractor may spray part width of the pavement in the one operation and make available to traffic the adjacent strip of roadway, except during the actual spraying operation when all traffic movement through the work shall cease. Traffic shall not be permitted to encroach upon the edge of the sprayed bituminous material until such time as it is covered with aggregate.

MATERIALS

C244.04 SAMPLING AND TESTING OF MATERIALS

1. Sampling and testing of materials shall be arranged by the Contractor and carried out by a laboratory with appropriate NATA registration in accordance with the relevant material specifications cited in this Specification.

Australian Standards

AS 2008 - Residual bitumen for pavements.
AS 2157 - Cutback bitumen.
AS 2758.2 - Aggregate for sprayed bituminous surfacing.
AS 3568 - Oils for reducing the viscosity of bitumen for pavements.

NSW RTA Specifications and Forms

MR466 - Sprayed Bituminous Surfacing Cutback Chart
3258 - Aggregate Precoating Agents
3259 - Bitumen Adhesion Agents

NSW State Legislation

Rural Fires Act, 1997
Local Government Act, 1993

Other

AUSTROADS - Design of Sprayed Seals (1990)
C244.05 BITUMINOUS MATERIALS AND ADDITIVES

(a) Bituminous Materials

1. Bitumen shall conform to AS2008 - Residual Bitumen for Pavements. The binder for seals and reseals shall be Class 170 or class 320 bitumen.

(b) Refinery Cutback Bitumen

1. Refinery cutback bitumen shall conform to AS2157.

C244.06 AGGREGATE PRECOATING AGENT AND BITUMEN ADHESION AGENT

1. Aggregate precoating agents shall conform to NSW RTA Specification 3258 Aggregate Precoating Agents or as otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

2. Bitumen adhesion agents shall conform to NSW RTA Specification 3259 Bitumen Adhesion Agents or as otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

C244.07 OILS FOR REDUCING VISCOSITY OF BITUMEN

(a) Cutter Oil

1. Cutter oil shall conform to the requirements of AS 3568, displaying an Abel flash point of not less than 38°C and a viscosity at 40°C not greater than 2.0 millipascal seconds, with the following qualifications to the properties for its classification as set down in AS 3568 Table 1:

   (i) Either “Aniline point” or “Aromatic content” is acceptable.

   (ii) There shall be no “Density” requirement.

   (iii) The presence of water, assessed visually as an immiscible phase in any sample of the material, shall be grounds for its rejection.

   (iv) If the viscosity is calculated by the equation given in Table 1, Note 3 of AS 3568, “f” shall be taken to be 0.0009 per °C.

2. Delivery and storage procedures for cutter oil delivered in drums or in bulk shall ensure that all containers are free from any deleterious material prior to filling with cutter oil, and all drums are stored so as to ensure that entry of water through seals or welds in the drums is prevented.

C244.08 AGGREGATE

1. Aggregate shall conform to AS2758.2.

2. The Contractor shall obtain test results for each lot/stockpile of aggregate and certification of compliance with AS2758.2 from a laboratory with appropriate NATA accreditation, before aggregate from the lot is incorporated in the Works.
DESIGN OF BITUMINOUS SURFACING

C244.09  GENERAL

1. At least 15 days before commencing sprayed bituminous surfacing work, the Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent for approval, details of the proposed bituminous surfacing design for the work together with a certification that the nominated materials for the work meet the requirements of the Specification.

2. The Contractor’s design rates of application of binder and aggregate for bituminous surfacing shall be in accordance with the AUSTROADS design procedure for Sprayed Seals and shall submit these design details to the Superintendent. Design application rates shall be known as “nominated application rates” and materials as “nominated materials”.

3. The following additional details are required to be submitted with the proposed bituminous surfacing design.

   - (a) Test results for all nominated materials.
   - (b) Aggregates - source, geological type, nominated grading, average least dimension (ALD)
   - (c) Precoating agent and bitumen adhesion agent - types, proportions and manufacturer (if applicable).
   - (d) Bitumen - refinery source and certification of compliance with AS 2008.
   - (e) Cutback bitumen - refinery source of bitumen, type of cutter, source of cutter, cutter oil fraction, certification of compliance with AS 2157.

PRECOATING OF AGGREGATE

C244.10  GENERAL

1. The aggregate precoating agent shall be applied to the aggregate in a manner and at a rate and time which will provide a complete, light, uniform, effective cover of all aggregate particles at the time of spreading.

2. Precoating of aggregate shall not be carried out when rain is imminent. If aggregate has been precoated and rain appears imminent, the aggregate shall be adequately covered to prevent the precoating material being washed from the aggregate particles.

3. The Contractor shall take precautions, such as covering stockpiles, to prevent settlement of dust, penetration of moisture or drying out of the precoating agent on the stockpiled aggregate.

4. Stockpiles precoated more than 7 days in advance of use shall be retreated unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

APPLICATION OF SPRAYED BITUMINOUS SURFACING

C244.11  GENERAL

1. The Contractor shall carry out sprayed bituminous surfacing so as to:
(a) provide a uniform application of binder with adequate adhesion to the underlying surface;
(b) provide a complete cover of interlocking aggregate particles, and
(c) achieve effective bond between binder and aggregate.

2. Details of equipment and methods to be used for sprayed bituminous surfacing shall be submitted to the Superintendent for approval prior to their use on the Works.

C244.12 PLANT

1. A mechanical sprayer shall be used to apply primer, primerbinder and binder. The sprayer shall have a current certification approved by the relevant State Road Authority.

2. The spray nozzles shall be of the make and type endorsed on the Sprayer Certificate. Any nozzles which may be damaged or become unduly worn or defective shall be replaced by satisfactory nozzles of similar type. A sufficient number of nozzles for this purpose shall be available at all times.

3. Mechanical spreading equipment shall be used to spread aggregate and shall be capable of achieving a uniform and accurate spreading rate.

4. Rollers shall be utilised in accordance with Clause C244.19.

5. The Contractor shall remove from the site any plant or equipment considered by the Superintendent to be not fully operational or not in a satisfactory condition for carrying out work in accordance with this Specification.

C244.13 PREPARATION OF PAVEMENT SURFACE

1. Before the application of primer, primerbinder or binder, the pavement surface shall be swept by the use of a mechanically-operated rotary road broom or suction broom to provide a uniformly clean surface. If necessary, additional sweeping shall be done by hand, using stiff brooms. Sweeping shall, where possible, extend at least 300 mm beyond each edge of the area to be sprayed.

2. Adherent patches of foreign material shall be removed from the surface of the pavement.

3. For the spraying of primer or primerbinder, the pavement surface shall be slightly damp so as to impede dust interfering with initial adhesion except where explicit instructions are provided with the seal design.

C244.14 REVIEW OF NOMINATED APPLICATION RATES

1. The Contractor shall select the locations where each lot of aggregate is to be incorporated in the Works.

2. The Contractor shall review the bituminous surfacing design at each location based on the actual average least dimension (ALD) test result for the lot of aggregate instead of the nominated ALD value of the aggregate adopted at design submission. The revised application rates shall be known as "target application rates".

3. The Contractor shall give the Superintendent at least five working days notice of the Contractor's intention to commence sprayed bituminous surfacing. This notice shall confirm spray rates, aggregate size and ALD.
C244.15 BITUMEN TEMPERATURE REQUIREMENTS

1. Bituminous products shall be handled in accordance with the AUSTROADS “Bitumen Sealing Safety Guide”. Precautions set out in the following paragraphs are provided for ready reference however, all procedures shall follow the guidelines set out in the “Bitumen Sealing Safety Guide”.

2. Bitumen shall be within the temperature range shown in Table C244.1 when mixed with cutter oil.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Temperature Range (°C)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>170</td>
<td>160 - 190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>320</td>
<td>170 - 200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   Table C244.1 - Bitumen Temperatures

3. Refinery cutback bitumen shall be within the temperature range shown in Table C244.2 at the time of spraying.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Temperature Range (°C)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AMC 00</td>
<td>10 - 35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMC 0</td>
<td>35 - 55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMC 1</td>
<td>60 - 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMC 2</td>
<td>75 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMC 3</td>
<td>95 - 115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMC 4</td>
<td>110 - 135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMC 5</td>
<td>120 - 150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMC 6</td>
<td>135 - 160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AMC 7</td>
<td>150 - 175</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   Table C244.2 - Cutback Bitumen Spraying Temperatures

4. The Contractor shall measure and record the temperature of the binder, using a thermometer, which is accurate to within 2.5 per cent of the correct temperature.

5. If the temperature of the bituminous material is below the applicable lower limit from Table C244.1 or Table C244.2, the bituminous material may be heated provided safe heating practices are adopted. Burners shall not be used unless the level of the material in the heating tank is at least 250 mm above the tops of the heating tubes. The Contractor shall comply with the statutory requirements related to the Rural Fires and the Local Government Acts. Two or more suitable fully-charged pressurised chemical fire extinguishers shall be placed conveniently to the heaters at all times while heating is in progress.

6. During heating, the temperature of the bituminous material shall not exceed the applicable upper limit from Table C244.1 or Table C244.2. The temperature of the bituminous material just above the heating tubes shall be checked at regular intervals to ensure that there is no local overheating.

7. Bituminous materials shall not be held at temperatures within the ranges shown in Tables C244.1 and C244.2 for periods in excess of ten hours.
8. Any bituminous material which has been overheated or stored in temperatures in Tables C244.1 and C244.2 for more than 10 hours shall not be used in the work unless sampled, retested and confirmed to be within the conformance requirements of AS 2008. Non-conforming bituminous material shall be disposed of legally and responsibly.

C244.16 PAVEMENT TEMPERATURE AND WEATHER CONDITIONS

1. The Contractor shall measure and record pavement temperatures at regular intervals during the course of the work. For this purpose, a spirit or mercury-in-glass thermometer or other suitable type of thermometer shall be placed in direct contact with the pavement and allowed to remain in position until the reading becomes steady. When a spirit or mercury-in-glass thermometer is used to measure pavement temperature, the bulb of the thermometer shall be covered from direct sunlight with a small heap of grit or similar material. Suitably calibrated infra-red thermometers may be used.

2. If the pavement is partly in sun and partly in shade, the temperatures for both conditions shall be taken and recorded.

3. Spraying primers, primerbinders and binders shall be undertaken only if the pavement temperature has been at or above 10°C for spraying for at least one hour before commencement of spraying and does not fall below 10°C for spraying during the period of spraying.

4. Spraying shall not be carried out on a wet pavement, while rain appears imminent or during high winds or dust storms.

C244.17 INCORPORATION OF CUTTER OIL, FLUX OIL AND ADHESION AGENT

(a) Cutting Back Bitumen

1. The Contractor shall determine and record the proportion of cutter oil added to each sprayer load, using MR Form 466 and based on the measured pavement temperatures.

2. The cutter oil, without being previously heated, shall be pumped into the sprayer, followed by the hot bitumen. The full sprayer load of cutback bitumen shall be circulated at a rate of at least 700 litres per minute for twenty minutes to ensure that the mixture is homogeneous.

3. If a part sprayer load of field cutback bitumen is unused on the date of mixing, and needs to be returned to the heater tanks, it shall be placed in an empty tank reserved for that purpose. No bitumen or cutter shall be added to the returned cutback bitumen unless the tank is fitted with an effective mechanical mixing system. When the returned cutback bitumen is subsequently used as part of a sprayer load, allowance shall be made for the cutter oil contained in the returned cutback bitumen.

(b) Fluxing Bitumen

1. Where flux oil is to be included, it shall be added to the bitumen in the sprayer and the mixture circulated at a rate of at least 700 litres per minute for at least twenty minutes before spraying.

(c) Bitumen Adhesion Agent

1. Where bitumen adhesion agent is to be included, it shall be added to the bitumen in the sprayer and the mixture circulated at a rate of at least 700 litres per minute for at least twenty minutes before spraying.
C244.18  APPLICATION OF PRIMER, PRIMERBINDER AND BINDER

(a)  General

1. The area to be sprayed with primerbinder or binder shall be limited to the area which can be covered with aggregate at the target application rate within fifteen minutes of spraying bitumen or cutback bitumen.

(b)  Primer and Primerbinder

1. Nominated and target application rates and quantities of primer and primerbinder shall apply to the whole material, including cutter oil, measured at 15°C. Primer, Primerbinder and Binder application rates outside the tolerances indicated in Annexure C244.B constitute a non-conformance.

2. After application of a primer, a period of at least forty-eight hours, or such longer period as determined to be necessary for the primer to become completely dry, shall elapse before the binder for a seal is applied. All traffic shall be kept off the primed surface.

3. After application of a primerbinder, a period of at least fourteen days shall elapse before the binder for a seal is applied.

(c)  Binder

1. The class of bitumen or grade of cutback bitumen shall be as specified in Annexure C244A.

2. Nominated and target application rates and quantities of binder shall be based on the volumes of bitumen measured at a temperature of 15°C and shall not include any bitumen adhesion agent and/or cutter oil. If flux oil has been added to the bitumen, the quantity of flux oil shall be included as part of the binder. Binder application rates outside the tolerances provided in Annexure C244B shall constitute a non-conformance.

3. Where bitumen adhesion agent and/or cutter oil have been added to the binder, the application rate of the total binder at 15°C shall be adjusted to allow for the quantities of bitumen adhesion agent and/or cutter oil in the mixture.

4. The Contractor shall determine the hot application rate of total binder, including bitumen adhesion agent and/or cutter oil, using MR Form 466.

5. Where refinery cutback bitumen is used as the binder, the target application rate of binder shall be increased by the Contractor to allow for the cutter oil in the mixture.

(d)  Operation of the Sprayer

1. Where the longitudinal edges of spray runs are not required to overlap, special type end nozzles must be used. Where an overlap is required, the overlap of spray between adjacent longitudinal runs shall be in the range 50-100mm for special type end nozzles. If intermediate nozzles are to be used to overlap adjacent longitudinal sprays the nozzles shall be set in the normal manner for intermediate nozzles and the overlap shall be in the range 250-350mm.

2. The spraying of primer, primerbinder or binder for each run of the sprayer shall commence on a protective strip of heavy paper weighing not less than 120 grams per square metre laid across and held securely to the pavement surface beforehand by addition of cover aggregate. The sprayer shall commence moving at a sufficient distance.
in advance of the protective strip to ensure that the road speed for correct application and correct alignment is attained at the commencement of spraying.

3. The sprayer shall maintain a uniform rate of application throughout the length of each sprayer run.

4. The spraying for each run shall terminate on a protective strip of paper laid across and held securely to the pavement surface beforehand. The width of paper at the commencement and/or termination of each run shall not be less than that endorsed on the Sprayer Certificate.

5. Spraying shall cease immediately if any defect develops in the spraying equipment and spraying shall not recommence until the fault has been rectified.

6. Where any blockage or partial blockage of nozzles occurs, spraying shall cease immediately. If the blockage is due to the condition of the binder being sprayed and is likely to re-occur, that load together with any binder from the same bulk tanker or supply unit shall not be used in the Works.

7. Where a mechanical sprayer is not able to satisfactorily spray small areas or areas of irregular shape, such areas shall be sprayed by means of the hand spray equipment attached to the sprayer. The work shall be planned so as to minimise the area sprayed by hand spray equipment.

8. After each sprayer run, the quantity of binder sprayed shall be checked against the area covered and any necessary adjustments shall be made to ensure that the target application rate is achieved in subsequent runs. If the actual application rate of binder after three runs differs by more than 5 per cent from the target application rate, the sprayer shall not be used until a new Sprayer Certificate has been obtained.

9. Areas not within 5 per cent of the target application rate of primer, primerbinder or binder shall constitute a 'nonconformance' under the Contract.

C244.19 APPLICATION AND ROLLING OF AGGREGATE

1. The application of aggregate shall proceed immediately after spraying is commenced and shall be completed within fifteen minutes of spraying bitumen or cutback bitumen.

2. Wet aggregate shall not be used.

3. The Contractor shall apply the aggregate of the specified nominal size and at the target aggregate application rate. Sufficient loaded and measured trucks of dry aggregate shall be at the site to provide full cover for the area sprayed.

4. The aggregate shall be spread uniformly over the sprayed surface by means of suitable mechanical spreading equipment.

5. Any bare or insufficiently covered areas shall be re-run by the mechanical spreader or covered by hand as necessary to give a uniform and complete coverage. Any aggregate spread in excess of the target aggregate application rate shall be removed before rolling is commenced if it is localised and can be efficiently removed by hand brooming.

6. After the aggregate has been applied to each section of the work, initial rolling shall be carried out with two or more dual axle smooth pneumatic tyred multi-wheel rollers of minimum load of one tonne per tyre and minimum tyre pressure of 550 kPa. A roller with a rubber surface drum providing equivalent compactive effort may be used in lieu of a multi-wheeled roller. Initial rolling shall continue until the aggregate is firmly embedded in the primerbinder or binder. Roller speed shall be 15-25km/h subject to safe working conditions.
7. If the aggregate is not evenly distributed over the surface of the pavement, the surface shall be traversed with a light drag broom after the initial rolling. If the broom has any tendency to dislodge aggregate particles bedded in the primerbinder or binder, the Contractor shall defer or eliminate the drag brooming. Where drag brooming is eliminated, the Contractor shall substitute light hand brooming.

8. Backrolling shall then be carried out for a minimum period of one hour per 1000 square metres sprayed for roads having a traffic volume of less than 500 vehicles per lane per day and one hour per 1500 square metres sprayed for other roads, up to a maximum of twenty-four hours after the aggregate has been applied.

9. Where a bituminous surfacing is specified with separate applications of coarse and fine aggregate on a single application of binder, the coarse aggregate shall be applied first, rolled and any necessary brooming carried out as described above, before application of the fine aggregate and its subsequent rolling and brooming. In this case, the time limits for incorporation of aggregate shall apply only to the application of the coarse aggregate.

10. When the aggregate has been evenly spread and embedded in the binder, any remaining loose particles of aggregate shall be removed from the pavement and disposed of responsibly by the Contractor.

C244.20 WORK RECORDS

1. Particulars of the work performed shall be recorded by the Contractor on a bituminous surfacing daily record form. Details of primer, primerbinder, binder and aggregate applied shall be recorded immediately after every sprayer run. Each form shall be signed by the Contractor's representative as a true record of the work performed. The Contractor shall supply to the Superintendent a copy of each completed form.

C244.21 PROTECTION OF SERVICES AND ROAD FIXTURES

1. The Contractor shall take all necessary precautions to prevent primer, primerbinder, binder, aggregate or other material used on the work from entering or adhering to gratings, hydrants or valve boxes, access chamber covers, bridge or culvert decks and other road fixtures.

2. Immediately after aggregate has been spread over the binder, the Contractor shall clean off or remove any sprayed surfacing material and leave the services and road fixtures in a condition equivalent to that existing when the Contractor commenced the sprayed surfacing work.

NONCONFORMANCE OF MATERIALS AND WORK

C244.22 GENERAL

1. If any materials supplied fail to conform to the requirements of the Contract or if any section of sprayed bituminous surfacing work fails to conform to the requirements of this Contract - whether failure of the work is due to bad workmanship, defective materials supplied by the Contractor or materials made defective by the method of operation adopted or any other cause, then such failure or failures shall constitute a 'nonconformance' under the Contract.

2. If the nonconformance is not acceptable to the Principal, the nonconforming material shall be replaced or the nonconforming section of sprayed bituminous surfacing work shall be either replaced or corrected as proposed by the Contractor, subject to the approval of the Superintendent being attained.
3. The cost of rectifying nonconformances, including any restoration work to any underlying or adjacent surface or structure, which becomes necessary as a result of such replacement or correction, shall be borne by the Contractor. Materials removed from the site by the Contractor shall be replaced with materials which conform to this Specification.

C244.23 ACCEPTANCE OF NONCONFORMANCES

1. Nonconformances of materials and work may be accepted at the absolute discretion of the Superintendent subject to deductions to the scheduled rate of the Pay Items applicable to the quantity of work incorporating the nonconforming material and work in accordance with the Clause “DEDUCTIONS”. All nonconformances not listed within the deductions clause shall be rectified to comply with this Specification as a cost to the Contractor.

2. Nonconformance related to the achieved application rates for primer, primerbinder or binder as determined from the bituminous surfacing daily record shall be dealt with by the Superintendent strictly on the basis set out below:

- Variations will be considered as departures from the design target application rates after allowing for adjustments due to adhesion agent, cutting oil, flux oil and temperature. Adjustments made on site due to surface condition and stockpile ALD dimension will also be allowed for, subject to a record of their prior approval by the Superintendent being available.

- Variations up to ±5 per cent of the adjusted design target application rate shall be deemed as conforming being within Tolerance Threshold, T1.

- Variations greater than Tolerance Threshold T1 and less than the Tolerance Threshold, T2 indicated in Annexure C244.B shall result in payment with deductions applied in accordance with Clause C244.30. Application rates outside Tolerance Threshold T2 shall be rejected.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C244.24 RESERVED
C244.25 RESERVED
C244.26 RESERVED
C244.27 RESERVED
C244.28 RESERVED
## LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

### C244.29 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C244.3 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Design of Bituminous Surfacing</td>
<td>Contractor to provide details of design to Superintendent at least 15 days before proposed commencement of work</td>
<td>C244.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Commencement of Work</td>
<td>Contractor to give 5 days notice to the Superintendent of intention to commence work</td>
<td>C244.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Sweeping of Pavement Surface</td>
<td>Sweeping shall extend at least 300mm beyond each edge of the area to be sprayed</td>
<td>C244.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Bitumen Heating (a) Bitumen Temperature</td>
<td>When incorporated with cutter oil, bitumen shall be in temperature ranges as per Table C244.1.</td>
<td>C244.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Refinery Cutback Bitumen Temperature</td>
<td>At the time of spraying shall be in temperature range as per Table C244.2.</td>
<td>C244.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Retention of Temperature</td>
<td>Bituminous materials shall not be held at temperatures within the ranges of Tables C244.1 or C244.2 for periods in excess of 10 hours.</td>
<td>C244.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Spraying Temperature (a) Pavement Temperature</td>
<td>Bituminous surfacing shall not be undertaken if the pavement temperature has not been at or above 10°C for at least one hour before commencement of spraying or if the pavement temperature falls below 10°C during the period of spraying.</td>
<td>C244.16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Contract No. XYZ**  
SPRAYED BITUMINOUS SURFACING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Cutting Back Bitumen</td>
<td>Circulation of hot bitumen and cutter oil mixture in the sprayer shall be at the rate of at least 700 litres per minute for 20 minutes.</td>
<td>C244.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Fluxing Bitumen or adding Bituminous Adhesion Agent</td>
<td>Circulation of fluxing oil or bituminous adhesion agent with hot bitumen shall be at the rate of at least 700 litres per minute for 20 minutes.</td>
<td>C244.17</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 8.   | **Application of Bituminous Material**  
(a) Spray Area | Area to be sprayed shall be limited to area which can be covered by aggregate at target application rate within 15 minutes of spraying. | C244.18 |
|      | (b) Application Rates | Application rates and quantities shall apply to a temperature of 15°C and have T1 tolerances of ±5% as set out in Clause C244.23 and T2 tolerances as set out in Annexure C244.B. | C244.18 |
|      | (c) Primer | At least a 48 hour period shall elapse after spraying of primer before binder for a seal is applied. | C244.18 |
|      | (d) Primerbinder | At least a 14 day period shall elapse after spraying of primerbinder before application of binder. | C244.18 |
| 9.   | **Application of Aggregate**  
(a) Spreading Time | Application of aggregate shall be completed within 15 minutes of spraying bitumen or cutback bitumen on each section. | C244.19 |
| 10.  | **Rolling**  
(a) Roller Numbers and Type | Initial rolling shall be carried out with two or more dual axle smooth pneumatic tyred multi-wheeled rollers. Minimum load of one tonne per tyre and minimum tyre pressure 550KPa. | C244.19 |
|      | (b) Backrolling |  
(i) For traffic volume of <500 vehicles per lane per day, backrolling for minimum of one hour per 1000 square metres sprayed.  
(ii) For traffic volume >500 vehicles per lane per day, backrolling for minimum of one hour per 1500 square metres sprayed. | C244.19 |
### Item Activity Limits/Tolerances Spec Clause

11. **Nonconformance**  
   (a) Bitumen  
   (i) Bitumen with viscosity at 60°C within the specified limits, but with other properties outside the limits specified in AS 2008, shall incur deductions. C244.30  
   (ii) For Class 170 bitumen or Class 320 bitumen having a viscosity at 60°C outside the limits specified in AS 2008, deductions shall apply. C244.30  

(b) Refinery Cutback Bitumen  
   (i) Cutback bitumen with viscosity at 60°C within the specified range according to Table 1 of AS 2157, but having any property outside the range specified by AS2157, shall incur deductions. C244.30  
   (ii) For cutback bitumen having a viscosity at 60°C outside the range specified in Table 1 of AS 2157, deductions shall apply. C244.30  

**Table C244.3 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances**
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C244.30 DEDUCTIONS

1. Nonconformances of materials and work may be accepted at the absolute discretion of the Superintendent subject to deductions to the scheduled rate of the Pay Items applicable to the quantity of work incorporating the nonconforming material.

(a) Bitumen

1. In the case of bitumen having a viscosity at 60°C within the specified limits, but having any other property outside the limits specified in AS 2008, a deduction of 2 per cent of the schedule rate for Pay Items C244(a), C244(b) and/or C244(c) shall apply.

2. In the case of Class 170 bitumen or Class 320 bitumen having a viscosity at 60°C outside the limits specified in AS 2008, the deductions shown in Table C244.4 shall apply to Pay Items C244(a), C244(b) and/or C244(c).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class 170</th>
<th>Class 320</th>
<th>Deduction (Per cent of Scheduled Rate)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 120</td>
<td>Under 220</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120 - 124</td>
<td>220 - 229</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125 - 129</td>
<td>230 - 239</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>130 - 134</td>
<td>240 - 249</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>135 - 139</td>
<td>250 - 259</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>140 - 200</td>
<td>260 - 380</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201 - 210</td>
<td>381 - 400</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>211 - 220</td>
<td>401 - 420</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>221 - 230</td>
<td>421 - 440</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>231 - 240</td>
<td>441 - 460</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 240</td>
<td>Over 460</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Viscosity shall be calculated to the nearest whole number.

Table C244.4 - Deduction for Actual Viscosity at 60°C (Pa.s)

(b) Refinery Cutback Bitumen

1. In the case of a cutback bitumen having a dynamic viscosity at 60°C within the specified range according to Table 1 of AS 2157 but having any property (other than viscosity at 60°C) outside the range specified by AS 2157, 2 percent of the schedule rate for Pay Items C244(a), C244(b) and/or C244(c) shall apply.

Viscosity variation Deductions

Superintendent’s Authority

Deductions other than Viscosity

Viscosity Variation Deductions
2. In the case of cutback bitumen having a dynamic viscosity at 60°C outside the range specified in Table 1 of AS 2157, the deductions shown below shall apply to Pay Items C244(a), C244(b) and/or C244(c):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Viscosity Variation</th>
<th>Deductions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>in range of</td>
<td>deduction 10% of scheduled rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>next adjoining grade</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>but one adjoining</td>
<td>deduction 25% of scheduled rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity beyond next but one adjoining grade</td>
<td>deduction 50% of scheduled rate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. The dynamic viscosity as determined by any method allowed by AS 2157 shall be rounded to two significant figures in the direction favouring the Contractor. The range allowed in Table 1 includes an allowance for the repeatability of the test. No attempt shall be made to include another allowance for repeatability.

4. In the case of nonconforming application rates for prime, primerbinder or binder, the deductions for variations outside the T1 Tolerance Threshold but within the T2 Tolerance Thresholds indicated in Annexure C244.B shall be applied to Pay Item C244(a), (b) and/or (c) as appropriate at 20 per cent of schedule rate.

C244.31 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification in accordance with Pay Items C244(a) to C244(f) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items will not be accepted.

3. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. The quantities shown in the Schedule of Rates are based on estimated quantities and are not to be taken as actual or correct quantities of work to be carried out.

5. Deductions to Scheduled Rates shall be applied in accordance with Clause C244.30.

6. Control of traffic is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC.

Pay Item C244(a) Supply and Spray Primer, Primerbinder (Including Preparation of Surface)

1. The unit of measurement shall be the litre measured at 15°C.

2. The quantities (in litres) shall be determined by multiplying the target application rate of the above materials (less field incorporated cutter and flux) at 15°C (in litres per square metre) by the area of road surface sprayed for each sprayer run (in square metres).

3. Payment shall be made on the target application rate exclusive of tolerances.
4. A separate scheduled rate is to be given for each type of primer and primerbinder, as nominated in the project specific Annexure C244.A:

C244(a).1  AMCOO
C244(a).2  AMCO
C244(a).3  AMC1
C244(a).4  AMC2
C244(a).5  AMC3
C244(a).6  AMC4
C244(a).7  AMC5
C244(a).8  AMC6
C244(a).9  AMC7
C244(a).10 Field Cutback Bitumen (Nett Bitumen)

Pay Item C244(b)  Supply and Spray Binder - Class 170 Bitumen (Including Adhesion Agent where required and Preparation of Surface)

1. The unit of measurement shall be the litre of Class 170 bitumen at 15°C.

2. The quantities (in litres) shall be determined by multiplying the target application rate of Class 170 bitumen at 15°C (in litres per square metre) by the area of road surface sprayed for each sprayer run (in square metres).

Pay Item C244(c)  Supply and Spray Binder - Class 320 Bitumen (Including Adhesion Agent where required and Preparation of Surface)

1. The unit of measurement shall be the litre of Class 320 bitumen at 15°C.

2. The quantities (in litres) shall be determined by multiplying the target application rate of Class 320 bitumen at 15°C (in litres per square metre) by the area of road surface sprayed for each sprayer run (in square metres).

Pay Item C244(d)  Supply, Incorporate and Spray Cutter Oil in Primer, Primerbinder Or Binder

1. The unit of measurement shall be litres of cutter oil at 15°C.

2. The quantity (in cold litres) shall be determined from the actual percentage of cutter oil to be added in the field to produce the primer, primerbinder or binder for each sprayer run and applied to the road.

Pay Item C244(e)  Supply, Incorporate and Spray Flux Oil

1. The unit of measurement shall be litres of flux oil at 15°C.

2. The quantity (in cold litres) shall be determined from the nominated percentage of flux oil to be added in the field to the primer, primerbinder or binder and applied to the surface.
Pay Item C244(f) | Supply, Precoat, Apply and Incorporate Aggregate
---|---
C244(f).1 | 5mm Aggregate
C244(f).2 | 7mm Aggregate (precoated)
C244(f).3 | 10mm Aggregate (precoated)
C244(f).4 | 14mm Aggregate (precoated)
C244(f).5 | 20mm Aggregate (precoated)

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre.

2. The quantity (in cubic metres) shall be determined by dividing the target application rate (in square metres per cubic metre [m²/m³]) by the area of road surface covered for each sprayer run (in square metres).

3. A separate unit rate shall be given for each nominal size of aggregate precoated as specified.
ANNEXURE C244.A - DETAILS OF WORK

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section Road Name</th>
<th>Prime Binder Type</th>
<th>Primer Seal Binder Type</th>
<th>Aggregate Nom. Size</th>
<th>Seal or Reseal Binder Type</th>
<th>Aggregate Nom. Size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Prime and Primer Seal Binder Type shall be indicated in this Annexure using the descriptive terms as follows:

- Very Light Prime or Primer - equivalent cut back bitumen to grade AMCO0.
- Light/Medium Prime or Primer - equivalent cutback bitumen to grade AMCO or AMC1.
- Heavy Prime or Primer - equivalent cut back bitumen to grade AMC1 or AMC2.
# ANNEXURE C244.B - BINDER DETAILS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BINDER TYPE</th>
<th>ADHESION AGENT (At 0.5% of binder) (YES/NO)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Primer, Primerbinder and Binder Application Tolerance Thresholds T2  
(Refer to Clause C244.23)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal Aggregate Size (mm)</th>
<th>Tolerance Thresholds T2 expressed as ± percentages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0mm Prime</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# SPECIFICATION C244 - SPRAYED BITUMINOUS SURFACING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLAUSE</th>
<th>CONTENTS</th>
<th>PAGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>## GENERAL</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C244.01</td>
<td>SCOPE</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>C244.02</td>
<td>REFERENCE DOCUMENTS</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C244.03</td>
<td>CONTROL OF TRAFFIC</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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| C244.07 | OILS FOR REDUCING VISCOSITY OF BITUMEN | 3 |
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| C244.09 | GENERAL | 4 |

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C244.B BINDER DETAILS
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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<td>JW</td>
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## SPECIFICATION C245
### ASPHALTIC CONCRETE

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C245C  ASPHALT AND BINDER TYPES
SPECIFICATION C245: ASPHALTIC CONCRETE

GENERAL

C245.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the design, production and placing of asphalt including the supply of materials, sampling, testing and any other operations necessary to provide asphalt in accordance with the provisions of the Contract. Asphalt produced to the requirements of this Specification is not routinely considered appropriate for heavy duty traffic application which is considered to comprise more than 300 commercial vehicles per lane per day. The extent of the Contractor's work shall include:

(a) Sampling and testing of materials and the design of asphalt mixes required by the Contract.
(b) Manufacture of the production mix.
(c) Provision of a testing laboratory.
(d) Preparation of the surface on which asphalt is to be placed.
(e) Transport of asphalt.
(f) Laying and compaction of asphalt.
(g) Sampling and testing.

2. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C245.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications
   201 - Control of Traffic

(b) Australian Standards
   AS 1141.11 - Particle size distribution by dry sieving.
   AS 1141.14 - Particle shape, by proportional calliper.
   AS 1141.18 - Crushed particles in coarse aggregate derived from gravel.
   AS 1141.22 - Wet/dry strength variation.
   AS 1141.42 - Pendulum friction test (PAFV)
   AS 1160 - Bitumen emulsions for the construction and maintenance of pavements.
   AS 2008 - Residual bitumen for pavements.
   AS 2150 - Hot mix asphalt.
   AS 2357 - Mineral fillers for asphalt.
   AS 2734 - Asphalt (hot-mixed) paving - Guide to good practice.

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ASPHALTIC CONCRETE

AS 2758.5 - Asphalt aggregates.
AS 2891.1 - Sampling of Asphalt.
AS 2891.3.1 - Bitumen content and aggregate grading - Reflux method.
AS 2891.5 - Determination of stability and flow - Marshall procedure.
AS 2891.6 - Determination of stability by the modified Hubbard-Field procedure.
AS 2891.8 - Voids and density relationships for compacted asphalt mixes.
AS 2891.9.3 - Determination of bulk density of compacted asphalt - Mensuration method.
AS 2891.10 - Water and volatile oils content.

(c) NSW RTA Test Methods

T640 - Resistance to Stripping Test

(d) AUSTROADS

Test Methods
MBT 11 - Handling Viscosity of Polymer Modified Binders (Thermosel).
MBT 21 - Elastic Recovery, Consistency and Stiffness of Polymer Modified Binders (ARRB TR Elastometer).
MBT 22 - Torsional Recovery of Polymer Modified Binders.
MBT 31 - Softening Point Test for Polymer Modified Binders

Other

C245.03 PLANT

1. The Contractor shall provide all the plant, equipment and labour necessary for carrying out the work in accordance with this Specification. **Contractor's Responsibility**

2. All plant and equipment used on the work shall be in accordance with the Contractor's submitted quality documentation and kept in good operating condition. The Contractor shall not use in the work any plant or equipment demonstrated to be faulty in operation so as to effect the product quality or unsafe in operation as assessed by the Superintendent. **Plant to be Suitable**

3. All plant shall be registered and insured as appropriate to its use on a public road and shall comply with statutory environmental regulations.

C245.04 PROTECTION OF SERVICES AND ROAD FIXTURES

1. The Contractor shall take all necessary precautions to prevent asphalt or other material used on the work from entering or adhering to gratings, hydrants or valve boxes, access chamber covers, bridge or culvert decks and other road fixtures. Immediately after the asphalt has been spread the Contractor shall clean off or remove any such material as directed by the Superintendent and leave the services and road fixtures in a condition satisfactory to the Superintendent. **Contractor's Responsibility**

C245.05 CONTROL OF TRAFFIC

1. The Contractor shall provide for traffic in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC while undertaking the work. **Provision for Traffic**

2. Any costs incurred as a result of the supply of labour and materials complying with the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC shall be borne by the Contractor. **Contractor's Cost**
3. The Contractor shall take all necessary steps to avoid or minimise delays and inconvenience to road users during the course of the work but without compromise to the safety of the road users or employees.

C245.06 WORK RECORDS

1. Particulars of the work performed shall be recorded by the Contractor on the Asphalt Work Record attached as Annexure C245A or as per the Contractor's own procedures where equivalent. The Contractor shall complete the Asphalt Work Record, which shall be countersigned by the Superintendent each day as a true record of the work performed. A copy shall be supplied to the Superintendent.

2. Delivery dockets stating the mass of each truck load of asphalt shall be attached to the Asphalt Work Record.

MATERIALS

C245.07 GENERAL

1. Unless otherwise directed by this Specification, materials or mix ingredients shall be sampled in accordance with AS 2891.1.

2. The types of asphalt and binder required in the contract are as stated in Annexure C245C.

C245.08 AGGREGATES

1. Aggregates shall be of uniform quality and grading. Aggregates complying with the requirements of this Clause when combined with the mineral filler shall be capable of achieving the asphalt properties required by this Specification.

(a) Coarse Aggregate

1. Coarse aggregate shall comply with AS 2758.5 and comprise all mineral matter retained on a AS 4.75 mm sieve. Coarse aggregate shall consist of clean, dry, hard, tough and sound crushed rock, metallurgical slag or gravel, be of uniform quality and be free from dust, clay, dirt or other matter deleterious to asphalt.

2. The grading of the coarse aggregate used in the work shall be determined in accordance with AS 1141.11.

3. If the Contractor proposes to blend two or more coarse aggregates from different sources to provide the Nominated Mix then Test Reports for each constituent material shall be submitted separately. The coarse aggregate from each source shall comply with the following requirements:

   (a) Wet Strength - AS 1141.22.
       Shall be not less than 100 kN for any fraction except the wet strength required for any fraction of open graded asphalt shall not be less than 150 kN.

   (b) Wet/Dry Strength Variation - AS 1141.22
       Shall not exceed 35 per cent for any fraction or constituent.
(c) Particle Shape - AS 1141.14

The proportion of misshapen particles in the source retained on the 9.50mm AS sieve shall not exceed 35 per cent using a calliper ratio of 2:1 and shall not exceed 10 per cent using a calliper ratio of 3:1.

(d) Fractured (Crushed) Faces of Coarse Aggregate - AS 1141.18

Aggregate which is from a gravel or river deposit and which is retained on a 6.70mm AS sieve shall consist of at least 75 per cent by mass of particles with at least two fractured faces and when used in the wearing course shall have at least 90 per cent by mass of particles with at least one fractured face. The area of each fractured face shall be a significant proportion of the total surface area of the particle.

4. When tested in accordance with AS 1141.42 aggregate shall be rejected if the Polishing Aggregate Friction Value (PAFV) for the aggregate is less than 44.

(b) Fine Aggregate

1. Fine aggregate comprises all mineral matter (other than filler) passing the 4.75mm AS sieve. It shall consist of clean, hard, tough and sound grains, free of coatings or loose particles of clay, silt or other matter deleterious to asphalt. The fine aggregate shall consist of natural sand or a mixture of natural sand and material derived from the crushing of sound stone or gravel conforming to the requirement in this clause.

2. If the Contractor proposes to blend two or more fine aggregates from different sources to provide the Nominated Mix then Test Reports for each constituent material shall be submitted separately.

C245.09 MINERAL FILLER

1. Mineral filler may consist of hydrated lime, fly ash, portland cement, flue dust from the manufacture of portland cement or plant baghouse dust. The nature and proportion of filler shall conform to the requirement of the Nominated Mix design.

2. The mineral filler shall comply in all other respects with the requirements of AS 2357.

C245.10 BINDER

1. The binder supplied and used in the works shall be bitumen complying with AS 2008 except where other binders are required in accordance with the requirements of Clause C245.10(b) or C245.10(c).

(a) Bitumen

1. The bitumen/binder used in the works shall be as specified in Annexure C245C.

(b) Other Binders

1. Where included in the mix design these binders shall be incorporated in the works in accordance with the requirements of this Specification.

2. Where other binders are produced by the inclusion of an additive at the time of manufacture of the asphalt, the mixing time shall be adjusted to assure full digestion of the additive and uniform coating of all aggregate particles.

(c) Modified Bitumens

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1. Polymer modified bitumens (PMBs) shall be nominated by the pavement designer in accordance with AUSTROADS Specification AP-T04 to indicate type and grade and entered into Annexure C245C on a site specific basis. Typical PMBs and key performance parameters are indicated in Table C245.1. The use of PMBs in a nominated asphalt mix is considered as an extension of the nomination of a compliant mix as set out in Clause C245.14 of this Specification.

2. The binder shall be pumped and stored at the manufacturer's recommended temperatures.

3. For polymer modified bitumens all blending of materials (with the exception of bitumen adhesion agent) shall be carried out in the manufacturer's premises before dispatch. Materials shall not be blended in a road tanker or sprayer. The polymer modifiers shall be compatible in mixing with bitumen complying with AS 2008.

4. Polymer modifier shall be incorporated within bitumen in such a way so as to comply with manufacturer's guidelines regarding concentration, mixing temperatures or other restrictions relating to workplace safety.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>A30P</th>
<th>A15E</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consistency on ER at 60°C (Pa.s)</td>
<td>1500 min</td>
<td>8000 min</td>
<td>MBT 21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torsional Recovery at 25°C (%)</td>
<td>12 min</td>
<td>58 min</td>
<td>MBT 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity at 165°C (Pa.s)</td>
<td>0.75 max</td>
<td>0.9 max</td>
<td>MBT 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Softening Point °C</td>
<td>60 min</td>
<td>82 min</td>
<td>MBT 31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: For the purpose of assessing compliance with this Table samples shall be heated to 135°C without high shear mixing and immediately cast into test moulds, unless otherwise specifically required by the test method.

Table C245.1 - Typical Specified Properties for Polymer Modified Bitumens for Roads with less than 300 commercial vehicles per lane per day.

5. Hubbard-Field and Marshall stability requirements shown in Table C245.2 shall not apply when a polymer modified bitumen binder is nominated in the mix design.

C245.11 BITUMEN ADHESION AGENT

1. A bitumen adhesion agent, if required, shall be added to the binder. Details of the proposed bitumen adhesion agent shall be submitted for the Superintendent's approval. The bitumen adhesion agent shall be used in a manner compatible with the manufacturer's recommendations. The bitumen adhesion agent shall be added at a concentration within the range 0.5 per cent to 1.0 per cent by mass of the binder.

C245.12 BITUMEN EMULSION

1. The bitumen emulsion shall be cationic rapid setting CRS170 bitumen emulsion complying with the requirements of AS 1160.

2. Plant and/or containers used for the transport or storage of anionic emulsion or emulsified bitumen shall not be used for the subsequent transport or storage of a cationic emulsion.
C245.13 RECLAIMED ASPHALT PAVEMENT (RAP)

1. Dense graded asphalt that does not include modified bitumen may include a proportion of RAP up to but not exceeding 20 per cent by mass. The resultant asphalt shall meet all requirements for the Nominated Mix.

2. The RAP to be utilised shall be nominated by source and/or stockpile. Testing of the Nominated Mix shall include RAP sampled from the stockpile and of similar physical properties as that to be utilised for the contract. Any change in RAP supply shall be brought to the attention of the Superintendent 5 days prior to proposed usage in asphalt under this contract.

C245.14 NOMINATED MIX

1. The Contractor shall design each asphalt mix, henceforth called the 'Nominated Mix', within the limits shown in Table C245.2 and Table C245.3.

2. The Contractor shall provide a Certificate from a laboratory with appropriate NATA registration stating that each Nominated Mix and its constituents meet the requirements of this Specification. All relevant test results shall accompany the Certificate. All phases of any particular test must be performed at one laboratory. The Certificate shall confirm that the required testing has been carried out in the twelve month period before the date of submission to the Superintendent.

3. Details of the Nominated Mix shall be submitted to the Superintendent at least twenty one days before the placing of asphalt. The Nominated Mix information shall include combined aggregate grading and binder content, proportions of constituent materials used (including adhesion agent), gradings of aggregate and filler, and type and sources of aggregates, rap, filler, and binder. Submission of such details constitutes a HOLD POINT. Superintendent’s approval is required prior to release of the hold point.

4. The Contractor shall nominate the mix design test regime for Stability/Flow and Voids as either Marshall or Modified Hubbard-Field testing. Thereafter the appropriate test parameters set out in Table C245.2 will be assigned as requirements.

5. If any revision is necessary, then the costs associated with revision of the Nominated Mix and testing of the revised Nominated Mix in accordance with this clause shall be borne by the Contractor.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>5mm (AC5)</th>
<th>10mm (AC10)</th>
<th>14mm (AC14)</th>
<th>20mm (AC20)</th>
<th>Type A</th>
<th>Type B</th>
<th>Type R</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aggregate passing AS Sieve (% by mass)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53.0mm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
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<td>9.50mm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>6.70mm</td>
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<td>4.75mm</td>
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</tr>
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<td>2.36mm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>0.150mm</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.075mm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Binder content (% by mass of total asphalt mix)*</td>
<td>5.6-6.8</td>
<td>5.1-6.4</td>
<td>4.8-6.2</td>
<td>4.6-6.1</td>
<td>6.0-7.0</td>
<td>5.6-6.8</td>
<td>6.5-7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stability of the compacted asphalt mix (kN)</td>
<td>18-34</td>
<td>18-34</td>
<td>18-34</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min as per Marshall Method (at 35 blows) (AS 2891.5)</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>3.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voids in compacted asphalt mix (% of voids in volume of mix) (AS 2891.8)</td>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>4.7</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>3.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>As per Marshall Method</td>
<td>4.6 (50 blows)</td>
<td>4.6 (50 blows)</td>
<td>4.6 (50 blows)</td>
<td>4.6 (50 blows)</td>
<td>3.5 (35 blows)</td>
<td>3.5 (35 blows)</td>
<td>3.5 (35 blows)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voids filled by binder (% voids in the total mineral aggregate to be filled by binder)</td>
<td>65-80</td>
<td>65-80</td>
<td>65-80</td>
<td>65-80</td>
<td>60-85</td>
<td>60-85</td>
<td>60-85</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Flow (mm) of compacted mix #  
(35 blow Marshall)                               | 1.5-4.0 | 1.5-4.0 | 1.5-4.0 | 1.5-4.0 | 2-6 | 2-6 | 2-6 |

**NOTE:**

* Some increase beyond these ranges of binder content may be permitted for aggregates having unusually high absorption characteristics. Superintendent's approval is required for such adjustments.

** This requirement only where Marshall Method of Testing is used.

** Type A and B are suitable for residential streets, car parks and commercial driveways carrying light traffic. Type R is suitable for footpaths, cycleways and recreation areas.

o Higher filler/binder ratios may be approved by the Superintendent when evidence of local usage and satisfactory performance is submitted with the mix design.

Table C245.2 - Limits for Design of Nominated Mix - Dense Graded Asphalt (AC)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>10mm (OG10)</th>
<th>14mm (OG14)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Method AS 2891.3.3: Combined Particle size distribution passing AS Sieve (% by mass)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53.0mm</td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37.5mm</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>85-100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26.5mm</td>
<td>85-100</td>
<td>65-95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.0mm</td>
<td>50-80</td>
<td>35-75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.2mm</td>
<td>25-55</td>
<td>15-45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.50mm</td>
<td>10-35</td>
<td>3-25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.70mm</td>
<td>0-19</td>
<td>0-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.75mm</td>
<td>#</td>
<td>#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.36mm</td>
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<td>#</td>
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<tr>
<td>1.18mm</td>
<td>#</td>
<td>#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.600mm</td>
<td>#</td>
<td>#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.300</td>
<td>#</td>
<td>#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.150mm</td>
<td>#</td>
<td>#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.075</td>
<td>#</td>
<td>#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Test Method AS 2891.3.1:</strong> Binder Content (% by mass of total asphalt mix)</td>
<td>3.8-5.7</td>
<td>3.4-5.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Test Methods AS 2891.5, AS 2891.6, AS 2891.9.3:</strong> Voids in laboratory compacted asphalt mix (% voids of the volume of the asphalt mix)</td>
<td>18-23</td>
<td>18-23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NOTE:</strong> Some increase beyond these ranges of bitumen content may be permitted for aggregates having unusually high absorption characteristics. Superintendent’s approval is required for such adjustments.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># For each sieve given on the left hand side of the table, even when no particle size distribution shall be given in the submission of the Nominated Mix and in the reporting of trial and production mixes.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C245.3
Quality Requirements for Open Graded Asphalt
C245.15 APPROVED MIX

1. When a Nominated Mix has been approved by the Superintendent it shall be known as the ‘Approved Mix’. Work shall not commence until an asphalt mix has been approved by the Superintendent upon inspection of all relevant NATA documentation as required by this Specification.

2. The Contractor shall not make any changes to the Approved Mix, or constituent materials without the prior written approval of the Superintendent. If any such change is proposed, then the Contractor shall provide details of the Nominated Mix and materials, in accordance with Clause C245.14.

3. Notwithstanding any approval given by the Superintendent to a proposed asphalt mix, the Contractor shall be responsible for producing asphalt which satisfies all requirements of this Specification.

C245.16 REQUIREMENTS OF PRODUCTION MIX

1. Asphalt produced in the plant and delivered to the site shall be known as the ‘production mix’.

2. The production mix shall comply with the materials and mix requirements cited in this specification as assurance to the Principal of quality processes and materials. Additionally the mix shall display the following key performance requirements at delivery and during laying:

   (a) The mix shall not show evidence of segregation of aggregate after mixing, transport or paving.

   (b) Mix that is not homogeneous and is observed to be “fatty” (bitumen rich) or “bony” (coarse and porous) shall be excluded from the work lots at the Contractor’s expense.

   (c) The workability and compactability of the mix as delivered shall be consistent and compatible with the capacity of paving and compaction equipment on site.

3. Asphalt, as produced during the course of the contract, shall comply with the requirements shown in Table C245.4 and Table C245.5 unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

4. Asphalt produced in the plant shall comply with “voids” requirements set out in Table C245.2.
C245.17 MIXING PROCEDURE

(a) Plant

1. Mixing shall be undertaken in an approved batch pugmill, continuous pugmill or drum mixing plant, as specified in the Contractor's Quality Documentation and nominated at tender and capable of uniformly mixing coarse and fine aggregate, filler, and binder to meet the requirements specified in this Specification and AS 2150.
(b) Inspection of Mixing Plant

1. The Superintendent, upon provision of notice to the asphalt supplier or the supplier’s representative, shall have access to the mixing plant for purposes of inspection to verify production procedures and the supplier’s compliance with the Contractor’s Quality Management Manual and Project Quality Plan. The Superintendent shall have the right to declare any nonconformance and shall be entitled to request correction of either the Contractor’s Quality Management Manual or the Project Quality Plan or both.

(c) Temperature

1. Plant temperatures shall be maintained in a range sufficient to ensure a homogeneous asphalt without causing deleterious effects to the binder through overheating. Temperatures shall be in the ranges shown in Table C245.6. For asphalt made with other binders complying with Clause C245.10, the temperatures shall be in accordance with manufacturer’s recommendation.

2. In special cases, the Superintendent may permit a lower temperature for manufacture, but in no circumstances shall the temperature of the asphalt at the time of laying be less than the minimum value specified in Clause C245.24(c) for the appropriate road surface temperature and layer thickness.

3. The asphalt temperature shall be measured as soon as practical after the asphalt leaves the pugmill, drum and/or the hot storage bin(s).

4. The asphalt produced in a drum mixing plant shall have a moisture content not greater than 0.5 per cent by mass when tested in accordance with AS 2891.10.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TYPE OF ASPHALT</th>
<th>DENSE GRADED ASPHALT</th>
<th>OPEN GRADED ASPHALT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Class 170</td>
<td>Class 320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type of Binder</strong></td>
<td>140</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Min. Binder Temp. (°C)</strong></td>
<td>165</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Max. Binder Temp. (°C)</strong></td>
<td>140</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Min. Asphalt Temp. (°C)</strong></td>
<td>165</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Max. Asphalt Temp. (°C)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C245.6
Temperatures for Manufacture of the Asphalt

* Minimum values may need to be adjusted to conform to minimum laying temperature as stated within Table C245.8

(d) Mixing Time

1. Mixing time shall be such that all particles of aggregate are uniformly coated with binder.

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(e) Storage of Asphalt

1. Asphalt may be stored in an insulated storage bin prior to delivery. Asphalt which has been stored for more than twenty four hours or is below the minimum temperature specified in Table C245.6 shall not be used. Binder manufacturer’s instructions must be followed when polymer modified asphalt is stored.

(f) Contractor’s Laboratory

1. The Contractor shall maintain and operate an appropriately registered NATA testing laboratory at or near the mixing plant to control the quality of the asphalt produced.

2. The Contractor will make the laboratory available for inspection by the Superintendent at any time during the course of the Works.

3. All documented test results shall be submitted to the Superintendent for inspection and approval in a format and to a timetable suitable to the Superintendent.

4. The cost of testing required by this Specification shall be borne by the Contractor.

C245.18 SAMPLING AND TESTING OF PRODUCTION MIX

(a) Responsibility for Sampling

1. The Contractor shall be responsible for taking samples and shall supply all facilities, equipment and labour for that purpose. The samples shall be taken by the Contractor. The costs associated with taking samples of production mix shall be borne by the Contractor.

(b) Frequency of Sampling

1. For the purpose of testing production mix the Contractor shall sample production lots at the minimum frequencies set out in Table C245.7. This testing frequency requirement shall apply to each asphalt mix type and individual mix design. The test results shall be related to production intervals with samples representing the full lot of production of the relevant mix for the production interval. This interval shall extend from the midpoint of production in terms of tonnage between samples to the subsequent midpoint. The production lot represented by the samplings shall consist of material manufactured under essentially uniform conditions being essentially homogeneous with respect to manufacturing equipment and raw materials.

2. Test results from this production control sampling are acceptable as representative of deliveries made under this contract subject to the traceability of production from specific production intervals to the location at the paving site. Such traceability shall include registration of lot number and time of production on the delivery docket system. The size of any production lot shall be limited to production from a 12 hour “shift”.

3. Where the Principal has special requirements for sampling and testing of particular mixes the required frequency of testing and the taking of referee samples shall be set out in Annexure C245C. Referee samples are to be taken, secured and labelled for identification in sealed containers by the asphalt supplier and made available under Principal’s instruction for confirmation testing if required.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity of Asphalt in production lot</th>
<th>Minimum Frequency of Testing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 100 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 50 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101 to 300 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 100 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>301 to 600 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 150 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 600 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 200 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C245.7 Minimum Testing Frequencies for Asphalt Production

4. Additionally the Resistance to Stripping Test, RTA Test T640, shall be carried out on all production mixes at a frequency of one test per mix per 5000 tonnes production or once per calendar month whichever is the most frequent. The Tensile Strength Ratio shall be greater than 70 per cent for all mixes. Where Tensile Strength Ratio is between 70 and 80 per cent corrective action shall be proposed by the Contractor including corrections to the mix design. Such advice shall be provided by the Contractor within a period of 48 hours from a result in the range 70-80 per cent which is deemed marginal.

(c) Sampling

1. Sampling shall be performed in accordance with AS 2891.1. Samples shall be identified so as to allow traceability of the mix to the paving site. Each sample or sample portion as appropriate sampled as a referee sample shall be stored in an airtight container labelled so as to be traceable to the job and paving site location.

(d) Testing

1. Testing required by this Clause shall be arranged by the Contractor at an appropriately registered NATA laboratory. Test reports will be made available to the Superintendent as soon as they are available and always within 7 days of delivery of material. The Tensile Strength Ratio shall be greater than 70 per cent for all mixes. Where Tensile Strength Ratio is between 70 and 80 per cent corrective action shall be proposed by the Contractor including corrections to the mix design. Such advice shall be provided by the Contractor within a period of 48 hours from a result in the range 70-80 per cent which is deemed marginal.

2. The cost of such testing shall be borne by the Contractor.

TRANSPORT

C245.19 GENERAL

1. The bodies of haulage trucks shall be kept clean and coated with a thin film of an approved release agent to prevent asphalt sticking to the body of the truck. Any surplus release agent shall be removed before loading.

2. During transport asphalt shall be covered with a canvas or other suitable cover which is held down securely.

3. When the mix whose transportation time exceeds 30 minutes, is to be transported over long distances (in excess of 20 kilometres), or is transported in cold conditions (air temperature below 15°C), the mix shall be covered with a heavy duty canvas or similar waterproof cover which shall overlap the sides of the truck body by at least 250mm and shall be tied down securely. The bodies of all trucks shall be suitably insulated.

4. Delivery of the asphalt shall be at a uniform rate within the capacity of the spreading and compacting equipment.

5. The mass of all truck-loads of asphalt shall be measured on a registered

Registered Laboratory

Release Agent

Cover of Load

Long Distance

Delivery Rate

Weighbridge
PLACING

C245.20 GENERAL

1. The type and size of asphalt and the surface levels and thickness for each layer of asphalt shall be as shown in the Drawings.

2. Placing of asphalt shall not be permitted when the surface of the road is wet or while rain appears imminent, or when cold winds chill the asphalt to such an extent that, in the opinion of the Superintendent, spreading and compaction will be adversely affected.

3. The Superintendent may order work to cease temporarily on account of adverse weather, unsatisfactory pavement surface condition, or other circumstance which the Superintendent feels may adversely affect the subsequent operations.

C245.21 PREPARATION OF PAVEMENT

(a) Cleaning of Surface

1. The existing surface shall be dry, clean and free from any loose stones, dirt and foreign matter. The surface shall be swept beyond the edge of the proposed asphalt layer by at least 300mm. Any foreign matter adhering to the pavement and not swept off shall be removed by other means. Any areas significantly affected by oil contamination shall be cleaned to the satisfaction of the Superintendent. Whilst preparing the surface the Contractor shall be responsible for compliance with environmental requirements including but not limited to prevention of materials from entering stormwater drains and dust.

2. Surface preparation shall be in accordance with AS 2734. Thermoplastic linemarking or other linemarking, where indicated necessary by the Superintendent in Annexure C245C, will be removed prior to paving. Raised pavement markers shall be removed prior to paving.

3. The Contractor, when paving over existing road pavement, shall be responsible for the recording of lane marking positions including the extent of barrier line. After paving the Contractor will mark up the pavement to re-establish such positions using conventions agreed with the Superintendent and to a standard adequate to allow accurate re-establishment of line marking.

(b) Rectification of Pavement Surface

1. The Contractor shall repair any damage to the existing pavement surface caused by the Contractor's activities. Affected areas designated by the Superintendent shall be removed and reinstated to the Superintendent's satisfaction. The cost of repairing such damage shall be borne by the Contractor.

2. Surface depressions of greater depth than twice the permissible tolerance (specified in Clause C245.31) of the layer are to be tack coated and squared where necessary, filled with fresh asphalt of appropriate nominal size in accordance with Table C245.9 and compacted before the subsequent course is placed. The asphalt in these patches shall be compacted to comply with the general level of the existing surface to the Superintendent's satisfaction.

3. When the optional “Preparation of Surface Hold Point” is required as indicated in Annexure C245C, placing of asphalt shall not be undertaken until the pavement has been prepared to the satisfaction of the Superintendent. Preparation of the affected area to the satisfaction of the Superintendent shall constitute a HOLD POINT. Subsequent inspection and Superintendent’s approval of surface condition shall be required prior to
the release of the hold point.

C245.22 TACK COAT

1. The whole of the area to be sheeted with asphalt shall be tack coated with a light and even coat of bitumen emulsion. Where multiple courses are to be applied a tack coat shall be used between each course unless directed otherwise by the Superintendent. Placement

2. The bitumen emulsion shall be applied at a rate of between 0.10 litres per square metre and 0.20 litres per square metre of undiluted bitumen. Application Rate

3. The bitumen emulsion shall be applied by a mechanical sprayer with spray bar. Where the areas to be sprayed are small, irregular or inaccessible to mechanical sprayers, such areas shall be tack coated by hand spraying or brushing. Mechanical Sprayer

4. The bitumen emulsion may be warmed or diluted with water to facilitate spraying. Where application of tack coat, due to surface depressions, shall be removed or dispersed by brushing. Application

5. All contact surfaces of kerbs and other structures and all cold joints shall be coated with a thin uniform application of tack coat. Contact Surfaces

6. Care shall be taken to ensure that bitumen emulsion is not sprayed on, or allowed to coat any services or exposed fixtures including concrete kerbs, guardfence or bridge handrails. Appurtenances susceptible to overspray shall be protected with suitable paper. Surface Protection

7. When trucks or other vehicles are likely to move from tack coated areas onto adjacent finished surfaces, the Superintendent may require that the finished surfaces be suitably protected from carryover of bituminous material. Truck Movements

8. In locations of heavy pedestrian traffic, such as shopping areas, the Contractor shall take appropriate precautions in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC to keep pedestrians off tack coated areas. Pedestrian Control

C245.23 LAYING

(a) Paver

1. The paver(s) shall be expected to have a minimum spreading capacity of 50 tonnes of asphalt per hour and be capable of spreading a width of at least 3.7m to the requirements of this Specification. It shall be expected to have automatic screed control operated from joint matching shoe, fixed line, travelling straight edge or levelling beam. The Contractor shall provide the Superintendent with notice of proposed pavers without these capabilities and obtain Superintendent’s agreement to their use. Capacity of Configuration

(b) Laying Operations

1. The paver shall operate at a uniform speed and the delivery of asphalt shall match the output of the paver such that continuous laying of asphalt is achieved. Continuous Laying

2. In the event of faulty operation of the paver causing irregularities in the spread asphalt, work shall cease until the fault is rectified. Irregularities in Laying

3. Unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent, asphalt shall not be spread by hand behind the paver. Workers shall not stand or walk on the hot surface until compaction has been completed except where necessary for correction of the surface. Worker Control
5. The Superintendent may approve spreading asphalt by hand for minor correction of the existing surface and in areas inaccessible to mechanical pavers.

6. Asphalt shall not be placed when the surface of the pavement is wet or while rain appears imminent.

7. AS 2734 shall constitute a valid reference of good practice for asphalt laying practice.

(c) Laying Temperature

1. For asphalts made with Class 170 or 320 bitumen the minimum asphalt temperatures at the time of discharge into the paver shall be as shown in Table C245.8. Measurement may be made by calibrated infra-red thermometers when accepted by both Contractor and Superintendent.

2. For asphalt made with other binders complying with Clause C245.10(b) or C245.10(c), the minimum asphalt temperature for laying shall be as directed by Table C245.6 or based upon manufacturer’s instruction.

3. The Superintendent may not allow asphalt to be laid outside the specified limits for wind velocities as specified in Table C245.8.

4. The Superintendent may reject that part of any truck load which contains lumps of cooled asphalt which are liable to affect the quality of the finished surface.

5. The laying temperature of open graded asphalt shall not exceed 140°C unless a polymer modified binder is used in which case the Superintendent shall adopt the temperature based on manufacturer’s instruction. Any asphalt exceeding this temperature shall be rejected.

6. The laying temperature shall be measured in the paver hopper. A suitable stem type thermometer readable and accurate to within plus or minus 2°C with a range from at least 0°C to 200°C shall be used. The stem shall be inserted into the asphalt to a depth of approximately 200mm at a location at least 300mm from the side of the paver. The average of two readings shall be adopted as the temperature of the mix. Measurements of asphalt and road surface temperatures and wind velocity to comply with this Clause shall be recorded on the Asphalt Work Record Sheet.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Binder Type</th>
<th>Road Surface Temperature in Shade (°C)</th>
<th>Binder Type</th>
<th>Minimum Asphalt Temperatures (°C) for Laying</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Layer Thickness Less than 30mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class 170</td>
<td>5-10</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&amp; Class 320</td>
<td>10-15</td>
<td>150#</td>
<td>140#</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bitumen</td>
<td>over 25</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SBS polymer</td>
<td>15-25</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>modified</td>
<td>over 25</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bitumen</td>
<td>**</td>
<td></td>
<td>**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: *

Layers thinner than 45mm shall not be placed when the pavement temperature is below 10°C for dense graded and polymer modified asphalt mixes and 15°C for all open graded asphalt.

** For other polymers the minimum temperatures as directed by the Superintendent.

# Laying not permitted if wind velocity across the pavement exceeds 5 km/hr.

## Laying not permitted if wind velocity across the pavement exceeds 15 km/h.

Table C245.8
Minimum Asphalt Temperatures for Laying

(d) **Level Control**

1. Where Annexure C245B - Schedule of Details calls for level control the following minimum requirements shall be observed. The procedure shall be reported to the Superintendent at least 1 working day in advance of operations at any site. Additional controls may be necessary to obtain the required finished pavement properties.

2. Target levels will be established on site by way of pegs, stringline, wire or previously constructed kerb and gutter (channel) or similar physical longitudinal control. Such target levels will be made available for Superintendent’s inspection.

3. Corrective course shall be automatically controlled by programmed computer control of the paver, joint matching shoe or stringline sensor. Where the correction is only minor, the Superintendent may allow the use of levelling beams.

4. Intermediate courses shall be automatically controlled by programmed computer control of the paver or a joint matching shoe.

5. The wearing course shall be controlled by levelling beams or a joint matching shoe. When identified in the Project Quality Plan and/or approved by the Superintendent, small areas (as defined) may be paved as wearing course to target levels indicated by pegs or pavement markings.

6. The Contractor is at all times responsible for selection of the procedure for paving subject to the minimal requirements set out in this Clause. The Contractor’s procedure shall ensure the accuracy of the resultant pavement levels and their compliance with the Level Accuracy requirements.
(e) Layer Thickness

1. The compacted thickness of each course shall be as shown on the Drawings. A course may comprise one or more layers. The nominal compacted layer thickness adopted in designs or instructions shall be in accordance with Table C245.9.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal Size of Asphalt (mm)</th>
<th>Compacted Layer Thickness (mm)</th>
<th>Type of Work</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>15 to 25</td>
<td>Wearing course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>25 to 40</td>
<td>Wearing course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>35 to 50</td>
<td>Wearing course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>25 to 40</td>
<td>Intermediate course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>35 to 50</td>
<td>Intermediate course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>50 to 80</td>
<td>Intermediate course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>10 to 25</td>
<td>Corrective course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>20 to 35</td>
<td>Corrective course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>30 to 45</td>
<td>Corrective course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>40 to 70</td>
<td>Corrective course</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C245.9 - Course and Layer Thickness

2. Minimum compacted thickness and maximum compacted thickness for each asphalt layer as constructed shall be in accordance with the requirements set out in Annexure C245C for each site.

C245.24 JOINTS

(a) General

1. The location of longitudinal and transverse joints shall be as approved by the Superintendent and at the spacing nominated in the Drawings. All joints shall be compacted and finished with a smooth, planar surface coinciding with, and being of similar appearance to the remainder of the layer.

(b) Longitudinal Joints

1. An automatically controlled joint matching device shall be used to control the levels of adjacent runs. Care shall be taken to provide positive bond between adjoining runs. Longitudinal joints shall be:

   (a) continuous and parallel.
   (b) coincident within 150mm of line of change in crossfall.
   (c) offset by at least 150mm from joints in underlying layers.
   (d) located away from traffic wheel paths.
   (e) located beneath proposed traffic linemarkings in the case of a wearing course.

2. Work shall be arranged to avoid longitudinal joint faces being left exposed overnight.

3. When pavers are laying asphalt so as to produce "hot joint", this joint shall be constructed by leaving an uncompacted strip approximately 150mm wide along the edge of the first run, and after the adjoining run has been spread, both sides of the joint shall be rolled simultaneously.
4. A joint shall be considered ‘cold’ when the temperature of the asphalt has dropped below 60°C for dense graded mix and below 50°C for open graded mix. Cold joints will require tack coating.

(c) Transverse Joints

1. When the end of the asphalt layer has cooled due to disruption of the work, or when resuming work on the next day, a transverse joint shall be formed.

2. Transverse joints shall be at right angles to the direction of laying. They shall be staggered by at least 1.0m between successive layers and between adjacent runs.

3. Runs shall end either against a timber bulkhead to ensure a straight vertical, well compacted edge or by feathering out and compacting. In the latter case, before continuing the run the feathered material shall be cut back to a line where the full layer thickness exists. The surface shape of the end of the run shall be checked by a straight edge to locate the line of cut. The end of the previous run shall be lightly tack coated before the laying of the next run proceeds.

4. When the asphalt layer is required to join and match the level of an existing pavement surface, bridge deck or other fixture, sufficient of the existing material shall be cut out to achieve the minimum layer thicknesses as set out in Table C245.9.

COMPACATION

C245.25 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

1. The proposed compaction fleet and rolling pattern shall be adequate to achieve the specified compaction and finish.

2. For compaction of confined areas or patching works a small vibrating roller, or hand operated vibrating compactor acceptable to the Superintendent shall be used.

3. As a minimum practical compaction fleet the Contractor shall provide 1 vibrating steel roller and 1 pneumatic tyred roller. Additional rollers and roller size shall be determined by the Contractor so as to meet the criteria for compaction and nominated in the project quality plan.

C245.26 DENSE GRADED ASPHALT

(a) Initial Rolling

1. Initial rolling shall be carried out using steel rollers. Vibratory steel rollers may be used, but they shall be operated in the static mode for the first pass. On deep lift asphalt, pneumatic tyred rollers may be used.

2. Initial rolling shall commence as soon as possible after laying has commenced. Rollers shall be operated as close as possible to the paver.

3. The transverse and longitudinal joints and edges shall be compacted first.

4. Initial rolling shall be completed before the asphalt temperature falls below 105°C, or 120°C for polymer modified asphalt.

(b) Secondary Rolling

1. Secondary rolling shall immediately follow initial rolling. In secondary rolling, static steel rollers or pneumatic tyred rollers shall be used. The tyre pressures of

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pneumatic tyred rollers should equal or exceed 550 kilopascals. Rolling shall commence at the longitudinal joint side of the run.

2. Secondary rolling shall be completed before the mix temperature falls below 80°C.

(c) Final Rolling

1. Final rolling shall be carried out by a pneumatic tyred roller to eliminate all roller marks and to produce a uniform finish. If secondary rolling has been carried out with a pneumatic tyred roller, a steel roller may be used for final rolling instead of the pneumatic tyred roller specified.

2. Final rolling shall be completed before the asphalt temperature falls below 60°C.

C245.27 OPEN GRADED ASPHALT

1. All rolling of open graded asphalt shall be with static steel rollers. The minimum number of rollers shall be in accordance with Table C245.10. Only initial and final rolling shall be required.

2. Compaction methods shall be in accordance with AS 2734, Section 8.

3. All rolling shall be completed while the asphalt temperature is neither less than 90°C nor more than 110°C.

C245.28 ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA FOR COMPACTION

1. The acceptance for compaction shall be on a lot by lot basis where each day’s work is generally one lot. Any defective areas which show cracking, bony material or exhibiting excessive binder shall be excluded from the lot and shall be rectified by the Contractor before being tested.

2. When directed by the Superintendent the Contractor shall arrange for the determination of the relative compaction of the lot by either of the following methods:

(a) Cores

(i) The cores shall be taken on a random basis acceptable to the Superintendent and have density tests performed on the cores in accordance with Test Method AS 2891.9.3. The layer thickness shall be deemed to be the mean thickness of the cores. The testing shall be undertaken at a laboratory with appropriate NATA accreditation.

(b) Nuclear Density Meter Determination

(i) The type of nuclear density meter shall be appropriate to the depth of the layer being measured and shall be calibrated for each type of asphalt.

(ii) The Contractor shall arrange for a nuclear density meter (backscatter mode) to measure density in situ and shall determine the acceptable compaction level, in terms of the nuclear density meter, from compaction trials or by correlation with cores taken from a compacted layer. Records of nuclear density meter readings shall clearly locate the test position to allow calibration by core testing subsequently if required. The layer thickness shall be deemed to be the nominal layer thickness. The proposed correlation shall be submitted to the Superintendent for approval.
3. Relative compaction of the core is the ratio of the field bulk density of the core and the mean laboratory density of the lot, determined by AS 2891.9.3, and reported as a percentage of the mean laboratory density.

4. No cores or nuclear density measurements shall be taken within 150mm of a joint or free edge unless directed by the Superintendent, layers less than 30mm in thickness are not tested for compaction as the test results are not reliable for such samples.

5. The minimum Relative Compaction of all values within a lot of dense graded asphalt shall be 95 per cent for a layer of thickness less than 50mm or 96 per cent for a layer of thickness of 50mm or greater.

C245.29 FINISHED PAVEMENT PROPERTIES

1. Each course of asphalt shall be finished parallel to the finished surface of the wearing course.

C245.30 THICKNESS

1. The thickness of asphalt shall be specified and/or measured in one of the following ways:

(a) No Finished Surface Levels Specified

1. When asphalt is placed over an existing pavement in one or more courses, the calculated average compacted thickness of each course, except any approved corrective course, shall be in accordance with the course thickness specified in the Drawings and tolerances indicated in Table C245.10.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal Size of Asphalt (mm)</th>
<th>Tolerance (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>+5 -0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>+5 -5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>+5 -5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>+10 -10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>+10 -10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>+10 -10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C245.10  
Tolerance for Course Thickness

(b) Finished Surface Levels Specified

1. When asphalt is placed in more than one course to specified levels over a pavement built by others, each course (excluding a corrective course) shall be placed in accordance with this clause provided that the thickness of the wearing course shall be not less than 90 per cent of that specified and the level of the wearing course shall comply with the limits shown in Table C245.11.

2. When the Contractor also constructs the underlying pavement, the level and thickness of the asphalt shall comply with the requirements of Table C245.10.
C245.31 LEVEL

1. The top surface of any course after final compaction shall be parallel with the final wearing surface and the levels of the surface of the nominated course shall not vary from the levels determined from the Drawings or as determined by the Superintendent by more than the limits shown in Table C245.11.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominated Course</th>
<th>Below Nominated Course Level (mm)</th>
<th>Above Nominated Course Level (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wearing Course</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top of Intermediate Course</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Intermediate Course</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corrective Course</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C245.11 - Tolerance for Course Levels

2. Surface irregularities exceeding the tolerances given in this Clause shall be corrected to the satisfaction of the Superintendent at the Contractor's cost before a subsequent course is placed.

C245.32 SHAPE

1. The surface shall not deviate from the bottom of a 3m long straightedge laid in any direction by more than the tolerances shown in Table C245.12.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Deviation from 3m straight edge (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Corrective Course</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermediate Course</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wearing Course</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C245.12- Deviation from 3m Straightedge

2. Surface irregularities exceeding the tolerances given in Table C245.12 for a particular course shall be corrected to comply with Table C245.12 before a subsequent course is placed. When the Contractor is required to provide a new wearing course in a single layer operation over a pavement built by others, the tolerance for the wearing course shown in Table C245.11 shall apply provided the deviations of the existing surface from a 3m straightedge do not exceed the tolerance specified in Table C245.12 for an intermediate course. Compliance with Table C245.12 shall be confirmed by the Superintendent where the existing surface has been provided by others.

C245.33 Voids

1. For dense graded asphalt mixes having voids outside the limits specified in Table C245.2, the deductions shown in Clause C245.40 may apply when approved by the Superintendent.
C245.34 REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF REJECTED MATERIAL

1. The sections of work that have been rejected under the preceding clauses of this Specification or as otherwise determined by the Superintendent shall be removed within 15 days from the work and replaced with fresh asphalt mix material corresponding in grade and quality to that material specified in the Nominated Mix unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

2. If removal of the single nonconforming pavement strata is impossible, the effected area as determined by the Superintendent shall be removed to subbase or subgrade depth as appropriate to provide a smooth level surface on which to found the reinstated base and/or subbase course.

3. The perimeter of the nonconforming area shall be prepared in accordance with the practice pertaining to longitudinal and transverse cold joints (AS 2734).

4. In rejected sections the material is to be removed over the full length of the affected area except that a minimum length of 5m and a minimum width equal to the paver width shall be removed.

5. Any damage to abutting layers, structures or utilities shall be rectified by the Contractor. All rectification costs shall be borne by the Contractor.

6. The Superintendent shall have the right to alter the constitution, quality, grading, or other parameters of the ‘Reinstatement Pavement’ if it is felt that reconstruction of the effected area with the Approved Mix would produce nonconforming pavement as a result of non-continuous pavement structure.

7. After removal of the rejected base or subbase course the area shall be made available to the Superintendent for inspection and approval to proceed with the works. This action constitutes a HOLD POINT. Superintendent inspection and approval is required prior to release of hold point.

8. All materials used in the reinstatement of the nonconforming area shall comply with the requirements of this Specification unless otherwise directed by the Superintendent.

9. All costs associated with removals, testing and corrections of base and subbase course and extra costs incurred by the Contractor in respect of delays caused by such removals, replacements and corrections shall be borne by the Contractor. All costs associated with the removal testing and correction of non-conforming pavement shall be borne by the Contractor.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C245.35 RESERVED

C245.36 RESERVED

C245.37 RESERVED

C245.38 RESERVED

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LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

C245.39 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses of this Specification are summarised in Table C245.13 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Coarse Aggregate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Wet Strength</td>
<td>&gt;100kN for any fraction other than the open graded asphalt where wet strength is to be &gt;150kN</td>
<td>C245.08(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Wet/Dry Strength Variation</td>
<td>&lt;35%</td>
<td>C245.08(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Particle Shape</td>
<td>Proportion retained on 9.50mm AS sieve: 35% for calliper ratio 2:1 10% for calliper ratio 3:1</td>
<td>C245.08(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(d) Fractured Faces</td>
<td>Proportion retained on 6.70mm AS sieve: &gt;75% of mass with at least two fractured faces. When used as a wearing course shall have at least 90% by mass with at least one fractured face.</td>
<td>C245.08(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(e) Polished Aggregate Friction Value (PAFV)</td>
<td>&gt; minimum value of 44</td>
<td>C245.08(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Fine Aggregate</td>
<td>Shall meet the requirements as specified for Coarse Aggregate (Item 1) above.</td>
<td>C245.08(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Polymer Modified Bitumens</td>
<td>As per Table C245.1</td>
<td>C245.10(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Specified Properties</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Proportion of RAP</td>
<td>&lt;20% by mass</td>
<td>C245.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Design of Nominated Mix</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Dense Graded Limits</td>
<td>As per Table C245.2</td>
<td>C245.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Open Graded Limits</td>
<td>As per Table C245.3</td>
<td>C245.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Production Mix Variation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Dense Graded Asphalt</td>
<td>As per Table C245.4</td>
<td>C245.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Open Graded Asphalt</td>
<td>As per Table C245.5</td>
<td>C245.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Asphalt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Moisture Content</td>
<td>&lt; 0.5% by mass</td>
<td>C245.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Temperatures for</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Manufacture of Asphalt</td>
<td>(a) Binder Temperature</td>
<td>As per Table C245.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Asphalt Temperature</td>
<td>As per Table C245.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Preparation of Pavement</td>
<td>(a) Cleaning of Surface</td>
<td>&gt;300mm beyond the edge of proposed layer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Tack Coat</td>
<td>(a) Bitumen Emulsion</td>
<td>Application Rate &gt; 0.10 and &lt; 0.20 litres per square metre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Spread Width</td>
<td>&gt;3.7m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Laying Temperature</td>
<td>(i) Open Grade AC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Dense Grade AC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(d) Course and Layer Thickness</td>
<td>Nominal size mix and compacted layer thickness as per Table C245.9.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Laying</td>
<td>(a) Paver Capacity</td>
<td>&gt;50 tonnes asphalt per hour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Spread Width</td>
<td>&gt;3.7m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Laying Temperature</td>
<td>(i) Open Grade AC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Dense Grade AC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(d) Course and Layer Thickness</td>
<td>Nominal size mix and compacted layer thickness as per Table C245.9.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Longitudinal Jointing</td>
<td>(a) Change in Crossfall</td>
<td>Within 150mm of line of change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Where Underlying Layers</td>
<td>Offset at least 150mm from joints in underlying layers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Transverse Jointing</td>
<td>(a) Where Underlying Layers</td>
<td>Stagger to be &gt;1m between successive layers and adjacent runs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>(a) Dense Graded Asphalt</td>
<td>Initial Rolling: To be completed before asphalt temperature falls below 105°C or 120°C for polymer modified asphalt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Secondary Rolling: Tyre pressures on pneumatic rollers to be ≥550kPa. Rolling to be completed before asphalt temperature falls below 80°C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Final Rolling: Rolling to be completed before asphalt temperature falls below 60°C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Open Graded Asphalt</td>
<td>Rolling to be completed while asphalt temperature is &gt;90°C and &lt;110°C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Acceptance Criteria for Compaction</td>
<td>Minimum Relative Compaction of all values within a lot &gt;95% for layer of thickness &lt;50mm and &gt;96% for layer thickness &gt;50mm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Activity</td>
<td>Limits/Tolerances</td>
<td>Spec Clause</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>Finished Pavement</td>
<td>(a) Thickness Max. compacted thickness tolerance as for Table C245.11. Where finished surface levels are specified, thickness shall be &gt;90% of specified and level shall comply with requirements of Table C245.12.</td>
<td>C245.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Shape Shall not deviate from bottom of 3m straight edge by more than tolerance in Table C245.13.</td>
<td>C245.32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C245.13 - Summary of Limits & Tolerances
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C245.40   DEDUCTIONS

1. A section of work on which either the asphalt and/or placing work fails to meet this Specification may be accepted at the absolute discretion of the Principal subject to the provisions listed hereunder.

   (a)   Voids

   (i) For dense graded asphalt mixes having voids outside the limits specified in Table C245.7, the asphalt may be accepted at the absolute discretion of the Superintendent if all other requirements of this Specification are met and provided the void contents fall within the range 3-8% for Collector Arterial and Industrial Road mixes and 2-6% for the Local and Residential Road mixes. Deductions shown in Table C245.14 may be applied by the Superintendent to Schedule Pay Items C245(b), (c) or (d) as appropriate.

   (b)   Aggregate Grading and Binder Content

   (i) For asphalt having aggregate grading or binder content outside the limits specified in Table C245.2 and C245.3, the asphalt shall be rejected and removed from the site.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mix Type by Road Type (refer Table C245.2)</th>
<th>Calculated Mean Laboratory Voids Result (%) for a lot reported to 0.1% before rounding</th>
<th>Deduction (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Modified Hubbard-Field Method</td>
<td>Marshall Method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collector Arterial and Industrial Mix</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.0 - 3.9</td>
<td>3.0 - 3.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&lt;3.0</td>
<td>&lt;3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collector Arterial and Industrial Mix</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7.1 - 7.5</td>
<td>6.1 - 6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7.6 - 8.0</td>
<td>6.6 - 7.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&gt;8.0</td>
<td>&gt;7.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local and Residential Mix</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2.0 - 2.9</td>
<td>2.0 - 2.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&lt;2.0</td>
<td>&lt;2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local and Residential Mix</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6.1 - 6.5</td>
<td>5.1 - 5.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6.6 - 7.0</td>
<td>5.6 - 6.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&gt;7.0</td>
<td>&gt;6.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C245.14 - Deductions for Voids (% of Schedule Rate)

C245.41   PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed under this Specification in accordance with Pay Items C245(a) to C245(g) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.
3. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Where “provisional” items are shown in the schedule, these may not be required during the course of the work as the requirement may be governed by site or external constraints.

5. Provision for traffic shall be measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC.

Pay Item C245(a)  SUPPLY AND APPLICATION OF TACK COAT (INCLUDING PREPARATION OF SURFACE)

1. The unit of measurement shall be the litre.

2. The quantity shall be determined by multiplying the nominated application rate of bitumen emulsion (in litres per square metre) by the authorised area of road surface tack coated or other method approved by the Superintendent.

3. No account shall be taken of area of tack coat applied to faces of joints, kerbs and other structures.

4. The schedule rate under this item shall include all operations involved in the supply and application of the tack coat, including surface preparation and provision of a blinded surface where determined by the Superintendent.

Pay Item C245(b)  DENSE GRADED ASPHALT IN INTERMEDIATE COURSES

C245(b)(1)  5mm Nominal Size
C245(b)(2)  10mm Nominal Size
C245(b)(3)  14mm Nominal Size
C245(b)(4)  20mm Nominal Size

1. The unit of measurement shall be tonnes confirmed by weighbridge dockets.

2. The schedule rate under this item shall include all operations involved in the supply, spreading and compaction of the asphalt.

3. A separate unit rate shall be included in the Schedule of Rates for each nominal size of asphalt specified.

Pay Item C245(c)  DENSE GRADED ASPHALT IN WEARING COURSE

C245(c)(1)  10mm Nominal Size
C245(c)(2)  14mm Nominal Size
C245(c)(3)  20mm Nominal Size
C245(c)(4)  Residential Type A
C245(c)(5)  Residential Type B
C245(c)(6)  Residential Type R

1. The unit of measurement shall be tonnes confirmed by weighbridge dockets.

2. The schedule rate under this item shall include all operations involved in the supply, spreading and compaction of the asphalt.

3. A separate unit rate shall be included in the Schedule of Rates for each nominal size of asphalt specified.
Pay Item C245(d)  DENSE GRADED ASPHALT OVER AN EXISTING PAVEMENT

C245(d)(1)  5mm Nominal Size  
C245(d)(2)  10mm Nominal Size  
C245(d)(3)  14mm Nominal Size

1. The unit of measurement shall be tonnes confirmed by weighbridge dockets.

2. The schedule rate under this item shall include all operations involved in the supply, spreading and compaction of the asphalt.

3. A separate unit rate shall be included in the Schedule of Rates for each nominal size of asphalt specified.

Pay Item C245(e)  OPEN GRADED ASPHALT IN WEARING COURSE

C245(e)(1)  10mm Nominal Size  
C245(e)(2)  14mm Nominal Size

1. The unit of measurement shall be tonnes confirmed by weighbridge dockets.

2. The schedule rate under this item shall include all operations involved in the supply, spreading and compaction of the asphalt.

3. A separate unit rate shall be included in the Schedule of Rates for each nominal size of asphalt specified.
## Council
### ASPHALT WORK RECORD

**ANNEXURE C245A**

**Date:**
**Contract No:**
**Work Location:** __________ km to: __________ km

**Road Name:**
**Supplier:**
**From:** __________ (Crossroad or landmark) towards __________

**Road No:**
**Job No:**
**PMS/MMS Segment Numbers:**

**Plan No:**
**Mix Type:**
**New Surfacing ☐ Resurfacing ☐ Existing Surface Type:**

### Delivery

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Load No.</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Truck Reg’d No.</th>
<th>Docket No.</th>
<th>Nett Mass (t)</th>
<th>Mix Temperature Ex paver</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Paving

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chainage</th>
<th>Paved Width (m)</th>
<th>Direction with or against chainage</th>
<th>Dist. from left edge to centre of run (m)</th>
<th>Thickness (mm)</th>
<th>1st</th>
<th>2nd</th>
<th>3rd</th>
<th>Sample No. &amp; Lot Size (tonnes) if sampled</th>
<th>Weather Work Stoppages, Start &amp; Finish etc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Remarks

**Remarks:**
**Penciller:** __________ **Sampling by:** __________
**Superintendent’s Representative:** __________ **Contractor’s Representative:** __________

**Affiliation:** __________ **Affiliation:** __________

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### SCHEDULE OF DETAILS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pavement Type</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Road No.</th>
<th>PMS/MMS Segment Nos.</th>
<th>of __________ Sheets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Type and Nom Size of Asphalt</th>
<th>Type and Grade of Binder</th>
<th>Compacted thickness of course (mm)</th>
<th>Minimum Delivery Rate (per hr)</th>
<th>Delivery Trucks to be Insulated* (Yes/No)</th>
<th>Specific Control Method (when required)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wearing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*TO BE ISSUED BY SUPERINTENDENT FOR EACH SEPARABLE PART*
1. Nominal sizes of asphalt required for this contract (tick box) and enter binder type:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AC Type</th>
<th>Binder</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AC 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC 10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC 14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AC Type</th>
<th>Binder</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AC 20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC 28</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC 40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OG Type</th>
<th>Asphalt</th>
<th>Binder</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OG 10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OG 14</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Specific Sampling and Testing Requirements differing from those shown in Table C245.7 shall apply to the mixes annotated by an asterisk (*) in the above tabulation.

Testing Frequency: ___________ Referee Sampling Frequency ________ (eg 10% of tested samples)

3. Nomination of aggregate pretreatment procedure if required by Superintendent:

4. Special aggregate mixes required for this contract: (Nominate Source)

5. Requirements for removal of thermoplastic or other line marking:

6. Requirement for Preparation of Surface Hold Point

Refer Clause C245.21 PREPARATION OF PAVEMENT

Yes   No
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council’s primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment Sequence No.</th>
<th>Key Topic addressed in amendment</th>
<th>Clause No.</th>
<th>Amendment Code</th>
<th>Author Initials</th>
<th>Amendment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE 1</td>
<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPECIFICATION C247
MASS CONCRETE SUBBASE

GENERAL

C247.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the construction, by mechanical or hand placement of mass concrete subbase including trial sections and subgrade beams to the dimensions and levels shown on the Drawings and in accordance with the provisions of the Contract.

2. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C247.02 THICKNESS AND LEVELS OF SUBBASE

1. The subbase thickness and levels shall be as shown on the Drawings.

C247.03 PROVISION FOR BASE SLAB ANCHORS

1. During construction of the subbase, in advance of concrete base construction the Contractor shall make provision to permit construction of base slab anchors at the locations and to the dimensions shown on the Drawings. Excavation of material, trimming of trenches, compacting of the bottom of the trench, disposal of surplus material and construction of the concrete anchors shall be carried out in accordance with the Specification for PLAIN OR REINFORCED CONCRETE BASE as part of the concrete base construction.

C247.04 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

C248 - Plain or Reinforced Concrete Base
C271 - Minor Concrete Works

(b) Australian Standards

AS 1012.1 - Sampling of fresh concrete.
AS 1012.3.1 - Determination of properties related to the consistence of concrete - Slump test.
AS 1012.4.2 - Determination of air content of freshly mixed concrete - Measuring reduction in air pressure in chamber above concrete.
AS 1012.8 - Making and curing concrete compression, indirect tensile and flexure test specimens, in the laboratory or in the field.
AS 1012.9 - Determination of the compressive strength of concrete specimens.
AS 1012.13 - Determination of the drying shrinkage of concrete for samples prepared in the field or in the laboratory.
AS 1012.14 - Securing and testing cores from hardened concrete for compressive strength.
AS 1141.11 - Particle size distribution by sieving.
AS 1141.14 - Particle shape, by proportional calliper.
AS 1141.22 - Wet/dry strength variation.
AS 1160 - Bitumen emulsion for construction and maintenance of pavements.
AS 1379 - The specification and manufacture of concrete.
AS 2758.1 - Concrete aggregates.
AS 3582.1 - Supplementary cementitious materials for use with portland cement - Flyash.
AS 3799 - Liquid membrane - forming curing compounds for concrete.
AS 3972 - Portland and blended cements.

MATERIALS FOR CONCRETE

C247.05 CEMENT

1. Cement shall be Type GP Portland cement or Type GB blended cement complying with AS 3972. Cement shall be from a source included in the New South Wales Government Cement Quality Assurance Scheme.

2. When submitting details of the nominated mix in accordance with Clause C247.15 the Contractor shall nominate the brand and source of the cement. On approval of a nominated mix by the Superintendent, the Contractor shall use only the nominated cement in the work.

3. Documentary evidence of the quality and source of the cement shall be furnished by the Contractor to the Superintendent upon request at any stage of the work.

4. If the Contractor proposes to use cement which has been stored for a period in excess of three months from the time of manufacture, the Superintendent may require a retest to ensure the cement complies with AS 3972, before the cement is used in the work. The cost of retesting cement shall be borne by the Contractor.

5. Cement shall be transported in watertight containers and shall be protected from moisture until used. Caked or lumpy cement shall not be used.

C247.06 FLYASH

1. Flyash shall be from a source included in the New South Wales Government Cement Quality Assurance Scheme. The use and the quality of flyash shall comply with AS 3582.1.

2. When submitting details of the nominated mix in accordance with Clause C247.15, the Contractor shall nominate the powerhouse source of the flyash. On approval of a nominated mix by the Superintendent, the Contractor shall use only flyash from the nominated powerhouse.

3. Documentary evidence of the quality and source of the flyash shall be furnished by the Contractor to the Superintendent upon request at any stage of the work.

C247.07 WATER

1. Water used in the production of concrete shall be potable, free from materials harmful to concrete or reinforcement, and be neither salty nor brackish.

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C247.08  ADMIXTURES

1. Chemical admixtures and their uses shall comply with AS 1478.1. Admixtures shall not contain calcium chloride, calcium formate, or triethanolamine or any other accelerator. Admixtures or combinations of admixtures other than specified below, shall not be used. An air-entraining agent may be included in the mix. If an air-entrainer is used, the air content of the fresh concrete shall comply with Clause C247.14.

2. Fresh concrete with an air content not complying with Clause C247.14 shall be rejected.

3. During the warm season (October to March inclusive), a lignin or lignin-based (‘ligpol’) set-retarding admixture (Type Re or Type WRRe) approved by the Superintendent, shall be used to control slump within the limits stated in Clause C247.13. The dosage shall be varied to account for air temperature and haul time in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. A copy of the NATA endorsed Certificate of Compliance with AS 1478.1 for Type Re or Type WRRe shall be submitted to the Superintendent, together with the proposed ‘dosage chart’ in accordance with Clause C247.15.

4. During the cool season (April to September inclusive), only a lignin or lignin-based set retarding admixture containing not more than 6 per cent reducing sugars (Type WRRe complying with AS 1478.1) may be used in the mix or, alternatively, omitted altogether. If the Contractor proposes to vary the admixture between the warm and cool seasons such variation shall constitute a proposed change to an approved mix for the purposes of Clause C247.16.

5. When submitting details of the nominated mix in accordance with Clause C247.15, the Contractor shall nominate the proprietary source, type and name of each admixture to be used. Documentary evidence of the quality shall be furnished by the Contractor to the Superintendent upon request at any stage of the work.

C247.09  AGGREGATES

(a) General

1. When submitting details of the nominated mix in accordance with Clause C247.15, the Contractor shall nominate the sources of aggregate to be used and shall submit details of the geological type of each aggregate.

2. Aggregates shall all pass the 37.5mm AS sieve and shall comply with AS 2758.1 in respect of bulk density, water absorption (maximum 5 per cent), material finer than 75 micrometres, impurities and reactive materials. The proportion of misshapen particles (2:1 ratio) determined by AS 1141.14 shall not exceed 35 per cent.

3. When submitting details of the nominated mix, the Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent a NATA Certified Laboratory Test Report on the quality and grading of the aggregate proposed to be used. The grading shall be known as the "Proposed Grading".

4. If the Contractor proposes to blend two or more aggregates to provide the Proposed Grading the Test Reports for each constituent material shall be submitted separately and the Superintendent advised of the proportions in which the various sizes and constituents are to be combined. The aggregate from each source and the combined aggregate shall comply with the requirements of this clause.
5. All aggregate used in the production of concrete shall be clean, hard, durable rock fragments free from the inclusion of mineral salts, oils, organic matter or other materials deleterious to the performance of concrete.

(b) Grading

1. The grading of the combined aggregate used in the work, determined by AS 1141.11, shall not deviate from that of the Proposed Grading by more than the amounts shown in Table C247.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Australian Standard Sieve</th>
<th>Maximum Deviation Per Cent Passing by Mass of Total Sample</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>37.5 mm</td>
<td>-5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.0 mm</td>
<td>+ or -10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.75 mm</td>
<td>+ or -10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.18 mm</td>
<td>+ or -5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600 µm</td>
<td>+ or -5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150 µm</td>
<td>+ or -2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C247.1 - Aggregate Grading Deviation Limits

(c) Durability

1. Any fraction of any constituent and any fraction of combined aggregate shall conform to the following requirements:
   (a) Wet Strength - AS 1141.22 - Shall not be less than 50 kN.
   (b) 10 per cent Fines Wet/Dry Variation - AS 1141.22 - Shall not exceed 35 per cent.

(d) Storage

1. Storage and handling facilities shall be such as to prevent the aggregates becoming intermixed or mixed with foreign materials, and to prevent segregation occurring.

2. The area surrounding the storage facilities and mixing plant shall be so constructed that delivery vehicles, loaders and trucks shall not be capable of introducing foreign matter to the aggregates at any time. If foreign matter is introduced or the area reaches a condition where, in the opinion of the Superintendent, foreign matter may be introduced to the aggregates, production of concrete and delivery of materials shall cease until the condition is corrected to the satisfaction of the Superintendent.

QUALITY REQUIREMENTS OF CONCRETE

C247.10 CEMENT AND FLYASH CONTENT

1. When a cement and flyash blend is nominated the minimum Portland cement content shall be 90 kilograms per yielded cubic metre of concrete and the minimum flyash content shall be 100 kilograms per yielded cubic metre of concrete.

C247.11 COMpressive STRENGTH

1. The compressive strength of concrete shall be determined in accordance with

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AS 1012.9. The minimum compressive strength at 7 days shall be 4MPa and at 28 days shall not be less than 5MPa for flyash blended cement. The maximum compressive strength at 28 days shall be less than 15MPa, with the exception that where the nominated mix demonstrates a 28 day shrinkage less than 400 microstrains, then the concrete achieving a strength less than 20MPa shall be accepted.

C247.12 SHRINKAGE
1. The drying shrinkage of the nominated mix, determined by AS 1012.13 shall not exceed 450 microstrain after three weeks air drying. The drying shrinkage at the nominated slump plus 10mm shall be taken as the average of the reading or readings within 5 per cent of the median of the three readings obtained in accordance with AS 1012.13.

C247.13 CONSISTENCY
1. The Contractor's nominated slump, determined in accordance with AS 1012.3.1, shall be neither less than 25mm nor more than 40mm for mechanically placed concrete and shall be neither less than 50mm nor more than 65mm for hand placed concrete.

C247.14 AIR CONTENT
1. If an air entraining agent is used, the air content of the fresh concrete, determined in accordance with AS 1012.4.2, shall be neither less than 3 per cent nor more than 7 per cent when discharged from the transport vehicle ready for placement.

C247.15 GENERAL
1. The Contractor shall submit, for approval by the Superintendent, details of the concrete mix or mixes and the materials, including source, to be used for each of mechanically placed and hand placed subbase, including nominated slump and moisture condition of the aggregates (oven dry, saturated surface dry, or other specified moisture content) on which the mix is based. Each such mix shall be known as a 'nominated mix'.

2. The Contractor shall provide a Certificate from a laboratory with appropriate NATA registration stating that each nominated mix and its constituents meet the requirements of this Specification. All relevant test results shall accompany the Certificate. All phases of any particular test must be performed at one laboratory. The certificate shall confirm that the required testing has been carried out in the twelve month period before the date of submission to the Superintendent.

3. In the tests supporting the above certification, the compressive strength gain curve shall be submitted showing the compressive strengths at ages 3, 7, 10 and 28 days determined in accordance with AS 1012.9. Each of the results shall be based on three specimens of concrete produced from a batch of the nominated mix. The compressive strength shall be the average of individual results within 1.0MPa of the median.
4. These details shall be submitted at least 21 days before using the nominated mix in the work.

C247.16 VARIATIONS TO APPROVED MIXES

1. The Contractor shall not make any changes to the approved mix, its method of production or source of supply of constituents without the prior written approval of the Superintendent.

2. Where changes to an approved mix are proposed, the Contractor shall provide details of the nominated mix and materials, in accordance with Clause C247.15. If the variations to the quantities of the constituents in the approved mix are less than 10 kilograms for Portland cement, 20 kilograms for other cementitious material and 5 per cent by mass for each other constituent, except admixtures, per yielded cubic metre of concrete, the Superintendent may approve the changes without new trials being carried out.

3. Notwithstanding these tolerances, the minimum cement content shall be 90 kilograms per yielded cubic metre of concrete, the minimum flyash content shall be 100 kilograms per yielded cubic metre of concrete.

CONFORMANCE FOR CONCRETE STRENGTH AND THICKNESS

C247.17 CONCRETE CYLINDERS

(a) Test Specimens

1. Test specimens for determining the compressive strength of concrete shall be standard cylinders complying with AS 1012.8. The Contractor shall supply a sufficient number of moulds to meet the requirements for the frequency of testing specified in this Clause and shall also arrange for a laboratory with appropriate NATA registration to conduct the sampling of fresh concrete and the making, curing, delivery and testing of specimens. Copies of test results shall be forwarded to the Superintendent.

2. Samples of concrete for testing shall be taken in accordance with AS 1012.1. The selection of the batches to be sampled shall be taken randomly. The specimens shall be moulded from each sample so that they are as identical as practicable.

3. The method of making and curing specimens shall be in accordance with AS 1012.8 with compaction by internal vibration.

4. The Contractor shall mark the specimens for identification purposes.

5. Specimens shall be inspected, capped and crushed in accordance with AS 1012.8 and AS 1012.9.

6. The cost of all work and material required in the making, curing, delivery and testing of specimens shall be borne by the Contractor.

(b) Frequency of Moulding of Test Specimens

1. Test specimens shall be moulded as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Moulding of Cylinders</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Test specimens shall be moulded as follows:--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(i) For the determination of the compressive strength at twenty-eight days.
   
   For each lot of up to 50 cubic metres of concrete placed at the one time: One pair of specimens

(ii) For the determination of the compressive strength at seven days.

   For each lot of up to 50 cubic metres of concrete placed at the one time: One pair of specimens

(iii) For the determination of compressive strength for any early testing as deemed necessary by the Contractor.

   For each lot of up to 50 cubic metres of concrete placed at the one time: One pair of specimens

2. A lot is defined as a continuous pour of up to 50 cubic metres of concrete placed in the subbase.

C247.18 COMpressive StRENGTH oF CONCRETE

(a) General

1. The compressive strength of the concrete represented by a pair of specimens moulded from one sample shall be the average compressive strength of the two specimens.

2. At the time of approving the mix design, the Superintendent shall nominate whether 7 day or 28 day compressive strength or both shall be the acceptance criteria for strength.

(b) Adjustment of Test Compressive Strength for Age of Specimen

1. Should any specimen be tested more than 28 days after moulding the equivalent 28 day compressive strength shall be the test compressive strength divided by the factor applying to the age of the specimen at the time of the test shown in Table C247.2. For intermediate ages the factor shall be determined on a pro-rata basis.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age of Specimen at time of test (days)</th>
<th>Factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>1.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>1.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>1.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>1.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84</td>
<td>1.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>112</td>
<td>1.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>140</td>
<td>1.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>168</td>
<td>1.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>196</td>
<td>1.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>224</td>
<td>1.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>308</td>
<td>1.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>365 or greater</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C247.2 - Concrete Age Conversion Factors
1. If the compressive strength of test cylinders for any lot is less than the criteria specified in Clause C247.11, the lot represented by the test cylinders shall be removed and replaced.

2. The cost of removal of rejected concrete, including its disposal from the site, shall be borne by the Contractor.

3. In case of non-conformance the Contractor may request permission of the Superintendent to core the in situ subbase for testing of the actual compressive strength to represent the particular lot. The locations for testing shall be nominated by the Superintendent. Such locations may be determined by the use of a nuclear density meter, or any alternative method. Testing shall be carried out at the request of the Contractor. Subbase concrete failing to reach the required in situ compressive strength shall not be retested for at least 72 hours after the determination of the value of the in situ compressive strength.

C247.19 SPECIMENS CUT FROM THE WORK

1. Specimens cut from the work shall be tested in a NATA registered laboratory nominated by the Contractor. Specimens shall be in the form of cylindrical cores of hardened concrete.

2. Cores shall be secured, accepted, cured, capped and tested in accordance with AS 1012.14 with the following amendments:

(a) The requirement that the concrete shall be at least 28 days old before the core is removed shall not apply. However, concrete must have hardened enough to permit removal without disturbing the bond between the mortar and the coarse aggregate.

(b) The preferred dimension for cores shall be 100mm diameter but in no case shall the diameter be less than 75mm or two and one half times the nominal size of the coarse aggregate, whichever is the greater.

(c) When inspected in the uncapped state, cores shall be rejected if any diameter departs by more than 5mm from the mean diameter.

(d) Cores shall be rejected where the length of the core when ready for capping is less than the diameter. The test strength determined shall be adjusted for form by a factor in accordance with Table C247.3.

(e) Wet Conditioning only shall be used.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Length/Diameter Ratio</th>
<th>Correction Factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.75</td>
<td>0.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>0.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>0.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>0.89</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: For intermediate form ratios, the factor shall be determined by interpolation.

Table C247.3 - Core Strength Factor

3. Core cutting shall be carried out by the Contractor in the presence of and at the locations nominated by the Superintendent. The frequency of coring shall be such that a core is taken to represent each lot or the area of subbase placed between any two
consecutive construction joints whichever is the lesser. The lot represented by each core shall be nominated by the Contractor at the time of sampling and duly recorded prior to testing.

4. Cores shall be despatched to arrive at the testing laboratory within 24 hours of the core being cut from the subbase. Wet curing shall commence within 24 hours of the receipt of the cores.

5. The cost of cutting and transporting the cores to the testing laboratory and restoring all holes in the subbase shall be borne by the Contractor. The method of restoration shall be approved by the Superintendent.

6. The cost of core preparation for testing, curing and testing shall be borne by the Contractor.

C247.20 ACCEPTANCE OF CORED CONCRETE FOR COMPRRESSIVE STRENGTH

1. Concrete shall achieve an in situ compressive strength of 5MPa within 28 days of placement.

2. If the specimen cut from the subbase reaches 4MPa for in situ compressive strength, base paving may proceed.

3. No payment shall be made for the rejected concrete nor any bond breaker placed.

4. The cost of removal of rejected concrete, including its legal and responsible disposal from the site, shall be borne by the Contractor.

C247.21 CONFORMANCE FOR THICKNESS

(a) General

1. No thickness measurements will be carried out if the surface of the subbase is within the level tolerances as specified in Clause C247.32(b).

(b) Thickness Below Specification

1. After making due allowance for the tolerances, subbase which is more than 20mm below the theoretical thickness shall be rejected and removed from the site. The cost of removal and disposal from the site shall be borne by the Contractor.
2. Subbase which is 20mm or less below the theoretical thickness may be accepted by the Superintendent providing that it represents isolated sections within a lot and such sections comprise less than 10 per cent of the area of the lot.

**PRODUCTION, TRANSPORT AND CONSISTENCY OF CONCRETE**

**C247.22 PRODUCTION AND TRANSPORT OF CONCRETE**

1. At least four weeks before commencing work under this Specification, the Contractor shall submit, for the information of the Superintendent, details of the proposed methods of handling, storing and batching materials for concrete, details of proposed mixers and methods of agitation, mixing and transport.

**C247.23 HANDLING, STORAGE AND BATCHING MATERIALS**

1. The methods of handling, storing and batching materials for concrete shall be in accordance with AS 1379, with the following additional requirements:-

   (a) Certificates of Calibration issued by a recognised authority shall be made available for inspection by the Superintendent, as evidence of the accuracy of the scales.

   (b) Cementitious material shall be weighed in an individual hopper, with the cement weighed first.

   (c) The moisture content of the aggregates shall be determined at least daily immediately prior to batching. Corresponding corrections shall be made to the quantities of aggregates and water.

   (d) Where a continuous type mixer is employed, the components shall be measured by a method of continuous weighing approved by the Superintendent, except for liquids which may be measured by volume or flow rate meter.

**C247.24 MIXERS AND AGITATION EQUIPMENT**

1. Details of proposed mixers and agitation methods shall be in accordance with the plant and equipment sections of AS 1379, with the following additional requirement that in Appendix A of AS 1379 the maximum permissible difference in slump shall be 10mm.

**C247.25 MIXING AND TRANSPORT**

1. Mixing and transport methods shall be in accordance with the production and delivery sections of AS 1379, with the following additional requirements:-

   (a) The mixer shall be charged in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

   (b) For the purpose of conducting mixer uniformity tests in accordance with Appendix A of AS 1379 on a split drum mixer producing centrally mixed concrete, the whole of the batch shall be discharged into the tray of a moving vehicle. The concrete shall then be sampled from the tray of the vehicle at points approximately 15 per cent and 85 per cent along the length of the tray.
(c) For truck-mixed concrete, addition of water in accordance with the batch production section of AS 1379 shall be permitted only within ten minutes of completion of batching and within 200m of the batching facilities. The delivery docket must clearly indicate the amount of water added, but in no circumstance shall the water : cement ratio be exceeded. Mixing of the concrete shall be completed at that location.

(d) After addition of the cement to the aggregate, concrete shall be incorporated into the work within:-

(i) One and a half hours, where transported by truck mixer or agitator

(ii) One hour, where transported by non-agitating trucks

Means of verification, satisfactory to the Superintendent, of the times of addition of cement to the aggregate shall be provided.

The times within which the concrete shall be incorporated into the work may be reduced if the Superintendent considers the prevailing weather, mix type, or materials being used warrant such a change.

(e) The size of the batch in an agitator vehicle shall not exceed the manufacturer's rated capacity nor shall it exceed 80 per cent of the gross volume of the drum of the mixer

C247.26 MAXIMUM MIXING TIME

1. Where by reason of delay, it is necessary to hold a batch in the mixer, mixing may be continued for a maximum of ten minutes except for split drum mixers where the maximum shall be five minutes.

2. For longer periods, the batch may be held in the mixer and turned over at regular intervals, subject to the time limits specified for incorporation of the concrete into the work not being exceeded.

C247.27 CONSISTENCY

1. The consistency of the concrete shall be such as to allow the production of a dense, non-segregated mass with bleeding limited so as to prevent bleed water flowing over the slab edge under the conditions of placement. If bleed water does so flow, the Contractor shall cease paving until the consistency of the mix is adjusted to prevent flow or the mix is redesigned and approved by the Superintendent. The edge produced shall maintain its shape and shall not sag or tear.

2. The Contractor shall provide all equipment, materials and labour for consistency testing and shall carry out tests in the presence of the Superintendent. The cost of consistency testing shall be borne by the Contractor.

3. The consistency of the concrete shall be checked by use of a slump cone in accordance with AS 1012.3.1. The test shall be made on concrete samples obtained in accordance with AS 1012.1.

4. Check tests shall be done on each truckload of concrete.

PLACING AND FINISHING CONCRETE SUBBASE

C247.28 GENERAL

1. At least four weeks before commencing work under this Specification, the Contractor shall provide all equipment, materials and labour for consistency testing and shall carry out tests in the presence of the Superintendent. The cost of consistency testing shall be borne by the Contractor.
Contractor shall submit as part of the Quality Plan, for the information of the Superintendent, full details of the equipment and methods proposed for placing and finishing the concrete subbase together with a paving plan showing proposed paving widths, sequence and estimated daily outputs.

2. The Contractor shall give the Superintendent seven days written notice of the intention to commence construction of the subbase on any section of work (including the placement of the trial subbase in accordance with Clause C247.49).

3. The surface on which concrete subbase is to be placed shall be clean and free of loose or foreign matter and in damp condition.

4. Concrete shall not be placed either during rain or when the air temperature in the shade is below 5°C or above 38°C.

5. The temperature of the concrete placed in the work shall be neither less than 10°C nor more than 32°C.

C247.29 RATE OF EVAPORATION

1. When the value of Rate of Evaporation, determined from the graph in Figure C247.1, exceeds 0.50 kilograms per square metre per hour the Contractor shall take precautionary measures, satisfactory to the Superintendent, for the prevention of excessive moisture loss. If, in the opinion of the Superintendent, such precautionary measures prove to be unsatisfactory, the Contractor shall cease work while the evaporation rate is in excess of 0.50 kilograms per square metre per hour.

2. The cost of such precautionary measures shall be borne by the Contractor.

3. Should the Contractor elect to use an evaporation retarder to prevent excessive moisture loss, application shall be by fine spray after all finishing operations, except minor manual bull-floating, are complete.

4. The Contractor shall be responsible for measuring and recording concrete temperature and wind velocity at the point of concrete placement, and for continuously measuring and recording air temperature and relative humidity daily, at the site throughout the course of the work. The Contractor shall provide and maintain all equipment and shall provide suitable personnel necessary for all such measuring and recording.

5. The cost of providing and maintaining such equipment and providing such personnel shall be borne by the Contractor.
Figure C247.1 - Rate of Evaporation

The graph shows the effects of air temperature, humidity, concrete temperature and wind velocity together on the rate of evaporation of water from freshly placed and unprotected concrete.

Example:

- with air temperature at 27°C
- with relative humidity at 40%
- with concrete temperature at 27°C
- with a wind velocity of 26km/h the rate of evaporation would be 1.6 kg/m²/hour.

To determine the evaporation rate from the graph, enter the graph at the air temperature (in this case 27°C), and move vertically to intersect the curve for relative humidity encountered - here 40%. From this point move horizontally to the respective line for concrete temperature - here 27°C. Move vertically down to the respective wind velocity curve - in this case interpolating for 26km per hour - and then horizontally to the left to intersect the scale for the rate of evaporation.
C247.30 MECHANICAL PAVING

1. The mechanical paver shall be a self-propelled machine with a gross operating mass of not less than 4 tonnes per lineal metre of paved width. It shall be capable of paving at a speed of one metre per minute or less as required to enable the continuous operation of the paver and obtain the required degree of compaction. It shall include the following features:

   (a) An automatic control system with a sensing device to control line and level to the specified tolerances.
   (b) Means of spreading the mix uniformly and regulating the flow of mix to the vibrators without segregation of the components.
   (c) Internal vibrators capable of compacting the full depth of the concrete.
   (d) Adjustable extrusion screed and/or conforming plate to form the slab profile and produce the required finish on all surfaces.
   (e) Capability of paving in the slab widths or combination of slab widths and slab depths shown on the Drawings.

2. The mechanical paver shall spread, compact, screed and finish the freshly placed concrete in such a manner that a minimum of finishing by hand will be required. A dense and homogeneous concrete with a surface exhibiting low permeability shall be provided.

3. Surface texture shall be steel screed or float finish except that a hessian dragged finish shall be provided where the subbase is to be overlain by asphaltic concrete.

4. The supporting surface for the tracks of the paver, curing machine and any other equipment in the paving and curing train shall be in a smooth and firm condition.

5. Once spreading commences, the concrete paving operation shall be continuous. The mechanical paver shall be operated so that its forward progress shall not be stopped due to lack of concrete. If disruptions occur for any reason, the Superintendent may direct that a construction joint be formed before the recommencement of paving operations. The cost of forming such construction joint shall be borne by the Contractor.

C247.31 HAND PLACING

1. Forms shall be so designed and constructed that they can be removed without damaging the concrete and shall be true to line and grade and braced in a substantial and unyielding manner. Forms shall be mortar tight and debonded to ensure non-adhesion of concrete to the forms.

2. Concrete shall be delivered in agitator trucks and shall be deposited uniformly in the forms without segregation. The concrete shall be compacted by poker vibrators and by at least two passes of a hand-guided vibratory screed traversing the full width of the slab on each pass. Any buildup of concrete between the forms and vibratory screed shall be prevented.

3. If disruptions occur for any reason, the Superintendent may direct that a construction joint be formed before the recommencement of paving operations. The cost of forming such construction joint shall be borne by the Contractor.

4. A dense and homogeneous concrete with a surface exhibiting low permeability shall be provided.

5. Surface texture shall be steel screed or float finish except that a hessian dragged
C247.32 ALIGNMENT AND SURFACE TOLERANCES

(a) Horizontal Alignment Tolerance

1. The outer edges of the subbase shall be square to the subgrade and shall be constructed 50mm wider than the plan position of the base formation with a tolerance of " 25mm.

2. Where an edge of a slab is to form a longitudinal construction joint line, the allowable horizontal alignment tolerances shall comply with Clause C247.36

(b) Surface Tolerances

1. The level at any point on the top of the subbase shall not vary by more than 0mm above or 20mm below that shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. Where the concrete is found to be above the level tolerance, it shall be removed. Where the concrete is found to be below level tolerance, it shall be made up with base concrete.

2. The top surface of the subbase shall also not deviate from a 3m straightedge, laid in any direction, by more than 5mm.

C247.33 CURING

1. The subbase shall be cured by the use of one of the following:

(a) Chlorinated rubber curing compound complying with AS 3799 Class C Type 1D or resin-based curing compound complying with AS 3799 Class B, Type 1D or Type 2, if an asphalt base is used; or

(b) White pigmented wax emulsion curing compound complying with AS 3799 Class A Type 2, if a concrete base is used, or

(c) Bitumen emulsion Grade CRS/170 complying with AS 1160 for either asphalt or concrete base.

2. The Contractor shall submit, for the information of the Superintendent, a current Certificate of Compliance for the curing compound from an Australian Laboratory, approved by the Superintendent, showing an Efficiency Index of not less than 90 per cent when tested in accordance with Appendix B of AS 3799.

3. The curing compound shall be applied using a fine spray immediately following texturing at the rate stated on the Certificate of Compliance or at a minimum of 0.2 litres per square metre, whichever rate is the greater. Bitumen emulsion shall be applied at a minimum rate of 0.35 litres of residual bitumen per square metre. When applied with a hand lance the rates should be increased by 25 per cent.

4. The average application rate shall be checked by the Contractor and certified to the Superintendent by calculating the amount of curing compound applied to a measured area representative of a lot and nominated by the Superintendent.

5. The curing membrane shall be maintained intact for seven days after placing the concrete. Any damage to the curing membrane shall be made good by handspraying of the affected areas.

6. The cost of making good such damaged curing membrane shall be borne by the Contractor.
7. Equipment and materials for curing operations shall be kept on site at all times during concrete pours.

**C247.34 PROTECTION OF WORK**

1. The Contractor shall ensure that the temperature of the concrete does not fall below 5°C during the first twenty-four hours after placing. The Contractor shall provide, for the information of the Superintendent, details of procedures and equipment proposed to be used for the protection of sections recently placed in the event of low air temperatures. If the Contractor fails to maintain the temperature of the concrete at or above 5°C and if, in the opinion of the Superintendent, the concrete exhibits any deficiencies, due to failure to comply with this Specification, the concrete shall be rejected.

2. The Contractor shall protect the work from rain damage and shall provide, for the information of the Superintendent, detailed proposals for procedures and equipment to be used for such protection.

3. Neither traffic nor construction equipment, other than that associated with testing, shall be allowed on the subbase until the strength of the subbase has reached at least 4.0MPa. Thereafter, only construction equipment necessary for the following operations shall be permitted to traffic the subbase:

   a. Bond-breaker and spall treatment and
   
   b. Concrete or asphalt paving.

4. Notwithstanding the above, any damage caused to the subbase by the Contractor's operations shall be rectified to the Superintendent's satisfaction. The cost of rectifying such damage to the subbase shall be borne by the Contractor.

**JOINTS**

**C247.35 TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS**

1. Transverse construction joints shall:

   a. be provided only at discontinuities in the placement of concrete determined by the Contractor's paving operations.
   
   b. be constructed normal to the edge line and to the dimensions shown on the Drawings.
   
   c. not deviate from a 3m straightedge placed along the joint by more than 10mm.
   
   d. be smooth across the joint.
C247.36 LONGITUDINAL CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

1. Longitudinal construction joints shall:
   - be formed no closer than 300mm of the base longitudinal joints as shown in the Drawings, unless directed otherwise by the Superintendent.
   - not deviate from the plan or nominated position at any point by more than 20mm.
   - not deviate from a 3m straightedge placed along the joint by more than 10mm, having made due allowances for any planned curvature.
   - be smooth across the joint.

BOND BREAKER AND SPALL TREATMENT

C247.37 GENERAL

1. Subbase to be covered by concrete base shall be provided with a wax emulsion bond breaker. The wax emulsion shall comply with AS 3799 Class A Type 2.  

   Bond Breaker

2. Where the base consists of asphaltic concrete, no bond breaker shall be used. In this case bond is essential and wax emulsion curing compounds shall not be permitted.  

   No Bond Breaker

3. Subbase with spalled areas shall be treated, where directed by the Superintendent, prior to application of the bond breaker or asphaltic concrete.  

   Spalled Areas

C247.38 PREPARATION OF SUBBASE

1. Immediately prior to any spalled area treatment and the application of bond breaker, the subbase surface shall be cleaned to the satisfaction of the Superintendent of all loose, foreign and deleterious material.  

   Subbase Preparation

C247.39 TREATMENT OF SPALLING

1. Where directed by the Superintendent, spalled areas shall be treated before the application of the bitumen bond breaker or asphaltic concrete by infilling with 6:1 sand/cement mortar to provide a surface flush with the surrounding concrete. The area shall be wetted and sprinkled with neat cement before screeding the mortar into the patches.  

   Method

2. A spalled area, if directed to be treated, shall have such treatment completed no earlier than five working days before the application of the bond breaker. Treated spalled areas damaged by the Contractor or others shall be made good by the Contractor.  

   Spalling Repair Time

3. The cost of making good treated spalled areas which have been damaged shall be borne by the Contractor.  

   Contractor’s Cost

C247.40 APPLICATION OF BOND BREAKER

1. The wax emulsion used as bond breaker should be the same as used for curing compound. This second application shall be applied at a minimum rate of 0.2 litres per square metre and not earlier than 72 hours before the placement of the base concrete.  

   Wax Emulsion

2. The method of application shall conform to the requirements of Clause C247.33.
C247.41 TREATMENT OF UNPLANNED CRACKS

1. The Superintendent shall direct treatment of unplanned cracks whose width exceeds 0.3mm. This may take the form of applying an approved 300mm minimum width geotextile backed polymer modified bitumen strip (reference AUSTROADS Guide to Geotextiles) over the crack prior to placement of the first asphalt base layer or concrete base, or an extra application of wax emulsion for a width of 300mm along the crack when a concrete base is required.

2. The Contractor shall install the Stress Alleviating Membrane strip in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

SUBGRADE BEAMS

C247.42 GENERAL

1. Subgrade beams shall be provided below the subbase at expansion joints and isolation joints in the concrete base as shown in the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. They shall extend the full length of joints unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings.

C247.43 EXCAVATION

1. Excavation for subgrade beams shall be to the dimensions shown on the Drawings. All loose material shall be removed and the vertical faces trimmed to neat lines. The bottom of the trench shall be recompacted, where required, to the degree of consolidation of the adjacent undisturbed material.

2. Excavated material shall be legally disposed of by the Contractor.

C247.44 CONCRETE

1. Concrete in subgrade beams shall comply with the requirements of the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS. The minimum compressive strength at 28 days shall be 32MPa.

C247.45 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

1. Steel reinforcement shall be of the type and size shown on the Drawings and shall be supplied and installed in accordance with the Specification for PLAIN OR REINFORCED CONCRETE BASE.

C247.46 CONSTRUCTION AND PROTECTION

1. Subgrade beams shall be constructed before construction of the subbase. The top surface of the subgrade beam shall be level with the top of the subgrade. Any loose subgrade material shall be recompacted to the correct level. If the contractor elects to remove any loose material, the voids shall be filled with mortar or concrete and screeded to provide a surface flush with the top of the subgrade beam and the surrounding subgrade.

2. A steel float shall be used to produce a smooth surface finish, free of any texture.

3. The subgrade beams shall be protected from damage by plant, motor vehicles.
and the paving operation. Any damage shall be made good by the Contractor. The cost of making good such damage to the subgrade beams shall be borne by the Contractor.

C247.47 CURING
1. The top surface of the subgrade beam shall be cured in accordance with Clause C247.33 before placing the subbase.

C247.48 BOND BREAKER
1. The top surface of the subgrade beam shall be treated with a bond breaker which shall consist of a further application of curing compound neither less than twenty-four hours nor more than seventy-two hours before placing of subbase concrete.

TRIAL CONCRETE SUBBASE

C247.49 GENERAL
1. Before the commencement of paving, the Contractor shall construct a trial section of concrete subbase on the carriageway to demonstrate to the Superintendent the Contractor's capability of constructing subbase in accordance with the Specification. This section shall be constructed so that it may be incorporated in the finished work.

2. The trial subbase shall be constructed using the same materials, concrete mix, equipment and methods the Contractor intends to use for the remaining subbase work. The Contractor shall demonstrate the methods proposed to be used for texturing, the application of curing compound and the construction of joints.

3. The trial shall also be used to demonstrate that the Contractor's allowances for concrete strength, compaction and slab thickness are adequate to achieve the minimum requirements specified.

4. A trial length of between 100m and 200m or lesser length in compliance with Council requirements for mechanical paving equipment or between 20m and 50m for hand placement is required. The trial length shall be the maximum width proposed to be laid, and shall be constructed in one continuous operation.

5. Unless advised by the Superintendent of any deficiencies in the trial concrete subbase, due to failure to comply with this Specification, the Contractor may proceed with placing concrete subbase from a time five working days after the completion of the trial concrete subbase or such earlier time as the Superintendent may allow. In the event of deficiencies in the trial concrete subbase, the Superintendent may order the Contractor to construct a further length of trial concrete subbase which shall be treated as the first. If, after three trials, the subbase still is deficient in some way, the Superintendent may require the Contractor to justify to the satisfaction of the Superintendent why the work should be allowed to continue using that method and/or equipment and/or materials and/or personnel.

6. The Superintendent shall have the right to call for a new trial section at any stage of work under the contract when changes by the Contractor in the equipment, materials, mix, plant or rate of paving are deemed by the Superintendent to warrant such procedure or when concrete as placed does not comply with this Specification.

7. Trial concrete subbase, which does not comply with the Specification, shall be rejected by the Superintendent and shall be removed and disposed from the site by the Contractor.

good any damage caused by such removal to the subgrade or subgrade beams shall be borne by the Contractor.
C247.50 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this specification are summarised in Table C247.4 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Materials for Concrete</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a. Misshapen Particles</td>
<td>2:1 ratio</td>
<td>&lt;35 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b. Aggregates Grading</td>
<td>Deviation from submitted sample not greater than Table C247.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c. Durability</td>
<td>Wet Strength 10% Fines</td>
<td>&gt;50 kN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Concrete</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a. Shrinkage</td>
<td>Drying Shrinkage &lt;450 microstrain</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b. Consistency</td>
<td>Mechanically placed:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>&gt;25mm&lt;40mm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>&gt;50mm &lt;65mm</td>
<td>C247.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c. Air Content</td>
<td></td>
<td>≥3, ≤7 percent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>d. Thickness</td>
<td>Concrete shall be removed if thickness &gt;20mm below specified thickness.</td>
<td>C247.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>e. Mixing and Transport</td>
<td></td>
<td>After addition of cement to the aggregate, concrete shall be incorporated into the work within:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(i) One and a half hours where transported by truck mixer or agitator.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) One hour where transported by non agitating trucks.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>f. Placing</td>
<td>Concrete shall not be placed when the air temperature in the shade is less than 5°C or &gt;38°C.</td>
<td>C247.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Temperature of concrete shall be &gt;10°C but &lt;32°C.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Concrete shall not be placed when the Rate of Evaporation exceeds 0.5kg per square metre per hour.</td>
<td></td>
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</table>
### Alignment and Surface Tolerances

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<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>a. Horizontal Alignment</td>
<td>Outer edges not to deviate from plan position by more than ±25mm.</td>
<td>C247.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b. Surface</td>
<td>Level on top surface to be no more than +0mm or -20mm to that shown on the drawings.</td>
<td>C247.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>The top surface shall not deviate from a 3m straightedge laid in any direction by more than 5mm.</td>
<td>C247.32</td>
</tr>
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</table>

### Joints

<table>
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<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>a. Transverse Construction</td>
<td>Shall not deviate from a 3m straight-edge placed along the joint by more than 10mm.</td>
<td>C247.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b. Longitudinal Joint (i)</td>
<td>Shall not deviate from the plan or nominated position at any point by more than 20mm.</td>
<td>C247.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii)</td>
<td>Shall not deviate from a 3m straightedge placed along the joint by more than 10mm after allowing for any curvature.</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
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### Bond Breaker

<table>
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<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
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<td>5.</td>
<td>a. Wax Emulsion</td>
<td>Minimum 0.2 litres per square metre, not earlier than 72 hours before placement of base.</td>
<td>C247.40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table C247.4 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances**
SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C247.51  RESERVED
C247.52  RESERVED
C247.53  RESERVED
C247.54  RESERVED
C247.55  RESERVED
C247.56  RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C247.57 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed under this Specification in accordance with Pay Items C247(a) to C247(e) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

3. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. The cost of all work, materials and equipment shall be included in the schedule rate for each Pay Item.

5. Concrete and steel reinforcement for subgrade beams is measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specifications for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS and PLAIN OR REINFORCED CONCRETE BASE.

6. Base slab anchors are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for PLAIN OR REINFORCED CONCRETE BASE.

Pay Item C247(a) SUPPLY AND PLACE CONCRETE IN SUBBASE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre in place.

2. The width and length shall be as specified on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. The depths shall be the depths specified or as directed by the Superintendent across each section.

4. No account shall be taken of the allowable tolerances.

5. The cost of providing transverse construction joints and longitudinal construction joints shall be included in the schedule rate for this Pay Item.

Pay Item C247(b) FINISH AND CURE SUBBASE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of subbase.

2. The width and length shall be taken as specified on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. No account shall be taken of the allowance tolerances.

4. The sides of slabs shall not be included in the measurement of surface area.

Pay Item C247(c) CRACK TREATMENT (FOR ASPHALT BASES)

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre.

2. The quantity is a provisional quantity. The actual lengths shall be measured on site.

3. The rate shall include supply and installation of the Stress Alleviating Membrane strip.
Pay Item C247(d)  BOND BREAKER

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The area shall be determined by multiplying the actual length with design width as shown on the Drawings. No account shall be taken of tolerances.

Pay Item C247(e)  SUBGRADE BEAMS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre.

2. The volume shall be determined by multiplying the width, length and depth as specified on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. The rate shall include all activities and materials to complete the subgrade beams as shown on the Drawings.
# SPECIFICATION C247
MASS CONCRETE SUBBASE

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AUS-SPEC-1\NSW-C247 Mar 2001

BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL
SUBGRADE BEAMS

TREATMENT OF UNPLANNED CRACKS

GENERAL

EXCAVATION

CONCRETE

STEEL REINFORCEMENT

CONSTRUCTION AND PROTECTION

CURING

BOND BREAKER

TRIAL CONCRETE SUBBASE

GENERAL

LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

RESERVED

RESERVED

RESERVED

RESERVED

RESERVED

RESERVED

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

PAY ITEMS
BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT
CONSTRUCTION
SPECIFICATION

C248

PLAIN OR REINFORCED
CONCRETE BASE
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment Sequence No.</th>
<th>Key Topic addressed in amendment</th>
<th>Clause No.</th>
<th>Amendment Code</th>
<th>Author Initials</th>
<th>Amendment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE 1</td>
<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPECIFICATION C248
PLAIN OR REINFORCED CONCRETE BASE

GENERAL

C248.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the construction, by mechanical or hand placement of plain or reinforced concrete base, including trial sections, slab anchors and terminal slabs to the dimensions and levels shown on the Drawings and in accordance with the provisions of the Contract.

2. The work also includes the construction of reinforced concrete approach slabs at bridge abutments and traffic signal approach slabs where specified on the Drawings.

3. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C248.02 THICKNESS AND LEVELS OF BASE

1. The base thickness and levels shall be shown on the Drawings.

C248.03 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

C224 - Open Drains including Kerb and Gutter
C231 - Subsoil and Foundation Drains
C247 - Mass Concrete Subbase

(b) Australian Standards

AS 1012.1 - Sampling fresh concrete.
AS 1012.3.1 - Determination of properties related to the consistence of concrete - Slump test.
AS 1012.4.2 - Determination of air content of freshly mixed concrete - Measuring reduction in air pressure in chamber above concrete.
AS 1012.8 - Making and curing concrete compression, indirect tensile and flexure test specimens in the laboratory or in the field.
AS 1012.9 - Determination of the compressive strength of concrete specimens.
AS 1012.12.2 - Determination of mass per unit volume of hardened concrete - Water displacement method.
AS 1012.13 - Determination of the drying shrinkage of concrete for samples prepared in the field or in the laboratory.
AS 1012.14 - Securing and testing cores from hardened concrete for compressive strength or indirect tensile strength.
AS 1141.11 - Particle size distribution by dry sieving.
AS 1141.14 - Particle shape by proportional calliper.
AS 1141.18 - Crushed particles of coarse aggregates.
AS 1141.22 - Wet/dry strength variation.
AS 1141.24 - Soundness (by use of sodium sulphate solution).
AS 1160 - Bitumen emulsions for construction and maintenance of pavements.
AS 1302 - Steel reinforcing bars for concrete.
AS 1303 - Steel reinforcing wire for concrete.
AS 1379 - The specification and manufacture of concrete.
AS 1554.3 - Welding of reinforcing steel.
AS 2758.1 - Concrete aggregates.
AS 3582.1 - Supplementary Cementitious materials - flyash.
AS 3799 - Liquid membrane - forming curing compounds for concrete.
AS 3972 - Portland and blended cement.

(c) NSW RTA Test Methods

T 1163 - Resistance of Vulcanised Rubber to the Absorption of Oil.
T 1192 - Adhesion of Sealant.
T 1193 - Accelerated Ageing of Cured Sealant.

(d) ASTM Standards

D792 - Test Method for Specific Gravity (Relative Density) and Density of Plastics by Displacement.
D2240 - Test Method for Rubber Property Durometer Hardness.
D2628 - Specification for Preformed Polychloroprene Elastomeric Joint Seals for Concrete.
D2835 - Specification for Lubricant for Installation of Preformed Compression Seal in Concrete Pavements.

(e) US Military Specifications


MATERIALS FOR CONCRETE

C248.04 CEMENT

1. Cement shall be Type GP Portland cement complying with AS 3972 and shall be from a source included in the New South Wales Government Cement Quality Assurance Scheme.

2. When submitting details of the nominated mix in accordance with Clause C248.19 the Contractor shall nominate the brand and source of the cement. On approval of a nominated mix by the Superintendent, the Contractor shall use only the nominated cement in the work.)
3. Documentary evidence of the quality and source of the cement shall be furnished by the Contractor to the Superintendent upon request at any stage of the work.

4. If the Contractor proposes to use cement which has been stored for a period in excess of three months from the time of manufacture, a re-test shall be required to ensure the cement still complies with AS 3972, before the cement is used in the work.

5. The cost of re-testing the cement shall be borne by the Contractor and results of the testing forwarded to the Superintendent.

6. Cement shall be transported in watertight containers and shall be protected from moisture until used. Caked or lumpy cement shall not be used.

C248.05 FLYASH

1. Flyash shall be from a source included in the New South Wales Government Cement Quality Assurance Scheme. The use and quality of flyash shall comply with AS 3582.1.

2. When submitting details of the nominated mix in accordance with Clause C248.19, the Contractor shall nominate the powerhouse source of the flyash. The Contractor shall use only flyash from the nominated powerhouse.

3. Documentary evidence of the quality and source of the flyash shall be furnished by the Contractor to the Superintendent.

C248.06 WATER

1. Water used in the production of concrete shall be potable, free from materials harmful to concrete or reinforcement, and be neither salty nor brackish.

C248.07 ADMIXTURES

1. Chemical admixtures and their use shall comply with AS 1478.1. Admixtures shall not contain calcium chloride, calcium formate, or triethanolamine or any other accelerator. Admixtures or combinations of admixtures other than specified below, shall not be used. An air-entraining agent shall be included in the mix and the air content of the concrete shall comply with Clause C248.13.

2. Fresh concrete with an air content not complying with Clause C248.13 shall be rejected.

3. During the warm season, (October to March inclusive), a lignin or lignin-based ('ligpol') set-retarding admixture (Type Re or Type WRRe) approved by the Superintendent shall be used to control slump within the limits stated in Clause C248.12. The dosage shall be varied to account for air temperature and haul time in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations. A copy of the NATA endorsed Certificate of Compliance with AS 1478.1 for Type Re or Type WRRe shall be submitted to the Superintendent, together with the proposed ‘dosage chart' in accordance with Clause C248.19.

4. During the cool season, (April to September inclusive), only a lignin or lignin based set-retarding admixture containing not more than 6 per cent reducing sugars (Type WRRe complying with AS 1478.1) may be used in the mix. If the Contractor proposes to vary the admixture between the warm and cool seasons such variation shall constitute a proposed change to an approved mix for the purposes of Clause C248.21.
5. When submitting details of the nominated mix in accordance with Clause C248.19, the Contractor shall nominate the proprietary source, type and name for each admixture to be used. Documentary evidence of the quality shall be furnished by the Contractor to the Superintendent upon request at any stage of the work.

C248.08  AGGREGATES

(a) General

1. At least 40 per cent by mass of the total aggregates in the concrete mix shall be quartz sand. Quartz sand is aggregate having a nominal size of less than 5mm and shall contain at least 70 per cent quartz, by mass. Where present, chert fragments will be regarded as `quartz' for the purpose of this specification, but the ratio of chert to quartz shall not exceed unity.

2. When submitting details of the nominated mix in accordance with Clause C248.19, the Contractor shall nominate the sources of aggregate to be used in the concrete and shall submit details of the geological type of each aggregate.

(b) Fine Aggregate

1. Fine aggregate shall consist of clean, hard, tough, durable, uncoated grains uniform in quality. Fine aggregate shall comply with AS 2758.1 in respect of bulk density, water absorption (maximum 5 per cent), material finer than 2 micrometres, and impurities and reactive materials. The sodium sulphate soundness, determined by AS 1141.24, shall not exceed the limits in Table C248.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Australian Standard Sieve</th>
<th>Per Cent Loss by Mass</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.75mm to 2.36mm</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.36mm to 1.18mm</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.18mm to 600 µm</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600 µm to 300 µm</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C248.1 - Sodium Sulphate Soundness Limits

2. In the case of a blend of two or more fine aggregates, the above limits shall apply to each constituent material.

3. The grading of the fine aggregate, determined by AS 1141.11, shall be within the limits given in Table C248.2.

4. When submitting details of the nominated mix the Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent a NATA Certified Laboratory Test Report on the quality and grading of the fine aggregate proposed to be used. The grading shall be known as the "proposed fine aggregate grading".

5. If the Contractor proposes to blend two or more fine aggregates to provide the proposed grading then Test Reports for each constituent material shall be submitted separately and the Superintendent advised of the proportions in which the various sizes and constituents are to be combined. The fine aggregate from each source and the combined aggregate shall comply with the requirements of this clause.

6. The grading of the fine aggregate used in the work shall not deviate from that of the proposed grading by more than the amounts in Table C248.2.

7. Notwithstanding these tolerances, the fine aggregate used in the work shall comply with the limits shown in Table C248.2.
(c) Coarse Aggregate

1. Coarse aggregate shall consist of clean, crushed, hard durable rock, metallurgical furnace slag or gravel. Coarse aggregate shall comply with AS 2758.1 in respect of particle density, bulk density, water absorption (maximum 2.5 per cent), material finer than 75 micrometres, weak particles, light particles, impurities and reactive materials, iron unsoundness and falling or dusting unsoundness. In all other respects, the coarse aggregate shall comply with this Specification. If required, coarse aggregate shall be washed to satisfy these requirements.

2. The grading of the coarse aggregate, determined by AS 1141.11, shall be within the limits given in Table C248.3.

3. When submitting details of the nominated mix the Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent a NATA Certified Laboratory Test Report on the quality and grading of the coarse aggregate proposed to be used. The grading shall be known as the "proposed coarse aggregate grading".

4. If the Contractor proposes to blend two or more coarse aggregates to provide the proposed grading then Test Reports for each constituent material shall be submitted separately and the Superintendent advised of the proportions in which the various sizes and constituents are to be combined. The coarse aggregate from each source and the combined aggregate shall comply with the requirements of this clause.

5. The grading of the coarse aggregate used in the work shall not deviate from that of the proposed grading by more than the amounts in Table C248.3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Australian Standard Sieve</th>
<th>Proportion Passing (% of Mass of Sample)</th>
<th>Deviation from Proposed Grading (% of Mass of Sample)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>26.50 mm</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>± 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.00 mm</td>
<td>95 - 100</td>
<td>± 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.20 mm</td>
<td>(accepted design mix)</td>
<td>± 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.50 mm</td>
<td>25 - 55</td>
<td>± 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.75 mm</td>
<td>0 - 10</td>
<td>± 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.36 mm</td>
<td>0 - 2</td>
<td>± 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C248.3 - Coarse Aggregate Grading
6. Notwithstanding these tolerances, the coarse aggregate used in the work shall comply with the limits shown in Table C248.3.

7. The coarse aggregate shall also conform to the following requirements:

   (i) Wet Strength - AS 1141.22.

   Shall not be less than 80 kN for any fraction and/or constituent.

   (ii) 10 per cent Fines Wet/Dry Variation - AS 1141.22.

   Shall not exceed 35 per cent for any fraction and/or constituent.

   (iii) Soundness - AS 1141.24

   The loss in mass when tested with sodium sulphate shall not exceed 9 per cent for any constituent.

   (iv) Particle Shape - AS 1141.14

   The proportion of misshapen particles (2:1 ratio) shall not exceed 35 per cent.

   (v) Fractured Faces - AS 1141.18

   At least 80 per cent by mass of the particles shall have two or more fractured faces.

(d) Storage

1. Storage and handling facilities shall be such as to prevent the aggregates becoming intermixed or mixed with foreign materials, and to prevent segregation occurring.

2. The area surrounding the storage facilities and mixing plant shall be so constructed that delivery vehicles, loaders and trucks shall not be capable of introducing foreign matter to the aggregates at any time. If foreign matter is introduced or the area reaches a condition where, in the opinion of the Superintendent, foreign matter may be introduced to the aggregates, production of concrete and delivery of materials shall cease until the condition is corrected to the satisfaction of the Superintendent.

QUALITY REQUIREMENTS OF CONCRETE

C248.09 CEMENT AND FLYASH CONTENT

1. The minimum Portland cement content shall be 270 kilograms per yielded cubic metre of concrete. The maximum flyash content shall be 50 kilograms per yielded cubic metre of concrete.

C248.10 COMPRRESSIVE STRENGTH

1. The compressive strength of concrete shall be determined in accordance with AS 1012.9. The minimum compressive strength at twenty-eight days shall be 36MPa.
C248.11 SHRINKAGE
1. The drying shrinkage of the nominated mix, determined by AS 1012.13, shall not exceed 450 microstrain after three weeks air drying. The drying shrinkage at the nominated slump plus 10mm shall be taken as the average of the reading or readings within 5 per cent of the median of the three readings obtained in accordance with AS 1012.13.

C248.12 CONSISTENCY
1. The Contractor's nominated slump, determined in accordance with AS 1012.3.1, shall be neither less than 30mm nor more than 40mm for mechanically placed concrete and shall be neither less than 55mm nor more than 65mm for hand placed concrete.

C248.13 AIR CONTENT
1. The air content of the concrete, determined in accordance with AS 1012.4.2, shall be neither less than 4 per cent nor more than 7 per cent, when discharged from the transport vehicle ready for placement.

STEEL REINFORCEMENT

C248.14 MATERIAL
1. Steel reinforcement shall comply with the requirements of the appropriate following Australian Standards:-
   (a) AS 1302 Steel Reinforcing Bars for Concrete.
   (b) AS 1303 Steel Reinforcing Wire for Concrete.
   (c) AS 1304 Welded Wire Reinforcing Fabric for Concrete.

2. The type and size of bars shall be as shown on the Drawings.

3. Steel reinforcement shall be free from loose or thick rust, grease, tar, paint, oil, mud, millscale, mortar or any other coating, but shall not be brought to a smooth polished condition.

4. The Contractor shall supply evidence satisfactory to the Superintendent that steel reinforcement complies with AS 1302, AS 1303 or AS 1304, as appropriate. Test certificates shall show the results of mechanical tests and chemical analysis.

5. Where the material cannot be identified with a test certificate, samples shall be taken and testing arranged by the Contractor. The samples shall be selected randomly and consist of three specimens each at least 1.2m in length. The cost of all samples and tests shall be borne by the Contractor.

6. Plastic bar chairs or plastic tipped wire chairs shall be capable of withstanding a load of 200kg mass on the chair for one hour at 23 ± 5°C without malfunction. The Contractor shall demonstrate that the proposed chairs conform with these requirements.
C248.15 BENDING

1. Reinforcement shall be formed to the dimensions and shapes shown on the Drawings. Reinforcement shall not be bent or straightened in a manner that will damage the material. Bars with kinks or bends not shown on the Drawings shall not be used. Heating of reinforcement for purposes of bending will only be permitted if uniform heat is applied. Temperature shall not exceed 450°C and the heating shall extend beyond the portion to be bent. Heated bars shall not be cooled by quenching.

C248.16 SPlicing

1. All reinforcement shall be furnished in the lengths indicated on the Drawings. Except where shown on the Drawings, splicing of bars shall only be permitted with the approval of the Superintendent as to the location and method of splicing.

The length of lapped splices not shown on the Drawings shall be as follows for unhooked bars:

- Plain bars, Grade 250: 40 bar diameters
- Deformed bars, Grade 400: 35 bar diameters
- Hard-drawn wire: 50 bar diameters

2. Splices in reinforcing fabric shall be measured as the overlap between the outermost wire in each sheet of fabric transverse to the direction of splice. This overlap shall not be less than the pitch of the transverse wires plus 25mm.

3. In welded splices, bars shall only be welded by an approved electrical method. Grade 400 deformed bars shall not be welded.

4. Welding shall comply with AS 1554.3. The welded splice shall meet requirements of tensile and bend tests specified for the parent metal.

C248.17 STORAGE

1. Reinforcement, unless promptly incorporated into the concrete, shall be stored under a waterproof cover and supported clear of the ground, and shall be protected from damage and from deterioration due to exposure.

C248.18 PLACING

1. Reinforcing bars and wire reinforcing fabric shall be accurately placed to the dimensions and details shown on the Drawings. They shall be securely held by blocking from the forms, by supporting on concrete or plastic chairs or metal hangers, as approved by the Superintendent, and by wiring together where required using annealed iron wire not less than 1.25 mm diameter. These supports shall be in a regular grid not exceeding 1 m and steel shall not be supported on metal supports which extend to any surface of the concrete, on wooden supports, nor on pieces of aggregate.

2. Tack welding instead of wire ties may be used on reinforcing steel. Cold-worked reinforcing bars shall not be tack welded.

3. The minimum cover of any bar to the nearest concrete surface shall be 50mm unless otherwise shown on the Drawings.

4. Tie bars shall be placed in the pavement such that after placement they remain in their specified location. Tie bars shall not be placed through the finished upper surface of the pavement. Tie bars shall be placed either ahead of paving or by a bar vibrator into the edge of the joint or by an automatic tie bar inserter on the mechanical paver. Irrespective...
of the method of placement, tie bars extending from any side face of base concrete or
gutter shall be anchored in a manner which will develop 85 per cent of the yield strength
of the bar in tension.

5. Placing and fastening of all reinforcement in the work shall be approved by the
Superintendent before concrete is placed and adequate time shall be allowed for
inspections and any corrective work which the Superintendent may require. Notice for
inspection shall not be less than four working hours before the intended time of
commencement of concrete placement or such time as determined by the
Superintendent.

**DESIGN AND CONTROL OF CONCRETE MIXES**

C248.19 **GENERAL**

1. The Contractor shall submit, for approval by the Superintendent, details of the
concrete mix (or mixes) and the materials, including source, to be used for each of
mechanically placed and hand placed base, including nominated slump and moisture
condition of the aggregates (oven dry, saturated surface dry, or other specified moisture
content) on which the mix is based. Each such mix shall be known as a 'nominated mix'.

2. Also, the Contractor shall provide a Certificate from a laboratory with appropriate
NATA registration stating that each nominated mix and its constituents meet the
requirements of this Specification. All relevant test results shall accompany the
Certificate. All phases of any particular test must be performed at one laboratory. The
certificate shall confirm that the required testing has been carried out in the twelve month
period before the date of submission to the Superintendent.

3. In the tests supporting the above certification, the compressive strength gain
curve shall be submitted showing the compressive strengths at ages 3, 7, 10 and 28 days
determined in accordance with AS 1012.9. Each of the results shall be based on three
specimens of concrete produced from a batch of the nominated mix. The compressive
strength shall be the average of individual results within 2MPa of the median. The
compressive strength for 28 days shall not be less than 36MPa.

4. These details shall be submitted at least 21 days before using the nominated mix
in the work.

C248.20 **VARIATIONS TO APPROVED MIXES**

1. The Contractor shall not make any changes to the approved mix, its method of
production or source of supply of constituents without the prior written approval of the
Superintendent.

2. Where changes to an approved mix are proposed, the Contractor shall provide
details of the nominated mix and materials, in accordance with Clause C248.19. If the
variations to the quantities of the constituents in the approved mix are less than 10 kg for
Portland cement and flyash and 5 per cent by mass for each other constituent, except
admixtures, per yielded cubic metre of concrete the Superintendent may approve the
changes without new trials being carried out.

3. Notwithstanding these tolerances the minimum Portland cement content shall be
270 kilograms per yielded cubic metre of concrete and the maximum flyash content shall
be 50 kilograms per yielded cubic metre of concrete.
CONFORMANCE OF CONCRETE STRENGTH, COMPACTION AND THICKNESS

C248.21 CONCRETE CYLINDERS

(a) Test Specimens

1. Test specimens for determining the compressive strength of concrete shall be standard cylinders complying with AS 1012.8. The Contractor shall supply a sufficient number of moulds to meet the requirements for the frequency of testing specified in this Clause and shall also arrange for a laboratory with appropriate NATA registration to conduct the sampling of fresh concrete and the making, curing, delivery and testing of specimens. Copies of test results shall be forwarded to the Superintendent. 

2. Samples of concrete for testing shall be taken in accordance with AS 1012.1. The selection of the batches to be sampled shall be taken randomly. The specimens shall be moulded from each sample so that they are as identical as practicable.

3. The method of making and curing specimens shall be in accordance with AS 1012.8 with compaction by internal vibration.

4. The Contractor shall mark the specimens for identification purposes.

5. The cost of all work and material required in the making, curing, delivery and testing of specimens shall be borne by the Contractor.

(b) Frequency of Moulding of Test Specimens

1. Test specimens shall be moulded as follows:

   (i) For the determination of the compressive strength at twenty-eight days.

       For each lot of up to 50 cubic metres of concrete placed at the one time: One pair of specimens

   (ii) For the determination of the compressive strength at seven days.

       For each lot of up to 50 cubic metres of concrete placed at the one time: One pair of specimens

   (iii) For the determination of compressive strength for any early testing as deemed necessary by the Contractor.

       For each lot of up to 50 cubic metres of concrete placed at the one time: One pair of specimens

2. A lot is defined as a continuous pour of up to 50 cubic metres of concrete placed.

(c) Inspection, Capping and Crushing of Specimens

1. Specimens required by this Specification shall be tested at the NATA registered laboratory nominated by the Contractor. The cost of such testing shall be borne by the Contractor.

2. Specimens shall be inspected, capped and crushed in accordance with AS 1012.9.

3. Before crushing, the mass per unit volume of the seven day specimens shall also...
be determined in accordance with AS 1012.12.2, so that the relative compaction of cores taken from the same lot of concrete base can be determined.

**C248.22 COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF CONCRETE**

**(a) General**

1. The compressive strength of the concrete represented by a pair of specimens moulded from one sample shall be the average compressive strength of the two specimens unless the two results differ by more than 3MPa, in which case the higher result shall be taken to represent the compressive strength of the lot of concrete.

**(b) Adjustment of Test Compressive Strength for Age of Specimen**

1. Should any specimen be tested more than twenty-eight days after moulding the equivalent twenty-eight day compressive strength shall be the test compressive strength divided by the factor applying to the age of the specimen at the time of the test shown in Table C248.4. For intermediate ages the factor shall be determined by interpolation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age of Specimen at time of test (days)</th>
<th>Factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>1.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>1.04</td>
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<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>1.06</td>
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<td>56</td>
<td>1.08</td>
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<td>70</td>
<td>1.10</td>
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<td>84</td>
<td>1.12</td>
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<td>112</td>
<td>1.14</td>
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<td>140</td>
<td>1.16</td>
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<td>168</td>
<td>1.18</td>
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<tr>
<td>196</td>
<td>1.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>224</td>
<td>1.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>308</td>
<td>1.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>365 or greater</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C248.4 - Concrete Age Conversion Factors

**(c) Conformance for Compressive Strength**

1. If the 28 day compressive strength of test cylinders for any lot is less than 33MPa or greater than 45MPa, the lot represented by the test cylinders shall be removed and replaced in accordance with Clauses C248.50, C248.51 and C248.52.

2. In case of non-conformance the Contractor may elect to core the in situ base concrete for testing of the actual compressive strength to represent the particular lot. The locations for testing shall be nominated by the Superintendent. Such locations may be determined by the use of a nuclear density meter, or any alternative method. Testing shall be carried out at the request of the Contractor. Base concrete failing to reach the required in situ compressive strength shall not be retested for at least 72 hours after the determination of the value of the in situ compressive strength.

3. After testing for compressive strength of cores, where required, the Superintendent shall consider the test results and shall at his absolute discretion determine the compressive strength of the concrete to be either:

(i) The average of the twenty-eight day compressive strength of the pair of...
specimens moulded at the time of placing; or

(ii) The equivalent twenty-eight day compressive strength of the core.

4. A lot is defined as a continuous pour of up to 50 cubic metres of base represented by a pair of test specimens cast from a sample of the concrete used in its construction.

C248.23 CONFORMANCE FOR THICKNESS

1. Thickness measurements of the concrete base shall be determined by survey, measurements at the edges or by coring. Audit checks using a suitable probe may be carried out whilst the concrete is being placed. The readings shall be rounded off to the nearest 5mm.

2. Base which is below the specified thickness shall be removed and replaced in accordance with Clauses C248.50, C248.51 and C248.52.

3. Base which is thicker than the design thickness will be acceptable provided the finish satisfies the requirements of Clause C248.31.

C248.24 RELATIVE COMPACTION OF CONCRETE

(a) Test Specimens

1. Test specimens for determining the relative compaction of the concrete placed in the work shall be cores cut from the work. Cores shall be cut from the full depth of the concrete base to the requirements of AS 1012.14, with the following exceptions:

(i) The requirement that the concrete shall be at least 28 days old before the core is removed shall not apply. However concrete must be not less than three days old in the warm season and six days old in the cool season, before removal.

(ii) The nominal diameter of the cores shall not be less than 75mm.

2. The location of coring shall be chosen to exclude joints, steel reinforcement or tie bars from the core. The locations are not intended to be random, but are intended to ensure that the whole of the concrete base conforms to the minimum requirements of the Specification. Cores shall be marked for identification.

3. Cores shall be placed immediately either in a tank of lime saturated water or in an individual plastic bag and sealed to prevent water loss. Cores stored in plastic bags shall be kept in the shade.

4. Cores shall not be subjected to temperatures in excess of either ambient temperature or 23°C whichever is the higher and they shall not be subjected to temperature less than 10°C, until delivered to the testing laboratory.

(b) Frequency of Coring

1. The Contractor shall take a minimum of one core specimen from each lot of concrete base represented by standard cylinders moulded in accordance with Clause C248.21.

2. In the case of hand-placed base concrete, two cores shall be taken to represent a section of work. A section of work shall be confined between construction joints. Hand-worked or placed base that is cast with machine-placed concrete and not separated from the machine-placed concrete shall be deemed to be part of the machine-placed concrete, and be cored and tested as part of the machine-placed concrete base.
(c) Repair of Core Holes

1. The Contractor shall clean and restore all core holes taken in the base with non-shrink cementitious concrete having a compressive strength of not less than that in the base and a maximum nominal aggregate size of 10mm.

2. The surface of the restored hole shall be similar to the surrounding surface in texture and colour.

3. The cost of restoring core holes shall be borne by the Contractor.

(d) Testing of Cores for Compaction

1. The core specimens shall be wet conditioned in accordance with AS 1012.14 for not less than 24 hours immediately prior to testing for compaction. Testing to determine mass per unit volume shall be carried out on specimens at age seven days.

2. The relative compaction of a core specimen shall be the ratio, expressed as a percentage, of the mass per unit volume of the core specimen to the average mass per unit volume of the standard cylinders used to determine the seven day compressive strength from the same lot of concrete base. The mass per unit volume of both standard cylinders and cores shall be determined in accordance with AS 1012.12.2. All costs associated with obtaining, curing and testing of cores shall be borne by the Contractor.

(e) Conformance for Compaction

1. If the relative compaction is less than 97 per cent, the lot represented by the core shall be removed and replaced in accordance with Clauses C248.50, C248.51 and C248.52.

2. Core specimens for compressive strength testing shall be wet-conditioned, prepared and tested in accordance with AS 1012.14. Cores obtained for compaction shall not be re-used for compressive strength testing.

3. The test strength shall be adjusted for age at test in accordance with Clause C248.22 and for length/diameter ratio in accordance with Table C248.5 by multiplying by the correction factor in Table C248.5.

4. If the 28 day compressive strength of the core is less than 33MPa, the lot represented by the compaction core shall be removed and replaced in accordance with Clauses C248.50, C248.51 and C248.52.

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Table C248.5 - Correction Factors
CONCRETE BASE

PRODUCTION, TRANSPORT AND CONSISTENCY OF CONCRETE

C248.25 PRODUCTION AND HANDLING OF CONCRETE

1. At least four weeks before commencing work under this Specification, the Contractor shall submit, for the information of the Superintendent, details of the proposed methods of handling, storing and batching materials for concrete, details of proposed mixers and methods of agitation, mixing and transport.

Contractor's Responsibility

Handling and Batching Methods

2. The methods of handling, storing and batching materials for concrete shall be in accordance with AS 1379, with the following additional requirements:-

(a) Certificates of Calibration issued by a recognised authority shall be made available for inspection by the Superintendent, as evidence of the accuracy of the scales.

(b) Cementitious material shall be weighed in an individual hopper, with the Portland cement weighed first.

(c) The moisture content of the aggregates shall be determined at least daily immediately prior to batching. Corresponding corrections shall be made to the quantities of aggregates and water.

Contractor's Responsibility

3. Details of proposed mixers and agitation methods shall be in accordance with the plant and equipment sections of AS 1379, with the additional requirement that in Appendix A of AS 1379 the maximum permissible difference in slump shall be 10mm.

C248.26 MIXING AND TRANSPORT

1. Mixing and transport methods shall be in accordance with the production and delivery sections of AS 1379, with the following additional requirements:-

Mixer Requirements

Methods

(a) The mixer shall be charged in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

(b) For the purpose of conducting mixer uniformity tests in accordance with Appendix A of AS 1379 on a split drum mixer producing centrally mixed concrete, the whole of the batch shall be discharged into the tray of a moving vehicle. The concrete shall then be sampled from the tray of the vehicle at points approximately 15 per cent and 85 per cent along the length of the tray.

(c) For truck-mixed concrete, addition of water in accordance with the batch production section of AS 1379 shall be permitted only within ten minutes of completion of batching and within 200m of the batching facilities. The delivery docket must clearly indicate the amount of water added, but in no circumstance shall the water : cement ratio be exceeded. Mixing of the concrete shall be completed at that location.

(d) Admixtures shall be separately prediluted with mixing water and shall be incorporated by a method which ensures that no adverse interaction occurs.

(e) After addition of the cement to the aggregate, concrete shall be incorporated into the work within:-

- One and a half hours, where transported by truck mixer or agitator;
- One hour, where transported by non-agitating trucks.

Means of verification, satisfactory to the Superintendent, of the times of
addition of cement to the aggregate shall be provided. The times within which the concrete shall be incorporated into the work may be reduced if the Superintendent considers the prevailing weather, mix type, or materials being used warrant such a change.

(f) The size of the batch in an agitator vehicle shall not exceed the manufacturer's rated capacity nor shall it exceed 80 per cent of the gross volume of the drum of the mixer.

C248.27 MIXING TIME

1. Minimum mixing time will be as determined for the approved mix and verified when trial concrete base is constructed.

2. Where by reason of delay, it is necessary to hold a batch in the mixer, mixing may be continued for a maximum of ten minutes except for split drum mixers where the maximum shall be five minutes.

3. For longer periods, the batch may be held in the mixer and turned over at regular intervals, subject to the time limits specified for incorporation of the concrete into the work not being exceeded.

C248.28 CONSISTENCY

1. At all times between mixing and discharge, the slump shall be within 10mm of the Contractor's nominated slump for the nominated mix for mechanically placed concrete and within 15mm thereof for hand placed concrete.

2. The consistency of the concrete shall be checked by use of a slump cone in accordance with AS 1012.3.1. The test shall be made on concrete samples obtained in accordance with AS 1012.1.

3. The consistency of the concrete shall be checked within 30 minutes of adding cement to the aggregate. If the actual haul time exceeds 45 minutes, the consistency shall also be checked immediately prior to discharge. Concrete which is non-conforming in relation to consistency shall not be incorporated into the work. Check tests shall be done on each truck load of concrete. The cost of consistency testing shall be borne by the Contractor.

4. Check tests shall be done on each truckload of concrete.

PLACING AND FINISHING CONCRETE BASE

C248.29 GENERAL

1. At least four weeks before commencing work under this Specification, the Contractor shall submit as part of the Quality Plan, for the information of the Superintendent, full details of the equipment and methods proposed for placing and finishing the concrete base together with a paving plan showing proposed paving widths, sequence and estimated daily outputs.

2. The Contractor shall give the Superintendent seven days written notice of the intention to commence construction of the base on any section of work (including the placement of the trial concrete base in accordance with Clause C248.39.

3. The subbase surface shall be clean and free of loose or foreign matter and prepared in accordance with the Specification for MASS CONCRETE SUBBASE.
4. Concrete shall not be placed either during rain or when the air temperature in the shade is below 5°C or above 38°C.

5. The temperature of the concrete at the point of discharge from transport vehicles shall be neither less than 10°C nor more than 32°C.

6. Where required, slab anchors shall be constructed prior to construction of the base.

C248.30 RATE OF EVAPORATION

1. When the value of Rate of Evaporation, determined from the graph in Figure C248.1, exceeds 0.50 kilograms per square metre per hour the Contractor shall take precautionary measures satisfactory to the Superintendent for the prevention of excessive moisture loss. If, in the opinion of the Superintendent, such precautionary measures prove to be unsatisfactory, the Contractor shall cease work while the evaporation rate is in excess of 0.50 kilograms per square metre per hour.

2. Should the Contractor elect to use an evaporation retarder to prevent excessive moisture loss, application shall be by fine spray after all finishing operations, except minor manual bull-floating, are complete.

3. The Contractor shall be responsible for measuring and recording concrete temperature and wind velocity at the point of concrete placement, and for continuously measuring and recording air temperature and relative humidity at the site throughout the course of the work. The Contractor shall provide and maintain all equipment and shall provide suitable personnel necessary for all such measuring and recording.

4. The cost of providing and maintaining such equipment, providing suitable personnel and taking precautionary measures for the prevention of excessive moisture loss shall be borne by the Contractor.
Figure C248.1 - Rate of Evaporation

The graph shows the effects of air temperature, humidity, concrete temperature and wind velocity together on the rate of evaporation of water from freshly placed and unprotected concrete.

Example:

- with air temperature at 27°C
- with relative humidity at 40%
- with concrete temperature at 27°C
- with a wind velocity of 26km/h the rate of evaporation would be 1.6 kg/m²/hour.

To determine the evaporation rate from the graph, enter the graph at the air temperature (in this case 27°C), and move vertically to intersect the curve for relative humidity encountered - here 40%. From this point move horizontally to the respective line for concrete temperature - here 27°C. Move vertically down to the respective wind velocity curve - in this case interpolating for 26km per hour - and then horizontally to the left to intersect the scale for the rate of evaporation.
C248.31 MECHANICAL PAVING

1. The mechanical paver shall be a self-propelled machine with a gross operating mass of not less than 4 tonnes per lineal metre of paved width. It shall be capable of paving at a speed of one metre per minute or less as required to enable the continuous operation of the paver and obtain the required degree of compaction. It shall include the following features:

   (a) An automatic control system with a sensing device to control line and level to the specified tolerances.
   (b) Means of spreading the mix uniformly and regulating the flow of mix to the vibrators without segregation of the components.
   (c) Internal vibrators capable of compacting the full depth of the concrete.
   (d) Adjustable extrusion screed and/or conforming plate to form the slab profile and produce the required finish on all surfaces.
   (e) Capability of paving in the slab widths or combination of slab widths and slab depths shown on the Drawings.

2. The mechanical paver shall spread, compact, screed and finish the freshly placed concrete in such a manner that a minimum of finishing by hand will be required. A dense and homogeneous concrete with a surface exhibiting low permeability, shall be provided. It shall be textured in accordance with Clause C248.34.

3. The supporting surface for the tracks of the paver, curing machine and any other equipment in the paving and curing train shall be in a smooth and firm condition.

4. Once spreading commences, the concrete paving operation shall be continuous. The mechanical paver shall be operated so that its forward progress shall not be stopped due to lack of concrete. If disruptions occur for any reason, the Superintendent may direct that a construction joint be formed before the recommencement of paving operations. The cost of forming such construction joint shall be borne by the Contractor.

5. Where an interruption to paving occurs, which is likely to result in a non-monolithic concrete mass, the Contractor shall form a transverse construction joint in accordance with Clause C248.41.

6. Should subsequent testing at the location of an interruption indicate the presence of non-monolithic concrete, such concrete shall be removed and replaced in accordance with Clauses C248.50, C248.51 and C248.52.

C248.32 HAND PLACING

1. Hand placement shall only be used in areas where mechanical placement is impracticable or where it has been approved by the Superintendent prior to commencement of work.

2. Forms shall be so designed and constructed that they can be removed without damaging the concrete and shall be true to line and grade and braced in a substantial and unyielding manner. Forms shall be mortar tight and debonded to ensure non-adhesion of concrete to the forms.
3. Concrete shall be delivered in agitator vehicles and shall be deposited uniformly in the forms without segregation. The concrete shall be compacted by poker vibrators and by at least two passes of a hand-guided vibratory screed traversing the full width of the slab on each pass. Any buildup of concrete between the forms and vibratory screed shall be prevented.  

4. If disruptions occur for any reason, the Superintendent may direct that a construction joint be formed before the recommencement of paving operations. The cost of forming such construction joint shall be borne by the Contractor.  

5. A dense and homogeneous concrete with a surface exhibiting low permeability, shall be provided. It shall be textured in accordance with Clause C248.34.  

6. Where an interruption to placing occurs, which is likely to result in a non-monolithic concrete mass, the Contractor shall form a transverse construction joint in accordance with Clause C248.41.  

7. Should subsequent testing at the location of an interruption indicate the presence of non-monolithic concrete, such concrete shall be removed and replaced in accordance with Clauses C248.50, C248.51 and C248.52.  

C248.33 ALIGNMENT AND SURFACE TOLERANCES  

(a) Horizontal Alignment Tolerance  
1. The outer edges of the base shall be square to the subbase and shall not deviate from the plan position at any point by more than 10mm.  

2. Where an edge of a slab is to form a longitudinal joint line the allowable horizontal alignment tolerances shall comply with Clause C248.46.  

(b) Tolerances and Rideability  
1. The tolerance on thickness of the base shall be zero below the specified thickness and in accordance with Clause C248.23 for excess thickness.  

2. The top surface of the base shall also not deviate at any measurement from a 3m straightedge, laid in any direction, by more than 5mm. Measurements for conformance shall be taken in accordance with the maximum lot size and minimum test frequencies in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements. Notwithstanding this requirement, the surface shall not pond water.  

C248.34 TEXTURING OF SURFACE  
1. Texturing of the concrete surface may be effected by use of a fine broom or hessian-drag. The Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent details of the proposed texturing method and equipment.  

C248.35 CURING  
1. The base shall be cured by the use of one of the following:  

(a) Chlorinated rubber curing compound complying with AS 3799 Class C Type 1D or resin-based curing compound complying with AS 3799 Class B, Type 1D or Type 2, if an asphalt wearing surface is used, or  

(b) White pigmented wax emulsion curing compound complying with AS 3799 Class A Type 2, if no asphalt wearing surface is used, or
CONCRETE BASE

(c) Bitumen emulsion Grade CRS/170 complying with AS 1160 for either asphalt wearing or no asphalt wearing surface.

2. The Contractor shall submit, for the information of the Superintendent, a current Certificate of Compliance from an Australian laboratory, approved by the Superintendent, showing an Efficiency Index of not less than 90 per cent when tested in accordance with Appendix B of AS 3799.

3. The curing compound shall be applied using a fine spray immediately following texturing at the rate stated on the Certificate of Compliance or at a minimum of 0.2 litres per square metre, whichever rate is the greater. Bitumen emulsion shall be applied at a minimum rate of 0.5 litres per square metre. When applied with an hand lance the rates shall be increased by 25 per cent.

4. The average application rate shall be checked by the Contractor and certified to the Superintendent by calculating the amount of curing compound applied to a measured area representative of a lot and nominated by the Superintendent.

5. The curing membrane shall be maintained intact for seven days after placing the concrete. Any damage to the curing membrane shall be made good by handspraying of the affected areas.

6. The cost of making good such damaged curing membrane shall be borne by the Contractor.

7. Equipment and materials for curing operations shall be kept on site at all times during concrete pours.

C248.36 PROTECTION OF WORK

1. The Contractor shall ensure that the temperature of the concrete does not fall below 5°C during the first twenty-four hours after placing. The Contractor shall provide, for the information of the Superintendent, details of procedures and equipment proposed to be used for the protection of sections recently placed in the event of low air temperatures. If the Contractor fails to maintain the temperature of the concrete at or above 5°C and if, in the opinion of the Superintendent, the concrete exhibits any deficiencies, due to failure to comply with this Specification, the concrete shall be rejected.

2. The Contractor shall protect the work from rain damage and shall provide, for the information of the Superintendent, detailed proposals for procedures and equipment to be used for such protection.

3. Neither traffic nor construction equipment, other than that associated with testing, sawcutting, groove cleaning or joint sealing, shall be allowed on the finished base until the joints have been permanently sealed and at least 10 days have elapsed since placing concrete, and the concrete has reached a compressive strength of at least 20MPa.

C248.37 ODD-SHAPED AND MISMATCHED SLABS

1. A slab is a portion of concrete base bounded by joints or free edges. A slab shall be considered to be odd-shaped if the ratio of the longer dimension to the shorter dimension exceeds 1.6 or if the joint pattern produces an angle of less than 80 degrees between two adjacent sides. Slab dimensions shall be taken as the average dimension measured normal and parallel to the longitudinal joints. Slabs containing blockouts for drainage structures shall be considered as odd-shaped.

2. Where any joint meets a slab and is not continued across that slab, that slab shall be considered a mismatched slab.

3. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, odd-shaped and mismatched slabs

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shall be reinforced with F82 reinforcing fabric placed with 50mm to 60mm cover to the surface of the base. Fabric shall be clear of all transverse and longitudinal joints by 50mm to 100mm.

**C248.38 TERMINAL SLABS**

1. Terminal slabs shall be constructed adjoining bridge approach slabs and at changes from a rigid pavement to a flexible pavement. Terminal slabs shall be constructed to the dimensions and details shown on the Drawings.

**C248.39 TRIAL CONCRETE BASE**

1. Before the commencement of paving, the Contractor shall construct a trial section of concrete base on the carriageway to demonstrate to the Superintendent the Contractor's capability of constructing base in accordance with the Specification. This section shall be constructed so that it may be incorporated in the finished work.

2. The trial base shall be constructed using the same materials, concrete mix, equipment and methods the Contractor intends to use for the remaining base work. The Contractor shall demonstrate the methods proposed to be used for texturing, the application of curing compound, the construction and sawing of joints and the placement of tie bars and dowels.

3. The trial shall also be used to demonstrate that the Contractor's allowances for concrete strength, compaction and slab thickness are adequate to achieve the minimum requirements specified.

4. A trial length of between 20m and 100m for mechanical paving equipment or between 10m and 30m for hand placement is required. The maximum width proposed to be laid, shall be constructed in one continuous operation.

5. Unless advised by the Superintendent of any deficiencies in the trial concrete base, due to failure to comply with this Specification, the Contractor may proceed with placing concrete base from a time ten working days after the completion of the trial concrete base or such earlier time as the Superintendent may allow. In the event of deficiencies in the trial concrete base, the Superintendent may order the Contractor to construct a further length of trial concrete base which shall be treated as the first. If, after three trials, the base still is deficient in some way, the Superintendent may require the Contractor to justify to the satisfaction of the Superintendent why the work should be allowed to continue using that method and/or equipment and/or materials and/or personnel.

6. The Superintendent shall have the right to call for a new trial section at any stage of work under the contract when changes by the Contractor in the equipment, materials, mix, plant or rate of paving are deemed by the Superintendent to warrant such procedure or when concrete as placed does not comply with this Specification.

7. Trial concrete base, which does not comply with the Specification, shall be rejected by the Superintendent and shall be removed by the Contractor in accordance with Clauses C248.50, C248.51 and C248.52.

**JOINTS**

**C248.40 GENERAL**

1. Joints shall be provided at locations indicated on the Drawings or as approved by the Superintendent.
### C248.41 TRANSVERSE CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

1. Transverse construction joints shall:
   - be provided only at discontinuities in the placement of concrete determined by the Contractor's paving operations.
   - not be placed closer than 1.5m to a transverse contraction joint. Where necessary, the Superintendent shall authorise a change in the spacing and/or skew of transverse contraction joints to ensure that sufficient clearance is obtained.
   - be constructed normal to the control line and to the dimensions and details shown on the Drawings. The tie bars shall comply with Clauses C248.14 and C248.18.
   - be smooth across the joint before texturing.
   - not deviate from a 3m straightedge placed along the joint by more than 10mm.

2. Prior to placing adjacent concrete the surface of the concrete shall be roughened to expose coarse aggregate. The roughened surface and the projecting reinforcement shall be washed clean and all excess water and loose material removed.

### C248.42 TRANSVERSE CONTRACTION JOINTS

(a) General

1. Transverse contraction joints shall be continuous across the full width of the base and shall be sawn unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

2. Where the concrete base is to be overlaid with asphalt wearing course, the Superintendent may approve the joint to be formed with a suitable plastic joint inducing system.

3. Transverse contraction joints shall be constructed normal to the control line and to the dimensions and details shown on the Drawings. Where necessary, the joint may be skewed to a maximum 1 in 12 to accommodate construction joints and slab anchors.

(b) Sawcutting

1. The Contractor shall ensure that sawcutting be conducted between 6 and 24 hours after initial paving so as not to cause excessive ravelling of aggregate adjacent to the cut and so as to prevent cracking of the base concrete other than at the bottom of the 3mm sawcut. The Contractor shall use the type of blade and equipment and the method of control best suited to the hardness of the concrete being sawn and shall have sufficient standby equipment available on site to maintain continuity of sawing.

2. The line of the transverse contraction joint shall be without any discontinuities. No edge shall deviate from a 3m straight edge by more than 10mm.

3. The surface of the transverse contraction joint shall not exhibit more than 5mm of vertical or horizontal edge ravelling. The length of edge ravelling shall not be more than 300mm in any 1m length of joint on each edge. Saw debris shall be washed from the joint and pavement immediately after sawing.

4. Sawcuts, which do not conform to the requirements of this Clause, shall be rejected by the Superintendent. Rejected sawcuts may be repaired by a method approved by the Superintendent.
by the Superintendent.

(c) Cleaning

1. Immediately after any sawing, the sawcut shall be cleaned of all debris. The cleaning method used shall not damage the sawcut nor leave any substance deleterious to the concrete or to the adhesion of the joint sealants to be used. The method shall incorporate a pressurised liquid or liquid/air jet. Cleaning liquid shall not be gravity fed from tanks.

(d) Temporary Sealing

1. Immediately after cleaning following the second sawcut, if the transverse contraction joint is produced by a two-cut operation, the joint shall be temporarily sealed by a continuous closed-cell polyethylene backer rod of diameter shown on the Drawings or as required by the Superintendent.

2. The top of the sealant shall be neither higher than nor more than 10 mm below the concrete surface. The backer rod shall pass over any longitudinal joint seal already in place.

3. The temporary sealant shall be maintained by the Contractor until the joint is sealed permanently. Damaged or disturbed temporary sealants shall be removed, the transverse contraction joint recleaned to the satisfaction of the Superintendent and a new temporary sealant inserted.

(e) Permanent Sealing

(i) General

1. Within ten days of initial sawing and immediately on removal of the temporary sealant, the permanent sealant shall be placed in the joint.

2. The permanent sealant shall be either a neoprene compression seal or an in situ cast silicone sealant. The Contractor shall submit for the approval of the Superintendent, a full technical description of the proposed sealant, including its operating parameters and the method of installation recommended by its manufacturer.

(ii) Neoprene Compression Sealants

1. Neoprene compression sealants shall comply with all the requirements of ASTM 2628. Test methods used to determine compliance with these requirements shall include Test Methods T1160, T1161 and T1163.

2. At least four weeks before installation of the sealant, the Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent a Certificate of Compliance from a NATA registered laboratory showing that the sealant meets all the requirements of ASTM 2628.

3. At the time of installation, the sides of the neoprene sealant shall be coated with a clear or concrete-coloured lubricant compound approved by the Superintendent and complying with ASTM D-2835. The sealant shall be inserted into the joint by means of suitable equipment which shall not damage the sealant during its insertion. The maximum increase in length of the sealant after installation shall be 5 per cent of original length. Any sealant exceeding 5 per cent extension shall be rejected. The sealant shall be located in the transverse contraction joint in the design orientation without twist or buckle.

4. The sealant shall be continuous between formed longitudinal joints. Where such a discontinuity occurs, the sealant shall be angle butt jointed by a method approved by the Superintendent. The top of the sealant shall be neither less than 5mm nor more than 7mm below the surface of the base and shall overlay any longitudinal sealants.
(iii) Silicone Sealants

1. Silicone sealants shall be formed using a silicone joint sealant complying with the requirements listed in Table C248.6. At least four weeks before the installation of the sealant, the Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent a Certificate of Compliance, from a NATA registered laboratory, showing that the sealant meets all the requirements of Table C248.6.

2. The silicone joint sealant shall be grey in colour and shall be stored and installed in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions. Installation of a silicone sealant shall take place only when the side walls of the groove have been grit blasted and are surface dry.

3. Immediately before introducing the silicone sealant into the groove, any foreign or disturbed material shall be cleaned from the joint and from the top of the backer rod by dry air jet. The backer rod shall then be depressed to the depth such that the bottom of the silicone sealant shall be at the planned location and of the correct shape.

4. If the backer rod is damaged in any way it shall be replaced for the full length of the joint.

5. The method to be used for permanent sealing with silicone sealant shall be approved by the Superintendent before permanent sealing commences. Notwithstanding any approval given by the Superintendent to a proposed method, the Contractor shall be responsible for producing a permanent seal complying with all requirements of this Specification.

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<td>Durability</td>
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<td>ASTM C794-7</td>
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Table C248.6 - Silicone Joint Sealant Requirements.

C248.43 TRANSVERSE ISOLATION JOINTS

1. Transverse isolation joints shall be provided at bridge approach slabs and at slab anchors where shown on the Drawings and where directed by the Superintendent.

2. Transverse isolation joints shall be continuous across the full width of the base normal to the control line and shall be constructed in accordance with the Drawings.

3. Transverse isolation joints shall not be placed closer than 2m to other transverse joints. Where necessary, the Superintendent shall authorise a change in the spacing and/or skew of adjacent transverse contraction joints to ensure that sufficient clearance is obtained.

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4. Joint filler shall consist of preformed jointing material of bituminous fibreboard and the joint sealant shall comply with the silicone sealant requirements of Clause C248.42. They shall be installed in accordance with the Drawings and in a manner conforming to the manufacturers recommendations except that reference to backer rods shall not apply.

5. The line of the isolation joint shall not deviate from a 3m straightedge more than 10mm.

C248.44 LONGITUDINAL TIED JOINTS

(a) General

1. Longitudinal tied joints shall be provided at the locations shown on the Drawings or where directed by the Superintendent. The joints shall be parallel to the control line and/or to the dimensions and details shown on the Drawings. Location

2. Longitudinal tied joints shall be formed or induced either by sawing or by machine insertion of a crack inducer ribbon. Formation

3. The ties shall be 12mm diameter deformed steel bars Grade 400Y, 1m long and shall be inserted in accordance with Clause C248.18. Tie bars shall be located and spaced as shown on the Drawings. All parts of any tie bar shall lie within 50mm of its designed position. Tie bars shall be omitted within 500mm of a transverse joint. The epoxy to be used when installing tie bars in existing concrete shall be hydrophilic epoxy resin. The setting system used shall develop an anchorage strength at least 85 per cent of the yield strength of the bar. Ties

4. The line of longitudinal tied joints shall not deviate from the designed position at any point by more than 10mm. The line shall also not deviate from a 3m straightedge by more than 10mm having made due allowance for any planned curvature. Tolerances

5. Where the longitudinal tied joint is formed or slipformed, the joint face shall be corrugated in accordance with the details shown on the Drawings. Corrugated Joint Face

6. Where the multi-lane width is greater than 18m, a longitudinal isolation joint shall be constructed at each location shown on the Drawings and in accordance with Clause C248.46. Isolation Joint

(b) Sawn-Induced Joints

1. Sawn longitudinal tied joints shall be provided to the dimensions shown on the Drawings. Sawcutting shall comply with Clause C248.42(b). Location

2. Within twenty-four hours of sawing, the longitudinal tied joint shall be thoroughly cleaned of all debris and a neoprene backing rod, shall be inserted in accordance with the details shown on the Drawings. Sealant Quality

3. The sealant shall be coated with a lubricant-adhesive compound approved by the Superintendent. The compound shall have a colour compatible with the pavement colour. The sealant shall be inserted into the groove by means of suitable equipment which shall not damage the sealant during insertion. The maximum increase in length of the sealant after installation shall be 10 per cent of the original length, otherwise the sealant shall be rejected. Sealant Insertion

4. Joints in the sealant shall be kept to a minimum and shall be cemented together by an adhesive recommended by the Manufacturer. The top of the sealant shall be neither less than 5mm nor more than 7mm below the surface of the base, except where the sealant is depressed to lie under the transverse joint sealant. Sealant Joints
(c) Ribbon-Induced Joints

1. Ribbon-induced longitudinal tied joints shall be provided to the dimensions and details shown on the Drawings. The inducer ribbon shall be machine-inserted so that the top of the ribbon does not protrude above the surface of the base, nor shall it lie below the surface of the base by more than 3mm.

2. The inducer ribbon shall be a minimum of 0.5mm thick. When placed, it shall be within 5° of the vertical plane. Inducer ribbon which curls on placement and when cut in the base is found to be curved in transverse section by more than 3mm from straight shall be rejected.

3. At transverse construction joints, the inducer ribbon shall be carried through the joint sufficiently to allow a connection by strong stapling, or other method approved by the Superintendent, to the inducer ribbon to be used on the other side of the joint. When a join is necessary in the inducer ribbon during paving, the inducer ribbon on the new spool shall be similarly joined to the tail of the inducer ribbon on the old spool.

(d) Treatment of Sawn Longitudinal Tied Joints Prior to Asphalt Overlay

1. Where asphalt surfacing over sawn longitudinal tied joints is specified, the sealant shall be depressed to a depth below the concrete surface of not less than 10 mm and, following thorough cleaning, the joint shall be sealed flush with the concrete surface with a bituminous rubber compound, approved by the Superintendent, compatible with the narrow groove.

C248.45 LONGITUDINAL JOINT WITH KERB AND/OR GUTTER

1. Where kerbs and/or gutters are to be constructed within the shoulder of a concrete base, they shall be formed directly onto the concrete subbase and they may be cast either integrally with the concrete base or separately.

2. Where constructed separately, they shall be tied to the concrete base by 12mm diameter deformed steel tie bars Grade 250S or 400Y, 1000mm long at 1m centres.

3. The longitudinal joint shall be constructed parallel to the control line (parallel to the centre line for ramps) and to the dimensions shown on the Drawings. The tie bars shall be inserted in accordance with the Drawings and Clause C248.18.

4. The face of the longitudinal joint need not be scabbled and the joint need not be sealed.

5. The line of the longitudinal joint shall be constructed to the tolerances specified for longitudinal tied joints in accordance with Clause C248.44.

6. The construction of kerb and/or gutter shall be in accordance with the Specification for OPEN DRAINS INCLUDING KERB AND GUTTER regardless of method of construction except that the strength of the concrete used in the kerb and/or gutter shall be 36MPa.

C248.46 LONGITUDINAL ISOLATION JOINTS

1. Longitudinal isolation joints shall be provided where shown on the Drawings and where directed by the Superintendent.

2. The line of the longitudinal isolation joint shall not deviate from the specified position by more than 10mm. The line of the joint shall not deviate from a 3m straightedge by more than 10mm.
3. The joint filler shall consist of preformed jointing material of bituminous fibreboard and the joint sealant shall comply with the silicone sealant requirements of Clause C248.42. They shall be installed in accordance with the Drawings and in a manner conforming to the manufacturer's recommendations except that reference to backer rods shall not apply.

**SLAB ANCHORS**

**C248.47 GENERAL**

1. Slab anchors shall be constructed normal to the control line, to the dimensions and at the locations shown on the Drawings.

2. Slab anchors shall extend over the full width of the base and the associated transverse expansion joint shall not be placed closer than 2m to other transverse joints. Where necessary, the Superintendent shall authorise a change in the spacing of transverse contraction joints to ensure that this minimum clearance is obtained.

**C248.48 EXCAVATION**

1. Excavation of trenches for slab anchors shall be to the dimensions and details shown on the Drawings.

2. All loose material shall be removed and the vertical faces trimmed to neat lines. The bottom of the trench shall be recompacted, where required, to the degree of consolidation of the adjacent undisturbed material.

3. The Contractor shall dispose of excavated material at locations approved by the Superintendent.

4. Where a slab anchor is required at the junction of an existing flexible pavement, a straight sawcut to the full depth of the asphaltic concrete or bituminous seal shall be made in the flexible pavement along the joint line. Excavation of the trench shall then take place as described above without disturbance or damage to the existing flexible pavement. Any disturbance or damage to the flexible pavement shall be made good as directed by the Superintendent.

5. The cost of making good any disturbance or damage to the flexible pavement shall be borne by the Contractor.

6. A subsoil drain shall be provided at the bottom of the trench, in accordance with the Specification for SUBSOIL AND FOUNDATION DRAINS and details shown on the Drawings.

**C248.49 CONCRETE**

1. Concrete for slab anchors shall be produced, transported and placed in accordance with the requirements for hand-placed base concrete.

2. Slab anchors shall be poured separately from the base slabs to the dimensions and details shown on the Drawings up to the top surface of the subbase.

3. A transverse isolation joint shall be provided on the downhill side of the slab anchor.

4. Steel reinforcement in slab anchors shall be of the type and size shown on the Drawings and shall be supplied and fixed in accordance with Clauses C248.14 and
C248.18 of the Specification.

5. Bridge approach slabs, if not in the bridge contract, shall be constructed at bridge abutments to the dimensions and details shown on the Drawings and in accordance with the requirements for base concrete.

**REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF BASE**

**C248.50 GENERAL**

1. Where directed by the Superintendent, rejected base shall be removed and replaced in accordance with this Clause. Rejected base, which extends more than 25m longitudinally, shall be replaced by mechanical means unless the slabs are odd-shaped or mismatched. Replacement shall be in full slab widths between longitudinal joints and/or external edges.

2. At least seven days before the commencement of base removal, the Contractor shall submit, for the approval of the Superintendent, details of the proposed methods of carrying out the work which shall be such as to prevent damage to the adjoining base and the underlying subbase.

3. The cost of all work and materials under this Clause shall be borne by the Contractor.

**C248.51 REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF BASE**

1. At each end of the section of base to be removed, a transverse sawcut shall be made for the full depth of the base layer. Such transverse sawcuts shall be normal to the control line and not closer than 1.5m to an existing contraction joint in the base. No oversawing into the adjoining base or underlying subbase shall be permitted.

2. Longitudinal sawcuts shall be made along existing longitudinal joints to define the edges of the base section to be removed. Such longitudinal sawcuts shall not extend more than 250mm past the transverse sawcut at each end of the section to be removed and shall not extend into the underlying subbase.

3. No oversawing shall be permitted on any additional internal sawcuts the Contractor may make to aid the removal of the base.

4. The Contractor shall dispose of the removed base slabs at locations acceptable to the Superintendent.

5. Any slab, adjoining the removed slabs, damaged by the Contractor's operations shall also be removed and replaced in accordance with this Clause.

**C248.52 REPLACEMENT OF BASE**

1. Before construction of the replacement base, the subbase shall be prepared and debonded in accordance with the Specification for MASS CONCRETE SUBBASE.

2. All work involved in the replacement of base shall comply with the Specification, including the following additional requirements:

   (a) The joint faces on the adjoining slab at the transverse sawcuts shall be deeply scabbled below the top 25mm which shall be left smooth. Tie bars shall be provided to form a transverse construction joint in accordance with Clause C248.41.
(b) Transverse contraction joints shall be continuous across the full width of the base containing the replaced section. The length of the joint across the full width of the base shall be sealed with the same sealant as in adjacent work and in accordance with Clause C248.42.

(c) The lower two-thirds of the depth of the longitudinal joint faces shall be deeply scabbled and any concrete considered to be unsound by the Superintendent shall be removed. A crack inducer ribbon shall be attached to the surface of any formed longitudinal joint in the replacement base and tie bars provided to form a longitudinal tied joint in accordance with Clause C248.44.

(d) Tie bars placed into hardened concrete shall be set by the use of a hydrophilic epoxy resin. The setting system used shall develop an anchorage strength at least 85 per cent of the yield strength of the bar.

(e) Neither traffic nor construction equipment other than that associated with testing, sawcutting, groove cleaning or joint sealing shall be allowed on the section of base containing the replacement base until the joints have been permanently sealed and at least ten days have elapsed since placing replacement base concrete or the concrete has reached a compressive strength of at least 20MPa.
C248.53 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C248.7 below:

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<th>Spec Clause</th>
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<td>Aggregates</td>
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<td>a. General</td>
<td>Mass of the total aggregates in concrete mix shall consist of at least 40% quartz sand</td>
<td>C248.08a</td>
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<td>b. Fine Aggregate</td>
<td>To be within the limits as per Table C248.2 and shall not deviate from Proposed Grading by more than amounts in Table C248.2</td>
<td>C248.08b</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>(i) Grading</td>
<td>(ii) Wet Strength</td>
<td>Not less than 80kN for any fraction and/or constituent</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(iii) 10% Fines Wet/Dry Variation</td>
<td>Not to exceed 35% for any fraction and/or constituent</td>
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<td>(iv) Soundness</td>
<td>The loss in mass when tested with sodium sulphate to be less than 9% for any constituent</td>
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<td>(v) Particle Shape</td>
<td>The proportion of misshapen particles (2:1 ratio) to be less than 35%</td>
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<td>(vi) Fractured Faces</td>
<td>At least 80% by mass of the particles shall have two or more fractured faces</td>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>Concrete Quality</td>
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<td>a. Cement Content</td>
<td>At least 270kg per yielded cubic metre of concrete</td>
<td>C248.09</td>
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<td></td>
<td>b. Flyash</td>
<td>Not greater than 50kg per yielded cubic metre of concrete</td>
<td>C248.09</td>
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<td>c. Compressive Strength</td>
<td>The minimum 28 day compressive strength shall be 36.0 Mpa</td>
<td>C248.10</td>
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<td></td>
<td>d. Shrinkage</td>
<td>Not to exceed 450 microstrain after 3 weeks of air drying</td>
<td>C248.11</td>
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<td>e. Consistency</td>
<td>Nominated slump shall be neither less than 30mm nor more than 40mm for mechanically placed concrete. It shall be neither less than 55mm nor more than 65mm for hand placed concrete.</td>
<td>C248.12</td>
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<td>f. Air content</td>
<td>Shall not be less than 4% nor more</td>
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| 3.   | **Concrete Mixing and Transport** | After addition of cement to the aggregate, concrete shall be incorporated into the work within:  
(i) One and a half hours where transported by truck mixer or agitator.  
(ii) One hour where transported by non-agitating trucks. | C248.26 |
| 4.   | **Concrete Placing** | Concrete shall not be placed when the air temperature in the shade is below 5°C or above 38°C. The temperature of the concrete shall be neither less than 10°C nor more than 32°C.  
Where the value of Rate of Evaporation exceeds 0.50kg per square metre per hour, the Contractor shall cease work. | C248.29, C248.30 |
| 5.   | **Alignment and Surface**  
a.  **Horizontal Alignment** | The outer edges of the base shall not deviate from the plan position at any point by more than 10mm. | C248.33a |
| 6.   | **Concrete Protection**  
a.  **Temperature** | The temperature of the concrete shall not be permitted to fall below 5°C during the first twenty-four hours after placing. | C248.36 |
| 7.   | **Joints**  
a.  **Transverse Construction** | The line of the transverse construction joints shall not deviate from a 3m straightedge placed along the joint by more than 10mm. | C248.41 |
|      | **Transverse Contraction**  
(i) May be reduced locally to a skew of 1 in 12 to accommodate construction joints and slab anchors.  
(ii) No edge shall deviate from a 3m straightedge by more than 10mm.  
(iii) The surface of the transverse contraction joint shall not exhibit more than 5mm of vertical or horizontal edge ravelling. | C248.42 |

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<td><strong>CONCRETE BASE</strong></td>
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<td>c.</td>
<td>Transverse Isolation</td>
<td>(iv) The line of the transverse expansion joint shall not deviate from a 3m straight edge more than 10mm.</td>
<td>C248.43</td>
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<td>(v) Temporary Sealing - the top of the sealant shall be neither higher than nor more than 10mm below the concrete surface.</td>
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<td>(vi) Permanent Sealing - the top of the sealant shall be neither less than 5mm nor more than 7mm below the surface of the base.</td>
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<td>7.</td>
<td>d. Longitudinal Tied Joints</td>
<td>(i) All parts of any tie bar shall be within 50mm of its designed position.</td>
<td>C248.44</td>
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<td>(ii) The line of longitudinal tied joints shall not deviate from the designed position at any point by more than 10mm. The line shall also not deviate from a 3m straightedge by more than 10mm having made due allowance for any planned curvature.</td>
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<td>(iii) For Sawn-Induced joints, the maximum increase in length of the sealant after installation shall be 10% of the original length. The top of the sealant shall be neither less than 5mm nor more than 7mm below the surface of the base.</td>
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<td>(iv) For Ribbon-Induced joints, the inducer ribbon shall be a minimum of 0.5mm thick and when placed it shall be within 5 of the vertical plane.</td>
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<td>e.</td>
<td>Longitudinal Isolation Joints</td>
<td>(i) The line of the longitudinal isolation joint shall not deviate from the specified position by more than 10mm. The line of the joint shall not deviate from a 3m straightedge by more than 10mm.</td>
<td>C248.46</td>
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<td>8.</td>
<td>Slab Anchors</td>
<td>Not placed closer than 2.0m to transverse joints (other than associated transverse expansion joints).</td>
<td>C248.47</td>
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Table C248.7 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C248.54  RESERVED

C248.55  RESERVED

C248.56  RESERVED

C248.57  RESERVED

C248.58  RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C248.59 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for the activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification in accordance with Pay Items C248(a) to C248(j) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

3. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Where the 28 day compressive strength of test cylinders for any lot is less than 33MPa, the lot represented by the test cylinders shall be removed, in which case no payment shall be made.

5. Where the relative compaction of the concrete is determined at less than 97 per cent, the lot represented by the core shall be removed, in which case no payment shall be made.

6. Where the concrete base thickness is more than 10mm below the specified thickness, the concrete shall be removed, in which case no payment shall be made.

7. Preparation of subbase and application of bond breaker is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for MASS CONCRETE SUBBASE.

8. Construction of kerb and/or gutter is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for OPEN DRAINS INCLUDING KERB AND GUTTER.

9. Subsoil drains at slab anchors are measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for SUBSOIL AND FOUNDATION DRAINS.

Pay Item C248(a) SUPPLY AND PLACE CONCRETE IN BASE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre in place.

2. The width and length shall be as specified on the Drawings, including odd-shaped and mismatched slabs, or as directed by the Superintendent. The depth shall be the depth specified or as directed by the Superintendent across each section.

3. No account shall be taken of the allowable tolerances.

4. The cost of providing transverse construction joints shall be included in the schedule rate for Pay Item C248(a).

5. The cost of longitudinal tied joints in association with kerbs and/or gutters shall be included in the schedule rate for Pay Item C248(a).

Pay Item C248(b) FINISH, CURE AND TEXTURE BASE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of surface of the base.

2. The width and length shall be as specified on the Drawings, including odd-shaped and mismatched slabs, or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. No account shall be taken of the allowable tolerances.
4. The sides of slabs shall not be included in the measurement of surface area.

Pay Item C248(c)  SUPPLY AND PLACE WIRE REINFORCING FABRIC

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of wire reinforcing fabric placed.

2. The width and length shall be as specified on the Drawings, including odd-shaped and mismatched slabs, or as directed by the Superintendent. No account shall be taken of the allowable tolerances nor of any laps.

3. Unless otherwise indicated elsewhere, all wire reinforcing fabric shall be paid for at the schedule rate for Pay Item C248(c).

Pay Item C248(d)  SUPPLY AND INSTALL STEEL BAR REINFORCEMENT

1. The unit of measurement shall be the tonne of steel reinforcement.

2. The mass shall be determined from the unit masses given in Table 4 of AS 1302 and the actual length of bar measured in place. No account shall be taken of laps and splices.

3. Unless otherwise indicated elsewhere, all steel bar reinforcement shall be paid for at the schedule rate for Pay Item C248(d).

4. The pay items excludes dowels and tie bars.

Pay Item C248(e)  TRANSVERSE CONTRACTION JOINTS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre.

2. The distance shall be measured along the line of the joint.

Pay Item C248(f)  TRANSVERSE EXPANSION AND ISOLATION JOINTS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre.

2. The distance shall be measured along the line of the joint.

Pay Item C248(g)  LONGITUDINAL TIED JOINTS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre.

2. The distance shall be measured along the line of the joint.

3. The pay item includes provision of tie bars.

Pay Item C248(h)  LONGITUDINAL ISOLATION JOINTS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre.

2. The length shall be measured along the line of the joint.

3. The pay item includes the provision of dowels where specified or shown on the Drawings.
Pay Item C248(i)  SLAB ANCHORS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre of concrete.

2. The volume shall be taken from the Drawings with appropriate adjustments being made for any authorised variation. The depth shall be measured from the top of the subbase.

3. The pay item includes all work, materials and equipment required for the construction of slab anchors including excavation, disposal of material, supply and placing of reinforcement and the subsoil drain.

Pay Item C248(j)  BRIDGE APPROACH SLABS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre.

2. The width, depth and length shall be as specified on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. No account shall be taken of the allowable tolerances.

4. The pay item includes all work, materials and equipment required for the construction of a bridge approach slab, including provision of a transverse expansion joint at the bridge abutment but excluding the supply and fixing of steel which shall be paid for at the schedule rate for Pay Item C248(d).
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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL
CONCRETE BASE

CONFORMANCE OF CONCRETE STRENGTH, COMPACTION AND THICKNESS

C248.19 GENERAL

C248.20 VARIATIONS TO APPROVED MIXES

PRODUCTION, TRANSPORT AND CONSISTENCY OF CONCRETE

C248.25 PRODUCTION AND HANDLING OF CONCRETE

C248.26 MIXING AND TRANSPORT

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PLACING AND FINISHING CONCRETE BASE

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C248.30 RATE OF EVAPORATION

C248.31 MECHANICAL PAVING

C248.32 HAND PLACING

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C248.34 TEXTURING OF SURFACE

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C248.37 ODD-SHAPED AND MISMATCHED SLABS

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<td>RESERVED</td>
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Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council’s primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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<thead>
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<th>Amendment Sequence No.</th>
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</thead>
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<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPECIFICATION C254 - SEGMENTAL PAVING

GENERAL

C254.01 SCOPE

1. This Specification covers the construction of both clay and concrete segmental paving for road pavements, medians, traffic islands, driveways, cycleways, footpaths and other pedestrian areas.

2. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the supply, placement and compaction of segmental pavers including the provision of a sand bedding course and joint filling sand, over bound or unbound base and/or subbase layer/s.

3. This Specification should be read in conjunction with the appropriate Specifications for the construction of the base and subbase layers beneath the segmental paving, i.e. FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS, MASS CONCRETE SUBBASE.

4. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C254.02 TERMINOLOGY

1. Concrete segmental pavers are units of not more than 0.10 square metres in gross plan area, manufactured from concrete, with plain or dentated sides, with top and bottom faces parallel and with or without chamfered edges.

2. Concrete pavers are identified by shape as being one of the following types:

Shape Type A

Dentated chamfered units which key into each other on four sides, are capable of being laid in herringbone bond, and by their plan geometry, when interlocked, resist the spread of joints parallel to both the longitudinal and transverse axes of the units.

Shape Type B

Dentated units which key into each other on two sides, are not (usually) laid in herringbone bond, and by their plan geometry, when keyed together, resist the spread of joints parallel to the longitudinal axes of the units and rely on their dimensional accuracy and accuracy of laying to interlock on the other faces.

Shape Type C

Units which do not key together and which rely on their dimensional accuracy and accuracy of laying to develop interlock.

3. Clay pavers are manufactured from clay, shale or argillaceous materials which may be mixed with additives. Clay pavers may have square, bevelled (chamfered), rounded or rumbled edges. They are generally rectangular in shape, with the length twice the width, plus 2mm.

4. Clay pavers are classified as either Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 according to their intended application, with increasing performance requirements (and thickness) from Class 1 to Class 4.
5. Laying patterns of pavers are identified as being either Herringbone, Basket-weave, or Stretcher as shown in Annexure C254-A. Each of these may be laid at either 90° or 45° to the line of edge restraints. A variation of Stretcher is the Zig Zag Running Bond, also shown in Annexure C254-A.

C254.03 CHOICE OF PAVER TYPE, SHAPE, CLASS AND LAYING PATTERN

1. The choice of concrete or clay segmental pavers, the paver class (for clay pavers), shape type (for concrete pavers), shape name, colour, thickness and laying pattern shall be as shown on the Drawings for each area of application.

2. Unless otherwise specified, concrete pavers for road pavements shall be placed in herringbone laying pattern and shall be in accordance with the requirements for the appropriate road application shown in Table C254.1.

3. Unless otherwise specified, clay pavers for road pavements shall be Class 4, minimum 65mm nominal thickness, and placed in a herringbone laying pattern.

C254.04 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

- C213 - Earthworks
- C224 - Open Drains including Kerb and Gutter
- C241 - Stabilisation
- C242 - Flexible Pavements
- C247 - Mass Concrete Subbase
- C271 - Minor Concrete Works

(b) Australian Standards

- AS 1141.11 - Particle size distribution by dry sieving.
- AS/NZS 4455 - Masonry units and segmental pavers.
- AS/NZS 4456.0 - Masonry units and segmental pavers - Methods of test - General introduction and list of methods.
- AS/NZS 4456.3 - Determining dimensions.
- AS/NZS 4456.5 - Determining breaking load of segmental paving units.
- AS/NZS 4456.9 - Determining abrasion resistance.

(c) Concrete Masonry Association of Australia Specifications

- T44 - Concrete Segmental Pavements - Guide to Specifying.
- T46 - Concrete Segmental Pavements - Detailing Guide.

(d) Clay Brick and Paver Institute Specifications

- Paver Note 1 - Specifying and Laying Clay Pavers
C254.05 GENERAL

1. The Contractor shall submit details of all proposed segmental paving materials, including bedding sand and joint filling sand. These details shall be submitted to the Superintendent for approval supported with test results from a nominated NATA registered laboratory, confirming that the constituents comply with the requirements of this Specification.

2. No pavers shall be delivered until the Superintendent has approved the type and quality of the pavers and noted the source of supply as compliant to the requirements of this Specification. All pavers shall have suitable “slip resistance” for pedestrian traffic and vehicular traffic with a classification “W” according to AS/NZS 4586 for the Wet Pendulum Test. Where specific localities or levels of usage require a higher slip resistance classification, this classification shall be indicated on the Drawings. Such approval shall not relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for supplying materials that comply with this Specification.

C254.06 CONCRETE SEGMENTAL PAVERS

1. Concrete segmental pavers shall comply with the requirements of T44, T45, T46, and AS/NZS 4455 for each area of application.

2. The material requirements for concrete pavers for each application, derived from T44, are shown in Table C254.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Characteristic breaking load (^3) (kN)</th>
<th>Characteristic flexural strength(^3) (MPa)</th>
<th>Minimum Thickness (mm)</th>
<th>Shape(^4) (type)</th>
<th>Dimensional deviations (Category - AS 4455)</th>
<th>Abrasion resistance (mean abrasion index)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Residential Driveways</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>No limit</td>
<td>Any</td>
<td>DPA1 or DPB1</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Traffic</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>No limit</td>
<td>Any</td>
<td>DPA1 or DPB1</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Traffic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Footpaths</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>No limit</td>
<td>Any</td>
<td>DPB2</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Volume</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Volume</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>No limit</td>
<td>Any</td>
<td>DPB2</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pedestrian Malls</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roads(^4)</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Any</td>
<td>DPB2</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local and Collector</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>Any</td>
<td>DPB2</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distributor</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>DPB2</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industrial Pavements(^2)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>DPB3</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C254.1
Material Requirements for Concrete Segmental Pavers

Notes: 1. Capable of taking occasional 8.2-t axle loads.
2. The resultant joint width is a combination of paver dimensional deviation and laying procedures.
3. At 28 days.
4. Interlocking shapes offer superior performance in road applications.
3. The pavers shall meet the requirements for the relevant application given in Table C254.1 when tested in accordance with the following test methods:

- characteristic breaking load AS/NZS 4456.5
- characteristic flexural strength AS/NZS 4456.5
- Minimum thickness Not Applicable
- Shape type Not Applicable
- Dimensional deviations AS/NZS 4456.3
- Abrasion resistance AS/NZS 4456.9

C254.07 CLAY SEGMENTAL PAVERS

1. Clay segmental pavers shall comply with the requirements of Part 1 - Specifying Clay Pavers of Paver Note 1 - 'Specifying and Laying Clay Pavers' and with the requirements of AS/NZS 4455.

2. Clay pavers shall be classified as Class 1, 2, 3 or 4 in accordance with Paver Note 1 - Specifying and Laying Clay Pavers. Unless otherwise indicated, Class 4 pavers shall be used for all road and driveway pavements, medians and traffic islands. Class 2 or 3 pavers may be used for footpaths, cycleways and other pedestrian areas, except where they are subject to vehicular traffic with axle loads greater than 2.7 tonnes, in which case Class 4 pavers shall be used. Class 1 pavers shall only be permitted for low-volume pedestrian applications not subject to any vehicular traffic.

3. The abrasion resistance as determined by the SCC Abrasion Test (Paver Note 1) shall conform to the recommended characteristic abrasion losses contained in Paver Note 1.

C254.08 BEDDING SAND

1. The bedding sand shall be a well-graded sand, consisting of clean, hard, uncoated grains uniform in quality, generally passing a 4.75mm sieve. The bedding sand shall be from a single source or blended to achieve, when tested in accordance with AS 1141.11, the following grading:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AS Sieve</th>
<th>% Passing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9.52mm</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.75</td>
<td>95 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.36</td>
<td>80 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.18</td>
<td>50 - 85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600µm</td>
<td>25 - 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300</td>
<td>10 - 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>5 - 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>0 - 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. The sand shall be of uniform moisture content when spread. It shall be covered when stored on site to protect it from rain penetration.

3. The bedding sand shall be free of deleterious soluble salts or other contaminants which may cause, or contribute to, efflorescence.
C254.09 JOINT FILLING SAND

1. The joint filling sand shall be well graded passing a 2.36mm sieve, and when tested in accordance with AS 1141.11, having the following grading:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AS Sieve</th>
<th>% Passing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.36mm</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.18</td>
<td>90 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600µm</td>
<td>60 - 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300</td>
<td>30 - 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>15 - 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>5 - 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. The sand shall be dry when spread. It shall be covered when stored on site to protect it from rain penetration.

3. The sand shall be free of deleterious soluble salts or other contaminants.

4. Sand used for bedding is not suitable for joint filling.

C254.10 CONCRETE FOR EDGE RESTRAINTS

1. Concrete supplied and placed for the construction of edge strips shall comply with the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

2. Unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings, or where the edge restraint is provided by kerb and/or gutter, the concrete used for edge restraints shall have a minimum 28-day characteristic compressive strength of 32MPa for edge restraints to pavers on road pavements and 25MPa for edge restraints to pavers on footpaths, cycleways, medians and driveways.

CONSTRUCTION

C254.11 SUBGRADE PREPARATION

1. The subgrade shall be formed to the required depth below finished surface level as shown on the Drawings in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

2. The finished subgrade foundation for the provision of subbase and/or base shall be subject to the approval of the Superintendent.

C254.12 SUBBASE

1. Where shown on the Drawings a subbase or working platform shall be constructed in accordance with the relevant Specification for STABILISATION, FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS, or MASS CONCRETE SUBBASE.

2. The subbase shall be constructed to the specified thickness, compaction and depth below finished surface level and to the design grade and crossfalls of the finished surface.
3. The finished subbase shall be subject to the approval of the Superintendent.

C254.13 BASE

1. The base shall be constructed to the specified thickness and depth below finished surface level, and to the design grade and crossfalls of the finished surface, as shown on the Drawings in accordance with the Specification for FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS.

2. The base course shall extend in width to at least the rear face of all new edge restraints.

3. Notwithstanding the finished level tolerances contained within the Specification for FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS for base of \( \pm 10 \text{mm} \) of design levels, the level on the finished surface of the base course for road pavements to be overlain with segmental paving shall be trimmed to within \( +10 \text{mm} \) or \(-0 \text{mm} \) of design levels. The deviation from a 3m long straight edge placed anywhere and laid in any direction on the top surface of the base course for all segmental paving shall not exceed 10mm. Sand bedding material shall not be used as a levelling material to compensate for base finishing outside the above tolerances.

4. The finished surface of the base shall drain freely without ponding.

5. The finished base shall be subject to the approval of the Superintendent.

C254.14 EDGE RESTRAINTS

1. Edge restraints in the form of kerb and/or gutter or edge strips shall be constructed along the perimeter of all segmental paving as shown on the Drawings. Concrete kerb and/or gutter and edge strips shall be constructed in accordance with the Specifications for OPEN DRAINS INCLUDING KERB AND GUTTER and MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

2. Faces of edge restraints abutting pavers shall be vertical.

3. Edge restraints shall be supported on compacted base and/or subbase of the thickness as shown on the Drawings. Where not otherwise specified or indicated, the minimum thickness of compacted base beneath the edge restraints shall be 100mm adjacent to road pavements and medians, and 50mm adjacent to footpaths, cycleways and driveways.

4. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, contraction joints, 20mm depth shall be formed every 5m of edge restraint length.

5. After the concrete has hardened and not earlier than three days after placing, unless otherwise directed by the Superintendent the spaces at the back of the edge restraint shall be backfilled with earth, compacted in layers not greater than 150mm thick, then topsoiled to meet surrounding of design levels.
C254.15 SAND BEDDING COURSE

1. The sand bedding course shall be spread in a single uniform layer and screeded in a loose condition to the nominated design profile and levels plus that necessary to achieve a uniformly thick nominal 20-25mm layer following final compaction of the segmental paving.

2. Any depressions in the screeding sand exceeding 5mm shall be loosened, raked and rescreened before laying pavers.

3. For the manual placing of paving units, the bedding sand shall be maintained at a uniform loose density. For mechanised laying, the bedding sand shall be uniformly and firmly, but not fully, compacted.

4. Screeded sand left overnight of subject to rain shall be checked for level and rescreened where necessary before pavers are placed. The sand shall not be screeded more than two metres in advance of the laying face at the completion of work on any day.

C254.16 LAYING PAVERS

1. Pavers shall be uniformly placed on the screeded sand bedding to the nominated laying pattern. Pavers shall be placed so that they are not in direct contact with each other and shall have uniform 3mm nominal joint widths. The pavers shall be mixed between various pallets to ensure that any colour variation from one pallet of pavers to the next is evenly distributed over the entire paved area.

2. The first row shall be located next to an edge restraint or an established straight line, and laid at a suitable angle to achieve the required orientation of pavers in the completed pavement.

3. In each row, full units shall be laid first. Edge or closer units shall be neatly cut using a paver scour, or mechanical or hydraulic guillotine, and fitted subsequently. Cut pieces of pavers which are smaller in size than one quarter of a full block shall not be used.

4. Access chambers, drainage gullies and similar penetrations through the pavement shall be finished against the paving with a concrete surround or apron designed to suit and fit the laying pattern, otherwise complying with the requirements for edge restraints.

5. Where pavers are placed over an isolation, contraction or expansion joint in an underlying concrete pavement, a joint is to be provided in the pavers. The joint shall consist of 10mm thick preformed jointing material of bituminous fibreboard.

6. Any foot or barrow traffic shall use boards overlaying paving to prevent disturbance of units prior to compaction. No other construction traffic shall be allowed on the pavement prior to compaction and provision of joint filling sand.

7. On completion of subsequent bedding compaction and joint filling operations, all joints shall have widths within the range 2-4mm.

C254.17 BEDDING COMPACTION

1. After laying the pavers the sand bedding shall be fully compacted and the surface brought to design levels and surface profiles by not less than two passes of a high frequency low amplitude plate compactor which covers at least 12 units. Compaction shall continue until all pavers form a smooth surface with adjacent paver edges matching. The level difference between adjoining edges of any two pavers shall be a maximum of 2mm, to avoid trip hazards, unless approved otherwise by the Superintendent for rough
textured pavers.

2. Any units which are structurally damaged during bedding compaction shall be removed and replaced. The pavement shall then be recompacted for at least one metre surrounding each replacement unit.

3. The paving operations shall be arranged so that the use of the plate compactor proceeds progressively behind the laying face without undue delay, and such that compaction is completed prior to cessation of construction activity on any day. Compaction shall not be attempted within one metre of the laying face except on completion of the pavement against an edge restraint.

4. The finished surface level shall not vary from the design level at any point laid in any direction, by more than 6mm for all areas with Class 4 segmental pavements and 8mm for all other areas of segmental paving. Notwithstanding this, the finished surface of the segmental paving, including where the paving abuts an edge restraint other than a drainage inlet, shall not deviate from the bottom of a 3m straight edge laid in any direction, except at grade changes, by more than 6mm for road pavements and 8mm for all other areas of segmental paving.

5. The channels formed between abutting chamfered units shall finish with their inverts not less than 5mm nor more than 10mm above adjacent drainage inlets.

6. All compaction shall be complete and the pavement shall be brought to design profiles before spreading or placing sand filling in the joints.

C254.18 FILLING JOINTS

1. As soon as practicable after bedding compaction, and in any case prior to termination of work on any day, dry sand for joint filling shall be spread over the pavement and the joints filled by brooming.

2. To ensure complete filling of the joints, both the filling sand and pavers shall be as dry as practicable when sand is spread and broomed into the joints.

3. The pavement shall then receive one or more passes of a plate compactor and the joints then refilled with sand, with the process then repeated sufficiently to ensure that the joints are completely filled.

C254.19 PROTECTION OF WORK

1. Other than wheeled trolleys, forklifts and cluster-clamp vehicles, construction and other traffic shall not use the pavement until bedding compaction and joint filling operations have been completed.

C254.20 OPENING TO TRAFFIC

1. As soon as practicable after the filling of joints, construction vehicles may use the pavement, and should be encouraged to traverse the greatest possible area of pavement to assist in the development of 'lock-up'.

2. Excess joint filling sand shall be removed prior to opening to traffic.

3. The pavement shall then be inspected by the Contractor at regular intervals up until the expiration of the Defects Liability Period to ensure that all joints remain completely filled.

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## LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

### C254.21 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C254.2 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Base</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Surface Level</td>
<td>Finished level of base for road pavements to be within +10mm or -0mm of design levels.</td>
<td>C254.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Surface Level</td>
<td>Finished level of base other than for road pavements, to be within ±10mm of design levels.</td>
<td>C254.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Surface Level</td>
<td>The top surface of the base for all segmental paving shall not deviate from a 3m straight edge, laid in any direction, by more than 10mm.</td>
<td>C254.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Laying Paving Units</td>
<td>Within the range 2-4mm.</td>
<td>C254.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Completed Segmental Paving</td>
<td>Finished surface level of pavers shall not vary from design levels by more than ±6mm for road pavements and ±8mm for other than road pavements.</td>
<td>C254.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Level adjacent to drainage inlets</td>
<td>Invert level of channels between abutting chamfered units shall be not less than 5mm and not more than 10mm above the level of adjacent drainage inlets.</td>
<td>C254.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Difference in level of adjacent pavers</td>
<td>≤2mm</td>
<td>C254.17</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C254.2 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C254.22 RESERVED

C254.23 RESERVED

C254.24 RESERVED

C254.25 RESERVED

C254.26 RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C254.27 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in the Specification in accordance with Pay Items C254(a) to C254(c) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

3. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Excavation and preparation of subgrade is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

5. Subbase and Base are measured and paid in accordance with the Specifications for STABILISATION, FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS, or MASS CONCRETE SUBBASE as appropriate.

6. Kerb and/or gutter is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for OPEN DRAINS INCLUDING KERB AND GUTTER.

7. Edge strips are measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

8. Miscellaneous minor concrete work not included in the pay items in this Specification shall be in accordance with pay items described in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

Pay Item C254(a) EDGE STRIPS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre measured along the length of the edge strip.

2. The schedule rate shall include all activities involved in the excavation forming, concreting, contraction joints, backfilling and compaction adjacent to the completed edge strip.

Pay Item C254(b) SEGMENTAL PAVING - ROAD PAVEMENTS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of surface of segmental paving for road and driveway pavements.

2. The width and length shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. The schedule rate shall include all activities involved in the supply, laying and compaction of segmental paving units, bedding sand and joint filling sand, including any cutting of unit joints, overlying concrete pavement joints, and concrete surrounds or aprons around surface penetrations.

Pay Item C254(c) SEGMENTAL PAVING - OTHER THAN ROAD PAVEMENTS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of surface of segmental paving for other than road pavements, including medians, traffic islands, footpaths, cycleways, and other pedestrian areas.

2. The width and length shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

3. The schedule rate shall include all activities involved in the supply, laying and compaction of segmental paving units, bedding sand and joint filling sand, including any cutting of unit joints, overlying concrete pavement joints, and concrete surrounds or aprons around surface penetrations.
ANNEXURE C254-A

LAYING PATTERNS

Herringbone

Basketweave

Stretcher

Zig Zag Running Bond
# SPECIFICATION C254 - SEGMENTAL PAVING

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<th>Page</th>
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Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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<th>Key Topic addressed in amendment</th>
<th>Clause No.</th>
<th>Amendment Code</th>
<th>Author Initials</th>
<th>Amendment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE 1</td>
<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPECIFICATION C255 : BITUMINOUS MICROSURFACING

GENERAL

C255.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the design, supply, mixing and placement of bituminous microsurfacing for surface correction and wearing surface applications on road pavements, carparks, cycleways and footpaths.

2. Bituminous microsurfacing shall consist of a mixture of emulsified polymer modified bitumen binder, mineral aggregate, mineral filler, additives and water proportioned and mixed to form a slurry which is placed and spread evenly on the road surface. It shall be capable of being spread in variably thick layers for surface correction and for wearing surface applications.

3. The size, nominal thickness, and extent of bituminous microsurfacing shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

4. For all new works on road and carpark pavements, this Specification should be read in conjunction with the Specification for SPRAYED BITUMINOUS SURFACING. For new works on road and carpark pavements, bituminous microsurfacing shall be preceded by the application of a sprayed bituminous seal a minimum of two weeks prior to the application of the bituminous microsurfacing wearing course.

5. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C255.02 TERMINOLOGY

1. Bituminous microsurfacing is one of two types of bituminous slurry surfacing. It is distinguished from the other type, slurry seals, by the incorporation of polymer and other additives to the bituminous binder to improve the performance of the slurry surfacing.

2. Bituminous microsurfacing is also commonly known under various proprietary names such as 'cold overlay', 'microsealing', 'paveseal', 'microasphalt', etc.

3. The size of the bituminous microsurfacing is based on the nominal largest stone size in the mix. For the purpose of this Specification, the size shall be either Size 5 or Size 7.

C255.03 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specification

C244 - Sprayed Bituminous Surfacing
Australian Standards

AS 1141.11 - Particle size distribution by dry sieving
AS 1141.12 - Material finer than 75 µm in aggregates (by washing)
AS 1141.22 - Wet/dry strength variation
AS 1141.23 - Los Angeles value
AS 1141.25 - Degradation factor - source rock
AS 1141.42 - Pendulum friction test (PAFV)
AS 1160 - Bitumen emulsions for construction and maintenance of pavements
AS 1289.3.7.1 - Determination of the sand equivalent of a soil using a power-operated shaker
AS 2008 - Residual bitumen for pavements
AS 2357 - Mineral fillers for asphalt
AS 2891.3.1 - Bitumen content and aggregate grading (reflux method)

International Slurry Surfacing Association

ISSA TB 100 - Test method for wet track abrasion of slurry surfaces
ISSA TB 114 - Wet stripping test for cured slurry seal mix
ISSA TB 139 - Test method to classify emulsified asphalt-aggregate mixture systems by modified cohesion tester measurement of set and cure characteristics
ISSA TB 144 - Test method for classification of aggregate filler-bitumen compatibility by Schulze-Breuer and ruck procedure

MATERIALS

C255.04 BINDER

1. The binder supplied and used in the works shall be an emulsified polymer modified bitumen, formulated to meet the performance requirements of the mix specified in Clauses C255.10 and C255.18.

2. Prior to emulsification, incorporation of polymer and additives, the bitumen shall comply with AS 2008.

3. The Contractor shall provide the Superintendent with sufficient information to verify that the binder supplied is the same as that nominated in the mix design.

C255.05 MINERAL AGGREGATES

1. Mineral aggregates shall consist of crushed rock or crushed gravel, or a mixture of crushed rock or crushed gravel and natural sand. It shall consist of clean, hard, angular, durable particles, and free form clay, dirt, organic material or other deleterious matter.

2. The aggregate from each source shall comply with the requirements given in Table C255.1.
### Property | Test Method | Requirement
--- | --- | ---
Degradation Factor | AS 1141.25 | 50 minimum
Los Angeles Value | AS 1141.23 | 30 maximum
Aggregate Wet Strength | AS 1141.22 | 150 kN minimum
Wet/Dry Strength Variation | AS 1141.22 | 30% maximum
Polished Aggregate Friction Value | AS 1141.42 | 45 minimum
Sand Equivalent | AS 1289.3.7.1 | 60 minimum

#### Table C255.1 - Aggregate Properties

3. When tested in accordance with AS 1141.11 and AS 1141.12, the aggregate (including mineral filler) shall conform with the grading limits given in Table C255.2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sieve Size</th>
<th>Percent Passing by Mass</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Size 5</td>
<td>Size 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.2 mm</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.50 mm</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.70 mm</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.75 mm</td>
<td>90-100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.36 mm</td>
<td>50-70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.18 mm</td>
<td>30-50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600 µm</td>
<td>20-35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300 µm</td>
<td>12-25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150 µm</td>
<td>7-18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75 µm</td>
<td>4-10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Table C255.2 - Grading Limits for Combined Aggregate/Filler

4. The Contractor shall nominate the source/s of aggregates to the Superintendent, and shall submit NATA certified test reports on the quality and grading of the combined aggregate proposed to be used.

5. The Contractor shall submit test results to the Superintendent for each lot/stockpile of aggregate a minimum of seven days prior to incorporation in the works.

### C255.06 MINERAL FILLER

1. Mineral filler shall consist of hydrated lime, flyash, portland cement, or other material approved by the Superintendent.

2. The mineral filler shall be dry, free from lumps and any deleterious material, with a minimum of 85 per cent passing a 75 µm sieve. In all other respects, the mineral filler shall comply with the requirements of AS 2357.

3. The quantity of filler added to the bituminous microsurfacing during placement shall not vary by more than 1 per cent of the total aggregate (by mass) from the filler content nominated in the mix design.
C255.07 WATER

1. Water added to the bituminous microsurfacing shall be potable and shall be compatible with the component materials.

C255.08 ADDITIVES

1. Details of the type, source and nominal proportions of additives shall be submitted to the Superintendent with the mix design.

C255.09 SAMPLING AND TESTING OF MATERIALS

1. Sampling and testing of materials shall be arranged by the Contractor and carried out by a NATA registered laboratory for the nominated test methods.

2. All costs associated with sampling and testing of materials shall be borne by the Contractor.

MIX DESIGN

C255.10 MIX PROPERTIES

1. The nominated mix design shall satisfy the properties given in Table C255.3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mix Property</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
<th>Requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wear Loss</td>
<td>ISSA TB 100</td>
<td>800 g/m² maximum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6 day</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Time</td>
<td>ISSA TB 139</td>
<td>12 kg.cm minimum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30 minutes</td>
<td>20 kg.cm minimum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>60 minutes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adhesion</td>
<td>ISSA TB 114 or</td>
<td>≥ 90% or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ISSA TB 144</td>
<td>11 grade points</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>minimum (AAA, BAA)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C255.3 - Mix Properties

C255.11 NOMINATED MIX

1. At least seven days before commencing bituminous microsurfacing work, the Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent for approval, details of the nominated bituminous microsurfacing mix design for the work including the target application rate (m³ of mix/m² of road surface) and the corresponding nominal layer thickness, together with NATA certification and test results demonstrating that the nominated mix and its constituents meet the requirements of the Specification.
2. The details of the nominated mix design shall include the following:

(a) Bitumen emulsion content of the mix, and the residual binder content of the emulsion;
(b) Target combined aggregate/filler grading;
(c) Proportions of constituent materials used; and
(d) Type and sources of aggregates, filler and binder.

C255.12 APPROVED MIX

1. When a nominated mix has been approved by the Superintendent, it shall be known as the ‘approved mix’. Work shall not commence until a bituminous microsurfacing mix has been approved.

2. The combined aggregate/filler grading and the binder content of the approved mix will be termed the ‘approved grading’ and the ‘approved binder content’ respectively.

PRODUCTION AND PAVING

C255.13 REQUIREMENTS OF PRODUCTION MIX

1. Bituminous microsurfacing produced in the paving unit at the site shall be known as the ‘production mix’.

2. The production mix shall comply with the requirements given in Table C255.4.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Production Mix Properties</th>
<th>Maximum Permitted Variations from Approved Mix (by mass)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Size 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grading*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passing 9.50mm AS sieve and larger</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passing 6.70mm</td>
<td>Nil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passing 4.75mm</td>
<td>± 6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passing 2.36mm and 1.18mm</td>
<td>± 5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passing 0.600mm</td>
<td>± 4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passing 0.300mm</td>
<td>± 3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passing 0.150mm</td>
<td>± 2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passing 0.075mm</td>
<td>± 1.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residual Binder Content</td>
<td>- 0.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+ 1.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Notwithstanding, these allowable variations shall not fall outside the limits for design of nominated mix as given in Table C255.2.

Table C255.4 - Maximum Permitted Variations from Approved Mix

C255.14 PAVING UNIT CALIBRATION

1. The paving unit to be used shall be calibrated for the component materials of the
approved mix prior to the commencement of paving. Previous calibration documentation covering the same materials and approved mix shall be acceptable provided that calibration has been carried out within the previous twelve months.

2. The documentation shall include an individual calibration for each component material at various settings which can be related to the paving unit's metering devices.

3. No paving unit shall be allowed on the work until the calibration has been verified and approved by the Superintendent.

C255.15 PREPARATION OF PAVEMENT

1. The existing surface shall be clean and free from any loose stones, dirt, dust and foreign matter. The surface shall be swept beyond the edge of the area to be surfaced by at least 300mm. Any foreign matter adhering to the pavement and not swept off shall be removed by other means. Any areas significantly affected by oil contamination shall be cleaned to the satisfaction of the Superintendent.

2. The Contractor shall take all necessary precautions to prevent the bituminous microsurfacing or other materials used on the work from entering or adhering to kerbs, gutters, driveways, gratings, hydrants, valve boxes, access chamber covers, bridge or culvert decks or other road fixtures. After the bituminous microsurfacing has been spread the Contractor shall clean off any such material and leave such gratings, access chamber covers and other road fixtures, in a clean and satisfactory condition.

C255.16 WEATHER LIMITATIONS

1. Bituminous microsurfacing shall not commence if either the pavement or air temperature is below 10°C and falling.

2. Bituminous slurry may be applied when both pavement and air temperatures are above 7°C and rising, or above 10°C.

3. Spreading shall not proceed during rain or when rain appears imminent.

C255.17 SPREADING

1. The surface may be pre-dampened if necessary by fogging ahead of the spreader box. Water used for pre-wetting the surface shall be applied so that the entire surface is damp with no apparent flowing water ahead of the spreader box. The application rate of the fog spray shall be adjusted to suit temperature, surface texture, humidity and dryness of the surface being covered.

2. Bituminous microsurfacing shall be mixed and applied using a purpose built paver. The mix shall be of the desired consistency when deposited in the spreader box, and nothing more shall be added other than minor amounts of water for the purpose of overcoming temporary build-up of microsurfacing in the corners of the spreader box.

3. The mixing time shall be sufficient to produce a complete and uniform coating of the aggregate and the resulting mixture shall be conveyed into the moving spreader box at a sufficient rate to always maintain an ample supply across the full width of the strike-off.

4. The strike-off shall be adjusted to provide an application rate which will completely fill the surface voids and provide the nominal application rate of bituminous microsurfacing as scheduled.

5. After the bituminous microsurfacing has been spread, the Contractor shall ensure that all kerbs, gutters, driveways, gratings, hydrants, valve boxes, access chamber covers and other road fixtures, are clean.
covers, etc are uncovered and left in a clean and satisfactory condition.

6. After the emulsion has broken and the mix is sufficiently stable, rolling shall be carried out using pneumatic tyred rollers to produce a dense, even, homogeneous compacted surface where there is insufficient local traffic to achieve satisfactory compaction across the mat.

7. Bituminous microsurfacing shall be capable of carrying slow moving traffic (<40km/h) within one hour of application without permanent damage occurring, such as rutting or ravelling. When the time before the microsurfacing is capable of carrying traffic exceeds one hour, work shall cease unless specifically approved by the Superintendent.

C255.18 SURFACE TEXTURE

1. The resulting surface after spreading shall be uniform in appearance, and free of areas exhibiting segregation or excessive or insufficient binder.

2. The surface texture shall be demonstrated on a short test run for approval by the Superintendent. If the surface texture is acceptable to the Superintendent, then all subsequent work shall be finished to an equivalent surface texture.

3. Where increased surface texture is required, a fabric skirt may be trailed behind the spreader box.

C255.19 JOINTS

1. Longitudinal joints in the wearing course shall be straight and placed at either the edge or the centre of a traffic lane. If necessary, the edges and joints shall be lightly screeded with a hand squeegee to achieve a smooth uniform appearance and to remove excess build-up of material.

C255.20 SAMPLING AND TESTING OF PRODUCTION MIX

(a) Lot Definition

1. Compliance sampling and testing of bituminous microsurfacing shall be undertaken on a lot by lot basis. For this purpose, 50m³ or one day's production (whichever is the lesser), or such smaller quantity which is considered as representative of consistent production of the paving unit, shall be considered as representative of consistent production of the paving unit.

(b) Responsibility of Sampling

1. The Contractor shall be responsible for taking samples and shall supply all facilities, equipment and labour for that purpose.

2. The costs associated with taking samples of production mix shall be borne by the Contractor.

(c) Frequency of Sampling

1. For the testing of production mix, two 1.5kg representative samples of bituminous microsurfacing shall be taken from each lot at random intervals. The samples shall be taken from the discharge of the paving unit and the sample containers immediately sealed.

2. For the testing of the binder, two 2L samples of bitumen emulsion shall be taken from each bulk delivery in accordance with AS 1160.
(d) Testing

1. The samples of bituminous microsurfacing shall be treated and tested at a NATA registered laboratory to confirm compliance with Table C255.4. Prior to testing for Residual Binder Content and Aggregate Gradation, as determined by AS 2891.3.1, the samples shall be dried to constant weight in an oven at 60°C for a minimum of 15 hours.

2. Each delivery of emulsion shall be tested for residual binder content in accordance with AS 1160 Appendix D and accompanied by a certification of specification compliance traceable to the relevant batch at the suppliers storage tank.

C255.21 SHAPE AND LEVELS

1. Where a correction and wearing course have been placed, the finished surface level shall not vary from the design level at any point by more than ±10mm. Additionally immediately adjacent to any kerb and/or gutter the finished surface level shall not be below nor more than 10mm above the level of the lip of the adjacent gutter.

2. Notwithstanding the above, the deviation from a 3m long straight edge placed anywhere on the top of the finished surface shall not exceed 10mm when assessed within 24 hours of work completion.

C255.22 NONCONFORMANCE OF MATERIALS AND FINISHED SURFACING

1. If any materials supplied fail to conform to the requirements in this Specification or if any section of bituminous microsurfacing fails to conform to the requirements of this Specification - whether failure of the work is due to bad workmanship, defective materials supplied by the Contractor or materials made defective by the method of operation adopted - then such failure or failures shall constitute a 'Nonconformance' under the Contract. Such nonconforming sections of bituminous microsurfacing work shall be either replaced or corrected.

2. The cost of rectifying nonconformances, including any restoration work to any underlying or adjacent surface or structure, which becomes necessary as a result of such replacement or correction, shall be borne by the Contractor. Materials removed from the site by the Contractor shall be replaced with materials which conform to this Specification.
## LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

**C255.23 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES**

The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C255.5 below.

<table>
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<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Mineral Aggregate</td>
<td>As per Table C255.1</td>
<td>C255.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Combined Aggregate/filler</td>
<td>As per Table C255.2</td>
<td>C255.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Mineral Filler</td>
<td>&gt; 85% passing a 75μm Sieve</td>
<td>C255.06</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 4.   | Mix Properties  
| a)  | Design properties | As per Table C255.3 | C255.10 |
| b)  | Permitted variations | As per Table C255.4 | C255.13 |
| 5.   | Surface Preparation | Sweeping shall extend at least 300mm beyond edge of area to be surfaced | C255.15 |
| 6.   | Weather Limitations | Microsurfacing shall not commence if either air or pavement temperature is below 10°C and falling, and shall only commence if both air and surface temperature is above 7°C and rising or above 10°C | C255.16 |
| 7.   | Shape and Levels  
| a)  | Finished Levels | Shall not vary at any point by more than ± 10mm from design levels. Immediately adjacent to kerb and/or gutters, levels shall not be below nor more than 10mm above design level | C255.21 |
| b)  | Finished Shape | Deviation from the bottom of a 3m straight edge shall not vary by more than 10mm | C255.21 |

**Table C255.5 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances**
SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C255.24  CONTROL OF TRAFFIC

1. The Contractor shall provide for traffic in accordance with the requirements of the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC while undertaking the work and shall take all necessary precautions to protect the work from damage until such time as the new work has developed sufficient strength to carry normal traffic without damage.

2. The Contractor shall take all necessary steps to avoid or minimise delays and inconvenience to road users during the course of the work. Where adequate detours or side tracks are included in the Contract or are otherwise available, traffic shall be temporarily diverted while the work is in progress.

C255.25  RESERVED

C255.26  RESERVED

C255.27  RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C255.28 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification for BITUMINOUS MICROSURFACING in accordance with Pay Items 255(a) and 255(b) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items will not be accepted.

3. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

Pay Item C255(a) Size 5 Bituminous Microsurfacing

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre of the combined mix as spread on the road surface.

2. The volume of the combined mix in cubic metres shall comprise the volume of the dry mineral aggregate (excluding filler) used in completing the works recorded by the paving unit. Documentation of the calibration of this measure shall be made available to the Superintendent and shall be subject to Superintendent’s approval.

3. The schedule rate shall include preparation of the surface, mix design, all sampling and testing, supply of all materials to site, and loading, mixing and spreading the bituminous microsurfacing including finishing, joint treatment and clean-up.

Pay Item C255(b) Size 7 Bituminous Microsurfacing

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre of the combined mix as spread on the road surface.

2. The volume of the combined mix in cubic metres shall comprise the volume of the dry mineral aggregate (excluding filler) used in completing the works recorded by the paving unit. Documentation of the calibration of this measure shall be made available to the Superintendent and shall be subject to Superintendent’s approval.

3. The schedule rate shall include preparation of the surface, mix design, all sampling and testing, supply of all materials to site, and loading, mixing and spreading the bituminous microsurfacing including finishing, joint treatment and clean-up.
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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

C261

PAVEMENT MARKINGS
### Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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<td>KP</td>
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</table>
SPECIFICATION C261 : PAVEMENT MARKINGS

GENERAL

C261.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the setting out, supply and application of pavement marking paint, thermoplastic pavement marking material, pavement marking tape and raised pavement markers as shown on the Drawings and in accordance with this Specification.

2. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C261.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

C201 - Control of Traffic

(b) Australian Standards

AS 1580.107.3 - Determination of wet film thickness by gauge.
AS 1742.2 - Traffic control devices for general use.
AS 1906.3 - Raised pavement markers (retroreflective and non-retroreflective).
AS 2009 - Glass beads for road-marking materials.
AS 4049.1 - Solvent-borne paint - For use with drop-on beads.
AS 4049.2 - Thermoplastic road marking materials.
AS 4049.3 - Waterborne paint - For use with drop-on beads.

C261.03 TYPE OF MARKINGS

1. Details of the various types of pavement markings and devices are generally in accordance with the requirements of AS 1742.2.

C261.04 TYPES OF MATERIALS TO BE APPLIED

1. The materials shall be applied as follows:

(a) Pavement Marking Paint

Permanent markings on all wearing surfaces. Temporary markings, other than on the final wearing surfaces. Traffic islands and kerbs where specified.
PAVEMENT MARKINGS

(b) Thermoplastic Pavement Marking Material
   Permanent markings where explicitly indicated on the Drawings.

(c) Pavement Marking Tape
   Temporary markings on final wearing surfaces.

(d) Reflective Glass Beads
   To be applied to all painted and thermoplastic markings.

(e) Raised Pavement Markers
   To be installed as permanent and temporary markings as shown on the Drawings.

C261.05 MATERIAL QUALITY

1. The Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent NATA Registered Laboratory Test Reports, at least seven days before work is scheduled to commence, on the quality of the materials, including paint, glass beads, raised pavement markers and thermoplastic material proposed for use.

2. Only materials conforming to the requirements of the referenced Specifications/Standards shall be used.

C261.06 SETTING OUT

1. The Contractor shall set out the work to ensure that all markings are placed in accordance with the Drawings.

2. The locations of pavement markings shall not vary by more than 20mm from the locations shown on the Drawings.

C261.07 SURFACE PREPARATION

1. Pavement markings shall only be applied to clean dry surfaces. The Contractor shall clean the surface to ensure a satisfactory bond between the markings and wearing surface of the pavement.

2. Pavement marking shall not be carried out during wet weather or, if in the opinion of the Superintendent, rain is likely to fall during the process.

3. Where raised pavement markers are specified for pavements having a concrete wearing surface, the full area under each raised pavement marker shall be lightly scabbled to remove fine mortar material (laitance).

C261.08 PROVISION FOR TRAFFIC AND PROTECTION OF WORK

1. The Contractor shall provide for traffic, in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC, while undertaking the work and shall protect the pavement markings until the material has hardened sufficiently so that traffic will not cause damage.
C261.09 MAINTENANCE OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

1. The Contractor shall be responsible for the maintenance, and replacement if necessary, of raised pavement markers and all pavement marking during the contract period and the contract defects liability period.

PAVEMENT MARKING PAINT

C261.10 MATERIALS

1. Paint shall comply with the requirements of AS 4049.1 or AS 4049.3 as directed by the Superintendent. In this Specification, the term 'paint' shall mean 'pavement marking paint'.

2. Glass beads shall comply with the requirements of AS 2009 for drop-on beads.

C261.11 MIXING OF PAINT

1. All paint shall be thoroughly mixed in its original container before use to produce a smooth uniform product consistent with the freshly manufactured product.

C261.12 APPLICATION OF PAINT AND BEADS

1. All longitudinal lines shall be sprayed by an approved self propelled machine. The two sets of lines forming a one-way or two-way barrier line pattern shall be sprayed concurrently.

2. Hand spraying with the use of templates to control the pattern and shape shall be permitted for transverse lines, symbols, legends, arrows and chevrons.

3. The paint shall be applied uniformly and the wet film thickness shall be neither less than 0.35 mm nor more than 0.40 mm.

4. Glass beads shall be applied by air propulsion to the surface of all longitudinal lines at a net application rate of 0.30 kilograms per square metre immediately after application of the paint. The actual application rate shall be set to overcome any loss of beads between the bead dispenser and the sprayed line.

5. Glass beads shall be similarly applied to all other paint markings at a net application rate of 0.30 kilograms per square metre immediately after application of the paint by a method approved by the Superintendent.

6. Pavement markings shall be straight or with smooth, even curves where intended. All edges shall have a clean, sharp cut off. Any marking material applied beyond the defined edge of the marking shall be removed leaving a neat and smooth marking on the wearing surface of the pavement.

7. The lengths of longitudinal lines shall not vary by more than 20mm from the lengths shown in AS 1742.2. The widths of longitudinal lines shall not vary by more than 10mm from the widths shown in AS 1742.2.

8. The lengths and widths of transverse lines shall not vary by more than 10mm from the lengths and widths shown in AS 1742.2.
9. The dimensions of arrows, chevrons, painted medians, painted left turn islands and speed markings shall not vary by more than 50mm from the dimensions shown on the Drawings or in AS 1742.2 as appropriate. Arrows and speed markings shall be placed square with the centreline of the traffic lane.

C261.13 FIELD TESTING

1. The thickness of the wet film applied to the road pavement shall be checked by the method described in AS 1580.107.3 Method B, comb gauge.

2. The application rate of glass beads applied to the surface of the markings shall be checked by the method described in Annexure C261A.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Road Speed km/h</th>
<th>Line Widths</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>75mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>603</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>742</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Tolerance of +10% shall be permissible when measuring the above volume.
2. When two or more glass bead dispensers are to be used, each dispenser shall be checked separately to make up the totals shown.
3. Glass beads weigh approximately 1.53 grams per millilitre.

Table C261.1
Volume of glass beads (ml) required in 10 seconds of operation.

THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL

C261.14 MATERIALS

1. Thermoplastic pavement marking material shall comply with the requirements of AS 4049.2.

2. In this Specification, the term 'thermoplastic material' shall mean 'thermoplastic pavement marking material'.

3. Glass beads shall be incorporated in thermoplastic material, in the proportion of 10 per cent of the total mass, as part of the aggregate constituent and shall comply with the requirements of AS 2009, Intermix type.

4. Glass beads for surface application shall comply with the requirements of AS 2009, Drop-on beads.

5. Tack coat material shall be to the manufacturer's specification as approved by the Superintendent.
C261.15 PREPARATION OF THERMOPLASTIC MATERIAL ON SITE

1. Immediately before application, the thermoplastic material shall be uniformly heated in a suitable oil bath kettle to the temperature recommended by the manufacturer. The thermoplastic material shall not be heated above the temperature recommended by the manufacturer. The thermoplastic material shall not remain molten for more than six hours for hydrocarbon resins and four hours for wood and gum resins. Should overheating occur and/or the time expire for molten materials, then the thermoplastic material shall be discarded.

C261.16 APPLICATION OF THERMOPLASTIC MATERIAL AND BEADS

1. Where the wearing surface of the pavement is smooth or polished, a tack coat of material may be required by the Superintendent and shall be applied in accordance with the recommendations of the thermoplastic manufacturer. The tack coat shall be applied immediately before the application of the thermoplastic material in accordance with the directions of the manufacturer of the thermoplastic material and the manufacturer of the tack coat material.

2. All longitudinal lines shall be sprayed by a self propelled machine approved by the Superintendent. The two sets of lines forming a one-way or two-way barrier line shall be sprayed concurrently. The thermoplastic material shall be applied uniformly and the cold film thickness shall be 2.0mm with a tolerance of plus or minus 0.5mm.

3. Glass beads shall be applied by air propulsion to the surface of all longitudinal lines at a net application rate of 0.30 kilograms per square metre immediately after application of the thermoplastic material. The actual application rate shall be set to overcome any loss of beads between the bead dispenser and the sprayed line.

4. All transverse lines, symbols, legends and arrows shall be screeded. The screeded thermoplastic material shall be applied using a mobile applicator, approved by the Superintendent, and templates to control the pattern.

5. The thermoplastic material for transverse lines, symbols, legends and arrows shall be applied uniformly and the cold film thickness shall be 3.5mm with a tolerance of plus or minus 1.5mm. The surface finish shall be smooth.

6. Glass beads for other than longitudinal lines shall be uniformly applied to screeded markings at a net application rate of 0.30 kilograms per square metre immediately after application of the thermoplastic material by a method approved by the Superintendent.

7. Pavement marking shall be straight or with smooth, even curves where intended. All edges shall have a clean, sharp cut off. Any marking material applied beyond the defined edge of the marking shall be removed leaving a neat and smooth marking on the wearing surface of the pavement.

8. The lengths of longitudinal lines shall not vary by more than 20mm from the lengths shown in AS 1742.2. The widths of longitudinal lines shall not vary by more than 10mm from the widths shown in AS 1742.2.

9. The lengths and widths of transverse lines shall not vary by more than 10mm from the lengths and widths shown in AS 1742.2.

10. The dimensions of arrows, chevrons, painted medians, painted left turn islands and speed markings shall not vary by more than 50mm from the dimensions shown on the Drawings or in AS 1742.2 as appropriate. Arrows and speed markings shall be placed square with the centreline of the traffic lane.
C261.17 FIELD TESTING

1. The thickness of the cold film of thermoplastic material applied to the road pavement shall be checked by measurement, using a micrometer, of the thickness of thermoplastic material applied to a metal test plate.

2. The application rate of glass beads applied to the surface of the markings shall be checked by the method described in Annexure C261A.

PAVEMENT MARKING TAPE

C261.18 MATERIALS

1. Pavement marking tape shall be a strippable type of tape, such as 'Staymark - Detour Grade', or equivalent tape approved by the Superintendent.

C261.19 APPLICATION OF PAVEMENT MARKING TAPE

1. The method of application of pavement marking tape, including surface preparation, shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

C261.20 REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKING TAPE

1. When directed by the Superintendent, the Contractor shall remove pavement marking tape in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

C261.21 MATERIALS

1. Raised pavement markers, both reflective and non-reflective, shall comply with AS 1906.3 and shall have the dimensions shown on the Drawings.

2. The adhesive used for attaching the raised pavement markers to the wearing surface of the pavement shall be a hot melt bitumen adhesive or an equivalent product approved by the Superintendent.

C261.22 INSTALLATION OF RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS

1. Raised pavement markers shall be fixed to the wearing surface of the pavement using a hot melt bitumen adhesive or an equivalent product. The adhesive shall be freshly heated to the Manufacturer's instructions and thoroughly mixed. The adhesive shall not be allowed to cool and be reheated prior to use.

2. The adhesive shall be spread uniformly over the underside of the raised pavement marker to a depth of approximately 10 mm. The raised pavement marker shall be pressed down onto the pavement surface in its correct position and shall be rotated slightly until the adhesive is squeezed out around all edges of the marker. The raised pavement marker shall not be disturbed until the adhesive has set.
3. On rough surfaces, such as newly laid coarse sprayed bituminous seals, and where directed by the Superintendent, an initial pad of adhesive of diameter 20mm larger than the diameter of the base of the raised pavement marker, shall be provided. The adhesive shall be applied to fill the irregularities in the pavement surface to produce a flat, smooth surface flush with the upper stone level. The adhesive pad shall be allowed to set. Additional adhesive shall be applied to the pavement, as described above, and then the raised pavement marker shall be pressed down onto the adhesive pad on the pavement surface to ensure good adhesion.

REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT MARKINGS

C261.23 GENERAL

1. The Contractor shall remove pavement markings, no longer required, from the wearing surface of pavements without significant damage to the surface.

2. The method of removal shall be approved by the Superintendent before commencement of the work.
## Limits and Tolerances

The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses of this Specification are summarised in Table C261.2 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Location of Markings</td>
<td>± 20mm from specified location</td>
<td>C261.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Longitudinal Lines</td>
<td>± 20mm from lengths shown in AS 1742.2</td>
<td>C261.12, C261.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Length</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Width</td>
<td>± 10mm from widths shown in AS 1742.2</td>
<td>C261.12, C261.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Transverse Lines</td>
<td>± 10mm from lengths and widths shown in AS 1742.2</td>
<td>C261.12, C261.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Length</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Width</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Arrows, Chevrons, Painted Medians, Speed Markings etc.</td>
<td>± 50mm from the dimensions shown in AS 1742.2</td>
<td>C261.12, C261.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Application of Paint</td>
<td>&gt;0.35mm &lt;0.40mm</td>
<td>C261.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Application of Thermoplastic</td>
<td>2.0mm ± 0.5mm</td>
<td>C261.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Longitudinal Lines - Cold Film Thickness</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Transverse Lines, Symbols, Arrows etc. - Cold Film Thickness</td>
<td>3.5mm ± 1.5mm</td>
<td>C261.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Glass Beads</td>
<td>0.30 kg/sq m + 10%</td>
<td>C261.12, C261.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Volume used in operation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C261.2 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C261.25  RESERVED
C261.26  RESERVED
C261.27  RESERVED
PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Contract No. XYZ

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PAVEMENT MARKINGS

C261.28 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification on a schedule of rates basis in accordance with Pay Items C261(a) to C261(e) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

3. If any item, for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates, has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in other items for the cost of the item which has not been priced.

4. No additional payment shall be made for maintenance and replacement of pavement markers in accordance with Clause C261.09.

5. Provision for traffic is measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC.

Pay Item C261(a) PAVEMENT MARKING PAINT - LONGITUDINAL LINES

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The area shall be calculated from the specified width (excluding tolerances) and the actual application length measured along the centre line of the longitudinal line.

3. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the setting out of the work, the supply and application of the paint and beads and provision for traffic.

Pay Item C261(b) PAVEMENT MARKING PAINT - TRANSVERSE LINES, SYMBOLS, LEGENDS, ARROWS, CHEVRONS, TRAFFIC ISLANDS AND KERBS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The area of the painted surface shall be determined by direct measurement of the markings as applied.

3. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the setting out of the work, the supply and application of all material and the provision for traffic.

Pay Item C261(c) THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL - LONGITUDINAL LINES

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The area shall be calculated from the specified width (excluding tolerances) and the actual application length measured along the centre line of the longitudinal line.

3. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the setting out of the work, tack coating where necessary, the supply and application of the thermoplastic material and beads and provision for traffic.

Pay Item C261(d) THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL - TRANSVERSE LINES, SYMBOLS, LEGENDS AND ARROWS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The surface area of the thermoplastic material applied shall be determined by direct measurement of the markings as applied.
3. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the setting out of the work, tack coating where necessary, the supply and application of all material and the provision for traffic.

Pay Item C261(e) RAISED PAVEMENT MARKERS (all applications)

1. The unit of measurement shall be ‘each’ raised pavement marker installed.

2. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the setting out of the work, the supply and application of all material including the provision of an initial pad of adhesive when required on rough surfaces and the provision for traffic.
ANNEXURE C261A

PROCEDURE FOR MEASUREMENT OF
RATE OF APPLICATION OF SPHERICAL GLASS BEADS

1. SCOPE

The following procedure shall be adopted for field measurement of the rate of application of spherical glass beads on to wet paint or thermoplastic surfaces.

2. SPHERICAL GLASS BEADS

The glass beads shall comply with AS 2009.

3. MEASUREMENT

The method of field measurement shall be as follows:

(a) Turn off the paint or thermoplastic supply valves and operate the glass bead dispenser for exactly 10 seconds allowing glass beads to run into a plastic bag or tray.

(b) Pour the glass beads from the bag or tray into a suitable measuring cylinder calibrated in millilitres to measure the volume of glass beads collected. Level but do not compact the glass beads in the cylinder.

(c) Compare the volume of glass beads collected with the correct figure given in Table C261.1.

Table C261.1 shows the correct volumes of glass beads required to give a net application rate on the marked line of approximately 0.30 kilograms per square metre for different line widths and road speeds. The glass bead volume figures given in Table C261.1 are calculated for an actual application rate of 0.34 kilograms per square metre. These figures are used for calibrating the machine because there is a loss of beads between the bead dispenser and the marked line and the volume is measured with beads not compacted.
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- C261.06 SETTING OUT ......................................................... 2
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ANNEXURE
C261A PROCEDURE FOR MEASUREMENT OF RATE OF APPLICATION OF SPHERICAL GLASS BEADS.
BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

C262

SIGNPOSTING
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

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<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE 1</td>
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<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Details added for BVSC standard street signs.</td>
<td>262.18</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>JW</td>
<td>31/3/03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPECIFICATION C262 : SIGNPOSTING

GENERAL

C262.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of:

   (a) the supply and erection of the Regulatory, Warning, Guide, Information and Direction signs as described in AS 1742, AS 1743 and AS 1744.
   
   (b) the supply and erection of sign support structures to support the signs, and
   
   (c) the adjustment of existing signs and sign support structures.

2. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

C262.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

   (a) Council Specifications

   C201 - Control of Traffic
   C271 - Minor Concrete Works

   (b) Australian Standards

   AS 1163 - Structural steel hollow sections
   AS 1214 - Hot-dip galvanised coatings on threaded fasteners
   AS 1250 - The use of steel in structures (SAA Steel Structures Code)
   AS 1379 - The specification and manufacture of concrete
   AS/NZS 1554.1 - Welding of steel structures
   AS/NZS 1580.602.2 - Measurement of specular gloss of non-metallic paint films at 20°, 60° and 85°
   AS 1580.108.2 - Dry film thickness - Paint inspection gauge
   AS 1734 - Aluminium and aluminium alloys - flat sheet, coiled sheet and plate
   AS 1742 - Manual of uniform traffic control devices
   AS 1743 - Road Signs - Specifications
   AS 1744 - Forms of letters and numerals for road signs
   AS 1866 - Aluminium and aluminium alloys - extruded rod, bar, solid and hollow shapes
   AS 2700 - Colour standards for general purposes
   AS 3678 - Structural steel - hot-rolled plates, floorplates and slabs
   AS 3679.1 - Structural steel - hot-rolled bars and sections
   AS/NZS 4680 - Hot-dip galvanised (zinc) coatings on fabricated ferrous articles

C262.03 PROVISION FOR TRAFFIC

1. The Contractor shall provide for traffic in accordance with the requirements of the

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AUS-SPEC-1/NSW-C262 May 2000 C262-1 BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL
Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC while undertaking the work and shall organise the work to avoid or minimise delays and inconvenience to traffic.

2. Where a sign is erected before its intended use by traffic and is visible to traffic, the face of the sign shall be completely and securely wrapped in porous cloth sheeting or other opaque covering material approved by the Superintendent, until the Superintendent directs that the sign shall be uncovered.

MATERIALS

C262.04 GENERAL

1. The Contractor shall advise the names of the proposed suppliers of signs and sign support structures for the Superintendent’s concurrence. Only suppliers who have previously established or can now establish their competence to carry out the work in accordance with this Specification shall be used.

2. The Contractor shall supply documentary evidence, satisfactory to the Superintendent, that all materials and parts proposed for use comply with the requirements of the appropriate Australian Standard(s).

3. Details of the signs and sign support structures to be provided under the Contract shall be as shown on the Drawings.

4. The dimensions, legend and background for each sign shall be in accordance with this Specification and the Drawings.

C262.05 SIGN BLANKS

1. Sign blanks shall be 1.6mm thick aluminium sheet alloy. The aluminium alloy shall be Type 5251 or Type 5052 and Temper H38 or Temper H36 in accordance with AS 1734.

2. Sign blanks shall be free of cracks, tears and other surface blemishes and the edges shall be true and smooth. The dimensions of the sign blank shall be within plus or minus 1.5mm of the dimensions specified and the finished sign shall be flat within a maximum allowable bow of 0.5 per cent of the maximum dimension of the sign blank in any direction.

3. Sign blanks shall be one piece except where the sign is of such a size as to require more than one full sheet of aluminium in which case a multipiece sign shall be allowed.

4. A multipiece sign shall be made up of the minimum number of pieces practical and sheets of the multipiece sign shall be butted together with a maximum gap of 1mm at any point along the joint.

5. All joints shall be covered by a backing strip. The backing strip shall be riveted to each sheet with rivets, coloured to match the background material on the face of the sign, at a spacing not exceeding 200mm. Backing strips shall be of the same material and colour as used for the sign blank and shall have a minimum width of 50mm over the full length of the joint.

6. The aluminium extrusion used for mounting may be used as the backing strip for horizontal joints where it complies with the spacing requirements.

7. The face of each sign blank shall be chemically cleaned and etched or

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mechanically abraded. Where the sign blank is to receive a paint background, the face shall be spray painted with a compatible etch primer.

8. The back of each sign blank shall be uncoated and the surface finish shall be rendered dull and non-reflective either by mechanical or chemical means and shall be free of scratches and blemishes.

9. Signs shall be supplied with square holes or aluminium extrusion backing for mounting purposes, at the centre spacings as shown on the Drawings.

C262.06 ALUMINIUM EXTRUSION BACKING

1. The signs shall include special aluminium extruded sections for mounting purposes. The aluminium shall be Type 6063-T5 in accordance with AS 1866.

2. The aluminium extrusion shall be fixed at the centre spacings as shown on the Drawings and shall be riveted to the sign blank with correctly coloured rivets at a spacing not exceeding 200mm.

C262.07 RETRO-REFLECTIVE MATERIAL FOR BACKGROUND AND LEGEND

1. The retro-reflective material shall be approved by Council. The background and legend material shall be compatible both in application and durability.

2. Retro-reflective material shall conform in colour and class to the requirements of AS 1743 for Class 1, Class 2 and Class 2A materials. Unless shown otherwise on the Drawings, the material shall be Class 2.

C262.08 NON-REFLECTIVE BACKGROUND MATERIAL (a) Background Paint

1. Background paint shall be an approved long life industrial quality, two compound polyurethane paint. The paint shall exhibit high standards of adhesion, abrasion resistance, resistance to weathering and colour fastness under widely varying conditions of exposure. The paint shall be compatible with the etch primer used on the sign blank.

2. The paint shall be applied using conventional air spray application to give a uniform cover free of blemishes. A minimum dry film thickness of 38 microns is required when tested in accordance with AS 1580.108.2.

3. Background paint shall be as specified from one of the following colours:

   (i) White - Gloss
   (ii) 'Dark' Green - Matt Colour No G61 as specified in AS 2700.
   (iii) 'Tourist' Brown - Matt Colour No X65, Dark Brown, as specified in AS 2700.
   (iv) 'Dark Grey' - Matt Colour No N64, Dark Grey as specified in AS2700.
4. Exact colorimetric values are set out in AS 2700.

   (i) For matt coatings, the gloss level, determined by AS/NZS 1580.602.2, using an 85° head, shall be neither less than 12 per cent of gloss nor more than 15 per cent of gloss.

   (ii) For gloss coatings, the gloss level, determined by AS/NZS 1580.602.2 using a 20° head shall be neither less than 85 per cent of gloss nor more than 95 per cent of gloss.

(b) Background Sheet Material

1. Adhesive cast vinyl sheet material or other equivalent material approved by the Superintendent may be used in place of background paint. The material shall be of uniform density and compatible with the material used for the legend both in application and durability.

2. The colours and gloss levels shall be uniform and conform to the requirements of Clause C262.08(a).

C262.09 NON-REFLECTIVE MATERIAL FOR LEGEND

(a) Legend Screening Ink

1. Screening ink shall be a high quality, full gloss, non-fade, non-bleed and scratch resistant type of ink compatible with the material to which it is applied. Screening ink shall have durability at least equal to the material to which the screening ink is applied.

(b) Legend Sheet Material

1. Adhesive cast vinyl sheet material or other equivalent material approved by the Superintendent may be used in place of screening ink. The material shall be of uniform density and compatible with the material used for the background both in application and durability.

(c) Colours and Finish

1. The requirements of Clause C262.08(a) shall also apply to non-reflective materials for legends but additional colours complying with AS 2700 may be specified.

C262.10 RIVETS

1. Each rivet shall consist of a domed head and shank made of aluminium alloy and a steel mandrel which is discarded after securing the rivet.

2. A paint coating shall be applied to the domed head so that when the rivet is in position it will show the same colour as the material to which it is attached. Paint may cover the shank of the rivet, providing the coating thickness does not restrict the insertion of the shank into the standard drilled hole for that rivet.

3. The paint shall be an alkyd enamel, which shall be applied after an appropriate treatment of the shank of the rivet to ensure long lasting adhesion.
C262.11 REFERENCE MARKINGS

1. All signs shall be clearly and permanently stamped or engraved with an identification coding. The coding shall appear in ciphers of height neither less than 6mm nor more than 10mm on the rear of the sign and shall be carried out in such a manner that the front face of the sign is not damaged.

2. For rectangular signs, the coding shall appear as near as practicable to the bottom rear left hand corner. For other shaped signs, the coding shall be positioned on or below the horizontal centre line and as near as practicable to the left hand rear edge.

3. Manufacturers shall include coding information in the following format:-
   Manufacturer's Name
   Month and Year of Manufacture
   Manufacture and Class of Retro-Reflective Material

C262.12 SIGN SUPPORT STRUCTURES

(a) General

1. Sign support structures shall be fabricated from steel sections which shall comply with the requirements of AS 1163, AS 3678 and AS 3679.1.

2. Signs support structures shall be standard round galvanised posts of 50, 65 or 80 mm nominal bore or purpose-designed steel structures as shown on the Drawings and manufactured in accordance with the requirements of AS 1250.

3. Splices in members shall be restricted to a maximum of one splice per member. Splices shall be full penetration butt welds.

4. All welding shall be as shown on the Drawings and in accordance with the requirements of AS 1554.1, Category GP.

(b) Protective Treatment

1. Except for standard galvanised posts, all steel components including brackets shall be protected by hot-dip galvanising after all fabrication processes are completed.

2. The steel components shall be finished by the hot-dip galvanising process in accordance with AS/NZS 4680 to provide an average minimum coating thickness of 85 microns and a bright finished surface free from white rust and stains.

3. Bolts, nuts and washers and brackets shall be galvanised in accordance with AS 1214.

4. Splices in standard galvanised posts shall be painted by using an organic zinc-rich primer, or inorganic zinc silicate paint, in accordance with the repair requirements in Appendix E of AS/NZS 4680.

5. Scratched and slightly damaged surfaces of galvanised coatings shall be renovated by using an organic zinc-rich primer, or inorganic zinc silicate paint, in accordance with the repair requirements in Appendix E of AS/NZS 4680. This method of renovation shall be restricted to areas not exceeding 2500 square millimetres on any one structure. Any structure with totally-damaged coating areas exceeding 2500 square millimetres shall be regalvanised by the Contractor.

6. The cost of regalvanising such damaged coating areas shall be borne by the Contractor.

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SIGNPOSTING

(c) Attachment of Signs

1. Posts and other components shall be provided with the required sign attachment holes or fittings to suit the typical attachment systems as shown on the Drawings. Sign panels shall be attached to each supporting member at each extrusion section or bolt hole in the sign panel.

2. The Contractor shall submit details of the proposed attachment systems for the Superintendent's approval.

ERECTION OF NEW SIGNS

C262.13 SETTING OUT

1. The location of signs shall be as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. The Contractor shall set out the work to ensure that all signs and support structures are placed in accordance with the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

2. Signs shall be aligned approximately at right angles to the direction of the traffic they are intended to serve. On curved alignments, the angle of placement should be determined by the course of approaching traffic rather than the orientation of the road at the point where the sign is located.

3. The Contractor shall submit details of and set out, for the Superintendent's inspection and approval, the proposed location and alignment of each sign support structure.

4. Work on the foundations of the sign support structure shall not commence until the Superintendent has approved the location and alignment of the sign support structure.

C262.14 CLEARING

1. Any trees and undergrowth within three metres of the sign support structure and along a driver's line of sight to the front of the sign shall be cleared and removed.

C262.15 SIGN STRUCTURE FOOTINGS

1. The footings for a simple pipe support or the footings for each post of a purpose-designed sign support structure shall be constructed in accordance with the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

2. The footings shall be neatly excavated to the depth and width shown on the Drawings. The material from the excavation shall be disposed of in a responsible and legal manner.

3. When anchor bolt assemblies are specified they shall be accurately placed and firmly supported. Anchor bolt assemblies shall be provided with levelling nuts under the sign structure baseplates to allow adjustment of the structure after installation.

4. Steel reinforcement shall be placed as shown on the Drawings.

5. Concrete in the footings of sign support structures shall comply with the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS and have a minimum compressive strength at 28 days of 20MPa for pipe support footings and 32MPa for purpose-designed footings.
support footings.

6. If ready mixed concrete is used, the concrete shall be mixed and delivered in accordance with AS 1379.

C262.16 ERECTION

1. All components shall be accurately positioned and supported during erection.

2. The top of each pipe support post shall extend sufficiently beyond the upper extrusion section or bolt holes on the sign panels to enable attachment of the signs. The top of each post shall be below the top edge of the sign panel.

3. For pipe support multi-post installations, the tops of the posts shall be at the same level except where sign shape or the arrangement of sign panels dictates otherwise.

4. During erection, sign panels shall be suitably supported and braced and the sign face protected from damage. Signs damaged during erection shall be repaired to a standard equivalent to the original sign or replaced by the Contractor at the Contractor's cost.

5. Galvanised coatings on purpose-designed support structures which are scratched or slightly damaged during erection shall be renovated by using an organic zinc-rich primer, or inorganic zinc silicate paint, in accordance with the repair requirements in Appendix E of AS/NZS 4680. This method of renovation shall be restricted to areas not exceeding 2500 square millimetres on any one structure. Any structure with totally-damaged coating areas exceeding 2500 square millimetres shall be regalvanised.

6. The cost of regalvanising such damaged coating areas shall be borne by the Contractor.

ADJUSTMENT OF EXISTING SIGNS AND SUPPORT STRUCTURES

C262.17 GENERAL

1. Where shown on the Drawings and where directed by the Superintendent, the Contractor shall adjust existing sign panels and sign support structures. The work shall include minor adjustments of existing sign panels and/or sign support structures or the work may extend to the dismantling of signs and sign support structures, relocation or replacement of sign support structures including footings and re-erection of signs including all fittings.
SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C262.18 STREET AND COMMUNITY FACILITY NAME SIGNS

1. All street and community facility name signs shall comply with Council's adopted signage system and with the details as shown on the Drawings.

2. Proprietary signs shall be manufactured and installed in accordance with the requirements of AS 1742.5, Street Name and Community Facility Name Signs, to the following details:

   a) Colour:
      - Legend - Black, Non-reflective
      - Background - White, Class 2 Reflective

   b) Lettering and Numerals:
      - Font Type - Series D
      - Height - 100mm

3. Details of Council's logo shall be supplied to the Contractor by the Council.

LOGO COLOURS

- Tomato Red
- Yellow
- Ocean Blue
- Dark Green

Example of Street Name Sign

POST AND FITTINGS
- 60NB Gal Tube Post
- Aluminium Fitting & Cap
- Concreted 600mm in ground with pin to stop rotation

Logo
4. Details of the signs and legends to be provided under the Contract shall be as shown on the Drawings.

5. The Contractor shall submit details of Manufacturer, all sign materials and sign attachment system to the Superintendent for approval by the Council prior to commencement of sign manufacture.

C262.19 RESERVED

C262.20 RESERVED

C262.21 RESERVED
## Limits and Tolerances

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C262.1 below:

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<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
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<td>± 1.50mm</td>
<td>C262.05</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(b) Bow</td>
<td>&lt; 0.5% of maximum dimension</td>
<td>C262.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Butt gap in multipiece sign</td>
<td>&lt; 1mm</td>
<td>C262.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(d) Rivet spacing in backing strip</td>
<td>&lt; 200mm</td>
<td>C262.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(e) Backing strip width</td>
<td>&gt;50mm</td>
<td>C262.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td><strong>Extrusion Backing</strong>&lt;br&gt; (a) Rivet Spacing</td>
<td>&lt;200mm</td>
<td>C262.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td><strong>Background Paint</strong>&lt;br&gt; (a) For matt coatings, gloss level</td>
<td>&gt;12% and &lt;15%</td>
<td>C262.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) For gloss coatings, gloss level</td>
<td>&gt;85% and &lt;95%</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td><strong>Reference Marking</strong>&lt;br&gt; (a) Height of Coding</td>
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<td>5.</td>
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<td>&gt;100 microns</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Paint coating over Splices in standard galvanised posts</td>
<td>&gt;100 microns</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(c) Damaged Surface of galvanised surfaces:&lt;br&gt; (i) Coating with zinc rich paint</td>
<td>Area &lt;2500 sq. mm</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Area &gt;2500 sq. mm</td>
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<tr>
<td>6.</td>
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<td>7.</td>
<td><strong>Concrete in Foundations of Sign Support Structures</strong>&lt;br&gt; (a) Strength</td>
<td>&gt;25 MPa at 28 days</td>
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MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C262.23 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for ALL activities associated with completing the work detailed under this Specification in accordance with Pay Items C262(a) to C262(g) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

3. If any item, for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates, has not been priced by the Contractor, it is then understood that due allowance has been made in other items for the cost of the item which has not been priced.

4. The cost of any provision for traffic and covering of signs shall be deemed to be included in the various pay items for signposting.

5. Sign structure support concrete footings are measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

6. Miscellaneous minor concrete work not included in the pay items in this Specification shall be in accordance with pay items described in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

Pay Item C262(a) SUPPLY AND DELIVERY OF SIGNS (AREA LESS THAN 1 sq m)

1. The unit of measurement shall be each.

2. The schedule rate shall include the costs of mounting extrusions, fittings, labelling, packaging and delivery to site.

Pay Item C262(b) SUPPLY AND DELIVERY OF SIGNS (AREA BETWEEN 1 AND 3 sq m)

1. The unit of measurement shall be each.

2. The schedule rate shall include the costs of mounting extrusions, fittings, labelling, packaging and delivery to site.

Pay Item C262(c) SUPPLY AND DELIVERY OF SIGNS (AREA GREATER THAN 3 sq m)

1. The unit of measurement shall be the area in square metres of signs supplied.

2. The area shall be calculated by totalling the face surface area of each sign supplied.

3. The schedule rate shall include the costs of mounting extrusions, fittings, labelling, packaging and delivery to site.

Pay Item C262(d) SUPPLY AND ERECTION OF SIGN SUPPORT STRUCTURES (STANDARD ROUND GALVANISED POSTS)

1. The unit of measurement shall be 'each' post erected.

2. The schedule rate shall include the costs of clearing, excavation, erection and bracing and casting of concrete footings.
**Pay Item C262(e)  SUPPLY AND ERECTION OF SIGN SUPPORT STRUCTURES (PURPOSE-DESIGNED)**

1. The unit of measurement shall be 'each' post erected.

2. The schedule rate shall include the costs of clearing, excavation, erection and bracing and casting of concrete footings with anchor bolt assemblies and steel reinforcement.

**Pay Item C262(f)  ERECTION OF SIGNS**

1. The unit of measurement shall be each sign erected.

2. The schedule rate shall include the costs of erection and attachment costs and any necessary temporary covering of signs with plastic or other approved opaque covering.

**Pay Item C262(g)  ADJUSTMENT OF EXISTING SIGNS AND SUPPORT STRUCTURES**

1. The unit of measurement shall be the area in square metres of signs adjusted.

2. The area shall be determined by totalling the face surface area of the signs adjusted.

3. The schedule rate shall include the costs of dismantling of signs and sign structure, relocation or replacement of sign structures including foundations, concrete footings, and re-erection of signs including all fittings.

4. Separate pay items shall be included for each adjustment required to re-erect existing signs and sign support structures and shall cover all work required that is not covered by the other pay items under signposting.
# SPECIFICATION C262 - SIGNPOSTING

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Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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SPECIFICATION C263 : GUIDE POSTS

GENERAL

C263.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the setting out, supply of all materials and erection of guide posts at the locations shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent in areas where streetlighting is not provided.

C263.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

C201 - Control of Traffic

(b) Australian Standards

AS 1906.2 - Retroreflective devices (non-pavement application).
AS 2082 - Visually stress-graded hardwood for structural purposes.

C263.03 MATERIALS

(a) General

1. Guide posts shall be of timber or, as an alternative, the Superintendent may approve of a proprietary metallic or flexible (driveable or non-driveable) post.

2. The surface of all posts shall have a gloss or semi-gloss white finish. The surface shall be smooth and easily cleaned.

3. Proprietary posts shall be minimum 1350mm in length and shall have one face of 100mm width.

(b) Timber Posts

1. Timber posts shall be cut from Select Grade hardwood and conform with AS 2082. All surfaces shall be smooth and free from obvious saw marks.

2. The posts shall be of rectangular cross-section having dimensions of 100mm x 50mm and shall be 1,400mm in length. The tops of the guide posts shall be sloped so that one 100mm edge is 10mm lower than the opposite edge.

(c) Proprietary Posts

1. Where a proprietary metallic or flexible guide post is proposed, the Contractor shall supply details of the proposed guide post including the manufacturer’s recommended installation procedure, technical specifications and test certificates for consideration by the Superintendent. The test certification shall address post strength, flexibility, impact and heat resistance and durability. The Superintendent’s approval of the submitted details and acceptance of the nominated guide post type and supplier and the
approval of Council is required prior to delivery or inclusion in the Works.

(d) **Delineators**

1. Corner-cubed delineators, conforming to AS 1906.2 shall be attached to each post.

2. The delineators shall be neither less than 80mm nor more than 85mm diameter.

### CONSTRUCTION

**C263.04 GENERAL**

1. The Contractor shall at all times conform to the requirements of the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC.

2. Where the shoulder is in embankment or at natural surface level, the guide posts shall be placed near the outer edge of the shoulder and at a uniform distance, minimum 1m, from the pavement edge line. Where the shoulder is located in a cutting, the guide posts shall be placed on the road pavement side of the table drain, and minimum 1m from the pavement edge line, in such a manner as not to impede the flow of water in the drain.

3. Guide posts shall be erected at the locations shown on the Drawings.

4. Underground services laid in proximity to the guide posts shall be located prior to erection of posts, all care shall be taken not to damage such services.

**C263.05 PROTECTIVE TREATMENT OF TIMBER GUIDE POSTS**

1. The portion of the guide post below ground level shall be treated with creosote, such that the penetration and retention of creosote preservative conforms with the requirements for minimum Hazard Class H4 treatment in accordance with AS 1604.1.

2. All timber above ground level shall be painted with pink primer and any holes, cracks, or other surface imperfections in the timber, shall be stopped with white putty. This work shall be followed by painting with a white undercoat and a white enamel finishing coat.

3. Painted surfaces shall be thoroughly dry before the second coat is applied. Paints shall be handled and applied in accordance with the manufacturer's directions.

4. All paints shall be of the best quality, durable and suitable for exterior application on timber surfaces.

**C263.06 ERECTION OF GUIDE POSTS**

1. Guide posts shall be set vertically in the ground to a depth of approximately 500mm. In order to offset shoulder irregularities this depth shall be varied so as to give uniform display of guide posts to a height of approximately 900mm above ground level, with the tops evenly graded. Each guide post shall be erected with the 100mm axis at right angles to the centre line of the road.

2. Allowance shall be made in the height of guide posts above the ground for the effects of superelevation and other road geometry in order to keep the guide posts within the range of the beam of vehicle headlights.

3. Backfilling shall be compacted in layers of depth not more than 150mm for the full depth of the guide posts up to ground level. The density of the compacted backfilling
shall not be less than that of the adjacent undisturbed ground. Guide posts shall be firm in the ground to the satisfaction of the Superintendent.

4. Proprietary guide posts, when installed in the ground in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer, shall resist overturning, twisting and displacement from wind and impact forces.

5. All necessary steps shall be taken to prevent people and stock from stepping into the post holes during the erection of the guide posts.

C263.07 DELINEATORS

1. 'Corner Cubed' delineators, complying with AS 1906.2, shall be attached to each guide post using one way, anti-theft screws. In the case of proprietary posts, the delineators shall be glued or otherwise fastened to the post in such a manner that they are not dislodged or rendered inactive under vehicular impact.

2. The delineators shall be mounted so that the top of the reflector is 50mm below the top of the guide post.

3. The delineators shall be so arranged that drivers approaching from either direction will see only red delineators on their left side and white delineators on their right side.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C263.08 RESERVED

C263.09 RESERVED

C263.10 RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C263.11 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification in accordance with Pay Item C263(a).

2. A lump sum price shall not be accepted.

3. Traffic control is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC.

Pay Item C263(a) GUIDE POSTS

1. The unit of measurement shall be 'each' guide post.

2. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the erection of each post, including supply of post, erection, painting (if applicable), and supply and fixing of corner-cubed delineators.
**SPECIFICATION C263 - GUIDE POSTS**

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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

C264

NON-RIGID ROAD SAFETY BARRIER SYSTEMS
(Public Domain)
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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SPECIFICATION C264:  
NON-RIGID ROAD SAFETY BARRIER SYSTEMS (Public Domain)

GENERAL

C264.01  SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of the setting out, supply of all materials and erection of road safety barriers and terminals, in accordance with the requirements for non-rigid road safety barrier systems in AS/NZS 3845, at the locations shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

2. This Specification details the requirements for public domain non-rigid road safety barrier systems. Where a patented non-rigid road safety barrier system is specified and shown on the Drawings, all materials shall be in accordance with the manufacturer’s specifications and, it shall be constructed strictly in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions.

C264.02  REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a)  Council Specifications

   C201  -  Control of Traffic
   C271  -  Minor Concrete Works

(b)  Australian Standards

   AS 1906.2  -  Retroreflective devices (non pavement application).
   AS/NZS 3845  -  Road safety barrier systems.
   AS/NZS 4680  -  Hot-dip galvanised (zinc) coatings on fabricated ferrous articles

MATERIALS

C264.03  COMPONENTS

1. All steel components for public domain non-rigid road safety barrier systems, W-beam and Thrie-beam, shall be in accordance with AS/NZS 3845 and shall be of the type as shown on the Drawings.

2. Timber posts are to be used only in W-beam terminal sections, as detailed on the Drawings and shall be of the timber type, grade, size and treatment level in accordance with AS/NZS 3845. All surfaces shall be smooth and free from obvious saw marks.
C264.04 CERTIFICATION

1. Steel and timber road safety barrier components shall not be erected until the Contractor has produced documentary evidence to the Superintendent that the steel and timber road safety barrier components conform to the requirements of this Specification.

CONSTRUCTION

C264.05 GENERAL

1. The Contractor shall at all times conform to the requirements of the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC.

2. Construction of non-rigid road safety barrier shall comply with AS/NZS 3845 except where explicit departures are detailed on the Drawings.

3. Road safety barriers shall be erected after the construction of the base on concrete pavements and after the placing of the initial layer of asphaltic concrete or sprayed seal on a flexible pavement, unless otherwise approved by the Superintendent.

4. The Contractor shall set out the work to ensure that all road safety barriers and terminal sections are located in accordance with the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

5. Underground cables and ducts laid in the road safety barrier area shall be located prior to the erection of posts and all care must be taken not to damage such cables and ducts.

6. The posts should be set to the full depth as shown on the Drawings. If this is not possible due to the presence of an underground obstruction, an alternative method of setting the posts, as approved by the Superintendent, shall be used.

7. Posts shall stand vertical and the spacing shall be such that when the safety barrier is erected no post movement is necessary in order to align holes or for any other reason.

C264.06 ERECTION OF STEEL POSTS

1. The safety barrier posts are to be located as shown on the Drawings. The top of the post shall be 710mm, 805mm or 865mm as appropriate for W-beam, Thrie-beam or modified blockout Thrie-beam respectively, above the ground level, unless otherwise shown on the Drawings. On terminal ends, the level of the posts shall be such as to conform to the extended crossfall of the main pavement unless otherwise shown on the Drawings.

2. When erected in position the posts shall be on a smooth line both horizontally and vertically with the tops of posts within ±20mm of the heights specified in paragraph 1 of this Clause.

3. Steel posts shall be erected by driving, or by other means, as directed by the Superintendent, in accordance with the requirements for foundation posts in AS/NZS 3845. The open section of the post shall point in the same direction as adjacent traffic. The posts are to be firm in the ground and any movement at ground level shall not exceed 3mm in any direction when force tested in accordance with AS/NZS 3845.

4. The posts shall not have any obvious deformation as a result of driving. Any damage which does occur to the posts is to be repaired within 24 hours using an organic...
zinc-rich primer in accordance with the repair requirements of Appendix E in AS/NZS 4680.

5. Any post which has been excessively damaged will be rejected by the Superintendent and shall be replaced by the Contractor at its own expense.

C264.07 ERECTION OF TIMBER POSTS

1. The safety barrier posts are to be located as shown on the Drawings. The top of the posts shall be 710mm ±20mm above the ground level, unless otherwise shown on the Drawings. On terminal ends the level of the posts shall be such as to conform to the extended crossfall of the main pavement, unless shown otherwise on the Drawings.

2. When erected in position the posts shall be on a smooth line both horizontally and vertically.

3. The section of the timber posts to be cast into a reinforced concrete footing shall be wrapped in 12mm thick polystyrene foam sheeting before concrete casting.

4. Concrete used in the footings for timber posts shall have a minimum compressive strength of 32MPa at 28 days and shall conform with the requirements of the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

5. Concrete footings shall be 600mm diameter, and shall have tolerances of minus zero or plus 50mm. Overbreak and excessive depth shall be filled with 32MPa concrete at no cost to the Principal.


7. The surface area of the posts which will be above ground shall be painted with two coats of grey acrylic paint.

C264.08 ERECTION OF ROAD SAFETY BARRIER RAILS

1. Steel blockout pieces shall be erected with the open section pointing in the same direction as adjacent traffic.

2. All rail laps shall be in the same direction as adjacent traffic such that approach rail ends are not exposed to traffic.

3. Stiffening pieces, 300mm long, shall be used on intermediate posts.

4. Road safety barrier rails and blockout pieces shall be handled and erected in such a manner that no damage occurs to the galvanising. Any minor damage occasioned to the galvanising shall be repaired within 24 hours using an organic zinc-rich primer in accordance with the repair requirements of Appendix E in AS/NZS 4680.

5. Any road safety barrier rails or blockout pieces which have been excessively damaged will be rejected by the Superintendent and shall be replaced by the Contractor at its own expense.

6. Road safety barrier rail attachment bolts and splice bolts are to be tightened initially such that the barrier can be erected. Adjustments are then to be made to the rails using the slotted holes provided to produce a smooth regular line, free of any kinks or bumps. The overall line of the top of the safety barrier rails is to visually conform with the vertical alignment of the road pavement.

7. When the alignment both vertically and horizontally is obtained the splice bolts
are to be fully tightened. The bolt head (not the shoulder) should be in full bearing with the rail.

C264.09 END TREATMENT OF ROAD SAFETY BARRIERS

1. Both approach and departure ends of the road safety barrier shall be constructed with leading and trailing terminal sections at locations shown and as detailed on the Drawings.

2. Modified eccentric loader terminals (MELT) shall be constructed, as detailed on the Drawings and, at approach end locations of road safety barriers as shown on the Drawings. Where the departure end of a road safety barrier is within the clear zone of opposing traffic, a MELT shall be constructed in place of a trailing terminal section.

3. The approach and departure ends of double sided road safety barriers shall have terminal sections as detailed on the Drawings.

4. Non-rigid road safety barrier connections to rigid road safety barriers or bridge parapets shall be as detailed on the Drawings.

C264.10 DELINEATORS

1. Delineators complying with AS 1906.2 shall be fixed with brackets to the road safety barrier, to the details and at the locations shown on the Drawings beginning at the first post and then in accordance with the following table:-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Radius of Curve</th>
<th>Spacing of Reflectors on Barrier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>m</td>
<td>every</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 - 90</td>
<td>3rd post</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 - 180</td>
<td>5th post</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180 - 275</td>
<td>8th post</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>275 - 365</td>
<td>11th post</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>over 365</td>
<td>16th post</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. The delineators shall be so arranged that drivers approaching from either direction will see only red reflectors on their left side, and white reflectors on their right.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C264.11 RESERVED

C264.12 RESERVED

C264.13 RESERVED

C264.14 RESERVED

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## LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

### C264.15  SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this specification are summarised in Table C264.1 below:

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<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
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<td>1.</td>
<td>Vertical Alignment</td>
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<td>(a) Tops of steel posts.</td>
<td>± 20mm</td>
<td>C264.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Tops of timber posts</td>
<td>± 20mm</td>
<td>C264.07</td>
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<td>2.</td>
<td>Post Movement</td>
<td>≤ 3mm</td>
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<td>3.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(a) Diameter</td>
<td>-0mm or +50mm</td>
<td>C264.07</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C264.1 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C264.16 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all the activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification on a schedule of rates basis in accordance with Pay Items C264(a) to C264(g) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

3. If any item, for which a quantity of work listed in the Schedule of Rates, has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Concrete footings for timber posts are measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

5. Miscellaneous minor concrete work not included in the pay items in this Specification shall be in accordance with pay items described in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

6. Traffic control is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF TRAFFIC.

Pay Item C264(a) SINGLE SIDED ROAD SAFETY BARRIER

(i) Single W-beam
(ii) Nested W-beam
(iii) Single Thrie-beam
(iv) Nested Thrie-beam
(v) Single Modified Blockout Thrie-beam
(vi) Nested Modified Blockout Thrie-beam
(vii) Single W-Thrie-beam Transition
(viii) Nested W-Thrie-beam Transition

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre.

2. The distance shall be measured along the centre line of the rail, centre to centre of posts, excluding terminal sections and connectors to rigid safety barriers or bridge parapets.

3. The schedule rate shall include the supply of all components and fixings and all activities associated with the erection of each type of road safety barrier.

Pay Item C264(b) MODIFIED ECCENTRIC LOADER TERMINAL (MELT)

1. The unit of measurement shall be "each" MELT section supplied and erected as detailed on the Drawings.

Pay Item C264(c) TERMINAL SECTION

(i) Leading Terminal
(ii) Trailing Terminal

1. The unit of measurement shall be "each" terminal section supplied and erected as detailed on the Drawings.
Pay Item C264(d)  CONNECTORS TO RIGID ROAD SAFETY BARRIERS (RSB) OR BRIDGE PARAPET

(i) W-beam to RSB
(ii) W-beam to Thrie-beam to RSB
(iii) Thrie-beam to RSB

1. The unit of measurement shall be "each" connector supplied and erected as detailed on the Drawings, excluding the anchorage assemblies cast into the rigid road safety barrier or bridge parapet.

Pay Item C264(e)  DELINEATOR BRACKETS

1. The unit of measurement shall be "each".

Pay Item C264(f)  DOUBLE SIDED ROAD SAFETY BARRIER

(i) Single W-beam
(ii) Nested W-beam
(iii) Single Thrie-beam
(iv) Nested Thrie-beam
(v) Single Modified Blockout Thrie-beam
(vi) Nested Modified Blockout Thrie-beam
(vii) Single W-Thrie-beam Transition
(viii) Nested W-Thrie-beam Transition

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre.
2. The distance shall be measured along the centre line of the rails, centre to centre of posts, excluding terminal sections and connectors to rigid safety barriers or bridge parapets.
3. The schedule rate shall include the supply of all components and fixings and all activities associated with the erection of each type of road safety barrier.

Pay Item C264(g)  DOUBLE SIDED ROAD SAFETY BARRIER TERMINAL SECTION

1. The unit of measurement shall be "each" terminal section supplied and erected as detailed on the Drawings.
# SPECIFICATION C264 – NON-RIGID ROAD SAFETY BARRIER SYSTEMS

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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT
CONSTRUCTION
SPECIFICATION

BOUNDARY FENCING
# Amendment Record for this Specification Part

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<td>KP</td>
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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL
SPECIFICATION C265 - BOUNDARY FENCING

GENERAL

C265.01 SCOPE

1. The work to be executed under this Specification includes setting out, clearing of fence line, supply of material and erection of boundary fencing and gates, in accordance with the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent.

C265.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

(a) Council Specifications

C212 - Clearing and Grubbing
C271 - Minor Concrete Works

(b) Australian Standards

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<th>Documentation</th>
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<td>AS 1742.2 - Traffic control devices for general use</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS 2423 - Galvanised Wire Fencing Products</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MATERIALS

C265.03 GENERAL

1. All materials shall be supplied by the Contractor and shall be of dimensions, manufacture and quality in accordance with the requirements of this Specification and all galvanised wire fencing products shall conform to AS 2423.

2. For each type of material to be supplied, the Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent for approval the source, manufacturer, and also the type if applicable.

3. No materials shall be used until approved by the Superintendent.

C265.04 GALVANISED POSTS AND BRACES

1. All posts and bracing shall be galvanised iron pipe in accordance with AS 1725. The pipes shall be to the dimensions shown on the Drawings.

2. All pipe joints shall be welded. All welds shall be satisfactorily cleaned and painted with a cold galvanising compound to the satisfaction of the Superintendent.
C265.05  CHAIN WIRE

1. Galvanized chain wire mesh, 1,450mm wide (1,830mm wide for Manproof Fencing) shall be of 3.15mm diameter wire woven to a 50 x 50mm square mesh. The selvedge edges of the chain wire shall be left barbed, and it shall be supplied in lengths of not less than 30m. The zinc coating shall be uniform, continuous, free from imperfections and thoroughly adherent. The coating shall be applied to the wire before the mesh is woven. The weight of the zinc coating shall not be less than 290 g/sq m of wire surface.

2. Where specified, the chain wire shall be coated in black PVC after galvanising.

C265.06  WIRE NETTING

1. Wire netting shall be standard quality galvanized 1.40mm diameter wire, 40mm mesh, 1.05m wide for normal use and 1.60mm diameter wire, 50mm mesh, 0.90m wide where used in creek crossings.

C265.07  GATES

1. Gates shall be of galvanized tubular steel construction, 3.6 metres in width by 1.5 metres or 1.2 metres (as specified) in height, and shall be fitted with substantial hinges, catch, drop bolts and locking chains unless otherwise shown on the Drawings or directed by the Superintendent.

2. Where required, gates shall have stout and well supported rabbit-proof mesh to a height of at least 900mm above ground level.

C265.08  REINFORCED CONCRETE POSTS

(a) Strainer Posts

1. Concrete strainer posts shall be approximately 150 x 150 square in section and lengths as shown on the Drawings. Each post shall be provided with 12mm dia holes to suit the spacing of the wires shown on the Drawings for the particular type(s) of fencing to be erected.

2. The posts shall be reinforced longitudinally with not less than four reinforcing bars each 12mm diameter. All posts shall have suitable stirrup reinforcement to control diagonal cracking. Longitudinal reinforcement shall have 25mm minimum cover. End cover on reinforcement shall be 25mm.

3. The concrete shall have a minimum 28 day compressive strength of 20MPa.

(b) Intermediate Posts

1. Intermediate Posts shall generally conform to the requirements for Strainer Posts, except that the longitudinal reinforcing bars may be 9mm dia.
C265.09 PRESTRESSED CONCRETE POSTS

(a) Strainer Posts

1. At least four longitudinal high carbon deformed high tensile strands (or equivalent) of 5mm diameter, shall be provided. The strands shall be tensioned to a stress of 800MPa minimum prior to placing concrete. Cross sectional dimensions of the posts shall be as shown on the Drawings.

2. Concrete shall have a minimum compressive strength of 32MPa at 24 hours.

3. In lieu of holes for wires, grooves may be provided to suit the spacing of the wires shown on the appropriate Drawings for the particular types of fencing to be erected. The grooves shall be at least 5mm deep and 5mm wide at the surface of the post.

(b) Intermediate Posts

1. Intermediate posts and strainer stays shall generally conform to the requirements for Strainer Posts except that two only high tensile, high carbon deformed strands shall be required.

2. Cross sectional dimensions shall be as shown on the Drawings.

C265.10 STEEL POSTS (RURAL FENCING)

1. Steel posts shall be “STAR” pattern. Posts shall be drilled to suit the spacing of the wires shown on the Drawing(s), and shall be black varnished or galvanised.

2. The total weight of 300 posts each 1.65m long shall be at least one (1) tonne.

C265.11 GALVANISED PIPE POSTS (RURAL FENCING)

1. Galvanised pipe posts shall be used where shown on the Drawings. The pipes shall be of the dimensions shown on the Drawings and shall be of first grade quality in accordance with AS 1725.

C265.12 WIRES

(a) Plain Wire

1. Plain wire shall be standard galvanised drawn annealed steel wire of diameters shown on the Drawings.

(b) High Tensile Plain Wire

1. High Tensile wire shall be galvanised and of diameters shown on the Drawings.

(c) Barbed Wire

1. Barbed wire including barbs shall be 2.5mm diameter galvanised drawn annealed steel wire, with clusters of four barbs spaced at 90mm maximum. Alternatively barbed wire may be of 1.6mm diameter high tensile steel wire, with clusters of barbs spaced at 90mm maximum.
(d) **Cable Wire**

1. Cable wire shall consist of three pairs of 2 x 3.15mm galvanised iron wire tightly twisted around posts and located as shown in the Drawings.

(e) **Tie Wire**

1. The wire shall be 2mm diameter galvanised wire.

**C265.13 CONCRETE BACKFILLING**

1. All concrete backfilling of post holes specified on the Drawings shall be of minimum 20MPa 28 day compressive strength and shall conform to the requirements of the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

**CONSTRUCTION**

**C265.14 GENERAL**

1. Boundary fencing shall be erected prior to the commencement of other work on a particular section of the work, unless directed otherwise by the Superintendent.

2. All fencing shall be erected in a workmanlike manner, and when completed shall be sound, strong and of neat appearance.

3. For a clear width of one metre on either side of the fence line, and for the full length of the line, all logs, boulders, stumps, roots, undergrowth and rubbish shall be removed and disposed of by the contractor in accordance with the Specification for CLEARING AND GRUBBING. Trees within this area shall be removed only as directed by the Superintendent and approved by Council.

4. If trees on or adjacent to the fence line are to be retained the arrangement of the fencing at the trees shall be as directed by the Superintendent.

5. Wire shall not be strained around or against any trees to be left in the fence line, and strainer posts are to be provided on both sides of each tree.

6. Where minor irregularities occur in the ground the vertical alignment of the fence shall not follow these irregularities, but shall be aligned to a uniform grade between definite changes in the natural slope of the ground.

7. All survey pegs shall be left undisturbed and the post spacing shall be altered slightly where necessary to avoid pegs.

8. The Contractor shall maintain the fencing at all times in a condition secure against the ingress or egress of stock, and shall take such precautions as are necessary to prevent people or stock from stepping into holes excavated for the construction of fencing.

9. Where old fencing is to be replaced by new fencing, all holes left after removal of the old fencing shall be backfilled and rammed firmly in layers of maximum depth 150mm.

10. The Contractor shall be held responsible for any loss, damage, or injury to buildings, goods, crops, livestock, property of any kind or persons due to negligence on the Contractor’s part.
C265.15 CHAIN LINK FENCING

(a) Erection of Posts

1. All posts shall be erected vertically and set in concrete blocks approximately 250mm diameter and 600mm deep except for end, corner, strainer and gate posts which shall be set in concrete blocks approximately 250mm diameter and 900mm deep unless otherwise shown on the Drawings. Concrete shall have a minimum compressive strength of 20MPa at 28 days and shall conform to the requirements of the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

2. Galvanised weather caps shall be fitted to all galvanised posts.

3. Strainer posts shall be used at ends of fencing, angles, intersections with other fencing, gates and at intermediate points. Distances between strainer posts shall not exceed 120 metres.

(b) Erection of Wire

1. All wire shall be spaced as shown in the Drawings. Wire shall be securely fastened and strained to an even tension between strainer posts.

2. Where specified, or shown on the Drawings, chain wire mesh shall be erected on the outside of the posts and fastened with two turns of the wire to each cable wire on both sides of each post and at intervals of not more than 900mm between posts and to each post midway between cable wires.

C265.16 STOCK-PROOF FENCING

(a) Erection of Posts

1. All posts shall be erected vertically. Reinforced concrete posts shall be erected in neatly cut holes sunk in earth, or in rock where this is encountered. Steel posts, except where placed in rock, shall be driven with suitable driving equipment, care being taken not to damage the tops of the posts during driving.

2. Where prestressed posts are proposed to be used, they shall be either erected as for reinforced concrete posts or shall be driven. Where driven, the Contractor shall use a suitable post driver which shall be equipped with two (2) sets of guiding rollers, to hold the post vertical and in position during driving.

3. A steel cap with a plywood cushion shall be used to protect the top of the post during driving.

4. If the post cannot be driven for the full depth specified, or if it becomes significantly damaged, or cannot be driven vertically, it shall be removed. The same post if undamaged, or a new post, shall be erected as described for reinforced concrete posts.

5. Posts shall be sunk to the depths shown in Table C265.1.
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Post</th>
<th>Depth</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Earth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concrete Corner Posts &amp; Strain Posts</td>
<td>900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concrete Intermediate Posts</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steel Posts</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note* Permitted only in cases where posts of the correct length are provided (see below), otherwise the depth of sinking shall be the same as for earth.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variations to Post Length</th>
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<tr>
<td>Earth shall be backfilled around intermediate posts in layers of maximum depth 150mm for the full depth of the hole and up to ground level. The relative compaction of the rammed material shall be not less than that of the original undisturbed ground.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Backfilling at Intermediate Posts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Where concrete posts are placed in rock, the space around the posts shall be tightly filled with cement mortar consisting of one part of cement to two parts of sand, or concrete where this is available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strainer Posts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Where concrete posts are placed in rock, the space around the posts shall be tightly filled with cement mortar consisting of one part of cement to two parts of sand, or concrete where this is available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spacing of Posts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Where concrete posts are used and the barbed wires are secured either to the tops or sides of the posts by tie wire, the tie wire shall be stretched tight and shall fit snugly against the sides of the posts to prevent movement of the barbed wire.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fastening and Straining</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Where prestressed posts are used, wires shall be securely tied so that they seat firmly in the grooves.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire Joints</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All joints in wires shall be as shown on the Drawings.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. Cutting of concrete posts will not be permitted, and in order to take advantage of the lesser depth of sinking permitted in rock, it will be necessary to use posts manufactured in lengths to suit the depth of sinking. Where rock is encountered, steel posts shall be sunk in drill holes of sufficient diameter to permit them to be refilled with cement mortar consisting of one part of cement to two parts of clean sand.

7. Earth shall be backfilled around intermediate posts in layers of maximum depth 150mm for the full depth of the hole and up to ground level. The relative compaction of the rammed material shall be not less than that of the original undisturbed ground.

8. Where concrete posts are placed in rock, the space around the posts shall be tightly filled with cement mortar consisting of one part of cement to two parts of sand, or concrete where this is available.

9. Strainer posts shall be used at ends of fencing, angles, intersections with other fencing, gates and at intermediate points. These posts shall be backfilled with approved concrete to their full depth.

10. Distances between strainer posts shall not exceed 120m in the case of fencing using steel intermediate posts, and 90m in the case of fencing for the retention of cattle (for which only concrete posts are permitted). Junctions with existing fencing shall be made in an approved manner.

(b) Erection of Wires

1. All wire shall be placed as shown on the Drawings. Wires shall be securely fastened and strained to an even tension between strainer posts with an approved wire strainer. Where barbed wire is to be used, it shall be tied in position at the top of intermediate posts, and where additional barbed wires are called for they shall be secured to the sides of the posts as shown on the Drawings.

2. Where concrete posts are used and the barbed wires are secured either to the tops or sides of the posts by tie wire, the tie wire shall be stretched tight and shall fit snugly against the sides of the posts to prevent movement of the barbed wire.

3. Where prestressed posts are used, wires shall be securely tied so that they seat firmly in the grooves.

4. All joints in wires shall be as shown on the Drawings.
C265.17 RABBIT-PROOF FENCING

(a) General

1. Wire netting shall be erected on the side of the fence remote from the roadway in the case of road reserve boundary fences. In other cases netting shall be erected on the side of which the Superintendent shall direct.

2. The netting shall be erected so that there is a 200mm lap laid on the ground surface, or trenched 215mm into the ground as shown on the Drawings for the type of fence to be erected.

3. Netting shall be tied with tie wire or fixing clips approved by the Superintendent.

4. The netting shall be loosely tied to fence wires then carefully strained without disturbing or breaking the mesh, and shall then be tied to the wires immediately on each side of the post and at intervals not exceeding 1m.

5. At each strainer post strut, additional netting shall be attached to the fence adjacent to the strainer post, to a height of 450mm above the strut.

C265.18 CROSSING OF WATERCOURSES AND DEPRESSIONS

1. The crossing of all watercourses and depressions, shall be made secure by longer posts, suitably strutted as directed by the Superintendent. Additional cable wire and chain wire/wire netting shall be provided as necessary to make the fence stock proof.

2. The fence shall allow the passage of floodwater without the accumulation of debris. If directed by the Superintendent, flood gates shall be provided in accordance with Clause C265.20.

C265.19 CONNECTIONS TO EXISTING FENCES

1. Existing cross fences shall be connected to the new fence using a strainer post with braces in each direction of strain (including cross fence) and the wires in both fences properly fastened to the post.

C265.20 FLOOD GATES

(a) General

1. Suitable provision for the passage of flood waters past the fence shall be made at all watercourses. In all cases flood gates shall be of the type indicated on the Drawings, or as directed by the Superintendent, and shall be erected so as to prevent the accumulation of flood debris, while remaining stock-proof or rabbit-proof.

(b) Small Watercourses

1. Flood gates, in accordance with the Drawings, shall be provided in small gullies at the locations indicated on the Drawings or as directed by the Superintendent. The opening of each flood gate shall provide a waterway area at least twice that of the culvert opposite to which it is placed, or as otherwise directed by the Superintendent.
(c) Large Gullies and Creeks

1. Flood gates, in accordance with the Drawings, shall be provided in gullies and creeks at the locations indicated on the Drawings, or as directed by the Superintendent. Location

2. A 9mm galvanised wire rope shall be carried over the gully in one span, threaded through a strainer post and tied back to an anchor at an adjacent concrete intermediate post. Turnbuckles are to be provided at each end to tension the wire rope. Netting shall be suspended from the wire rope and shall be overlapped and securely tied. The netting shall be of sufficient length to lie on the ground for a distance of not less than 1.0m on the downstream side. Construction Detail

3. Ballast, of sound timber securely tied to the netting, shall be provided at the downstream end of the netting. Netting Ballast

4. The sides of the gully shall be trimmed, as necessary, to ensure that the flood gate shall be stock-proof or rabbit-proof. The flood gate shall have sufficient movement of the suspended portion under the flow of flood waters to prevent damage to the fence and the accumulation of debris against it. Each strainer post shall be stayed in three directions, as shown on the Drawings. Construction Requirements

C265.21 ERECTION OF GATES

1. Where gates are specified or shown on the Drawings, they shall be erected so that they swing away from the road. Double gates shall be supplied if directed by the Superintendent, otherwise a single gate only shall be supplied. Swing Away From Road

2. At the location of gates the surface shall be levelled and shall be nearly horizontal. The area where the gates swing shall be similarly levelled. Level Surface

3. The gates shall be hung as indicated in the Drawings. Hanging

C265.22 REMOVAL OF EXISTING FENCING

1. Where required, existing fencing is to be removed as shown on the Drawings. Location

2. No fencing is to be removed if there is a risk of egress or ingress of stock. If the existing fence is a rabbit-proof fence, then the contractor shall ensure that at night and weekends and other such times when work is not in hand that the whole of the fence is maintained in a rabbit-proof condition, even if temporary fencing is required. No extra payment will be made for this requirement. Contractor's Responsibility

3. All material removed in demolishing existing fencing shall be disposed by the Contractor as provided by Clause C265.23. Old Material

C265.23 REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS MATERIAL AND RUBBISH

1. All surplus material, offcuts, timber, roots and other debris resulting from the fencing contract shall be removed or otherwise disposed of to the satisfaction of the Superintendent. Contractor's Responsibility

2. The Contractor shall be responsible for any damage which may result from the lighting of fires associated with the work. Fire Damage

C265.24 CATTLE GRIDS

1. Where shown on the Drawings, or as directed by the Superintendent, cattle grids shall be erected in accordance with the Drawings. Standard
2. The cattle grid shall be evenly bedded on a continuous layer of compacted sand or other granular material approved by the Superintendent. The bedding material shall be compacted so that the relative compaction as determined by AS 1289.5.4.1 is not less than 95 per cent.

3. Cattle grids shall be installed on raised abutments with approach ramps where possible. Alternatively, a cattle grid may be placed over an excavated pit, in which case adequate drainage shall be provided.

4. Crossfall for single lane cattle grids shall be level and for two lane cattle grids each section shall have a crossfall conforming to the crossfall of the approach road.

5. The cattle grid construction shall include all activities associated with the cattle grid including any adjustments to the fencing as shown on the Drawings.

6. Advance signposting, in accordance with AS 1742.2, shall be provided on each approach to the cattle grid in accordance with the Specification for SIGNPOSTING.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

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C265.26 RESERVED
C265.27 RESERVED
C265.28 RESERVED
C265.29 RESERVED
C265.30 RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C265.31 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all the activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification on a schedule of rates basis in accordance with Pay items C265(a) to C265(d) inclusive.

2. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

3. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

4. Clearing and grubbing is measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for CLEARING AND GRUBBING.

5. Concrete backfilling and blocks are measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for MINOR CONCRETE WORKS.

6. Cattle grid signposting is measured and paid in accordance with this Specification and not in the Specification for SIGNPOSTING.

Pay Item C265(a) - SUPPLY AND ERECTION OF BOUNDARY FENCING

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre of fencing, chain link, stock-proof or rabbit-proof, measured on site.

2. Separate pay items shall be shown for each type of fence specified.

3. The schedule rate under this Pay Item shall include the supply of all materials, the clearing of site, and all activities associated with the erection of the fence, including the levelling of mounds (if required), concreting, the provision of crossings for watercourses and depressions as necessary, flood gates as necessary and the connection of the new fence to existing fence where required. The schedule rate shall also cover all types of excavation material encountered during construction work, both earth and rock and the removal and disposal of surplus material and rubbish.

Pay item C265(b) - SUPPLY & ERECTION OF BOUNDARY FENCE GATES

1. The unit of measurement shall be "each" gate erected.

2. The schedule rate shall include the supply of all material and all activities associated with the erection of each gate.

Pay item C265(c) - SUPPLY & INSTALLATION OF CATTLE GRID

1. The unit of measurement shall be "each" cattle grid installed.

2. The schedule rate shall include the supply of the cattle grid together with all activities associated with the construction of the cattle grid including bedding, approach ramps, wings, drainage, adjustment to fencing and the provision of signs.

Pay item C265(d) - REMOVAL OF EXISTING FENCE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre of fencing removed as measured on site.

2. The schedule rate shall include all activities associated with the demolition and disposal of the existing fence.
# SPECIFICATION C265 - BOUNDARY FENCING

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Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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### SPECIFICATION C271
### MINOR CONCRETE WORKS

#### GENERAL

**C271.01 SCOPE**

1. The Work to be executed under this Specification consists of the supply and placement of concrete, including sprayed concrete, and ancillary requirements like excavation, preparation of foundations, forming up, placement of reinforcement and backfilling for work shown on the Drawings but not having individual Specifications. These works include New Jersey type barriers, drainage pits and other supplementary structures, headwalls, box culverts, box culvert base slabs, driveways, footpaths, median topings, retaining walls, footings, paving edge strips and works of a similar nature.

2. The work also includes supply and placement of miscellaneous minor concrete work for water and sewerage construction such as valve chambers, thrust and anchor blocks, bulkheads, pumping stations, bedding, encasement and cast-in-situ access chambers.

3. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

**C271.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS**

Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated:

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MINOR CONCRETE WORKS

C271-2 AUS-SPEC-1\NSW-C271 Mar 2001

MINOR CONCRETE WORKS

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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

Contract No.

AS 1554.3 - Welding of reinforcing steel.
AS/NZS 1859 - Reconstituted wood-based panels.
AS 2082 - Visually stress-graded hardwood for structural purposes.
AS 2271 - Plywood and blockboard for exterior use.
AS 2758.1 - Concrete aggregates
AS 3600 - Concrete structures
AS 3610 - Formwork for concrete.
AS 3799 - Liquid membrane-forming curing compounds for concrete,
AS 3972 - Portland and blended cements.

EXCAVATION AND FOUNDATIONS

C271.03 GENERAL

1. The subgrade, or subbase where specified, shall be formed at the required depth below the finished surface levels shown on the Drawings. Rock foundations shall be neatly excavated to form a bed for the concrete, and shall be thoroughly scraped and cleaned. Soil foundation shall, as far as possible, be excavated neatly from the solid material to coincide with the under-surface of the concrete, or of the subbase material (where specified).

2. All soft, yielding or other unsuitable material shall be replaced with sound material approved by the Superintendent, and the subgrade shall be compacted to provide a minimum relative compaction of 92 per cent as determined by AS 1289.5.4.1 for modified compactive effort. If the subgrade is dry it shall be sprinkled with as much water as it will readily absorb, before the concrete is placed.

3. The Contractor shall supply all necessary sheeting and bracing to safely support the excavation in accordance with Statutory requirements. The excavation shall be kept free of water.

C271.04 NEW JERSEY TYPE BARRIERS, DRIVEWAYS AND FOOTPATHS

1. For New Jersey type barriers, driveways and footpaths a subbase of approved quality and of minimum 150mm compacted thickness, unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, shall be placed over the subgrade. The surface shall then be checked for uniformity, line and level, and all irregularities shall be made good.

2. The subbase material shall be compacted to provide a minimum relative compaction as determined by AS 1289.5.4.1 of 97 per cent for standard compactive effort or 95 per cent for modified compactive effort as appropriate.

3. The finished subbase shall not deviate more than 15mm under a straight edge 3 metres long, subject to any necessary allowance on vertical curves.

C271.05 DRAINAGE PITS AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY STRUCTURES

1. Where the excavation is in sound rock, and the Superintendent so directs, part of the concrete lining of gully pits and other structures may be omitted, provided that a neatly formed pit of the required dimensions is constructed, and provided that the wall of the pit adjacent to and parallel with the road is constructed of formed concrete in all cases.
C271.06 RETAINING WALLS, HEADWALLS AND WINGWALLS

1. In the case of rock foundations for retaining walls, headwalls and wingwalls, the excavation shall be carried into the rock for a minimum depth of 150mm. Where cut-off walls are to be provided, the depth of cut-off in rock foundations may be reduced to 100mm.

2. Prior to the construction of cast-in-situ concrete walls on earth foundations, the latter shall be covered by a mass concrete bedding layer at least 50mm thick and finished to a uniform surface. No forms or other materials shall be placed upon the bedding layer within a period of 48 hours after the concrete has been placed.

3. Unless otherwise specified, precast concrete wall sections shall be placed on a fresh mass concrete bedding layer while it is still in plastic state. In the case of soil foundations, the concrete shall be not less than 50mm thick, and where the foundation is in rock, the concrete shall be of such thickness as is required to provide a uniform surface at least 50mm above the highest points of rock.

FORMWORK

C271.07 GENERAL

1. Formwork shall be provided in accordance with AS 3610 to produce hardened concrete to the lines, levels and shapes shown on the Drawings or specified elsewhere. It shall have adequate strength to carry all applied loads, including the pressure of fresh concrete, vibration loads, weight of workers and equipment, without loss of shape. Forms shall be mortar tight and designed to allow removal without risk of damage to the completed structure. Joints in the formwork shall be perpendicular to the main axis of the shape of the concrete.

2. Where concrete is placed in earth excavations, side forms shall be provided to prevent contact between concrete and the insitu earth.

3. Design of formwork for high sections shall be such that it shall not be necessary to drop concrete freely from a greater height than 1.2 metres or to move concrete along the formwork after deposition.

4. Formwork material used shall be sound and suitable for the purpose intended and surface finish specified.

5. Provision shall be made for the accurate location and firm support of fittings, bolts, anchorages and formers of holes as shown on the drawings. Temporary fittings used for the support of the formwork shall be arranged to permit removal without damage to the concrete. The use of wires and or bolts extending to the surface of the concrete shall not be permitted except where shown on the Drawings.

6. Forms for edges of concrete shall be filleted and for re-entrant angles chamfered as shown on the Drawings.

7. Temporary openings shall be provided where necessary for cleaning out of formwork and inspection before concreting.
C271.08  APPROVAL OF FORMWORK DESIGN

1. For box culverts and reinforced concrete retaining walls, detailed drawings, design calculations, description and/or samples of materials proposed for use shall be submitted for the Superintendent's concurrence before manufacture of the formwork is commenced.

C271.09  PROVISION FOR DRAINAGE

1. Where shown on the Drawings, or where directed by the Superintendent, weepholes of 50mm diameter shall be provided in retaining walls and wingwalls.

C271.10  CONSTRUCTION

1. The type and quality of material selected for formwork and the workmanship used in construction shall be such that the surface finish specified shall be obtained. Construction shall be such that the erection tolerances shall be obtainable.

2. Timber for formwork shall be well seasoned, free from defects and, where in contact with fresh concrete, free from loose knots.

3. Timber forms for exposed surfaces shall be constructed from plywood or particle board with hardwood or approved softwood studs and wales. The plywood used for forms shall comply with AS 2271, the hardwood shall comply with AS 2082 and the particle board with AS/NZS 1859.

4. Formwork for exposed surfaces shall be made from panels having uniform widths of not less than 1m and uniform lengths of not less than 2m, except where the dimensions of the member formed are less than the specified panel dimensions. Plywood panels shall be placed with the grain of the outer plies perpendicular to the studding or joists. Where form panels are attached directly to the studding or joists the panel shall be not less than 15mm thick. Form panels less than 15mm thick, otherwise conforming to these requirements may be used with a continuous backing of dressed material of 20mm minimum thickness. All form panels shall be placed in a neat, symmetrical pattern.

5. Forms for all surfaces which will be completely enclosed or permanently hidden below the ground may be constructed from dressed or undressed timber, steel, plywood or particle board.

6. Mild steel form surfaces in contact with concrete shall have all bolt and rivet heads counter-sunk and all welds ground back to even and smooth surfaces.

C271.11  ERECTION

(a) General

(i) Dimensions and position of forms, shall be carefully checked after the forms are erected. Forms shall be aligned accurately and the location of all fittings, hold formers, etc. checked prior to placing concrete. Departure of the forms from the surfaces shown on the drawings shall not exceed 1/300 of the space between supports for any surface visible in the completed work and 1/150 for hidden work. For tolerances in plan position and levels, refer to Clauses C271.24 and C271.27.

(ii) Joints as erected shall be mortar tight.

(iii) The interior surface of the forms shall be treated to ensure non-adhesion of the coating of mortar.
mortar. Commercial quality form oil or grease will be acceptable, but the oil or grease used on forms against surfaces to be exposed shall not stain or discolor the concrete surface. The coating shall be uniformly spread in a thin film and any surplus shall be removed prior to placing concrete. In the case of unlined timber forms, the timber shall be thoroughly wetted before oiling. Forms shall be treated before placing reinforcement to ensure that the form release agent will not contaminate the surface of the reinforcing steel or construction joints.

(iv) Formwork hardware shall be treated with a form release agent and so arranged that it may be removed from the concrete without excessive jarring or hammering.

(b) Approval by the Superintendent

(i) The formwork shall be inspected by the Superintendent, and the placing of reinforcement in the spaces formed, where specified, shall not commence until the formwork is approved by the Superintendent.

(ii) Placing of concrete shall not commence until the reinforcement, where specified, has been accepted by the Superintendent, and all dirt, chips, hardened concrete, mortar and all foreign matter removed from the forms.

(iii) When an inspection is requested by the Contractor, a notice of not less than 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays, shall be given to the Superintendent.

MATERIALS FOR CONCRETE

C271.12 CEMENT

1. Cement shall be Type GP Portland Cement complying with AS 3972 and shall be from a source included in the New South Wales Government Cement Quality Assurance Scheme.

2. When submitting details of the nominated mix in accordance with Clause C271.17, the Contractor shall nominate the brand and source of the cement. On approval of the nominated mix by the Superintendent, the Contractor shall only use the nominated cement for the work.

3. Documentary or other acceptable evidence of the quality of the cement shall be furnished by the Contractor if required by the Superintendent.

4. If the Contractor proposes to use cement which has been stored for a period in excess of 3 months from the date of testing, a re-test shall be required at the Contractor's expense before the cement is used.

5. All cement shall be transported in watertight containers, and shall be protected from moisture until used. Caked or lumpy cement shall not be used.

C271.13 WATER

1. Water shall be free from injurious amounts of materials harmful to concrete and to its reinforcement and neither salty nor brackish.
2. Water which is not potable for human beings shall not be used in reinforced concrete.

C271.14 FINE AGGREGATE

1. Fine aggregates shall consist of clean, hard, tough, durable uncoated grains, uniform in quality, and shall conform to the requirements of AS 2758.1 in respect of bulk density, water absorption (maximum 5 per cent) material finer than 2 micrometres, impurities and reactive materials.

2. Fine aggregates shall be evenly graded within the absolute limits shown in Table C271.1, and shall not deviate from the proposed grading by more than the amounts in Table C271.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Australian Standard Sieve</th>
<th>Proportion Passing (% of Mass)</th>
<th>Deviation from Proposed Grading (% of Mass of Sample)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9.50mm</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>±5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.75mm</td>
<td>90 - 100</td>
<td>±10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.18mm</td>
<td>40 - 85</td>
<td>±10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300µm</td>
<td>8 - 30</td>
<td>±10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150µm</td>
<td>2 - 10</td>
<td>±5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75µm</td>
<td>0 - 4</td>
<td>±3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C271.1 - Fine Aggregate Grading

C271.15 COARSE AGGREGATE

1. Coarse aggregate shall consist of clean, hard, durable, crushed stone, crushed river gravel, screened river gravel or metallurgical furnace slag and shall conform to the requirements of AS 2758.1 in respect of particle density, bulk density, water absorption (maximum 2.5 per cent), material finer than 75 micrometres, weak particles, light particles, impurities and reactive materials, iron unsoundness and falling or dusting unsoundness. In all other respects, the coarse aggregate shall comply with this Specification. If required, coarse aggregate shall be washed to satisfy these requirements.

2. The percentage of wear shall be determined by AS 1141.23, and the loss of weight shall not exceed 30 per cent.

3. When required by the Superintendent, coarse aggregate shall be tested for conformance for any or all of the properties set out below:

   (i) Crushing Value - AS 1141.21
       The aggregate crushing value shall not exceed 25 per cent.

   (ii) Soundness - AS 1141.24
       The loss of mass when tested with sodium sulphate shall not exceed 12 per cent.

   (iii) Particle Shape - AS 1141.14
       The proportion of mis-shapen particles (2:1 ratio) shall not exceed 35 per cent.
4. Coarse aggregate shall be evenly graded within the absolute limits shown in Table C271.2 and shall not deviate from the grading of the samples submitted under Clause C271.17 by more than shown.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Australian Standard Sieve (mm)</th>
<th>Proportion Passing (% of Mass)</th>
<th>Deviation Proposed Grading (% of Mass of Sample)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>40mm Nominal</td>
<td>20mm Nominal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For Walls exceeding 150mm thickness</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For all other structures</td>
<td>95 - 100</td>
<td>95 - 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37.5</td>
<td>95 - 100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26.5</td>
<td>10 - 35</td>
<td>25 - 35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.0</td>
<td>0 - 10</td>
<td>0 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.2</td>
<td>0 - 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.50</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.75</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.36</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C271.2 - Coarse Aggregate Gradings

C271.16 ADMIXTURES

1. Chemical admixtures and their use shall comply with AS 1478.1. Admixtures shall not contain calcium chloride, calcium formate, or triethanolamine or any other accelerator. Admixtures or combinations of admixtures other than specified below, shall not be used.

2. During the warm season, (October to March inclusive), a lignin or lignin-based ('ligpol') set-retarding admixture (Type Re or Type WRRe) approved by the Superintendent shall be used to control slump within the limits stated in Clause C271.21. The dosage shall be varied to account for air temperature and haul time in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. A copy of the NATA endorsed Certificate of Compliance with AS 1478.1 for Type Re or Type WRRe shall be submitted to the Superintendent, together with the proposed 'dosage chart' in accordance with Clause C271.17.

3. During the cool season, (April to September inclusive), only a lignin or lignin based set-retarding admixture containing not more than 6 per cent reducing sugars (Type WRRe complying with AS 1478.1) may be used in the mix.

C271.17 TESTING OF MATERIALS

1. The Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent a copy of a NATA Certified Laboratory Test Report on the quality and gradings of the aggregates proposed to be used in the work.

2. The materials shall only be used after receipt of the Superintendent's notification of acceptance, and then only so long as the materials accord with the Specification.
HANDLING AND TREATMENT OF CONCRETE

C271.18  MEASURING

1. All materials shall be measured by weight, except that:-  
   
   (a) Water may be measured by volume with an approved adjustable water-
   measuring and discharging device, and,

   (b) Cement may be measured by bags as packed by the manufacturer in
   which case batches shall be proportioned on the basis of one or more
   unbroken bags of cement, and for this purpose one bag of cement shall
   be assumed to weigh 40kg. Bulk cement shall be weighed in an
   individual hopper and shall be kept separate from the aggregates until the
   components of the batch are discharged from the batching hopper.

   (c) Measurement by volume for smaller works may be undertaken with the
   prior approval of the Superintendent.

C271.19  MEASURING BY WEIGHT, ON-SITE MIXING

1. Where concrete is to be mixed on site, and where mix control is likely to be less
   efficient than at a central batching plant, the weights of cement, fine and coarse
   aggregate shown in Table C271.3 may be used as a guide to produce the classes of
   concrete specified. Small changes in the proportions of fine and coarse aggregate may
   be required to improve density or workability of the concrete. The use of proportions
   shown in Table C271.3 shall not relieve the Contractor of his obligation to provide
   concrete of the specified compressive strength.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MPa</th>
<th>Cement Kg</th>
<th>Fine Aggregates Kg</th>
<th>Coarse Aggregates Kg</th>
<th>Total Aggregates Kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>214</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C271.3 - Materials in Batch containing 1 bag (40Kg) Cement

2. The proportions set out in Table C271.3 make allowance for moisture contents of
   aggregates of 6 per cent for fine aggregates and 1 per cent for coarse aggregates.
   Where the moisture content of aggregates exceeds 8 per cent or 3 per cent respectively,
   the proportions of the mix shall be changed to compensate for the excess water in the
   aggregate.

C271.20  MEASURING BY VOLUME, ON-SITE MIXING

1. Where measurement by volume is approved, the proportions of the materials
   shall be such as are required to produce a mix free of voids and having the specified
   strength at 28 days.

2. The nominal proportions given in Table C271.4 may be used as a guide for
   volume batching.

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### Table C271.4 - Volume Batching

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MPa</th>
<th>Cement</th>
<th>Fine Aggregate</th>
<th>Coarse Aggregate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2.25</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. The volumes of fine and coarse aggregates for each batch shall be measured in boxes or bins. The aggregates shall be measured loose (i.e. without compaction) in the boxes and shall be struck off level. Measurements by shovels or like methods will not be permitted. Batch proportions shall be so arranged that each batch contains 1 bag of cement. One 40kg bag of cement shall be assumed to have a volume of 27.5 litres.

#### C271.21 CONSISTENCY

1. A sufficient quantity of water shall be added to the mix so that the consistency of the concrete is such that it can be placed in the forms, compacted and worked into all corners without permitting the ingredients to segregate, or excess free water to collect on the surface. If required by the Superintendent, the Contractor shall determine the consistency of the concrete in accordance with AS 1012.3.1. Except for extruded concrete, the nominated slump shall not exceed 80mm, plus the field tolerance of ±15mm.

2. In the case of concrete placed by an extrusion machine, the water in the mix shall be only sufficient to produce a slump of 10mm to 15mm.

#### C271.22 MIXING AND DELIVERY

(a) **General**

(i) Concrete may be mixed either at the site or at a central mixing plant. All concrete shall be mixed with mechanically operated mixers. In an emergency, hand mixing may be permitted.

(ii) Any concrete which exhibits signs of segregation shall not be used.

(b) **Machine Mixing at Site**

(i) The mixing of concrete shall be done in a batch mixer which will ensure a uniform distribution of the materials throughout the batch.

(ii) The mixer shall be of such capacity that one or more whole bags of cement may be used per batch of concrete. The volume of the mixed material shall not exceed the manufacturer’s rated capacity of the mixer.

(iii) The mixing time for each batch shall not be less than 1.5 minutes after all ingredients are assembled in the mixer, and prior to any portion of the batch being removed.
(iv) The entire contents of a batch shall be discharged from the mixer before any materials are placed therein for the succeeding batch.

(c) **Mixing in an Emergency**

(i) In the case of breakdown of the mechanical mixing equipment, hand mixing in small quantities so as to complete a section of the work or reach a suitable construction joint is permitted.

(ii) Hand mixing shall be done on a water-tight platform of sufficient size to allow the mixing of at least two batches simultaneously. The amount of cement used shall be 10 per cent more than the amount specified for machine mixed concrete.

(iii) The fine aggregate and cement shall first be mixed until a uniform colour is obtained, and then spread on the mixing platform in a thin layer. The coarse aggregate, which shall have been previously drenched with water, shall then be spread over the fine aggregate and cement in a uniform layer, and the whole mass turned over as further water is added with a rose sprinkler. After the water is added, the mass shall be turned at least three times, not including shovelling into barrows or forms, until the mixture is uniform in colour and appearance. Hand-mixed batches shall not exceed 0.25 cubic metres each.

(d) **Ready-Mixed Concrete**

(i) The concrete shall be mixed and delivered in accordance with the requirements of AS 1379 relating to:-

(1) Mixing and Delivery; and

(2) Use of Non-Agitating Equipment,

with the exception that in (1) the time taken from the introduction of water until the concrete is completely discharged shall be not more than 1.5 hours, and in (2) not more than 30 minutes.

(ii) The water used for flushing the chutes and for cleaning shall be discharged in an area acceptable to the Superintendent. The chutes shall be long enough to permit delivery to the whole of the area enclosed by the forms.

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**C271.23 PLACING AND COMPACTING CONCRETE**

1. No concrete shall be mixed or placed, without the approval of the Superintendent, while the air temperature is, or is likely to be within 24 hours, below 5°C or while the shade temperature exceeds 38°C. All concrete shall be placed in the dry. Prior to placing concrete the area shall be clean and moist but free from any ponding of water.

2. The concrete shall be mixed in the quantities required for immediate use and shall be placed in position as rapidly as possible. Any concrete which has developed initial set, or which does not reach the forms within 30 minutes after the water has been added (except when transported in agitator trucks) shall not be used.

3. The concrete shall be deposited in the forms, without separation of the aggregates. Concrete shall not be dropped freely from a height greater than 1.2 metres, or be deposited in large quantities at any point and moved or worked along the forms. Conveying equipment, including open troughs and chutes, where used, shall be made of metal, or have metal linings. Where used on steep slopes, troughs and chutes shall be equipped with baffles, or be placed in short lengths in such a way that the direction of flow of the concrete is changed. The concrete shall be placed in horizontal layers in one continuous operation between the ends of the work and/or construction joints. Care shall be taken to fill every part of the forms and to work the coarser aggregate back from the
face. The freshly placed concrete shall be compacted by continuous spading, slicing or by vibrator units. Vibrators shall not be left in one position for more than 30 seconds, and shall not be permitted to rest on reinforcement.

4. Exposed surfaces of the concrete shall be struck off and finished with a wooden float. Where shown on the Drawings corners and edges shall be left neatly rounded or chamfered. Re-entrant angles shall be neatly filleted.

5. Concrete shall not be moved after it has been in the forms for more than 10 minutes.

6. In the case of concrete placed by an extrusion machine, small quantities of cement-sand slurry, comprised of two parts of plasterer's sand and one part of cement (by volume), together with sufficient water to bring it to a semi-fluid condition, shall be placed in the special receptacle in the machine, if the machine is so equipped and shall be fed onto the surface of the concrete at a rate sufficient to produce a smooth and uniform finish.

C271.24 FINISHING OF UNFORMED SURFACES

(a) Surfaces other than Wearing Surfaces

1. Unformed surfaces shall be compacted and tamped so as to flush mortar to the surface, screeded off and finally dressed with a wooden float to an even surface. Care shall be taken to drain or otherwise remove promptly any water which comes to the surface. A capping of mortar will not be permitted.

2. All future contact surfaces shall be left rough, with the coarse aggregate at the surface firmly embedded but not forced below the surface.

(b) Wearing Surfaces

1. Where a concrete wearing surface is shown on the drawings the concrete shall be thoroughly compacted and the surface screeded off by a vibrating screed, or hand screeded where the distance between forms perpendicular to the direction of screed is no greater than 2 metres. Immediately following compaction and screeding the concrete shall be tested for high or low spots and any necessary corrections made. The surface shall be finished true and uniform and free from any glazed or trowelled finish and shall be finally dressed with a wooden template or float, or by the use of belting in an approved manner. The departure from grade shall not exceed 5mm in any 3 metre length.

2. Where an asphaltic concrete wearing surface is specified, the surface of the concrete, after being compacted, screeded and corrected, shall be dressed with a wooden float and finally broomed to produce a rough surface.

(c) Finished Levels and Location

1. The unformed surface of concrete structures not adjacent to road pavements shall not vary more than 25mm in plan position and not more than 25mm from the specified levels. In the case of barriers, drainage pits and other structures adjacent to road pavements, the finished concrete shall not vary more than 10mm from the specified levels and alignment. Barriers, footpaths and similar shall not deviate from level or alignment by more than 5mm from a straight-edge 3 metres long, subject to any necessary allowances on vertical and horizontal curves.
C271.25 CURING AND PROTECTION

1. All exposed surfaces of the freshly placed concrete shall be kept moist either by the use of plastic sheeting, damp sand or commercial curing compounds, in accordance with AS 3799, for a minimum period of 3 days. During this time the work must be adequately protected from the effects of excessive surface evaporation, rain, running water, vandalism and other causes likely to damage the concrete. All costs involved in making good or replacing any work that has been damaged due to the above mentioned factors shall be borne by the Contractor.

2. Curing for concrete shall generally be in accordance with the appropriate surface exposure classification in AS 3600.

C271.26 REMOVAL OF FORMS

1. All forms shall remain in place, after placement of concrete, for minimum periods specified hereinafter. These periods may be extended by the Superintendent if the air shade temperature falls below 10°C during the periods specified.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure Classification</th>
<th>Walls, Sumps etc.</th>
<th>Curing Requirements</th>
<th>Contractor’s Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mass retaining walls, headwalls, wingwalls, gully pits, sumps, and similar drainage structures</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Footpaths, driveways and similar</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sides of reinforced concrete walls when height of each day pour is:

- (i) under 0.6 metres: 1 day
- (ii) 0.6m to 3m: 2 days
- (iii) 3m to 6m: 3 days
- (iv) 6m to 9m: 5 days
- Supporting forms under deck slabs of culverts: 10 days

2. To permit the satisfactory finishing of barriers, forms shall be removed in not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours after placing concrete, depending upon weather conditions.

3. Care shall be taken in removing forms so that the concrete will not be cracked, chipped or otherwise damaged. The use of crowbars or other levering devices exerting pressure on the fresh concrete to loosen the forms will not be permitted.

4. No superimposed load shall be allowed on any part of a structure until the concrete has reached at least 70 per cent of the design strength.

5. Hole formers such as pipes and bars shall be removed as soon as the concrete has hardened sufficiently for this to be done without damage to the concrete.

C271.27 TREATMENT OF FORMED SURFACES

1. All concrete surfaces shall be true and even, free from stone pockets, depressions or projections beyond the surface. All arrises shall be sharp and true, and mouldings shall be evenly mitred or rounded. Care shall be exercised in removing forms to ensure this result. Formed concrete surfaces shall have finishes in accordance with the classes of surface finish in AS 3610 as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quality of Surfaces</th>
<th>Repair of</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-visible surfaces: Class 4</td>
<td>Non-visible surfaces: Class 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visible surfaces: Class 2</td>
<td>Visible surfaces: Class 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. As soon as the forms are removed from mass or reinforced concrete work, all
rough places, holes and porous spots shall be repaired by removing defective work and filling with stiff cement mortar having the same proportions of cement and fine aggregate as used in the concrete, and shall be brought to an even surface with a wooden float.

3. Any tie wires or other fitments extending to outside surfaces, shall be cut back after removal of forms, to a depth of at least 40mm with sharp chisels or cutters. All cavities caused by removal of fitments or tie wires shall be wetted and carefully packed with cement mortar, as above.

4. The surfaces of bolt cavities, tie wire holes, and all defects in concrete shall be coated prior to the placing of mortar, grout, or fresh concrete, with an approved bonding agent, in lieu of wetting with water. The method of application of such agent and the conditions in which it is to be used shall generally be as laid down by the manufacturer.

5. The formed surfaces of concrete structures not adjacent to road pavements shall not vary more than 25mm in plan position and not more than 25mm from the specified levels. In the case of drainage pits and other structures adjacent to road pavements, the finished concrete shall not vary more than 10mm from the specified levels and alignment.

C271.28 JOINTS

1. Where horizontal construction joints are found to be necessary in walls, or cast-in-situ drainage structures the joints may be made at the base of walls and at other locations in the walls where approved by the Superintendent. In order to provide for bond between the new concrete and the concrete which has already set, the surface on which the new concrete is to be placed shall be thoroughly cleaned of loose material, foreign matter and laitance. The surface shall be roughened or keyed and saturated with water. After any excess water has been removed, the surface shall be thinly coated with a neat cement grout.

2. Retaining walls shall be provided with vertical expansion joints as shown on the Drawings. The expansion joints shall consist of jointing material of approved quality, and of thickness shown on the drawings, and a depth sufficient to fill the joint. The jointing material shall be neatly cut to fit the surface of the concrete.

3. Where barriers are extruded or cast in place, narrow transverse vertical grooves, 20mm deep, shall be formed neatly in the surface of the freshly placed concrete to produce contraction joints for the control of cracking. The contraction joints, shall be at intervals of 3 metres.

4. In barriers, unless shown otherwise on the Drawings, expansion joints, 15mm in width for the full depth of the barrier, shall be constructed at intervals not exceeding 15m and where the barrier abuts against gully pits. Expansion joints shall consist of a preformed jointing material of bituminous fibreboard.

5. In footpaths, median toppings and driveways, unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, expansion joints, 15mm in width for the full depth of paving, shall be constructed at intervals not exceeding 15m and where the pavement abuts against gutters, pits and structures. Expansion joints shall consist of a preformed jointing material of bituminous fibreboard.

6. All unreinforced paving shall be provided with narrow vertical grooves, 20mm deep to induce contraction joints for the control of cracking. The joints shall be formed in the freshly placed concrete in a neat regular pattern to form "slabs" no bigger than 2m². The ratio of the longest side to the shortest side shall not exceed 1.6.

C271.29 STRENGTH OF CONCRETE

1. When tested in accordance with AS 1012.9, the concrete shall have a compressive strength not less than that shown on the Drawings or if not shown shall have a compressive strength not less than that specified in Table C271.5 for the particular

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class of work. The cement content restrictions shown in Table C271.5 refer to Portland cement. Where General Purpose Blended cements are utilised the acceptable minima are indicated in brackets.

2. The strength shall be determined from the average of not less than two specimens, moulded from each class of concrete being used in the work, and selected to represent the whole of the concrete placed at the time of moulding.

3. In general, two pairs of test specimens shall be moulded for each 15 cubic metres of concrete, or part thereof, one pair being intended for the 7 day test if required and the other pair for a 28 day test.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use</th>
<th>MPa</th>
<th>Minimum Portland Cement per cu metre (Minimum GP Blended Cement)</th>
<th>Coarse Aggregate Nominal Size</th>
<th>Cylinder Strength Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Kg</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>MPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundations, mass retaining walls</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(330)</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mass concrete footings, pitching, linings etc.</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(330)</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drainage structures, driveways footpaths, New Jersey barrier, miscellaneous minor concrete work</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(330)</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reinforced concrete culverts, headwalls, base slabs, sign structure large footings, retaining walls</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(380)</td>
<td></td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extruded concrete</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(330)</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table C271.5 - Concrete Strength Requirements**

NOTE: The total cement and Portland cement quantities indicated as minima are aimed at providing suitably durable concrete for exterior public works under normal circumstances.

4. The strengths specified at 28 days shall be increased by multiplying by factors as shown in Table C271.6 for tests at ages in excess of 28 days.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>*Age of test specimen in days of date of testing</th>
<th>Factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>1.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>1.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>1.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>1.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84</td>
<td>1.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>112</td>
<td>1.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>140</td>
<td>1.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>168</td>
<td>1.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>196</td>
<td>1.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>224</td>
<td>1.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>308</td>
<td>1.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>365 and greater</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*For intermediate ages the factor shall be determined on a pro-rata basis

Table C271.6 - Concrete Age Conversion Factors

5. If the test specimens fail to achieve the specified strength, the Contractor may, with the approval of the Superintendent, arrange for cores to be taken from the work. If the average strength of such cores complies with the specified requirements nominated in Table C271.5, the concrete will be accepted.

6. If cores taken fail to satisfy the strength requirements, the concrete shall be removed.

C271.30 SAMPLING CONCRETE

1. Equipment and facilities shall be provided by the Contractor for the taking and storage of samples of any materials or concrete being used, or intended to be used in the work.

2. Concrete test specimens shall be cylinders 300mm long and 150mm diameter, moulded concurrently in the presence of the Superintendent or Superintendent's representative, in accordance with AS 1012.8, from samples taken in accordance with AS 1012.1.

STEEL REINFORCEMENT FOR CONCRETE

C271.31 MATERIAL

1. Steel reinforcement shall comply with the requirements of the appropriate following Australian Standards:-

(a) AS 1302 Steel Reinforcing Bars for Concrete.

(b) AS 1303 Steel Reinforcing Wire for Concrete.

(c) AS 1304 Welded Wire Reinforcing Fabric for Concrete.

2. The type and size of bars shall be as shown on the Drawings.

3. Steel reinforcement shall be free from loose or thick rust, grease, tar, paint, oil, mud, millscale, mortar or any other coating, but shall not be brought to a smooth polished quality.

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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

C271-15
condition.

4. The Contractor shall supply evidence satisfactory to the Superintendent that steel reinforcement complies with AS 1302, AS 1303 or AS 1304, as appropriate. Test certificates shall show the results of mechanical tests and chemical analysis.

5. Where the material cannot be identified with a test certificate, samples shall be taken and testing arranged by the Contractor. The samples shall be selected randomly and consist of three specimens each at least 1.2 m in length. The cost of all samples and tests shall be borne by the Contractor.

6. Plastic bar chairs or plastic tipped wire chairs shall be capable of withstanding a load of 200kg mass on the chair for one hour at 23 ± 5°C without malfunction. The Contractor shall demonstrate that the proposed chairs conform with these requirements.

C271.32   BENDING

1. Reinforcement shall be formed to the dimensions and shapes shown on the Drawings. It shall not be bent or straightened in a manner that will injure the material, and bars with kinks or bends not shown on the drawings will not be accepted. Heating of reinforcement for purposes of bending will only be permitted if uniform heat is applied. Temperature shall not exceed 450°C and the heating shall extend beyond the portion to be bent. Heated bars shall not be cooled by quenching.

C271.33   SPLICING

(a) General

1. All reinforcement shall be furnished in the lengths indicated on the Drawings. If splicing is required, it shall be in accordance with the provisions of AS 1302.

2. The cost of any test ordered in connection with splices not shown on the drawing shall be borne by the Contractor.

(b) Lapped Splices

1. Laps in reinforcing bars, wire or fabric shall be as shown on the Drawings. Laps not shown on the Drawings shall be as follows for unhooked bars:

   - Plain bars, Grade 250: 40 bar diameters
   - Deformed bars, Grade 400: 35 bar diameters
   - Hard-drawn wire: 50 bar diameters

2. Splices in reinforcing fabric shall be so made that the overlap, measured between outermost transverse wires of each sheet of fabric is not less than the spacing of those wires plus 25mm.
C271.34 MARKING

Bars of identical shape shall be made up in bundles of three and securely tied together by soft iron wire. Each bundle shall have a stout metal label of not less than 40mm diameter attached to it. Each metal label shall be punched with the appropriate marking in accordance with the steel list shown on the drawings. If called for on the Drawings the marking shall incorporate a prefix, and bars with different prefixes shall be stored separately.

C271.35 STORAGE

Reinforcement shall be stored above the surface of the ground and shall be protected from damage and from deterioration by exposure.

C271.36 DELIVERY AND RECEIPT OF REINFORCEMENT

1. Unless the Contractor elects to have the reinforcement inspected at the site, no reinforcement shall be delivered to the site until all tests and inspections have been satisfactorily completed and permission to deliver has been granted by the Superintendent.

2. The Contractor shall give 10 working days notice to the Superintendent for carrying out inspection and testing. The Superintendent will carry out the inspection and testing with reasonable expediency, but the Contractor shall not be entitled to an extra as a result of any delays in this connection.

C271.37 PLACING

1. Reinforcement shall be accurately placed as shown on the Drawings and shall be securely held by blocking from the forms, by supporting on concrete or plastic chairs, or metal hangers, and by wiring together at all intersections or at 0.5m centres, whichever is the greater distance, using annealed iron wire of diameter not less than 1.25mm. Steel shall not be supported on metal supports which extend to the surface of concrete, on wooden supports, or on pieces of coarse aggregate. Reinforcement shall have the minimum cover shown on the Drawings.

2. The Superintendent may approve the use of tack welding instead of wire ties on reinforcing wire. All welding of reinforcing steel shall be in accordance with AS 1554.3. Tack welding of cold-worked and hard grade bars shall not be permitted.

3. The reinforcement in each section of the work shall be approved by the Superintendent before any concrete is deposited in the section and adequate time shall be allowed for inspections and any corrective work which may be required. Notice for inspection shall not be less than four normal working hours.

4. Splices shall be staggered where practicable and when not shown on the drawings they shall be arranged as directed by the Superintendent.

5. Bars forming a lapped splice shall be securely wired together in at least two places, unless welded.

6. The clear cover of any bar, including stirrups, to the nearest concrete surface shall be as shown on the Drawings. Where not so indicated it shall be as stated below:

   (a) Concrete normally in contact only with air

   (i) Slabs: 40mm

   (ii) Other than slabs: 45mm

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MINOR CONCRETE WORKS

(b) Concrete in contact with earth or fresh water

(i) Slabs of box culverts: 50mm
(ii) Other than culverts: 50mm

In no cases shall the cover be less than 1 1/2 times the diameter of the bar.

BACKFILLING

C271.38 GENERAL

1. Backfilling at barriers, paving, etc, and minor concrete works shall not commence until after the concrete has hardened and not earlier than three days after placing.

2. No filling shall be placed against retaining walls, headwalls or wingwalls within 21 days after placing of the concrete, unless the walls are effectively supported by struts to the satisfaction of the Superintendent, or when the Contractor can demonstrate that 85 per cent of the design strength of the concrete has been achieved.

3. Selected backfill shall be placed against retaining walls and cast-in-place box culverts for a horizontal distance equal to one-third of the height of the wall. It shall consist of granular material, free from clay and stone larger than 50mm gauge. The Plasticity Index of this selected backfill material shall not be less than 2 or more than 12 when tested in accordance with AS 1289.3.3.1. The material shall be placed in layers not exceeding 150mm and shall be compacted to provide a relative compaction of not less than 92 per cent as determined by AS 1289.5.4.1 for modified compactive effort.

C271.39 TREATMENT AT WEEPHOLES

1. Drainage adjacent to weepholes shall be provided by either a layer of broken stone or river gravel consisting of clean, hard, durable particles graded from 50mm to 10mm such that:

   (a) The maximum particle dimension shall not exceed 50mm
   (b) No more than 5 per cent by mass shall pass the 9.5mm A.S. sieve.

2. The broken stone or river gravel, enclosed in a filter fabric suitable for drainage without scour, shall be continuous in the line of the weepholes, extend at least 300mm horizontally into the fill and extend at least 450mm vertically above the level of the weepholes.

3. Alternatively the Contractor may provide a synthetic membrane of equivalent drainage characteristics at no extra cost to the Principal. It shall be stored and installed in accordance with Manufacturer’s instructions. The use of a synthetic membrane shall be subject to the Superintendent’s approval.

SPRAYED CONCRETE

C271.40 GENERAL

1. Sprayed concrete is concrete pneumatically applied at high velocity on to a surface. Application may be either a wet or dry process. A sound homogeneous product shall be provided with surface finish reasonably uniform in texture and free from blemishes.
2. The minimum depth of sprayed concrete to be applied shall be 75mm.  

3. Sprayed concrete lining in open drains shall be coloured to match the adjoining rock colour.  

4. Sprayed concrete shall have a minimum cement content of 380 kg/m³ as discharged from the nozzle and shall have a minimum compressive strength of 25 MPa at 28 days when tested by means of 75mm diameter cores taken from in-place sprayed concrete.  

5. Cores shall be secured, accepted, cured, capped and tested in accordance with AS 1012.14. Equipment and facilities shall be provided by the Contractor for the taking of cores from the work. The Contractor shall arrange for a laboratory with appropriate NATA registration for the curing and testing of the cores. Copies of test results shall be forwarded to the Superintendent.  

6. The cost of all work and material required in the taking, handling, delivery and testing of cores shall be borne by the Contractor.  

7. At least 14 days prior to applying any sprayed concrete the Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent details of his proposed procedure, plant, materials and mix proportions. Materials shall comply with AS 3600.  

C271.41 TEST PANELS  

1. Not less than 10 days before applying concrete, the Contractor shall prepare at least 3 test panels for each mix proposed, in conditions similar to those in the works and in the presence of the Superintendent. The test panels shall be made by applying a 75mm thickness of sprayed concrete to a hardboard panel approximately 750mm square. The sprayed concrete shall be applied to the panels in the same manner, using materials including steel reinforcing fabric, equipment, pressures and curing that will be used in the Works. The panels shall be submitted to the Superintendent for examination.  

2. The Contractor shall cut four 75mm diameter cores from one test panel for each proposed mix approximately 48 hours after the panel has been sprayed. The cores shall be tested as for cores from in-place sprayed concrete. One core shall be compression tested at 3 days, one core at 7 days and the remaining two cores at 28 days.  

3. Should any of the cores reveal defects such as lack of compaction, dry patches, voids or sand pockets or should the test panel exhibit an unacceptable surface finish, the Contractor shall modify the mix design and/or method of placement and prepare fresh test panels for testing and inspection.  

4. Sprayed concrete shall not be applied to the Works until the Contractor produces test panels for the approval of the Council.  

C271.42 SURFACE PREPARATION  

1. Earth surfaces shall be graded, trimmed and compacted and shall be dampened prior to applying the sprayed concrete. The Contractor shall take any precautions necessary to prevent erosion when the sprayed concrete is applied.  

2. Rock surfaces shall be cleaned of loose material, mud and other foreign matter that might prevent bonding of the sprayed concrete onto the rock surface. The rock surface shall be dampened prior to applying the sprayed concrete.  

3. Corrugated steel pipes shall be cleaned of loose material, mud and any other foreign matter.
4. The Contractor shall remove free water and prevent the flow of water which could adversely affect the quality of the sprayed concrete.

**C271.43 APPLICATION OF SPRAYED CONCRETE**

1. Application shall begin at the bottom of the area being sprayed and shall be built up making several passes of the nozzle over the working area. The nozzle shall be held so that the stream of material shall impinge as nearly as possible perpendicular to the surface being coated. The velocity of discharge from the nozzle, the distance of the nozzle from the surface and the amount of water in the mix shall be regulated so as to produce a dense coating with minimum rebound of the material and no sagging. Rebound material shall be removed after the initial set by air jet or other suitable means from the surface as work proceeds and disposed of.

2. Spraying shall be discontinued if wind causes separation of the nozzle stream.

3. Concrete shall not be sprayed in air temperatures less than 5°C.

4. Construction joints shall be kept to a minimum. A joint shall be formed by placing or trimming the sprayed concrete to an angle between 30° and 45° to the sprayed concrete surface. The joint edge shall be cleaned and wetted by air-water jet before recommencing concrete spraying.

5. When spraying around reinforcement, concrete is to be sprayed behind the reinforcement before concrete is allowed to accumulate on the face of the reinforcement.

6. Adjoining surfaces not requiring sprayed concrete shall be protected from splash and spray rebound. Splash or rebound material on these adjoining surfaces shall be removed by air-water jet or other suitable means as work proceeds.

**C271.44 CURING**

1. Curing shall commence within one hour of the application of sprayed concrete and may be by water or by colourless wax emulsion curing compound complying with AS 3799 and applied in accordance with manufacturer’s specifications.

2. In water curing, the surface of the sprayed concrete shall be kept continuously wet for at least seven days.
LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

C271.45 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C271.7 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Subgrade</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Relative Compaction</td>
<td>≥92% (modified compactive effort)</td>
<td>C271.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Barriers, Footpaths etc.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Finished Subbase</td>
<td>To be trimmed and compacted so that the levels do not vary more than 15mm under a straight-edge 3 metres long.</td>
<td>C271.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Relative Compaction of Subbase</td>
<td>≥95% (modified compactive effort) ≥97% (standard compactive effort)</td>
<td>C271.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Formwork</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Position of Forms</td>
<td>Forms shall be aligned accurately so that departure of the forms from the surfaces specified on the Drawings shall not exceed 1/300 of the space between supports for any surface visible in the completed work and 1/150 for hidden work.</td>
<td>C271.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Fine Aggregate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Grading</td>
<td>To be evenly graded within the absolute limits and shall not deviate from the grading of sample aggregate as per Table C271.1.</td>
<td>C271.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Coarse Aggregate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Percentage of wear</td>
<td>Loss of weight shall not exceed 30%</td>
<td>C271.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Crushing Value</td>
<td>Crushing value shall not exceed 25%</td>
<td>C271.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Soundness</td>
<td>The loss of mass when tested with sodium sulphate shall not exceed 12%</td>
<td>C271.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(d) Particle Shape</td>
<td>The proportion of mis-shapen particles (2:1 ratio) shall not exceed 35%</td>
<td>C271.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(e) Grading</td>
<td>To be evenly graded within the absolute limits and shall not deviate from the grading of sample aggregate as per Table C271.2.</td>
<td>C271.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Aggregate Moisture Content</td>
<td>Where moisture content of fine aggregate exceeds 8%, or moisture content of coarse aggregate exceeds 3%, the proportion of mix shall be changed.</td>
<td>C271.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Activity</td>
<td>Limits/Tolerances</td>
<td>Spec Clause</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Consistency</td>
<td>In accordance with AS 1012.3, Method 1 the slump shall not exceed the nominated slump ±15mm.</td>
<td>C271.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>In the case of concrete placed by extrusion machine, the slump will be between 10mm and 15mm.</td>
<td>C271.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Ready-Mixed Concrete</td>
<td>The time taken from the introduction of water until the concrete is completely discharged shall be not more than 1.5 hours.</td>
<td>C271.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Mixing &amp; Delivery</td>
<td>Where non-agitating equipment is used the concrete shall be completely discharged not more than 30 minutes after the addition of water.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Placing &amp; Compacting of Concrete</td>
<td>Concrete shall not be placed without the approval of the Superintendent if the air temperature within 24 hours is likely to be below 5°C or the shade temperature is likely to exceed 38°C.</td>
<td>C271.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Finishing of Unformed/Formed Concrete Surfaces</td>
<td>To be finished true and uniform so that departure from designed grade shall not exceed 5mm in any 3 metre length.</td>
<td>C271.24(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Wearing Surface</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Finished Surfaces</td>
<td>≤25mm Plan position</td>
<td>C271.24(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(i) Not Adjacent to Roads</td>
<td>≤25mm Level</td>
<td>C271.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(ii) Adjacent to Roads</td>
<td>≤10mm Alignment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>≤10mm Level</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C271.7 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C271.46 RESERVED
C271.47 RESERVED
C271.48 RESERVED
C271.49 RESERVED
C271.50 RESERVED

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C271.51 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for the activities associated with completing the work detailed in this Specification in accordance with Pay Items C271(a) to C271(f) inclusive.

2. The pay items applicable to particular activities are listed in the Specifications for these activities.

3. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

4. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

PAY ITEM C271(a) EXCAVATION

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre measured as bank volume of the excavation.

2. This pay item applies to works included in pay items (b), (c) and (d).

3. The disposal of surplus material shall be included in the excavation rates.

4. No additional payment shall be made for drying out wet excavated material or replacement of over excavation for any reason.

5. The schedule rate for excavation shall allow for excavation and backfilling of all types of material. Separate rates shall not be included for earth and rock.

6. The control of stormwater runoff shall be included in the rate for excavation.

PAY ITEM C271(b) NEW JERSEY TYPE BARRIER AND WORKS OF SIMILAR NATURE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the linear metre measured along the length of the barrier.

2. The schedule rate under this Pay Item shall include all operations involved in the forming, compaction of foundations, subbase, concreting, curing, and backfilling adjacent to the barrier.
PAY ITEM C271(c)  FOOTPATHS, DRIVEWAYS, MEDIAN TOPPINGS AND WORKS OF SIMILAR NATURE.

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre, measured as the horizontal surface area of the concrete footpath, driveways, median topping, or similar as constructed.

2. The schedule rate under this Pay Item shall include all operations involved in the forming, compaction of foundations, subbase, concreting, finishing, curing and backfilling.

3. Where specified on the Drawings, this Pay Item shall include the supply and placement of reinforcing steel.

PAY ITEM C271(d)  SPRAYED CONCRETE

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre of sprayed concrete in place.

2. The schedule rate under this Pay Item shall include all the operations involved in the surface preparation, spraying, jointing, removal of splash and rebound material and curing.

PAY ITEM C271(e)  20MPa CONCRETE FOR MISCELLANEOUS MINOR CONCRETE WORK

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre of concrete supplied and placed.

PAY ITEM C271(f)  32 MPa CONCRETE FOR MISCELLANEOUS MINOR CONCRETE WORK

1. The unit of measurement shall be the cubic metre of concrete supplied and placed.
# Specification C271
## Minor Concrete Works

### Clause Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Clause</th>
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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT
CONSTRUCTION
SPECIFICATION

C273

LANDSCAPING
**Amendment Record for this Specification Part**

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

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ANNEXURES

C273A    LANDSCAPING MATERIALS
### GENERAL

**C273.01 SCOPE**

1. The work to be executed under this Specification consists of:

   (a) The vegetation of cut and fill batters, median areas, pathways, verges, open drains and other areas within the site. Vegetation includes the initial surface preparation, topsoiling, fertilising, sowing of seed and may include surface protection works, hydroteching, hydromulching and straw mulching.

   (b) The supply of plants, planting at locations as shown on the Drawings, fertilising, mulching, staking, watering and maintenance of plants.

2. Requirements for quality control and testing, including maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies, are cited in the Specification Part for Quality Requirements.

### C273.02 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this Specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

   (a) **Council Specifications**

      - C211 - Control of Erosion and Sedimentation.
      - C213 - Earthworks.

   (b) **Australian Standards**

      - AS 1160 - Bitumen emulsion for construction and maintenance of pavements.
      - AS 2507 - The storage and handling of pesticides.
      - AS 4419 - Soils for landscaping and garden use.
      - AS 4454 - Composts, soil conditioners and mulches.
      - AS 4843 - Synthetic weed blocking fabric.

### VEGETATION OF SLOPES AND DRAINS

**C273.03 EXECUTION AND TIMING OF WORK**

1. In association with the work to be executed under this Specification, the Contractor shall implement effective erosion and sedimentation control measures in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

2. The work to be executed under this Vegetation of Slopes and Drains includes the vegetation of cut and fill batters, pathway verges, median areas, open drains and other areas within the site. Vegetation includes the initial surface preparation, topsoiling, fertilising and either sowing of seed or turfing as shown on the Drawings.

3. Exposed ground shall be vegetated before the area exceeds one hectare or...
LANDSCAPING

C273.04 MATERIALS

(a) Topsoil

1. The Contractor shall use topsoil stockpiled on site under the Specification for EARTHWORKS. Where imported topsoil is required it shall comply with AS 4419 and shall:-
   - be of a friable, porous nature;
   - be free of weeds and weed seeds, bulbs, corms and vegetable propagules;
   - contain no refuse or materials toxic to plant growth;
   - contain no stumps, roots, clay lumps or stones larger than 50mm in size;
   - have an organic content of at least 3 per cent by mass;
   - have a pH neither less than 5.5 nor more than 7.5;
   - have a soluble salt content not exceeding 0.06 per cent by mass.

(b) Herbicide

1. Herbicide used shall be a glyphosate based herbicide listed in Annexure C273A.

(c) Seed

1. All seed used shall be of the species and varieties listed in Annexure C273A and shall be sown at the application rates specified therein. The Contractor shall submit to the Superintendent the name/s of the proposed seed supplier/s within two weeks of the acceptance of the tender.

2. The Contractor's attention is drawn to the lead time that may be required to procure some native seed species. The native seed shall be delivered to the site in separate lots for each species and variety, clearly labelled to show species, variety and weight.

3. All seed must be accompanied by a "Certificate of Authenticity" which shall be furnished by the Contractor to the Superintendent upon request at any stage of the work. Grass and clover seed shall be pre-packed commercially with an accompanying certificate of germination.

4. The Contractor shall not take possession of the seed more than seven days before sowing is to occur. The seed shall be stored in clean, air tight containers and kept away from direct sunlight. It shall not be exposed to the elements at any stage during storage.

5. The Contractor shall replace at his own expense any exotic seed batch found not true to type.

(d) Turf

1. Turf shall consist of 25mm depth of dense, well rooted, vigorous grass growth with 25mm depth of topsoil. The type of grass turf to be used shall be selected from Annexure C273A and in accordance with the Drawings. Unless specified, Kikuyu grass shall not be used. Turf shall be free of weeds, soil pests and diseases. The turf shall be supplied as rolls in long lengths of uniform width, not less than 300mm, and shall be in sound unbroken condition.
(e) Fertiliser


(f) Vegetable Mulch

1. Vegetable mulch used in hydromulching shall consist of straw, chaff, wood fibre, paper pulp or similar material all finely shredded to a maximum dimension of 10 mm. Meadow hay or weeds shall not be used and paper pulp if used shall not exceed 50 per cent by mass of the total mulch.

(g) Water

1. Water used shall be potable.

(h) Binder

1. The binder used in hydromulching and strawmulching shall be Grade ASS, slow setting anionic bitumen emulsion, complying with AS 1160.

(i) Wetting Agent

1. The soil wetting agent added in hydromulching or hydroseeding shall be listed in Annexure C273A and applied at the application rate specified therein.

(j) Pesticide

1. Pesticide used shall be a liquid or powder listed in Annexure C273A. The storage and handling of pesticides shall be in accordance with AS 2507.

C273.05 VEGETATION OF SLOPES 3 TO 1 OR FLATTER

(a) Preparation of Surface

1. Slopes shall be sprayed with herbicide applied at the rate specified in Annexure C273A to kill weed infestation. Sprayed areas shall remain undisturbed for two weeks.

2. The surface shall then be tyned to a depth of 200 mm to produce a loose surface and all large stones, rubbish and other materials that may hinder germination shall be removed before topsoiling.

(b) Topsoiling

1. Topsoil shall be uniformly applied to provide an average compacted thickness of 50mm with a minimum compacted thickness of 30mm at any location. The topsoiled area shall be cultivated to a depth of 50mm to provide a roughened surface with soil lumps not exceeding 50mm dimension.

(c) Mixing of Seed

1. The Contractor shall give the Superintendent two days' notice before each sowing operation. Seed shall be sown on the day of mixing with pesticide.
(d) Incorporation of Pesticide

1. Immediately before sowing, all grass and native seed shall be treated with pesticide. The pesticide shall be thoroughly mixed as a dry powder with the seed at the rate specified in Annexure C273A to the equivalent mass of seed to be spread on 1 hectare of the surface in accordance with Annexure C273A.

(e) Sowing

1. Sowing shall be carried out with an appropriate mechanical seeder. Where practicable, passes shall follow finished surface contours. Seed shall be sown at a depth of 5mm or shall be raked or harrowed to provide 5mm cover.

2. Seed and fertiliser shall be evenly distributed over the areas to be sown at the rates specified in Annexure C273A. Fertiliser shall be applied concurrently with the seeding operation.

(f) Turfing

1. Turf shall be placed on the prepared topsoiled surface. Runs of turf shall butt hard against each other and be placed perpendicular to the direction of water flow. Turf seams shall then be topdressed with topsoil.

2. Four to six weeks after placement, the turf shall be lightly topdressed with topsoil to correct any undulations or unevenness in the established turf.

(g) Watering

1. The Contractor shall water areas to be sown to a moist condition and shall rewater areas to a moist condition without surface runoff on a daily basis for a minimum of 15 days after sowing, or as otherwise directed by the Superintendent, to promote and maintain growth.

C273.06 VEGETATION OF SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3 TO 1

(a) General

1. Where shown on the Drawings or directed by the Superintendent, slopes shall be vegetated by one of the following methods:

   (i) Topsoiling and hydromulching;
   (ii) Topsoiling, hydroseeding and straw mulching;
   (iii) Hydroseeding.

(b) Preparation of Surface

1. Weeds shall be killed by spraying with herbicides as specified under Clause C273.05(a).

2. No more than seven days before seeding all loose material shall be removed from fill batters and cut batters, which are not stepped, by dragging a heavy steel chain of minimum weight of 30 kilograms per metre of length or by other methods approved by the Superintendent.
(c) **Topsoiling**

1. Where batters have been stepped, the steps shall be loosely filled with topsoil. Elsewhere, topsoil shall be uniformly applied to provide an average thickness of 50mm with a minimum compacted thickness of 30mm at any location.

(d) **Hydromulching or Hydroseeding**

1. The hydromulch or hydroseed shall comprise the materials shown in Table C273.1. The materials shall be applied at the application rates shown in Table C273.1.

2. Dry surfaces shall be watered by a fine spray before the application of the hydromulch.

3. The mixing and treatment of seed shall be carried out in accordance with Clause C273.05(c).

4. During preparation of the hydromulch or hydroseed slurry, liquid form pesticide shall be added to the storage tank, to facilitate surface application, at a rate of 5 litres of pesticide to the equivalent volume of hydromulch or hydroseed slurry to be spread on 1 hectare of surface in accordance with Table C273.1.

5. Storage tanks, containers and equipment to be used in hydromulching or hydroseeding of slopes shall be clean and free of contamination from previous operations.

6. A slurry mixture shall be produced by addition of the specified materials in the tank and agitated to maintain a uniform consistency during application. It shall be applied uniformly over the whole surface.

7. Hydromulch or hydroseed shall not be applied under the following weather conditions at the site:
   - when temperature is higher than 35°C
   - when winds exceed 15 km/hr;
   - where, in the opinion of the Superintendent, the surface is too wet or
   - during rain periods or when rain appears imminent.

8. Application rates shall be in accordance with Table C273.1

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<td>ii) Water (l)</td>
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<td>iii) Binder (l)</td>
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<td>v) Seed</td>
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<td>vii) Pesticide (l)</td>
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Table C273.1 - Materials and Application Rates

(e) **Straw Mulching**
1. The mulch to be applied after hydroseeding shall comprise a matrix of straw and an anionic slow setting bitumen emulsion binder. Meadow hay shall not be used. The straw mulch shall be uniformly applied by a suitable blower unit at a rate of 250 bales (each of 20 kilograms) of straw per hectare of surface. The bitumen emulsion shall be incorporated as a spray into the air stream of the mulch blower at a rate of not less than 2,500 litres of bitumen emulsion per hectare of surface. The finished straw mat shall have a minimum thickness of 20mm at any location.

C273.07 VEGETATION OF OPEN DRAINS

(a) Preparation of Surface

1. The Contractor shall so execute the work that the excavation of open drains to the specified profiles is followed within seven days by the vegetation of the surface as specified in this Clause. Topsoil shall be spread to provide an average compacted thickness of 50mm with a minimum compacted thickness of 30mm at any location.

(b) Sowing

1. Before sowing, the surface shall be watered. Seed and fertiliser shall then be applied uniformly at the rates specified in Annexure C273A by one of the following procedures as directed by the Superintendent:

   (i) Mechanical sowing.
   (ii) Hydromulching or hydroseeding.
   (iii) By hand.

(c) Surface Protection

1. Where shown on the Drawings or directed by the Superintendent, one of the following protective treatments shall be applied immediately to all or part of the sown surface.

(i) Spraying with Bitumen Emulsion

   An anionic slow setting bitumen emulsion, conforming with Grade ASS of AS 1160, shall be sprayed over the surface at a rate of 1 litre of bitumen emulsion per square metre of surface.

(ii) Lining with Organic Fibre Mat

   The channel surface shall be lined with an organic fibre mat listed in Annexure C273A. The runs of matting shall be laid along the direction of water flow. The matting shall be laid loosely on the soil surface and not stretched.

   The upstream end of the matting shall be slotted into a trench 150mm wide by 150mm deep and pinned to the base of the trench at 200mm centres. The trench shall be backfilled with soil and compacted by foot.

   The pins shall be ‘U’ shaped, 4mm gauge wire, 50mm wide and 150mm long legs.
Adjacent runs of matting shall be overlapped 100mm with the higher run lapped over the lower run. The matting shall be pinned along the sides of each run at 500mm centres and along the middle of each run at 1m centres. End overlaps shall be 150mm wide with the higher run end lapped over the start of the lower run and pinned at 200mm centres.

(iii) Turfing

Turf shall be as specified under Clause C273.04(d).

Runs of turf shall butt hard against each other and be placed perpendicular to the direction of water flow in the drain, and pinned into position at 500mm centres.

Seams of turf shall be topdressed with topsoil.

(d) Watering

1. The Contractor shall water treated areas in order to promote and maintain growth as specified under Clause C273.05(g).

LANDSCAPE PLANTING

C273.08 EXECUTION AND TIMING OF WORK

1. The work to be executed includes the ground preparation, the supply of plants, planting as shown on the Drawings, fertilising, mulching, staking, watering and maintenance of plants.

2. The Contractor shall give the Superintendent a minimum of two days' notice of commencement of planting. Landscape planting shall not be carried out in extreme weather conditions (above 35°C or below 10°C).

C273.09 MATERIALS

(a) Topsoil

1. Topsoil shall comply with the requirements of Clause C273.04(a).

(b) Herbicide/Weed Blocking Fabric

1. Herbicide shall comply with the requirements of Clause C273.04(b).

2. Synthetic weed blocking fabric shall comply with AS 4843.

(c) Fertiliser

1. Fertiliser shall be a slow-release type in pellet form, listed in Annexure C273A, with a nine months' release period and having Nitrogen:Phosphorus:Potassium (N:P:K) ratios of 6.3 : 1.8 : 2.8.

(d) Mulch

1. All mulches used for landscape planting shall consist of organic material complying with the requirements of AS 4454. Mulch shall be composted or pasteurized as indicated in Annexure C273A. The use of other materials as ground cover shall be as indicated on the Drawings and approved by Council.
2. A 10 kilogram sample of mulch proposed by the Contractor shall be submitted for approval to the Superintendent two weeks before its intended use. The mulch subsequently used shall be consistent in every respect with the sample approved by the Superintendent.

(e) **Plant Material**

1. The Contractor shall obtain all plants from a nursery located in an area having a similar climate to the site of the Works.

2. There shall be no substitution of any species without the Superintendent's approval. All plant material shall be true to species and sizes. Plants shall be healthy, of good form, not soft or forced and with large robust root systems. They shall not be rootbound and shall be free from disease and insect pests. All container soil mix shall contain between 20 per cent and 25 per cent clay by volume. Trees shall have a single leading shoot. For hardening off purposes, all plants shall be delivered to a site within the locality of the Subdivision at least four weeks before planting out. Plant root systems shall be maintained moist at all times with particular attention being paid to watering during the on-site period before and during planting. Plant stock shall be classified as indicated in Table C273.2, and planted in accordance with the Drawings.

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(f) **Stakes**

1. All stakes shall be 25mm square by 1,500mm long hardwood and sharpened at one end.

**C273.10 PLANTING**

(a) **Mass Planting in Mulched Bed**

1. The area to be planted shall be sprayed with herbicide, as specified under Clause C273.05(a). Sprayed areas shall remain undisturbed for two weeks. Alternatively, where approved by Council, a synthetic weed blocking fabric shall be applied to the area to be planted.

2. The surface shall be ripped at 500mm centres to a depth of 300mm and the top 200mm of the planting bed broken up by cultivation to a maximum size of 50mm. Mulch, 100mm thick, shall be spread over the planting bed. After removal of the localised mulch, planting holes shall be excavated to the dimensions and depths as shown in Table C273.2 and the material removed.
3. The specified number of fertilizer pellets as shown in Table C273.2 shall be placed beside the rootball of each plant.

4. The planting hole shall be backfilled with topsoil complying with Clause C273.04(a) and compacted by foot up to surface level, care being taken to avoid mixing mulch with topsoil. A stake shall be driven 300mm deep and 200mm clear of each 'Advanced' and 'Super Advanced' size stock and the stock tied to it by a strip of 50mm wide hessian webbing.

5. Each backfilled hole shall receive 10 litres of water before the mulch is respread over the disturbed area. The mulch shall be left just clear of the plant stem.

(b) Individual Planting

1. A planting area 600mm dia. or square shall be loosened to a depth of 400mm. Planting holes shall be excavated to dimensions and depths as shown in Table C273.2 and the material spread evenly around each hole.

2. The specified number of fertiliser pellets, as shown in Table C273.2, shall be placed beside the rootball of each plant.

3. The planting hole shall be backfilled with topsoil complying with Clause C273.04(a) and compacted by foot up to surface level. A stake shall be driven 300mm deep and 200mm clear of each 'Advanced' and 'Super Advanced' size stock and the stock tied to it by a strip of 50mm wide hessian webbing.

4. Each backfilled hole shall receive 10 litres of water.

5. Weed infestation for a distance of 800 mm surrounding each proposed planting shall be killed by spraying with a herbicide as specified in Clause C273.05(a). All due care shall be taken to avoid damage caused by contact between herbicide and the plant by means of spray drift etc. Alternatively, where approved by Council, a synthetic weed blocking fabric shall be applied to the 800mm area surrounding each proposed planting.

6. Immediately after planting, mulch 100mm thick, starting just clear of the plant stem, shall be spread over an area of 600mm radius surrounding the plant.

C273.11 CARE OF LANDSCAPE PLANTING

1. The Contractor shall water all plants, from the time of planting, at the rate of 10 litres per plant every third day for the first twelve weeks.

2. Missing plants, dead plants and plants nominated by the Superintendent as unhealthy shall be replaced by the Contractor. Replacement plants shall be of similar size and quality and of identical species and variety to the plant being replaced. The cost of replacement shall be borne by the Contractor.

3. Weed and grass growth in mulched areas shall be killed by treatment with herbicide in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions at monthly intervals during the construction period and contract maintenance period. Contact of the herbicide with the new plants shall be avoided and any damage repaired or damaged plant material replaced by the Contractor at no cost to the Principal.
SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

C273.12 RESERVED
C273.13 RESERVED
C273.14 RESERVED
C273.15 RESERVED
C273.16 RESERVED
LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

C273.17 SUMMARY OF LIMITS AND TOLERANCES

1. The limits and tolerances applicable to the various clauses in this Specification are summarised in Table C273.3 below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Limits/Tolerances</th>
<th>Spec Clause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Topsoil</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Organic Content</td>
<td>&gt;3% by mass</td>
<td>C273.04a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) pH</td>
<td>&gt;5.5 &lt;7.5</td>
<td>C273.04a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>c) Soluble Salt</td>
<td>&lt;0.06% by mass</td>
<td>C273.04a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Turf</td>
<td>Widths &gt;300mm.</td>
<td>C273.04d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Vegetable Mulch</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Material</td>
<td>maximum size &lt;10mm</td>
<td>C273.04f</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Paper Pulp</td>
<td>&lt;50% by mass of total mulch</td>
<td>C273.04f</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Topsoiling</td>
<td>Minimum compacted thickness at any</td>
<td>C273.05b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>location of 30mm</td>
<td></td>
<td>C273.06c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C273.07a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Straw Mulching</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Straw Mat</td>
<td>Finished thickness &gt;20mm.</td>
<td>C273.06e</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Landscape Planting</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Temperature</td>
<td>Planting not to be undertaken when</td>
<td>C273.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>temperatures &gt;35°C or &lt;10°C.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Mulch</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Fines</td>
<td>Shall not exceed 5% by volume.</td>
<td>C273.09d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Woodchip</td>
<td>Maximum size &lt;50mm.</td>
<td>C273.09d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Plant Material</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Container Soil Mix</td>
<td>Contain &gt;20% &lt;25% by volume of clay.</td>
<td>C273.09e</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C273.3 - Summary of Limits and Tolerances
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

C273.18 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with completing the work detailed in the Specification in accordance with Pay Items C273(a) to C273(d) inclusive.

2. A lump sum price for any of these items shall not be accepted.

3. If any item for which a quantity of work is listed in the Schedule of Rates has not been priced by the Contractor, it shall be understood that due allowance has been made in the prices of other items for the cost of the activity which has not been priced.

4. Notwithstanding any general statements to the contrary that may be made elsewhere in this Specification, in the context of landscape works all areas shall be measured in the plane of the surface and thicknesses specified shall apply perpendicular to the surface.

5. Erosion and sedimentation control measures are measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION.

6. Topsoil stockpiling is measured and paid in accordance with the Specification for EARTHWORKS.

Pay Item C273(a) VEGETATION OF SLOPES 3 TO 1 OR FLATTER

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the vegetation of such areas, including surface preparation, topsoiling, sowing and/or turfing, and watering.

Pay Item C273(b) VEGETATION OF SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3 TO 1

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the vegetation of such areas, including surface preparation, topsoiling, and as appropriate hydroseeding, hydromulching and/or straw mulching, and watering.

Pay Item C273(c) VEGETATION OF OPEN DRAINS

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the vegetation of such areas, including surface preparation, topsoiling, sowing, surface protection by bitumen emulsion spraying, lining and/or turfing as appropriate, and watering.

Pay Item C273(d) LANDSCAPE PLANTING

Pay Item C273(d)(i) Provision of Mulched Bed for Mass Planting

1. The unit of measurement shall be the square metre.

2. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the preparatory work of the mulched bed before planting.
Pay Item C273(d)(ii)  Mass Planting

1. The unit of measurement shall be ‘each’ plant.

2. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the planting in the mulched bed and subsequent care of each plant.

Pay Item C273(d)(iii)  Individual Planting

1. The unit of measurement shall be ‘each’ plant.

2. The schedule rate shall cover all costs associated with the preparatory work, planting and subsequent care of each plant.
# ANNEXURE C273A

## LANDSCAPING MATERIALS

(SAMPLE ONLY - TO BE COMPLETED BY COMPILER)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MATERIAL</th>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>MINIMUM APPLICATION RATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. HERBICIDE *</td>
<td>‘Bi Active Roundup’</td>
<td>3-9 litres/200 litres water/ha follow manufacturer’s directions</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. SEED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Minimum Application Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grass in residential areas only</td>
<td>60 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rye Corn (April-August) or Red Clover (Inoculated)</td>
<td>60 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Clover (Inoculated)</td>
<td>5 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Elka” Perennial Rye</td>
<td>5 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Native Seed Species List

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Native Seed Species List</th>
<th>Application Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Trees</strong></td>
<td>1kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acacia cognata</td>
<td>Narrow Leaved Bower Wattle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acacia falciformis</td>
<td>Broad Leaved Hickory Wattle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acacia impexa</td>
<td>Hickory Wattle, Lightwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acacia mearnsii</td>
<td>Black Wattle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acacia melanoxylon</td>
<td>Blackwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allocasuarina littoralis</td>
<td>Black She Oak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Angophora floribunda</td>
<td>Rough-Barked Apple (Apple Gum)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backhousia myrtifolia</td>
<td>Grey Myrtle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banksia integrifolia</td>
<td>Coast Banksia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banksia serrata</td>
<td>Saw Banksia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brachychiton populneus</td>
<td>Kurrajong, Yam Tree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corymbia maculata</td>
<td>Spotted Gum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corymbia gummifera</td>
<td>Red Bloodwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eleocarpus reticulatus</td>
<td>Blueberry Ash, Blue Oliveberry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus agglomerata</td>
<td>Blue Leaved Stringybark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus angophoroides</td>
<td>Apple Topped Box</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus baueriana</td>
<td>Blue Box (Black Box)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus bosistoana</td>
<td>Coast Grey Box</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus botryoides</td>
<td>Southern Mahogany, Bangalay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus cypellocarpa</td>
<td>Monkey Gum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus elata</td>
<td>River Peppermint</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus globoidea</td>
<td>White Stringybark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus longifolia</td>
<td>Woollybutt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus maidenii</td>
<td>Maiden’s Gum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus melliodora</td>
<td>Yellow Box</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus muelleriana</td>
<td>Yellow Stringybark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus ovata</td>
<td>Swamp Gum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus pauciflora</td>
<td>Snow Gum, White Sallee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus sieberi</td>
<td>Silvertop Ash</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus tereticornis</td>
<td>Forest Red Gum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus tricarpa</td>
<td>Red Ironbark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eucalyptus viminalis</td>
<td>Ribbon Gum, Manna Gum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hakea macroeana</td>
<td>Macrea’s Hakea</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pittosporum undulatum</th>
<th>Sweet Pittosporum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Shrubs</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acacia elongata</td>
<td>Slender Wattle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acacia floribunda</td>
<td>Salle Wattle, Gossamer Wattle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acacia longifolia</td>
<td>Sydney Golden Wattle, Sallow wattle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baeckea virgata</td>
<td>Tall Baeckea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bursaria lasiophylla</td>
<td>Blackthorn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bursaria spinosa</td>
<td>Blackthorn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cassinia aculeata</td>
<td>Dogwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cassinia longifolia</td>
<td>Dogwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cassinia trinerva</td>
<td>Dogwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dodonaea aculeata</td>
<td>Dogwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indigofera australis</td>
<td>Austral Indigo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jacksonia scoparia</td>
<td>Dogwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kunzea ericoides</td>
<td>Burgan, Tea Tree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leptospermum brevipes</td>
<td>Slender Tea Tree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leptospermum emarginatum</td>
<td>Twin-Flower Tea Tree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leptospermum lanigerum</td>
<td>River Tea Tree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leptospermum obovatum</td>
<td>Woolly Tea Tree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melaleuca amillians</td>
<td>Bracelet Honey Myrtle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melaleuca ericifolia</td>
<td>Swamp Paperbark, Tea Tree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melaleuca hypericifolia</td>
<td>Hillock Bush</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melaleuca parvistaminea</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Olearia tormentosa</td>
<td>Toothed Daisy Bush</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ozothamnus argophyllus</td>
<td>Spicy Everlasting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ozothamnus diosmifolius</td>
<td>Tickbush, Dogwood</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ozothamnus ferrugineus</td>
<td>Tree Everlasting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pittosporum revolutum</td>
<td>Rough Fruit Pittosporum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grasses and Tussocks</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lomandra longifolia</td>
<td>Mat Rush</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Themeda triandra</td>
<td>Kangaroo Grass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poa labillardiera</td>
<td>Poa Tussock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Micoleana stipoides</td>
<td>Weeping Grass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. TURF GRASS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Medians</td>
<td>Couch, Kikuyu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Verges/Footpaths</td>
<td>Buffalo, Kikuyu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Other Areas</td>
<td>Couch, Kikuyu</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. FERTILISER *</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Vegetation of Slopes/Drains</td>
<td>Slow Release Nitrogen fertiliser such as Nutricote</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Landscape Planting</td>
<td>'Kokei' pellets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>500kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000 kg/ha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Refer Table C273.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. WETTING AGENT *</td>
<td>'Aquasoil'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 litre/1000 litres of mix water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. PESTICIDE *</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Liquid</td>
<td>'Lorsban 500 EC'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>'Lorsban 250 W'</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Powder</td>
<td>5 litres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10 kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. ORGANIC FIBRE MAT *</td>
<td>'Sta-firma' (light grade)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. MULCH</td>
<td>Composted/Pasteurized</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100mm thick</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Material shall be as listed or equivalent as approved by Council.
BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT
CONSTRUCTION
SPECIFICATION

QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS
Amendment Record for this Specification Part

This Specification is Council’s edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council’s primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment Sequence No.</th>
<th>Key Topic addressed in amendment</th>
<th>Clause No.</th>
<th>Amendment Code</th>
<th>Author Initials</th>
<th>Amendment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE 1</td>
<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SPECIFICATION CQC
QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL

CQC1 SCOPE

1. This Specification covers the contractual requirements for the quality control testing and survey by the Contractor; including the minimum test frequencies to be employed to demonstrate conformance to the requirements of the technical specifications.

CQC2 LOTS

1. All items of work shall be subdivided into lots. Each lot shall be given a unique lot number.

2. Lots shall be chosen by the Contractor but shall be within the limits given in Annexure CQC-B. In general, the size of the lot shall not exceed one day’s output for each work process designated for lot testing.

3. The lot numbers shall be used as identifiers on all surveys and test results.

4. The Contractor shall determine the bounds of each lot before sampling and shall identify each lot clearly.

5. The boundaries of a lot may be changed if subsequent events cause the original lot to be no longer essentially homogeneous.

6. The lot identification system and sample numbering system shall allow test results to be positively identified with material incorporated in the works.

CQC3 SAMPLING AND TESTING

1. All compliance inspections and tests shall be based on lots.

2. The maximum lot sizes and minimum testing frequencies are listed in the Annexures to the relevant Specifications and/or in Annexure CQC-B to this Specification. Where no minimum frequency of testing, or maximum lot size is stated in the Specification, the Contractor shall nominate appropriate frequencies for the Superintendent’s approval.

3. Sampling shall not be restricted to locations dimensioned or otherwise defined for setting out the Works in the Drawings or Specification, but shall be undertaken in a random or unbiased manner, as approved by the Superintendent, at any location within the Works to demonstrate its compliance with the Specification.

4. Where Test Methods are nominated in the Technical Specifications, sampling and testing shall be carried out by a NATA registered laboratory accredited for those test methods and sampling procedures. Sampling shall be conducted by personnel from the NATA registered laboratory which has been accredited for that sampling procedure and shall be supervised by the approved signatory from that laboratory. Test results shall be reported on NATA endorsed test documentation which shall include a statement by the approved signatory certifying that the correct sampling procedures have been followed.
5. In special circumstances the Principal may accredit a laboratory that is not NATA registered for specific tests or inspection procedures.

6. The Contractor shall reinstate all core holes, test holes, excavations and any other disturbance resulting from any testing activity. The reinstatement shall be to a standard which is at least equal to the specified requirements for the particular work.

7. Random sampling techniques shall be used for each lot for the control of compaction of each continuous layer of earthworks, flexible pavement and asphalt. Annexure CQC-A defines the method to be used for determining test locations of random sampling in each lot.

8. For quality control of processes other than compaction of layers of earthworks, flexible pavement and asphalt, the sampling locations will be proposed by the Contractor and will require the approval of the Superintendent.

9. In all cases the samples shall be each considered to be representative of the lot and all test results will be required to meet the appropriate tolerances for the lot.

CQC4 SURVEYING

1. Surveying Control shall include all measurement, calculation and record procedures necessary to:

   (a) set out the Works
   (b) verify conformance to the Drawings and Specification in relation to dimensions, tolerances and three dimensional position
   (c) determine lengths, areas or volumes of materials or products, where required for measurement of work.

2. The Contractor shall appoint qualified surveyors who are eligible for membership of the Institution of Surveyors, Australia or the Institution of Engineering and Mining Surveyors, Australia to supervise and take responsibility for all Surveying Control.

3. The procedures and equipment used must be capable of attaining the tolerances nominated in the Specification.

4. Sampling for conformance verification purposes shall not be restricted to the locations used to set out the Works.

5. The Contractor shall submit a Survey Conformance Report to the Superintendent for each lot or component where design levels, position and/or tolerances have been specified. The Survey Conformance Report shall show 'specified vs actual' for position (defined by co-ordinates or chainage and offset), level and tolerance as appropriate and shall be certified by the qualified surveyor responsible for the verification survey.

CQC5 RECORDS

1. Conformance records shall be stored and maintained such that they are readily retrievable and in facilities that provide a suitable environment to minimise deterioration or damage and to prevent loss.
2. The Contractor shall submit all conformance records to the Superintendent for inspection and approval. If requested by the Superintendent, the Contractor shall provide copies of the records or test results at no cost to the Principal.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

CQC6 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with testing, survey and supplier’s documentation required to demonstrate conformance to the specification requirements.

2. Cost adjustments, if applicable, will apply the same as to any other Pay Item in the Schedule.

Pay Item QCP1 QUALITY VERIFICATION AND CONTROL

1. The Lump Sum for this item shall include all costs for inspections, conformance surveys and testing required to verify that all aspects of the work under the Contract comply with the quality requirements of the Contract, including the ongoing compilation of quality records.

2. Payments shall be made pro rata on the monthly value of work done.
ANNEXURE CQC-A
RANDOM SAMPLING

CQC-A1 GENERAL
1. Random sampling of test locations shall be used to control relative compaction of each layer of:

   (i) earthworks
   (ii) selected material zone
   (iii) flexible pavement
   (iv) asphalt
   (v)
   (vi)
   (vii)

which are generally rectangular in area.

CQC-A2 SAMPLING RATES
1. The number of samples (n) per lot shall be as indicated in the specific Specification Parts which are summarised in the Sub-Annexure to this Quality Requirements Specification.

CQC-A3 RANDOM SAMPLING LOCATIONS
1. Sampling locations within a lot for the control of relative compaction shall be determined as follows:

   (i) Representing the lot as a rectangle, sub-divide the lot lengthwise into equi-area sub-lots in accordance with the number of samples selected (n).
   (ii) Establish six grid lines within the lot, as illustrated in Figure CQC-A2;
   (iii) Throw a die to select a number between 1 and 6. This determines which grid line to use for the sample location in sub-lot 1;
   (iv) Throw die to select a group (1-6) in Table CQC-A1;
   (v) Throw die twice to select two random numbers (between 1 and 6) for row and column in Table CQC-A1 and obtain random fraction R;
   (vi) Length co-ordinate for sample location in Sub-lot 1 = RL/n;
   (vii) For sample location in next sub-lot:-
        Add L/n to previous length co-ordinate.
        Add 1 (on a cycle of 6) to previous grid line.
QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

Figure CQC-A2  Sampling Locations for Rectangular Lot
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GROUP</th>
<th>ROW</th>
<th>COLUMN</th>
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<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>(6)</td>
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Table CQC-A1 - Table of Random Fractions
ANNEXURE CQC-B  
MAXIMUM LOT SIZES AND MINIMUM TEST FREQUENCIES

GENERAL

1. The maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies are separately specified for all major activities covered by the Technical Specifications as listed hereunder.

2. The requirements applicable to this Contract are identified with an asterisk indicating that only these details are attached in this Annexure.

3. Where material/product quality certification can be obtained from the supplier, tests listed per contract/separable part need not be repeated.

Contents of Annexure CQC-B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Sub-Annexure</th>
<th>Required (*) for this Contract</th>
<th>Reference Specification</th>
<th>Sub-Annexure Heading</th>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
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<td>Earthworks</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>B3</td>
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<td>C230, C231, C232, C233</td>
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<td>C241</td>
<td>Stabilisation</td>
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<td>B5</td>
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<td>Flexible Pavements</td>
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<td>B6</td>
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<td>C244</td>
<td>Sprayed Bituminous Surfacing</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>B7</td>
<td></td>
<td>C245</td>
<td>Asphaltic Concrete</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>B8</td>
<td></td>
<td>C247, C248</td>
<td>Ready Mixed Concrete Production and Supply</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>B9</td>
<td></td>
<td>C247</td>
<td>Mass Concrete Subbase</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>B10</td>
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<td>C248</td>
<td>Plain or Reinforced Concrete Base</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>B11</td>
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<td>C255</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>B12</td>
<td></td>
<td>C254</td>
<td>Segmental Paving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>B13</td>
<td></td>
<td>C271</td>
<td>Minor Concrete Works</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>B14</td>
<td></td>
<td>C261</td>
<td>Pavement Markings</td>
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<td>B15</td>
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<td>C262</td>
<td>Signposting</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>B16</td>
<td></td>
<td>C273</td>
<td>Landscaping</td>
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<td>17</td>
<td>B17</td>
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<td>C401</td>
<td>Water Reticulation</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>B18</td>
<td></td>
<td>C402</td>
<td>Sewerage System</td>
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Sub-Annexure B1
© The AUS-SPEC Joint Venture date: Mar 2002  Copying strictly prohibited
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stripping Topsoil</td>
<td>Surface Levels</td>
<td>10,000m²</td>
<td>1 Cross Section per 25m</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excavation</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>10,000m²</td>
<td>1 Cross Section per 25m</td>
<td>Survey</td>
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<td>Floor of Cuttings</td>
<td>Material Quality - CBR</td>
<td>5,000m²</td>
<td>1 per 1,000m³ *</td>
<td>AS1289.6.1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>10,000m²</td>
<td>1 per 500m³</td>
<td>AS1289.5.4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundation for Embankments</td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>5,000m²</td>
<td>1 per 500m³</td>
<td>AS1289.5.4.1</td>
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<td>Embankments - General</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>One layer 10,000m²</td>
<td>1 Cross Section per 25m</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Material Quality - CBR</td>
<td>One layer 5,000m²</td>
<td>1 per 800m³</td>
<td>AS1289.6.1.1</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Compaction/Moisture Content</td>
<td>One layer 5,000m²</td>
<td>1 per 250m³</td>
<td>AS1289.5.1.1, AS1289.5.4.1, AS1289.5.7.1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Road Carriageway Embankments - Select Zone</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>One layer 10,000m²</td>
<td>1 Cross Section per 25m</td>
<td>Survey</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Material Quality - Maximum Particle Size</td>
<td>10,000m²</td>
<td>1 per 1,000m³ *</td>
<td>AS1289.6.1.1</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- CBR</td>
<td>10,000m²</td>
<td>1 per 500m³ *</td>
<td>AS1289.6.1.1</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Compaction/Moisture Content</td>
<td>One layer 5,000m²</td>
<td>1 per 250m³</td>
<td>AS1289.5.1.1, AS1289.5.4.1, AS1289.5.7.1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fill Adjacent to Structures: Bridges, Retaining Walls and Cast-in-Situ Culverts</td>
<td>Material Quality</td>
<td>1 Structure</td>
<td>1 per 200m³ *</td>
<td>AS1289.3.3.1</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Maximum Particle Size</td>
<td>1 Structure</td>
<td>1 per 200m³ *</td>
<td>AS1289.5.1.1, AS1289.5.4.1, AS1289.5.7.1</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Plasticity Index</td>
<td>1 Structure</td>
<td>1 per layer</td>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot.
Sub-Annexure B2
STORMWATER DRAINAGE - PIPE CULVERTS, BOX CULVERTS, OPEN DRAINS
INCLUDING KERB & GUTTER, DRAINAGE STRUCTURES
(Specifications C220, C221, C222, C223, C224)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supply of Precast Units</td>
<td>Pre-cast Quality - Suppliers documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 batch</td>
<td>1 per type/size/class per batch</td>
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<tr>
<td>Siting and Excavation</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 drainage line/structure</td>
<td>1 per drainage line/structure</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundation</td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1 drainage line/structure</td>
<td>1 per 20 lin m *</td>
<td>AS1289.5.4.1</td>
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<td>Material surrounding Steel Structures</td>
<td>Material Quality - pH/Electrical Resistivity</td>
<td>1 drainage line/structure</td>
<td>1 per material</td>
<td>AS1289.4.3.1,</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>AS1289.4.4.1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bedding</td>
<td>Material Quality - Particle Size Distribution</td>
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<td>1 per 200m³ *</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compaction/Moisture Content</td>
<td>1 drainage line/structure</td>
<td>1 per layer, per 20 lin m</td>
<td>AS1289.5.7.1, AS1289.5.4.1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Concrete Bedding or Lining</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 Cross Section per 25m</td>
<td>Survey and 3m Straight Edge</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation of Precast Units</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 drainage line/structure</td>
<td>1 per drainage line/structure</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selected Backfill</td>
<td>Material Quality - Maximum Particle Size</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per 100m³ *</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plasticity Index</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per 100m³ *</td>
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<td>Compaction/Moisture Content</td>
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<td>1 per 2 layers per 50m²</td>
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<td>- Wet Strength</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
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<td>- Wet/Dry Strength Variation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kerb and Gutter</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 Cross Section per 25m</td>
<td>Survey and 3m Straight Edge</td>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot.
**Sub-Annexure B3**  
**SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE (Specifications C230, C231, C232, C233)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Material Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of: Pipe</td>
<td>1 contract/size</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Filter Material</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Grading (Type A, B, C, D)</td>
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<td>1 per type</td>
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<td>- Coefficient of Permeability (Type B)</td>
<td>1 contract/size</td>
<td>1 per type</td>
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<td>- Grading Variation after Treatment (Type B)</td>
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<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per type</td>
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<td>Excavation - Trench Base</td>
<td>Line and Grade</td>
<td>1 drainage line</td>
<td>1 per drainage line</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1 drainage line</td>
<td>1 per 200 lin m*</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Bedding and Backfill</td>
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<td>1 drainage line</td>
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<td>- Earth Backfill</td>
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<td>Drainage Mat</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot
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<th>TEST METHOD</th>
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<td>- Particle Size Dist'n</td>
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<td>1 per month</td>
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<td>- Flyash</td>
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<td>- Blended Stabilising Agent</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
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<td>- Water</td>
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<td>- Chloride ion content</td>
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<td>- Sulphate ion content</td>
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<td>- Undissolved solids</td>
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<td>Mix Design</td>
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<td>Stationary Mixing Plant</td>
<td>Application rate of stabilising agent</td>
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<td>Compressive strength of product</td>
<td>1 day's production</td>
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<td>In-Situ Spreading</td>
<td>Spread rate</td>
<td>1 layer 1,000m²</td>
<td>1 per lot or 1 per 500m²</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Mix uniformity</td>
<td>1 layer 1,000m²</td>
<td>1 per 500m²</td>
<td>Visual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trimming and Compaction</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 layer 2,000m², max 1 day's placement</td>
<td>One cross section per 25m</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Surface Quality</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>10 per 200m lane length *</td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Average Layer thickness</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>1 per lot</td>
<td>Measure/Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Average Width</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td>3 per lot</td>
<td>AS1289.5.7.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Relative Compaction/Moisture Content</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1289.5.8.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Note: or part thereof, per lot.
## QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

### Sub-Annexure B5

**FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS (Specification C242)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Base and Subbase Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Particle Size Distribution</td>
<td>1 per 1,000t</td>
<td>AS1289.3.6.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Fine Particle Size Distribution Ratio</td>
<td>1 per 1,000t</td>
<td>AS1289.3.6.3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Liquid Limit</td>
<td>1 per 1,000t</td>
<td>AS1289.3.1.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Plastic Limit</td>
<td>1 per 1,000t</td>
<td>AS1289.3.3.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Plasticity Index</td>
<td>1 per 1,000t</td>
<td>AS1289.3.3.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Maximum Dry Compressive Strength</td>
<td>1 per 5,000t</td>
<td>T114</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Particle Shape</td>
<td>1 per 1,000t</td>
<td>AS1141.14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Aggregate Wet Strength</td>
<td>1 per 5,000t</td>
<td>AS1141.22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Wet/Dry Strength Variation</td>
<td>1 per 5,000t</td>
<td>AS1141.22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Modified Texas Triaxial Classification</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>T171</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Unconfined Compressive Strength (Modified)</td>
<td>1 per 5,000t</td>
<td>T116</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Unconfined Compressive Strength (Bound)</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>T131</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Geometry: Alignment &amp; Level Width &amp; Surface Trim</th>
<th>One layer 2,000m² or max 1 day/s placement</th>
<th>1 Cross Section per 15m</th>
<th>Survey</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deflection Control - Benkelman Beam</td>
<td>One layer 5,000m² or max 1 day/s placement</td>
<td>4 per 1,000m² minimum 10 per lot</td>
<td>Measure &amp; 3m Straight Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compaction/Moisture Content/</td>
<td>One layer 5,000m² or max 1 day/s placement</td>
<td>10 per 5,000m² layer or 3 per lot if less</td>
<td>T160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dry Density Testing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot.
### Sub-Annexure B6
#### SPRAYED BITUMINOUS SURFACING (Specification C244)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Suppliers documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Class 170 Bitumen</td>
<td>1 tanker load</td>
<td>1 per tanker load</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Refinery Cutback Bitumen</td>
<td>1 tanker load</td>
<td>1 per tanker load</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Polymer Modified Binder</td>
<td>1 tanker load</td>
<td>1 per tanker load</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bitumen Adhesion Agent</td>
<td>1 delivery</td>
<td>1 per delivery</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Cutback Oils</td>
<td>1 delivery/tanker</td>
<td>1 per delivery/tanker</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Aggregate Precoating Agent</td>
<td>1 delivery/tanker</td>
<td>1 per delivery/tanker</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Aggregate</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per 400m³</td>
<td>AS2758.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Rates</td>
<td>Binder</td>
<td>1 day's operation</td>
<td>Calculate per spray run</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aggregate</td>
<td>1 day's operation</td>
<td>Calculate per spray run</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† One per Contract or change in material  
* Note: or part thereof, per lot
### QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

#### Sub-Annexure B7

**ASPHALTIC CONCRETE (Specification C245)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACTIVITY</th>
<th>KEY QUALITY VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>MAXIMUM LOT SIZE</th>
<th>MINIMUM TEST FREQUENCY</th>
<th>TEST METHOD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Materials Supply</strong></td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Coarse &amp; Fine Aggregates</td>
<td>1 wk's prod'n</td>
<td>1 per day</td>
<td>AS2758.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Grading</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Moisture Content</td>
<td>1 wk's prod'n</td>
<td>1 per day</td>
<td>AS1289.2.1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Wet Strength</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Wet/Dry Strength Variation</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Particle Shape</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Fractured Faces</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Polishing Agg Friction Value</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Mineral Filler</td>
<td>1 contract or 1 month's production</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS2357</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bitumen Binder</td>
<td>1 refinery batching</td>
<td>1 per tanker load</td>
<td>AS2008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Polymer Modified Bitumen</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Elasticity Recovery at 60°C</td>
<td>1 production batch by supplier</td>
<td>1 per tanker load</td>
<td>MBT 21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Viscosity on ER at 60°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>MBT 21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Torsional Recovery at 25°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>MBT 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Viscosity at 180°C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>MBT 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bitumen Adhesion Agent</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract or change in material</td>
<td>T230 or nominated equivalent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Resistance to Stripping</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)</td>
<td>1 stockpile</td>
<td>1 per stockpile</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bitumen Emulsion</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract or change in material</td>
<td>AS1160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mix Design - Nominated Mix</strong></td>
<td>Approval of mix and NATA certification. Supplier's documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 mix per contract</td>
<td>1 per mix</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Production Mix</strong></td>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>C245.7 from Spec C245 Asphaltic Concrete as included as separate table below. Additionally, max lot size one 12 hr shift's production.</td>
<td>1 per truck load</td>
<td>Measure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Moisture Content</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>AS2891.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Grading</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>AS2891.3.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Binder Content</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>AS2891.3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Resistance to Stripping</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 production mix</td>
<td>1 per mix per 5000t or once per month (whichever is the most frequent)</td>
<td>T640</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACTIVITY</td>
<td>KEY QUALITY VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS</td>
<td>MAXIMUM LOT SIZE</td>
<td>MINIMUM TEST FREQUENCY</td>
<td>TEST METHOD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laying and Compaction</td>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>1 day's laying per site</td>
<td>1 per truck load</td>
<td>Measure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Levels</td>
<td>1 day's laying per site</td>
<td>1 cross section per 25m</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Shape</td>
<td>1 day's laying</td>
<td>10 per 200m* lane length</td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Relative Compaction/Layer Thickness</td>
<td>1 day's laying</td>
<td>6 cores per lot</td>
<td>AS2891.9.3 or Nuclear Density Meter</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Note: or part thereof, per lot

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity of Asphalt in production lot</th>
<th>Minimum Frequency of Testing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 100 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 50 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101 to 300 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 100 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>301 to 600 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 150 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 600 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 200 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C245.7 Minimum Testing Frequencies for Asphalt Production
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Raw Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:- Cement, Flyash, Water, Admixtures, Fine Aggregates (C248 only)</td>
<td>1 mth's prod'n, 1 mth's prod'n, 1 contract, 1 mth's prod'n</td>
<td>1 per week, 1 per month, 1 per week, 1 per month</td>
<td>AS 3972, AS 3582.1, AS3583.13, AS1289.4.2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Grading</td>
<td>1 wk's prod'n</td>
<td>1 per 200m³ concrete*</td>
<td>AS1141.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Moisture Content</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1 per day</td>
<td>AS1141.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Sulphate Soundness</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bulk Density</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Unit Mass (particle density)</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Water Absorption</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Material Finer 2µm</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Deleterious Material (Impurities/Reactive)</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Combined Aggregates (C247 and C248)</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Grading</td>
<td>1 wk's prod'n</td>
<td>1 per 200m³ concrete*</td>
<td>AS1141.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Moisture Content</td>
<td>1 wk's prod'n</td>
<td>1 per day</td>
<td>AS1141.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Wet Strength</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS1141.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Wet/Dry Strength Variations</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS1141.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Sulphate Soundness</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS1141.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Particle Shape</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS1141.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Fractured Faces</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS1141.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bulk Density</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Unit Mass (particle density)</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Water Absorption</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Material Finer 75µm</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activity</td>
<td>Key Quality Verification Requirements</td>
<td>Maximum Lot Size</td>
<td>Minimum Test Frequency</td>
<td>Test Method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raw Materials Supply (Cont'd)</td>
<td>- Weak Particles</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Light Particles</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Deleterious Materials (Impurities/Reactive)</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Iron Unsoundness</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Falling/Dusting Unsoundness</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mix Design</td>
<td>Compressive Strength</td>
<td>1 contract mix</td>
<td>1 per mix per contract</td>
<td>AS1012.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aggregate Moisture Content</td>
<td>1 contract mix</td>
<td>1 per mix per contract</td>
<td>AS1012.3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consistency - Slump</td>
<td>1 contract mix</td>
<td>1 per mix per contract</td>
<td>AS1012.3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Air Content</td>
<td>1 contract mix</td>
<td>1 per mix per contract</td>
<td>AS1012.4 Method 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Shrinkage</td>
<td>1 contract mix</td>
<td>1 per mix per contract</td>
<td>AS1012.13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Note: or part thereof, per lot
### MASS CONCRETE SUBBASE (Specification C247)

#### ACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Concrete Supply</td>
<td>Refer Sub-Annexure B8: Ready-Mixed Concrete Production and Supply</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>Measure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Concrete/Air Temperature</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.4 Method 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Air Content</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consistency - Slump</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per load</td>
<td>AS1012.1 AS1012.8 AS1012.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compressive Strength (7 day)</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 pair per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.1 AS1012.8 AS1012.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compressive Strength (28 day)</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 pair per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.1 AS1012.8 AS1012.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Placement</td>
<td>Thickness</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>Survey and check with subgrade survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 cross section per 15m</td>
<td>Survey and 3m Straight Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curing</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per production batch</td>
<td>AS3799 AS1160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Rate</td>
<td>1 day's work</td>
<td>1 per 1000m²*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joints</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>All joints</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot
## Sub-Annexure B10
### PLAIN OR REINFORCED CONCRETE BASE (Specification C248)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Concrete Supply</td>
<td>Refer Sub-Annexure B8: Ready-Mixed Concrete Production and Supply</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>Measure</td>
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<td>Concrete/Air Temperature</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.4</td>
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<td>Air Content</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.3.1</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Consistency - Slump</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per load</td>
<td>AS1012.1 AS1012.8</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compressive Strength (7 day)</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 pair per 50m³</td>
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<td>Compressive Strength (28 day)</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 pair per 50m³</td>
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<td>Placement</td>
<td>Relative Compaction</td>
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<tr>
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<td>- Machine Placed</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³*</td>
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<td>- Hand Placed</td>
<td>Area between 2 consecutive const. joints or 50m³ (whichever is the lesser)</td>
<td>2 per lot</td>
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<td>50m³</td>
<td>5m grid on plan area</td>
<td>Survey</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 cross section per 15m</td>
<td>Survey and 3m Straight Edge</td>
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<td>Ride Quality</td>
<td>Profile Factor</td>
<td>1000m²</td>
<td>10/lane/lot</td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
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<tr>
<td>Surface Texture</td>
<td>Texture Depth</td>
<td>1000m²</td>
<td>2 per lot</td>
<td>Survey</td>
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<tr>
<td>Curing</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification</td>
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<td>1 per production batch</td>
<td>AS3799 AS1160</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Application Rate</td>
<td>1 day's work</td>
<td>1 per 1000m²*</td>
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<td>Joints</td>
<td>Sealant Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification</td>
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<td>1 per prod'n batch</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>All joints</td>
<td>Survey</td>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot
Sub-Annexure B11
BITUMINOUS MICROSurfacing (Specification C255)

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<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
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<td>1 per contract or change in material</td>
<td>AS2008</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Bitumen (prior to emulsification)</td>
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<td>- Bitumen Emulsion</td>
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<td>Residual Binder Content (Residue from Evaporation)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Degradation Factor</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Mineral Aggregates</td>
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<td>Degradation Factor</td>
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<td>Los Angeles Value</td>
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<td>Aggregate Wet Strength</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Wet/Dry Strength Variation</td>
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<td>Polished Aggregate Friction Value</td>
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<td>Sand Equivalent</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Combined Aggregate Grading</td>
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<td>Mix Design - Nominated Mix</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Approval of mix and NATA certification - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per mix</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Production Mix</td>
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<td>Residual Binder Content</td>
<td>1 day's prod'n or 50m³ (whichever is the lesser)</td>
<td>2 per 50m³ or 2 per 50m³</td>
<td>AS2891.3.1 or AS2891.3.1</td>
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<td>Laying</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Levels</td>
<td>1 layer, max 200m³</td>
<td>1 cross section per 15m</td>
<td>Survey</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Surface Quality</td>
<td>1 layer, max 200m³</td>
<td>10 per 100m* lane length</td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
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<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
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<td>- Concrete Segmental Paving Units</td>
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<td>1 per contract</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Clay Segmental Paving Units</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Bedding Sand                                         Grading</td>
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<td>AS1141.11</td>
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<td>- Joint Filling Sand                                    Grading</td>
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<td>Base</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>One layer 5000m², max 1 day's placement</td>
<td>One cross section per 25m or 10 per 200m² or lot</td>
<td>Survey</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Surface Quality</td>
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<td></td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
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<tr>
<td>Edge Restraints</td>
<td>Refer 'Minor Concrete Works'</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td>1 per 10 lin m</td>
<td>Measure/Survey</td>
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<td>Laying Paver Units</td>
<td>Joint Width</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td>All joints</td>
<td>Measure</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td>One cross section per 15m or 10 per 200m² or lot</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Surface Quality</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td></td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot
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<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
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<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
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<td>Subgrade</td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1000 lin m or 1000m²</td>
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<td>Gravel Subbase Construction</td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td>1 per 100 lin m or 100m²</td>
<td>AS1289.5.4.1</td>
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<td>Subbase Geometry</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td>1 per 25 lin m</td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
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<tr>
<td>Steel Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Suppliers</td>
<td>1 delivery</td>
<td>1 per production batch</td>
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<tr>
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<td>documentary evidence and certification</td>
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<td>Ready-Mixed Concrete Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Suppliers</td>
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<td>1 per mix type</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Consistency - Slump</td>
<td>15m³</td>
<td>1 per load</td>
<td>AS1012.3 Method 1</td>
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<td>Compressive Strength (7 and 28 day)</td>
<td>15m³</td>
<td>2 pairs per 15m³</td>
<td>AS1012.1, AS1012.8, AS1012.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>Concrete Placement</td>
<td>Finished Levels</td>
<td>15m³</td>
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<td>Survey and 3m Straight Edge measure</td>
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<td>Surface Dimensions</td>
<td>Single Fabrication</td>
<td>As required to confirm design dimensions</td>
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<td>Backfilling</td>
<td>Material Quality</td>
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<td>- Maximum particle size</td>
<td>1 contract/material type</td>
<td>1 per 200m³ or lot</td>
<td>AS1012.3.3.1</td>
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<td>- Plasticity Index</td>
<td>1 contract/material type</td>
<td>1 per 200m³ or lot</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1 day's work or max 200m²</td>
<td>1 per 200m² or lot</td>
<td>AS1012.5.4.1</td>
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<td>Sprayed Concrete</td>
<td>Test Panels and Cores</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>3 test panels and 4 cores per mix design</td>
<td>AS1012.4, AS1012.9, AS1012.14</td>
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<td>Compressive Strength Cores</td>
<td>15m³</td>
<td>2 per 15m³</td>
<td>AS1012.4, AS1012.9, AS1012.14</td>
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<td>Curing Material Quality - Supplier's</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per production batch</td>
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<td>documentary evidence and certification</td>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot
## Sub-Annexure B14
### PAVEMENT MARKINGS (Specification C261)

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<th>Activity</th>
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<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract or change in material</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Paint</td>
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<td>&quot;</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Glass Beads</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Thermoplastic Material</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Raised Pavement Markers</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
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<td>Paint Application</td>
<td>Wet Film Thickness</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
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<td>AS 1580.107.3</td>
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<td>Application Rate of Glass Beads</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per site visit or change in pressure settings</td>
<td>Annexure C261A</td>
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<td>Thermoplastic Application</td>
<td>Cold Film Thickness</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per site visit or change in pressure settings</td>
<td>Measure by micrometer</td>
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<td>Application Rate of Glass Beads</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per site visit or change in pressure settings</td>
<td>Annexure C261A</td>
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## Sub-Annexure B15
### SIGNPOSTING (Specification C262)

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<th>ACTIVITY</th>
<th>KEY QUALITY VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>MAXIMUM LOT SIZE</th>
<th>MINIMUM TEST FREQUENCY</th>
<th>TEST METHOD</th>
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<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
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<td>- Sign Blanks</td>
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<td>1 per contract, or</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>change in material</td>
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<td>- Aluminium Extrusion Backing</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
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<td>- Retro-reflective Material</td>
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<td>- Non-reflective Paint</td>
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<td>- Non-reflective Sheet Material</td>
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<td>- Steel Sign Support Structures</td>
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<td>Concrete Foundations</td>
<td>Refer ‘Minor Concrete Works’</td>
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Sub-Annexure B16  
LANDSCAPING (Specification C273)

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<tr>
<td>Seed</td>
<td>Certification of Authenticity for the prescribed Mix</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>Certification for each production batch delivered</td>
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<td>Imported Topsoil</td>
<td>Material Quality</td>
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<td>pH</td>
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<td>Organic Content</td>
<td>10,000m²</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Soluble Salt Content</td>
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<td>1 per 500m³</td>
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<td>Mulch for Planting</td>
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<td>1 contract</td>
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# QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

## Sub-Annexure B17

### WATER RETICULATION (Specification C401)

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<th>Test Method</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td><strong>AS2977</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- uPVC Pipes</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Ductile Iron Pipes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>AS2280 and AS2129</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Copper Pipe</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>AS1432</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Polyethylene Pipe</td>
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<td><strong>AS1159</strong></td>
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<td>- Stop Valves Material</td>
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<td><strong>AS2638 and AS2129</strong></td>
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<td>- Non Return Valves</td>
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<td><strong>AS3578</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Spring Hydrants</td>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>AS2544 or AS3952</strong></td>
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<td>Siting and Excavation</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 line</td>
<td>1 per line</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
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<td>Bedding</td>
<td>Material Quality - Grading</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract per source</td>
<td><strong>AS2032</strong></td>
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<td>Thrust and Anchor Blocks</td>
<td>Refer Sub-Annexure B13</td>
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<td>Concrete Encasement</td>
<td>Refer Sub-Annexure B13</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chamber Covers and Frames</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 cover/frame</td>
<td>1 per cover/frame</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Testing of Pipelines</td>
<td>Pressure testing</td>
<td>1 line</td>
<td>1 per line</td>
<td><strong>As specified C401.28</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Backfill and Compaction</td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1 line</td>
<td>1 per 2 layers max 100m²</td>
<td><strong>AS1289.5.7.1</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Switchgear and Controlgear Assembly</td>
<td>Electrical function each installation</td>
<td>each installation</td>
<td>1 factory test per installation</td>
<td><strong>AS3439</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Commissioning of Pumping Station</td>
<td>Certification testing of electrical installation in accordance with relevant Australian Standards</td>
<td>1 installation</td>
<td>1 per installation</td>
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## Sub-Annexure B18
### SEWERAGE SYSTEM (Specification C402)

<table>
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<th><strong>Maximum Lot Size</strong></th>
<th><strong>Minimum Test Frequency</strong></th>
<th><strong>Test Method</strong></th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier’s documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- uPVC Pipes 1 contract 1 per contract AS1477</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Ductile Iron Pipes 1 contract now AS2280 and AS2129</td>
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<tr>
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<td>- Vitrified Clay Pipes 1 contract now AS1741</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Precast Access Chambers 1 contract now AS4198</td>
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<tr>
<td>Siting and Excavation</td>
<td>Geometry 1 line/structure 1 per line/structure Survey</td>
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<td>Bedding</td>
<td>Material Quality - Grading 1 contract 1 per contract per source AS1152</td>
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<td>Refer Sub-Annexure B13</td>
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<tr>
<td>Laying and Jointing of Pipes, Access Chambers, Structures</td>
<td>Geometry 1 line 1 per line Survey</td>
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<td>Thrust and Anchor Blocks</td>
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<td>Cast-in-situ Access Chambers</td>
<td>Material Quality - Tri-Calcium Aluminate Content 1 contract 1 per contract per source AS3972</td>
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<td>- Fineness Index 1 contract now AS3972</td>
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<td>- Minimum Cement Content 1 contract now AS3972</td>
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<td>Acceptance Test of Gravitation Mains and Access Chambers</td>
<td>- Compressed Air Testing 1 line 1 per line As specified C402.36 C402.37</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Hydrostatic Testing 1 per test length Test length = 1370m pipeline dia.(mm) 1 line 1 per line As specified C402.38</td>
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<td>Backfill and Compaction</td>
<td>Compaction 1 line 1 per 2 layers max 100m² AS1289.5.7.1</td>
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<td>Switchgear and Controlgear Assembly</td>
<td>Electrical Compliance each installation 1 factory test per installation AS3439</td>
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<td>Commissioning of Pumping Station</td>
<td>Certification testing of electrical installation in accordance with relevant Australian Standards 1 installation 1 per installation AS3439</td>
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# QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

## CLAUSE CONTENTS PAGE

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## MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

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## ANNEXURES

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ANNEXURE CQS-C
MAXIMUM LOT SIZES AND MINIMUM TEST FREQUENCIES

GENERAL

1. The maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies are separately specified for all major activities covered by the Technical Specifications as listed hereunder.

2. The requirements applicable to this Contract are identified with an asterisk indicating that only these details are attached in this Annexure.

3. Where material/product quality certification can be obtained from the supplier, tests listed per contract/separable part need not be repeated.

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<td>C4</td>
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<td>Stabilisation</td>
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<td>C247</td>
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<td>Mass Concrete Subbase</td>
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<td>C248</td>
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<td>Plain or Reinforced Concrete Base</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>C11</td>
<td>C255</td>
<td></td>
<td>Bituminous Microsurfacing</td>
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<td>Segmental Paving</td>
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<td>Pavement Markings</td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>C18</td>
<td>C402</td>
<td></td>
<td>Sewerage System</td>
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</table>
# Sub-Annexure C1
## EARTHWORKS (Specification C213)

| Activity                          | Key Quality Verification Requirements | Maximum Lot Size | Minimum Test Frequency | Test Method | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Stripping Topsoil                 | Surface Levels                        | 10,000m²         | 1 Cross Section per 25m| Survey      |
| Excavation                        | Geometry                              | 10,000m²         | 1 Cross Section per 25m| Survey      |
| Floor of Cuttings                 | Material Quality - CBR                 | 5,000m²          | 1 per 1,000m² *        | AS1289.6.1.1|
|                                  | Compaction                            | 10,000m²         | 1 per 500m²            | AS1289.5.4.1|
| Foundation for Embankments        | Compaction                            | 5,000m²          | 1 per 500m²            | AS1289.5.4.1|
| Embankments - General             | Geometry                              | One layer        | 1 per 800m³            | AS1289.6.1.1|
|                                  | Material Quality - CBR                 | One layer        | 1 per 500m³            | AS1289.5.1.1, AS1289.5.4.1, AS1289.5.7.1|
|                                  | Compaction/Moisture Content            | One layer        | 1 per 500m³            | AS1289.5.1.1, AS1289.5.4.1, AS1289.5.7.1|
| Road Carriageway Embankments - Select Zone | Geometry                           | One layer        | 1 Cross Section per 25m| Survey      |
|                                  | Material Quality - Maximum Particle Size | 10,000m²           | 1 per 1,000m³ *        | AS1289.6.1.1|
|                                  | - CBR                                 | 10,000m²          | 1 per 500m³ *          | AS1289.5.1.1, AS1289.5.4.1, AS1289.5.7.1|
|                                  | Compaction/Moisture Content            | One layer        | 1 per 500m³ *          | AS1289.5.1.1, AS1289.5.4.1, AS1289.5.7.1|
| Fill Adjacent to Structures: Bridges, Retaining Walls and Cast-in-Situ Culverts | Material Quality                  | 1 Structure      | 1 per 200m³ *          | AS1289.3.3.1|
|                                  | - Maximum Particle Size                | 1 Structure      | 1 per 200m³ *          | AS1289.5.1.1, AS1289.5.4.1, AS1289.5.7.1|
|                                  | - Plasticity Index                     | 1 Structure      | 1 per 200m³ *          | AS1289.5.1.1, AS1289.5.4.1, AS1289.5.7.1|
|                                  | Compaction/Moisture Content            | 1 Structure      | 1 per layer             | AS1289.5.1.1, AS1289.5.4.1, AS1289.5.7.1|

* Note: or part thereof, per lot.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supply of Precast Units</td>
<td>Precast Quality - Suppliers documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 batch</td>
<td>1 per type/size/class per batch</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Siting and Excavation</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 drainage line/structure</td>
<td>1 per drainage line/structure</td>
<td>AS1289.5.4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundation</td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1 drainage line/structure</td>
<td>1 per 20 lin m *</td>
<td>AS1289.4.3.1, AS1289.4.4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material surrounding Steel Structures</td>
<td>Material Quality - pH/Electrical Resistivity</td>
<td>1 drainage line/structure</td>
<td>1 per material</td>
<td>AS1289.5.7.1, AS1289.5.4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bedding</td>
<td>Material Quality - Particle Size Distribution</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per 200 m^3 *</td>
<td>AS1141.11, AS1289.4.3.1, AS1289.4.4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Material Quality - Particle Size Distribution</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per 200 m^3 *</td>
<td>AS1141.11, AS1289.4.3.1, AS1289.4.4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compaction/Moisture Content</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 drainage line/structure</td>
<td>1 per layer, per 20 lin m</td>
<td>AS1289.4.3.1, AS1289.4.4.1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Concrete Bedding or Lining</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 Cross Section per 25m</td>
<td>Survey and 3m Straight Edge</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation of Precast Units</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 drainage line/structure</td>
<td>1 per drainage line/structure</td>
<td>Survey</td>
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<tr>
<td>Selected Backfill</td>
<td>Material Quality - Maximum Particle Size</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per 100 m^3 *</td>
<td>AS1141.22</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rock Fill for Gabions/ Wire Mattresses</td>
<td>Material Quality - Wet Strength</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per 2 layers per 50 m^2</td>
<td>AS1141.22</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kerb and Gutter</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 Cross Section per 25m</td>
<td>Survey and 3m Straight Edge</td>
<td>Survey</td>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot.
## Sub-Annexure C3
### SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE (Specifications C230, C231, C232, C233)

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Material Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
<td>1 contract/size</td>
<td>1 per type/size</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Pipe</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Filter Material</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Grading (Type A, B, C, D)</td>
<td>1 contract/size</td>
<td>1 per type</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Coefficient of Permeability (Type B)</td>
<td>1 contract/size</td>
<td>1 per type</td>
<td>AS1289.5.4.1, ASTM-D2434-68</td>
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<td>- Grading Variation after Treatment (Type B)</td>
<td>1 contract/size</td>
<td>1 per type</td>
<td>AS1141.11</td>
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<td>- 10% Fines Wet/Dry (Type C, D)</td>
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<td>1 per type</td>
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<td>Geotextile</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per type</td>
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<tr>
<td>Excavation - Trench Base</td>
<td>Line and Grade</td>
<td>1 drainage line</td>
<td>1 per drainage line</td>
<td>Survey</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1 drainage line</td>
<td>1 per 200 lin m*</td>
<td>AS1289.5.4.1</td>
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<td>Bedding and Backfill</td>
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<td>1 per drainage line</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1 drainage line</td>
<td>1 per 200 lin m*</td>
<td>AS1289.5.4.1</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Selected Backfill</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Earth Backfill</td>
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<td>Drainage Mat</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>per 25m</td>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot
### Sub-Annexure C4
#### STABILISATION (Specification C241)

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<td></td>
<td>- Cement</td>
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<td>- Quicklime</td>
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<td>- Available Lime (CaO content)</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per 100t</td>
<td>AS3583.12</td>
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<td>- Slaking Rate</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per 100t</td>
<td>T432</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Particle Size Dist'n</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS1141.11</td>
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<td>- Hydrated Lime</td>
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<td>- Available Lime (CaOH₂)</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per 100t</td>
<td>AS3583.13</td>
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<td>- Residue on Sieving</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS3583.14</td>
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<td>- Ground Blast Furnace Slag</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per month</td>
<td>AS3583.2</td>
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<td>- Flyash</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per month</td>
<td>AS3583.1</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Blended Stabilising Agent</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per month</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td>- Water</td>
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<td>Chloride ion content</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
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<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS1289.4.2.1</td>
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<td>Undissolved solids</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
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<td>Mix Design</td>
<td>NATA certification - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 mix</td>
<td>1 per mix</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stationary Mixing Plant</td>
<td>Application rate of stabilising agent</td>
<td>1 day's production</td>
<td>1 per 100t</td>
<td>AS1289.6.1.1</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compressive strength of product</td>
<td>1 day's production</td>
<td>1 per 400t</td>
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<td>In-Situ Spreading</td>
<td>Spread rate</td>
<td>1 layer 1,000m²</td>
<td>1 per lot or 1 per 500m²</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trimming and Compaction</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 layer 2,000m², max 1 day's placement</td>
<td>Survey</td>
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<td>Surface Quality</td>
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<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
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<td>Average Layer thickness</td>
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<td>1 per lot</td>
<td>Measure/Survey</td>
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<td>Average Width</td>
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<td>AS1289.5.7.1</td>
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<td>Relative Compaction/Moisture Content</td>
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<td>AS1289.5.8.1</td>
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* Note: or part thereof, per lot.
## Sub-Annexure C5
### FLEXIBLE PAVEMENTS (Specification C242)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Base and Subbase Supply   | * Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification
  - Particle Size Distribution
  - Fine Particle Size Distribution Ratio
  - Liquid Limit
  - Plastic Limit
  - Plasticity Index
  - Maximum Dry Compressive Strength
  - Particle Shape
  - Aggregate Wet Strength
  - Wet/Dry Strength Variation
  - Modified Texas Triaxial Classification
  - Unconfined Compressive Strength (Bound)  1 contract | 1 per 1,000t    | AS1289.3.6.1                   |
|                           | 1 per 1,000t                                                  | 1 contract       | 1 per 1,000t:                  |               |
|                           | 1 per 1,000t                                                  | 1 contract       | 1 per 1,000t                   | AS1289.3.3.1  |
|                           | 1 per 1,000t                                                  | 1 contract       | 1 per 5,000t                   |               |
|                           | 1 per 1,000t                                                  | 1 contract       | 1 per 1,000t                   |               |
|                           | 1 per 5,000t                                                  | 1 contract       | 1 per 5,000t                   | T114          |
|                           | 1 per 1,000t                                                  | 1 contract       | 1 per 5,000t                   | T116          |
|                           | 1 per 5,000t                                                  | 1 contract       | 1 per 5,000t                   | T171          |
|                           | 1 contract                                                  | 1 contract       | 1 per mix design              | T131          |
| Placement                 | Geometry: Alignment & Level Width & Surface Trim
  Deflection Control - Benkelman Beam
  Compaction/Moisture Content/ Dry Density Testing
  One layer 2,000m² or max 1 day's placement
  One layer 5,000m² or max 1 day's placement
  One layer 5,000m² or max 1 day's placement
  One layer 5,000m² or max 1 day's placement
  One layer 5,000m² or max 1 day's placement
| One layer 2,000m² or max 1 day's placement | 1 Cross Section per 15m
  10 per selected 200 lin m²
  4 per 1,000m² minimum 10 per lot
  10 per 5,000m² layer or 3 per lot if less |
|                           | Survey
  Measure & 3m Straight Edge
  T160
|                           | AS1289.5.2.1, T130, AS1289.5.4.1 AS1289.5.8.1               | * Note: or part thereof, per lot. |
### Sub-Annexure C6
### SPRAYED BITUMINOUS SURFACING (Specification C244)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Suppliers documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Class 170 Bitumen</td>
<td>1 tanker load</td>
<td>1 per tanker load</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Refinery Cutback Bitumen</td>
<td>1 tanker load</td>
<td>1 per tanker load</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Polymer Modified Binder</td>
<td>1 tanker load</td>
<td>1 per tanker load</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bitumen Adhesion Agent</td>
<td>1 delivery</td>
<td>1 per delivery</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Cutback Oils</td>
<td>1 delivery/tanker</td>
<td>1 per delivery/tanker</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Aggregate Precoating Agent</td>
<td>1 delivery/tanker</td>
<td>1 per delivery/tanker</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Aggregate</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per 400m³</td>
<td>AS2758.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Rates</td>
<td>Binder</td>
<td>1 day's operation</td>
<td>Calculate per spray run</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aggregate</td>
<td>1 day's operation</td>
<td>Calculate per spray run</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

† One per Contract or change in material

* Note: or part thereof, per lot
## Sub-Annexure C7
### ASPHALTIC CONCRETE (Specification C245)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Materials Supply | Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:  
    - Coarse & Fine Aggregates  
      - Grading  
      - Moisture Content  
      - Wet Strength  
      - Wet/Dry Strength Variation  
      - Particle Shape  
      - Fractured Faces  
      - Polishing Agg Friction Value  
    - Mineral Filler  
      - 1 contract or 1 month's production  
    - Bitumen Binder  
      - 1 refinery batching  | 1 wk's prod'n  
  1 contract  
  1 contract  
  1 contract  
  1 contract  
  1 contract  
  1 contract or 1 month's production  
  1 refinery batching  | 1 per day  
  )  
  )  
  ) or change in material  
  1 per tanker load  | AS2758.5  
  AS1141.22  
  AS1141.14  
  AS1141.18  
  AS1141.42  
  AS2357  
  AS2008  |
| - Polymer Modified Bitumen |  
    - Elasticity Recovery at 60°C  
    - Viscosity on ER at 60°C  
    - Torsional Recovery at 25°C  
    - Viscosity at 180°C  
    - Bitumen Adhesion Agent  
      - Resistance to Stripping  
    - Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)  
    - Bitumen Emulsion  
      - 1 stockpile  | 1 production batch by supplier  
  1 contract  
  1 stockpile  | 1 per tanker load  
  1 per contract or change in material  
  1 per stockpile  | MBT 21  
 MBT 22  
 MBT 11  
 T230 or nominated equivalent  
 AS1141.11  
 AS1160  |
| Mix Design - Nominated Mix | Approval of mix and NATA certification. Supplier's documentary evidence and certification  | 1 mix per contract  | 1 per mix  |  |
| Production Mix | Temperature  
  Moisture Content  
  Grading  
  Binder Content  
  C245.7 from Spec  
  C245 Asphaltic Concrete as included as separate table below. Additionally, max lot size one 12 hr shift's production.  | 1 per truck load  | Measure  | AS2891.10  
 AS2891.3.3  
 AS2891.3.1  |
| Resistance to Stripping | 1 production mix  | 1 per mix per 5000t or once per month (whichever is the most frequent)  |  | T640  |
### Quality System Requirements

**Activity** | **Key Quality Verification Requirements** | **Maximum Lot Size** | **Minimum Test Frequency** | **Test Method**
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---
Laying and Compaction | Temperature | 1 day's laying per site | 1 per truck load | Measure
| Levels | 1 day's laying per site | 1 cross section per 25m | Survey
| Shape | 1 day's laying | 10 per 200m* lane length | 3m Straight Edge
| Relative Compaction/Layer Thickness | 1 day's laying | 6 cores per lot, 10 nuclear density tests per lot | AS2891.9.3 or Nuclear Density Meter

* Note: or part thereof, per lot

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity of Asphalt in production lot</th>
<th>Minimum Frequency of Testing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 100 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 50 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101 to 300 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 100 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>301 to 600 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 150 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 600 tonnes</td>
<td>One per 200 tonnes or part thereof</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table C245.7 Minimum Testing Frequencies for Asphalt Production
### Sub-Annexure C8
#### READY-MIXED CONCRETE PRODUCTION & SUPPLY

*Specifications C247, C248*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Raw Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Cement: 1 mth's prod'n 1 per week AS 3972</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Flyash: 1 mth's prod'n 1 per month AS 3582.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Water: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 3583.13, AS 1289.4.2.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Admixtures: 1 mth's prod'n 1 per month AS 1478</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fine Aggregates (C248 only)</td>
<td>- Grading: 1 wk's prod'n 1 per 200m³ concrete*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>AS 1141.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Moisture Content: N/A 1 per day</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Sulphate Soundness: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 1141.24</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bulk Density: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 2758.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Unit Mass (particle density): 1 contract 1 per contract AS 2758.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Water Absorption: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 2758.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Material Finer 2µm: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 2758.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Deleterious Material (Impurities/Reactive): 1 contract 1 per contract AS 2758.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Combined Aggregates (C247 and C248):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Grading: 1 wk's prod'n 1 per 200m³ concrete*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>AS 1141.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Moisture Content: 1 per day</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Wet Strength: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 1141.22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Wet/Dry Strength Variations: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 1141.22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Sulphate Soundness: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 1141.24</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Particle Shape: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 1141.14</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Fractured Faces: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 1141.18</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bulk Density: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 2758.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Unit Mass (particle density): 1 contract 1 per contract AS 2758.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Water Absorption: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 2758.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Material Finer 75µm: 1 contract 1 per contract AS 2758.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACTIVITY</td>
<td>KEY QUALITY VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS</td>
<td>MAXIMUM LOT SIZE</td>
<td>MINIMUM TEST FREQUENCY</td>
<td>TEST METHOD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raw Materials Supply</td>
<td>- Weak Particles</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Cont'd)</td>
<td>- Light Particles</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Deleterious Materials (Impurities/Reactive)</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Iron Unsoundness</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Falling/Dusting Unsoundness</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td>AS 2758.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mix Design</td>
<td>Compressive Strength</td>
<td>1 contract mix</td>
<td>1 per mix per contract</td>
<td>AS 1012.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aggregate Moisture Content</td>
<td>1 contract mix</td>
<td>1 per mix per contract</td>
<td>AS 1012.3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consistency - Slump</td>
<td>1 contract mix</td>
<td>1 per mix per contract</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Air Content</td>
<td>1 contract mix</td>
<td>1 per mix per contract</td>
<td>AS 1012.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Shrinkage</td>
<td>1 contract mix</td>
<td>1 per mix per contract</td>
<td>AS 1012.13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Note: or part thereof, per lot
## MASS CONCRETE SUBBASE (Specification C247)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Concrete Supply</td>
<td>Refer Sub-Annexure C8: Ready-Mixed Concrete Production and Supply</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>Measure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Concrete/Air Temperature</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.4 Method 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consistency - Slump</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per load</td>
<td>AS1012.3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compressive Strength (7 day)</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 pair per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.1, AS1012.8, AS1012.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compressive Strength (28 day)</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 pair per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.1, AS1012.8, AS1012.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Placement</td>
<td>Thickness</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>5m grid on plan area</td>
<td>Survey and check with subgrade survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 cross section per 15m</td>
<td>Survey and 3m Straight Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curing</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier’s documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per production batch</td>
<td>AS3799, AS1160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Rate</td>
<td>1 day’s work</td>
<td>1 per 1000m²*</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joints</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>All joints</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Note: or part thereof, per lot
## Sub-Annexure C10
### PLAIN OR REINFORCED CONCRETE BASE (Specification C248)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Concrete Supply</td>
<td>Refer Sub-Annexure C8: Ready-Mixed Concrete Production and Supply</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>Measure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Concrete/Air Temperature</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.4 Method 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Air Content</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consistency - Slump</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per load</td>
<td>AS1012.8 AS1012.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compressive Strength (7 day)</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 pair per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.1 AS1012.8 AS1012.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compressive Strength (28 day)</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 pair per 50m³</td>
<td>AS1012.1 AS1012.8 AS1012.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Placement</td>
<td>Relative Compaction</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 per 50m³*</td>
<td>AS1012.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Machine Placed</td>
<td>Area between 2</td>
<td>2 per lot</td>
<td>AS1012.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>consecutive</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>const. joints</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>or 50m³ (whichever is the lesser)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Thickness</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>5m grid on plan area</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>1 cross section per 15m</td>
<td>Survey and 3m Straight Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ride Quality</td>
<td>Profile Factor</td>
<td>1000m²</td>
<td>10/lane/lot</td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface Texture</td>
<td>Texture Depth</td>
<td>1000m²</td>
<td>2 per lot</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curing</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per production batch</td>
<td>AS3799 AS1160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Rate</td>
<td>1 day's work</td>
<td>1 per 1000m²**</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joints</td>
<td>Sealant Material Quality Supplier's documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per prod'n batch</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>50m³</td>
<td>All joints</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Note: or part thereof, per lot
## Sub-Annexure C11
### BITUMINOUS MICRO SURFACING (Specification C255)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bitumen (prior to emulsification)</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract or change in material</td>
<td>AS2008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bitumen Emulsion</td>
<td></td>
<td>2 per bulk delivery</td>
<td>AS1160, App.D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Residual Binder Content (Residue from Evaporation)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Mineral Aggregates</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Degradation Factor</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract or 6 month period</td>
<td>AS1141.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Los Angeles Value</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Aggregate Wet Strength</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Wet/Dry Strength Variation</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Polished Aggregate Friction Value</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Sand Equivalent</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 month's prod’n</td>
<td>AS1289.3.7.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Combined Aggregate Grading</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.11,</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>AS1141.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mix Design - Nominated Mix</td>
<td>Approval of mix and NATA certification - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per mix</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Production Mix</td>
<td>Grading</td>
<td>1 day's prod'n or 50m$^3$ (whichever is the lesser)</td>
<td>2 per 50m$^3$**</td>
<td>AS2891.3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Residual Binder Content</td>
<td>2 per 50m$^3$**</td>
<td></td>
<td>AS2891.3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laying</td>
<td>Levels</td>
<td>1 layer, max 200m$^3$</td>
<td>1 cross section per 15m</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Surface Quality</td>
<td>1 layer, max 200m$^3$</td>
<td>10 per 100m$^3$ lane length</td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Note: or part thereof, per lot
## Sub-Annexure C12
### SEGMENTAL PAVING (Specification C254)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACTIVITY</th>
<th>KEY QUALITY VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>MAXIMUM LOT SIZE</th>
<th>MINIMUM TEST FREQUENCY</th>
<th>TEST METHOD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Concrete Segmental Paving Units</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Clay Segmental Paving Units</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Bedding Sand - Grading</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract or change in material</td>
<td>AS1141.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Joint Filling Sand - Grading</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract or change in material</td>
<td>AS1141.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Base</td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>One layer 5000m², max 1 day's placement</td>
<td>One cross section per 25m or 10 per 200m² or lot</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Surface Quality</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edge Restraints</td>
<td>Refer 'Minor Concrete Works'</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td>1 per 10 lin m</td>
<td>Measure/Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laying Paver Units</td>
<td>Joint Width</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td>All joints</td>
<td>Measure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Geometry</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td>One cross section per 15m or 10 per 200m² or lot</td>
<td>Survey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Surface Quality</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td></td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Note: or part thereof, per lot
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subgrade</td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1000 lin m or 1000m²</td>
<td>1 per 200 lin m or 200m²</td>
<td>AS1289.5.4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gravel Subbase Construction</td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td>1 per 100 lin m or 100m²</td>
<td>AS1289.5.4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Subbase Geometry</td>
<td>1 day's placement</td>
<td>1 per 25 lin m</td>
<td>3m Straight Edge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steel Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Suppliers documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 delivery</td>
<td>1 per production batch</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ready-Mixed Concrete Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Suppliers documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per mix type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consistency - Slump</td>
<td>15m³</td>
<td>1 per load</td>
<td>AS1012.3 Method 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compressive Strength (7 and 28 day)</td>
<td>15m³</td>
<td>2 pairs per 15m³</td>
<td>AS1012.1, AS1012.8, AS1012.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concrete Placement</td>
<td>Finished Levels</td>
<td>15m³</td>
<td>1 cross section per 15m</td>
<td>Survey and 3m Straight Edge measure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Surface Dimensions</td>
<td>Single Fabrication</td>
<td>As required to confirm design dimensions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backfilling</td>
<td>Material Quality</td>
<td>1 contract/ material type</td>
<td>1 per 200m³ or lot</td>
<td>AS1289.3.3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Maximum particle size</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Plasticity Index</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compaction</td>
<td>1 day's work or max 200m²</td>
<td>1 per 200m² or lot</td>
<td>AS1289.5.4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sprayed Concrete</td>
<td>Test Panels and Cores</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>3 test panels and 4 cores per mix design</td>
<td>AS1012.4, AS1012.9, AS1012.14</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Compressive Strength Cores</td>
<td>15m³</td>
<td>2 per 15m³</td>
<td>AS1012.4, AS1012.9, AS1012.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Curing Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per production batch</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Note: or part thereof, per lot
### Sub-Annexure C14

**PAVEMENT MARKINGS (Specification C261)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per contract or change in material</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Paint</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Glass Beads</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Thermoplastic Material</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Raised Pavement Markers</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paint Application</td>
<td>Wet Film Thickness</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per site visit or change in pressure settings</td>
<td>AS 1580.107.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Rate of Glass Beads</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per site visit or change in pressure settings</td>
<td>Annexure C261A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermoplastic Application</td>
<td>Cold Film Thickness</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per site visit or change in pressure settings</td>
<td>Measure by micrometer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Rate of Glass Beads</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 per site visit or change in pressure settings</td>
<td>Annexure C261A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### MATERIALS SUPPLY

- **Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:**
  - Sign Blanks 1 contract, or change in material
  - Aluminium Extrusion Backing 1 contract
  - Retro-reflective Material 1 contract
  - Non-reflective Paint 1 contract
  - Non-reflective Sheet Material 1 contract
  - Steel Sign Support Structures 1 contract

### CONCRETE FOUNDATIONS

Refer 'Minor Concrete Works'
## Landscaping (Specification C273)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seed</td>
<td>Certification of Authenticity for the prescribed Mix</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>Certification for each production batch delivered</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Imported Topsoil</td>
<td>Material Quality</td>
<td>10,000m²</td>
<td>1 per 500m³</td>
<td>AS4419</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- pH</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Organic Content</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Soluble Salt Content</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Mulch for Planting</td>
<td>Material Quality</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>1 contract</td>
<td>AS4454</td>
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</table>
### Sub-Annexure C17
#### WATER RETICULATION (Specification C401)

<table>
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<tr>
<th>ACTIVITY</th>
<th>KEY QUALITY VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS</th>
<th>MAXIMUM LOT SIZE</th>
<th>MINIMUM TEST FREQUENCY</th>
<th>TEST METHOD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Materials Supply</td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier's documentary evidence and certification of:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- uPVC Pipes 1 contract 1 per contract AS2977</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Ductile Iron Pipes 1 contract &quot; AS2280 and AS2129</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Copper Pipe 1 contract &quot; AS1432</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Polyethylene Pipe 1 contract &quot; AS1159</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Stop Valves Material 1 contract &quot; AS2638 and AS2129</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Non Return Valves 1 contract &quot; AS3578</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Spring Hydrants 1 contract 1 per contract AS2544 or AS3952</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Siting and Excavation</td>
<td>Geometry 1 line 1 per line Survey</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bedding</td>
<td>Material Quality - Grading 1 contract 1 per contract per source AS2032</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thrust and Anchor Blocks</td>
<td>Refer Sub-Annexure C13</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concrete Encasement</td>
<td>Refer Sub-Annexure C13</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chamber Covers and Frames</td>
<td>Geometry 1 cover/frame 1 per cover/frame survey</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Testing of Pipelines</td>
<td>Pressure testing 1 line 1 per line As specified C401.28</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backfill and Compaction</td>
<td>Compaction 1 line 1 per 2 layers max 100m² AS1289.5.7.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switchgear and Controlgear Assembly</td>
<td>Electrical function each installation 1 factory test per installation AS3439</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commissioning of Pumping Station</td>
<td>Certification testing of electrical installation in accordance with relevant Australian Standards 1 installation 1 per installation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Sub-Annexure C18
### SEWERAGE SYSTEM (Specification C402)

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Key Quality Verification Requirements</th>
<th>Maximum Lot Size</th>
<th>Minimum Test Frequency</th>
<th>Test Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Materials Supply</strong></td>
<td>Material Quality - Supplier’s documentary evidence and certification of: &lt;br&gt;  - uPVC Pipes 1 contract 1 per contract AS1477 &lt;br&gt;  - Ductile Iron Pipes 1 contract &quot; AS2280 and AS2129 &lt;br&gt;  - Vitrified Clay Pipes 1 contract &quot; AS1741 &lt;br&gt;  - Precast Access Chambers 1 contract &quot; AS4198</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Siting and Excavation</strong></td>
<td>Geometry 1 line/structure 1 per line/structure Survey</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Bedding</strong></td>
<td>Material Quality - Grading 1 contract 1 per contract per source AS 1152</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Concrete Bedding</strong></td>
<td>Refer Sub-Annexure C13</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Laying and Jointing of Pipes, Access Chambers, Structures</strong></td>
<td>Geometry 1 line 1 per line Survey</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Concrete Encasement</strong></td>
<td>Refer Sub-Annexure C13</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cast-in-situ Access Chambers</strong></td>
<td>Material Quality - Tri-Calcium Aluminate Content 1 contract 1 per contract per source AS3972 &lt;br&gt;  - Fineness Index 1 contract &quot; AS3972 &lt;br&gt;  - Minimum Cement Content 1 contract &quot; AS3972</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acceptance Test of Gravitation Mains and Access Chambers</strong></td>
<td>Compressed Air Testing 1 line 1 per line As specified C402.36 C402.37 &lt;br&gt;  - Hydrostatic Testing 1 per test length Test length = 1370m pipeline dia.(mm) 1 per line As specified C402.38</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Backfill and Compaction</strong></td>
<td>Compaction 1 line 1 per 2 layers max 100m² AS1289.5.7.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Switchgear and Controlgear Assembly</strong></td>
<td>Electrical Compliance each installation 1 factory test per installation AS3439</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Commissioning of Pumping Station</strong></td>
<td>Certification testing of electrical installation in accordance with relevant Australian Standards 1 installation 1 per installation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL

DEVELOPMENT
CONSTRUCTION
SPECIFICATION

CQS

QUALITY SYSTEM
REQUIREMENTS
**Amendment Record for this Specification Part**

This Specification is Council's edition of the AUS-SPEC generic specification part and includes Council's primary amendments.

Details are provided below outlining the clauses amended from the Council edition of this AUS-SPEC Specification Part. The clause numbering and context of each clause are preserved. New clauses are added towards the rear of the specification part as special requirements clauses. Project specific additional script is shown in the specification as italic font.

The amendment code indicated below is ‘A’ for additional script ‘M’ for modification to script and ‘O’ for omission of script. An additional code ‘P’ is included when the amendment is project specific.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amendment Sequence No.</th>
<th>Key Topic addressed in amendment</th>
<th>Clause No.</th>
<th>Amendment Code</th>
<th>Author Initials</th>
<th>Amendment Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXAMPLE  1</td>
<td>Provision for acceptance of nonconformance with deduction in Payment</td>
<td>XYZ.00</td>
<td>AP</td>
<td>KP</td>
<td>2/6/97</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
QUALITY SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

GENERAL

CQS1 SCOPE

1. This Specification covers the contractual requirements for the Quality System documentation and operation.

CQS2 PREAMBLE

1. The Contractor shall establish, implement and maintain a Quality System in accordance with this Specification and the requirements of AS/NZS 3905.2 and AS/NZS ISO 9002

2. The Quality System as expressed in the Quality Plan shall be used throughout the course of the Contract to ensure that the quality of the Contractor's and any subcontractor's work complies with the requirements of the Contract Documents. This shall apply to all work under the Contract, both on site and off site.

3. Notwithstanding any statements to the contrary in the Contractor's Quality Manual or Quality Plan, no part of the Quality System shall be used to pre-empt, preclude or otherwise negate the requirements of any part of the Contract Documents. Quality System elements shall be used as an aid in achieving compliance with the Contract Documents and documenting such compliance. In no way shall they relieve the Contractor of its responsibility to comply with the Contract Documents.

CQS3 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

1. Documents referenced in this specification are listed in full below whilst being cited in the text in the abbreviated form or code indicated.

   - AS/NZS ISO 9002 - Quality systems - Model for quality assurance in production, installation and servicing.
   - AS/NZS ISO 10013 - Guidelines for developing quality manuals.
   - SAA QS5 - Guide to the assessment and auditing of quality management systems

2. Clause references shown on the right margin (keyword column) relate to AS/NZS ISO 9002 and are referenced in AS/NZS 3905.2 unless otherwise stated.
CQS4 DEFINITIONS

1. For the purpose of this Specification, the definitions as in AS/NZS 3905.2 and AS/NZS ISO 8402 and those below apply:

Corrective Action

Measures, including preventative measures, taken to rectify conditions which have caused or might cause nonconformity.

Corrective Action Request

A formal advice/instruction from the Superintendent regarding departures from the Quality System or Methods as approved in the Quality Plan. Unless specifically noted, it will not require raising of a Nonconformance Report.

Disposition

Action to be taken to resolve nonconformance. (Lot Specific)

Hold Point

A defined position in the construction/manufacturing stages of the Contract beyond which work shall not proceed without mandatory verification and acceptance by the Superintendent.

The issue of a Nonconformance Report (NCR) or a Notice of Nonconformance (NNC) automatically creates a Hold Point.

Inspection and Test Plan

The working document which identifies the specific inspections and tests to be carried out for works required by the Contract.

Lot

A lot consists of any part of the works which has been constructed/manufactured under essentially uniform conditions and is essentially homogeneous with respect to material and general appearance.

The whole of the work included in a lot shall be of a uniform quality without obvious changes in attribute values.

Method Statement

A document that specifies the key steps and sequence in the manufacture/construction for an activity; what, how and by whom it shall be done; what materials and equipment shall be used to achieve the required quality standards.

- Procedures
- Technical Procedures
- Process Descriptions
- Specific Procedures

Nonconformance Report

A mandatory (standard format) report submitted by the Contractor that details the nonconforming work and the Contractor's proposed disposition of the nonconformance.

NCR

Synonym or
Notice of Nonconformance

Formal instruction from the Superintendent regarding product nonconformance from that specified. It automatically creates a Hold Point and requires a Nonconformance Report from the Contractor.

Performance Audit

An examination to evaluate whether established methods and procedures are being adhered to in practice.

Product Audit

An assessment of the conformity of the product with the specified technical requirements.

Quality Assurance

The management actions covering planning, quality control testing, inspection and verification procedures integrated with production to provide a product fit for the purpose.

Quality Assurance Representative

Appointed by the Principal for a specific project and responsible for the auditing, review and surveillance of procedures and documentation required by the Contractor’s approved Quality Plan.

Quality Check Lists

Forms completed during the manufacture/construction process verifying key steps, and records required for the Quality Register. Check lists apply to each identified lot of work.

Quality Management Representative

Appointed by the Contractor for a specific project with the authority and responsibility for the implementation and operation of the Quality Plan, to ensure that Quality System requirements are not subordinated to design and productivity.

Quality Manual

A document setting out the general quality policies, procedures and practices of an organisation.

Quality Plan

The Quality Assurance documentation specific to a Contract which comprises of the Corporate Quality Manual with its job specific annexures, method statements, inspection and test plans and check lists.
Quality Register

The files containing all quality control records such as test results, completed check lists, certificates of compliance, consignment dockets for materials procured.

Quality System Elements

The administrative activities affecting quality that need to be implemented and controlled to ensure that the product or a service meets specified quality requirements.

Special Processes

Those processes, the results of which cannot be directly examined to establish full conformance. Assurance of satisfactory conformance depends on evidence generated during the process.

System Audit

An examination of the documented Quality System represented by the Quality Manual, Quality Plan and Quality Register to evaluate their effectiveness in meeting the requirements of Australian Standards and the Specification.

Witness Point

A nominated position in the manufacture/construction stages of the Contract where the option of attendance may be exercised by the Superintendent, after notification of the requirement.

CQS5 ABBREVIATIONS

1. Abbreviations used in this specification are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CAR</td>
<td>Corrective Action Request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CQS</td>
<td>Contract Quality System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HP</td>
<td>Hold Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ITP</td>
<td>Inspection and Test Plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NATA</td>
<td>National Association of Testing Authorities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NCR</td>
<td>Nonconformance Report</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NNC</td>
<td>Notice of Nonconformance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QA</td>
<td>Quality Assurance</td>
</tr>
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<td>QAR</td>
<td>Quality Assurance Representative (Principal)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QM</td>
<td>Quality Manual</td>
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<td>QMR</td>
<td>Quality Management Representative (Contractor)</td>
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<td>QP</td>
<td>Quality Plan</td>
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<tr>
<td>QR</td>
<td>Quality Register</td>
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<tr>
<td>SED</td>
<td>System Element Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WP</td>
<td>Witness Point</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

QUALITY MANUAL AND QUALITY PLAN

CQS6 QUALITY MANUAL

1. The Company Quality Manual shall cover and include the requirements as specified in the Quality System Documentation section of AS/NZS 3905.2 with guidance
2. It shall incorporate all applicable System Element Descriptions with reasons for those not regarded as applicable. Additionally it should include standard Method Statements and Inspection and Test Plans for the activities usually undertaken by the Contractor. It would be normal to have these in separate volumes.

CQS7 QUALITY PLAN

1. The Quality System shall be incorporated in the project Quality Plan. The Company Quality Manual with its System Element Descriptions, standard Method Statements and Check Lists and the project specific components make up the Quality Plan. This is illustrated conceptionally in Figure CQS1.

**Content of QP**

ISO-9002

Specification for Contract Quality System

Conditions of Contract

**Figure CQS1 - Project Quality System Documentation**

CQS8 ANNEXURES TO QUALITY MANUAL

The following details shall be provided by appropriate annexures to the Company Quality Manual:

CQS8.1 Organisation Structure

- The organisation structure for the management of the project with details of the specific responsibilities and authorities of the nominated key personnel.
- The Quality Management Representative (QMR) including this person's
qualifications, technical experience and present position together with responsibilities and authorities to resolve quality matters.

- The personnel or contracted testing organisations who will be conducting each type of compliance inspection of testing of completed works, their experience, qualification and responsibilities.

- The person authorised to change construction processes on site.

CQS8.2 Addendums to System Element Descriptions

The System Element Descriptions in the Company Quality Manual shall be augmented with suitable addendums to satisfy the requirements of this Specification.

CQS8.3 Register of Method Statements

A Register of Method Statements giving the title, identifier and revision status, shall be provided. This Register shall list all Method Statements that are to be included in the Quality Plan for the Contract and shall include any suitable Method Statements already incorporated in the Company Quality Manual.

JOB SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS

CQS9 GENERAL

1. In the Quality Plan, the System Element Descriptions in the Company Quality Manual will need augmentation to cover the requirements of AS/NZS ISO 9002, AS/NZS 3905.2 and this Specification. This shall be provided in the form of suitable Annexures or where applicable included in the Method Statements or Inspection and Test Plans.

CQS10 METHOD STATEMENTS

1. Method Statements shall be provided for all activities scheduled in Annexure CQS-B. This requirement applies to both contract and subcontracted work. The documentation shall cover, as applicable, planning, methods, verification and control.

2. The presentation of Method Statements may be either descriptive, in the form of flow charts or a combination of both. In either case it must be accompanied by a Check List which shall include the relevant inspection and test points, surveying control points and Hold Points and the officer responsible to verify each check point.

3. A system audit of each Method Statement shall be carried out by the Contractor whilst the process is in effect.

4. The absence of a Method Statement for activities where it has been specified will automatically create a Hold Point.

CQS11 DOCUMENT CONTROL

1. In addition to the requirements of AS/NZS ISO 9002 AS/NZS 3905.2, the Quality Plan shall specify the method of keeping Quality Registers, tracking and handling of NCRs and NNCs and site correspondence.

2. A copy of AS/NZS 3905.2 and AS/NZS 9002 shall be kept on site.
CQS12 MEASURING AND TESTING EQUIPMENT

1. The Quality Plan shall include the latest NATA advice of the terms of registration and current signatories for the laboratories which will be providing the compliance test reports.

2. Inspection, testing and measuring equipment shall be capable of producing the precision and/or degree of accuracy specified in the referenced Test Methods and this shall be demonstrable by records of calibration.

CQS13 PURCHASING

1. Except where the contract documents already stipulate another quality system standard for specific products or services, the quality assurance provisions detailed in this Specification shall apply to all subcontracted products or services which constitute work under the Contract.

2. The Contractor shall ensure that the requirements of AS/NZS ISO 9002, AS/NZS 3905.2 and the requirements of this clause are included in all such subcontracts.

CQS14 INSPECTION AND TEST PLANS

CQS14.1 Documentation

1. The Quality Plan shall include all inspections, tests and documentation necessary to ensure that the Works comply with Contract Documents.

CQS14.2 Sampling and Testing

1. All compliance inspections and tests shall be based on lots.

2. The Inspection and Test Plans shall include details of the sampling methods. Sampling shall not be restricted to locations dimensioned or otherwise defined for setting out the Works in the Drawings or Specification, but shall be undertaken in a random or unbiased manner, as approved by the Superintendent, at any location within the Works to demonstrate its compliance with the Specification.

3. The maximum lot sizes and minimum testing frequencies are listed in the Annexures to the relevant Specifications and/or in Annexure CQS-C to this Specification. Where no minimum frequency of testing, or maximum lot size is stated in the Specification, the Inspection and Test Plan(s) shall nominate appropriate frequencies for the Superintendent's approval.

4. The Inspection and Test Plans shall also uphold any time limits for testing which may be imposed by the Technical Specifications.

5. Where Test Methods are nominated in the Technical Specifications, sampling and testing shall be carried out by a NATA registered laboratory accredited for those test methods and sampling procedures. Sampling shall be conducted by personnel from the NATA registered laboratory which has been accredited for that sampling procedure and shall be supervised by the approved signatory from that laboratory. Test results shall be reported on NATA endorsed test documentation which shall include a statement by the approved signatory certifying that the correct sampling procedures have been followed.

6. In special circumstances the Principal may accredit a laboratory that is not NATA registered for specific tests or inspection procedures.

7. Every testing agency or person providing written test reports for any and all
testing undertaken shall use unique consecutive project specific serial numbering of the reports for identification and auditing purposes.

8. The Contractor shall reinstate all core holes, test holes, excavations and any other disturbance resulting from any testing activity. The reinstatement shall be to a standard which is at least equal to the specified requirements for the particular work.

9. The responsibility for completion of inspections, tests and documentation shall be stated in the Quality Plan.

CQS14.3 Hold Points

1. To assure compliance with the specified standards and requirements, mandatory Hold Points shall apply. Hold Points are those stages during the construction/manufacturing process where the Technical Specifications require “approval by the Superintendent” or where a NCR or NNC has been issued. The Contractor shall not proceed past the HP until approval has been received from the Superintendent to proceed. For ease of identification Hold Points may also be annotated on the margins of Technical Specifications.

2. To obtain the approval to proceed from the Superintendent, the Contractor shall:
   - provide the information required by the Technical Specifications
   - ensure and certify that the particular lot/process is conforming;
   - ensure and certify that all underlying and adjacent lots affected by the lot in question are conforming;
   - submit the appropriate form (Check List, NCR or NNC) at least 24 hours prior to the time the Contractor wishes to proceed with the placement/construction of the next lot, unless some alternative arrangements have been agreed with the Superintendent.

3. If the HP has resulted from a NCR or NNC, the Superintendent’s approval may be conditional on a Witness Point being included.

CQS14.4 Content

1. As a minimum, the Inspection and Test Plans shall contain the following information:
   - item number/lot type reference(s)
   - activity description
   - specification requirements or where impractical: specification reference
   - sampling method
   - test method
   - test frequency

2. Inspection and Test Plans will typically have an associated Check List which shall require completion for each particular lot.

CQS15 INSPECTIONS

1. Incoming inspections shall be required for deliveries of materials that will be subsequently included in one or more lots. When completing Check Lists for particular Lots the inspection status shall be cited.

2. In-process and compliance inspections shall be completed by a responsible officer nominated in the Check List and certified by the Contractor’s QMR indicating that
the work has been completed in accordance with the Contract Documents.

3. The Contractor shall establish and maintain a system to ensure and demonstrate that all products or parts of products requiring inspection and/or testing are so inspected and/or tested. \textit{Clause 4.10.3}

4. The Contractor shall also establish and maintain a system for identifying the inspection status for all lots of work. \textit{Clause 4.10.4}

CQS16 IDENTIFICATION

CQS16.1 Lots

1. All items of work shall be subdivided into lots. \textit{Lot Size}

2. Lots shall be chosen by the Contractor but shall be within the limits given in Annexure CQS-C. In general, the size of the lot shall not exceed one day's output for each work process designated for lot testing. \textit{Clause 4.8}

3. Lot numbers shall be used as identifiers on all Quality System data. \textit{Lot Numbers}

4. The Contractor shall determine the bounds of each lot before sampling and shall physically identify each lot clearly. The physical identification of a lot shall be maintained until the Contractor has ensured that the lot has achieved the specified quality. \textit{Clause 4.10.4}

CQS16.2 Lot Numbering

1. Each lot shall be given a unique lot number. The allocation of lot numbers shall be carried out by the Contractor to suit the circumstances, provided the lot numbering system complies with the following requirements: \textit{Lot Identification}

   - the lot number shall be entered in the Quality Register which shall provide at least the following information:
     - three dimensional location of the lot (chainage of the start and finish points, lateral location and layer location) and/or the particular structure (eg. pier or abutment number, pour number)
     - indication of conformance or nonconformance
     - summary of test results (eg. characteristic value) and
     - location of test sites, test identification numbers and test results
   - for nonconforming lots a new number, or numbers, shall be allocated to the resubmitted/subdivided lot(s), but reference shall be maintained to the original lot number. \textit{Non-conforming Lots}

CQS16.3 Lot Identification

1. To ensure all site personnel can readily identify where the particular lots are in the field, the Contractor shall implement a field identification system which will clearly identify the bounds of each lot and the lot number. This identification system shall be detailed in the Quality Plan and shall be maintained during all stages of construction of the lot. \textit{Field Identification}

2. The boundaries of a lot may be changed if subsequent events cause the original lot to be no longer essentially homogeneous. This will require appropriate notation in the Quality Register by the QMR. \textit{Lot Boundaries}

CQS17 TRACEABILITY

1. The lot identification system, site records and sample numbering system shall
allow test results to be positively identified with material incorporated in the works.

2. Traceability is required for concrete loads, asphalt loads and steel plate as follows:

   (a) Concrete used in bridge components, cast-in-place box culverts, retaining walls, road pavement subbase and base. Asphalt used in wearing courses, intermediate courses and drainage layers.
   
   The trace shall start at the batch plant and finish at the location where the concrete or asphalt is incorporated in the Works. Records shall be kept of the batch quantities, mix and despatch time, testing details and location of placement.

   (b) Steel plate in bridge girders and bridge columns.

   The trace shall start at the steelworks and finish at the location of the plate in the girder or column. Records shall be kept of the steel heat number, testing details and location of the plate in the girder or column.

CQS18 SURVEYING CONTROL

1. Surveying Control shall be treated as a separate System Element and shall include all measurement, calculation and record procedures necessary to:

   (a) set out the Works

   (b) verify conformance to the Drawings and Specification in relation to dimensions, tolerances and three dimensional position,

   (c) determine lengths, areas or volumes of materials or products, where required for measurement of work.

2. The Method Statements for Surveying Control shall address the process control parameters in AS/NZS 3905.2 for special processes which cannot be fully verified by subsequent inspection and test.

3. The Contractor shall appoint qualified surveyors who are eligible for membership of the Institution of Surveyors, Australia or the Institution of Engineering and Mining Surveyors, Australia to supervise and take responsibility for all Surveying Control.

4. The procedures and equipment used must be capable of attaining the tolerances nominated in the Specification.

5. Sampling for conformance verification purposes shall not be restricted to the locations used to set out the Works.

6. The Contractor shall submit a Survey Conformance Report for each lot or component where design levels, position and/or tolerances have been specified. The Survey Conformance Report shall show 'specified vs actual' for position (defined by coordinates or chainage and offset), level and tolerance as appropriate and shall be certified by the qualified surveyor responsible for the verification survey.

7. Where work is to be covered up after conformance has been achieved, a HOLD POINT shall apply until the Survey Conformance Report has been submitted.

8. All survey records shall be included in the Quality Records and recorded in the Quality Register. Verification field book pages shall be clearly labelled, dated and signed by the surveyor with cross indexed references to equipment used, lot/component identification and associated Survey Conformance Reports. Where automatic data recording systems are used for verification surveys, a printout of both raw (field) data and
reduced data shall be retained in a similar manner as conventional field books.

**CQS19  RECORDS**

1. The Contractor shall keep and maintain all Quality System records as required by AS/NZS ISO 9002, AS/NZS 3905.2 and this Specification. They shall be systematically recorded, indexed and filed so as to be retrievable and accessible to the Superintendent or an appointed Quality Auditor on a job basis within one working day of requisition.

2. Conformance records shall be stored and maintained such that they are readily retrievable and in facilities that provide a suitable environment to minimise deterioration or damage and to prevent loss.

3. The Contractor shall make the quality records available to the Superintendent at all reasonable times. If requested by the Superintendent, the Contractor shall provide copies of the records or test results at no cost to the Principal.

4. If requested by the Principal, within one month from the date of Practical Completion, the Contractor shall provide the Superintendent with a copy of the Quality Register, or parts thereof.

5. The Contractor shall supply the Superintendent progressively with advice in writing of any amendments to design details for inclusion in Work-As-Executed Drawings (W.A.E).

**CQS20  NONCONFORMANCE**

1. All nonconforming works detected by the Contractor's Quality System shall be reported to the Superintendent via a Nonconformance Report within one working day of being detected. Nonconformance Reports shall be submitted with all records which indicate a departure from the requirements of the Contract Documents. The NCR shall indicate the proposed disposition.

2. If the disposition of the nonconformance cannot be determined within one working day, the Contractor shall submit a partially completed NCR identifying the nonconformance.

3. The nonconforming product shall not be covered up unless a disposition has been accepted/approved by the Superintendent and implemented by the Contractor.

4. Where nonconformance can be overcome by simply reworking the lot with the original process, a NCR will be required but a Hold Point will not apply.

5. With the exception of circumstances described in paragraph 4 above, a NCR will automatically create a HOLD POINT which shall apply until conformance has been achieved and the Superintendent has signed the Authorisation to Proceed.

6. The Superintendent will issue a Corrective Action Request (CAR) when he detects nonconformance to the Contractors Quality System or Methods. Unless specifically stated, this will not create a Hold Point.

7. Where the Superintendent's inspections, surveillance or audits detect product nonconformance, he will issue a Notice of Nonconformance (NNC). This will immediately create a Hold Point and the Contractor is required to submit an NCR in accordance with this Clause.

8. In instances where there is a discrepancy between the test results obtained by the Superintendent and those provided by the Contractor, the results from the Superintendent shall prevail except where the Superintendent may determine a specific...
9. The Contractor shall utilise the standard form for use as an NCR. This form is included as Annexure CQS-D to this specification. All actions shall be signed off by authorised representatives of the Contractor and Superintendent as applicable.

10. The Contractor shall establish a suitable numbering and registration system for all NCRs and NNCs, including cross referencing as required.

11. The Contractor shall nominate a proposed disposition for any nonconformance within five working days or shall show cause to the Superintendent for any further delay. Under no circumstances will the deliberation on disposition of a nonconformance justify an extension of time to the Contract period.

### CQS21 DISPOSITION OF NONCONFORMANCE

1. The Contractor shall advise the Superintendent in the NCR of the proposed disposition of the particular nonconformance. This proposed disposition will constitute corrective action for the lot or lots referred to in the NCR and may comprise one of the following:

   (a) propose additional works to bring the lot up to the specified standard; or
   (b) replace all or part of the lot to bring it up to the specified standard; or
   (c) request utilisation of a lot for a reduced level of service if such a clause exists in the relevant Technical Specification; or
   (d) for incidental defects, request that the Superintendent accept the lot without alteration as an exception with or without alteration to the respective unit rates.

2. Any proposed disposition shall be subject to the approval of the Superintendent. Reworked/replaced lots shall be verified to conform to the specified requirements.

### CQS22 CORRECTIVE ACTION

1. The Contractor will be required to indicate on the NCR corrective action appropriate to ensure that the Quality Plan is effective in avoiding recurrence of the nonconformance and continues to be effective.

### CQS23 STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES

1. Random sampling techniques shall be used for each lot for the control of compaction of each continuous layer of earthworks, flexible pavement and asphalt.

2. Annexure CQS-A defines the method to be used for determining test locations of random sampling in each lot.

3. Annexure CQS-C lists the maximum lot sizes and minimum test frequencies for the specified activities.

4. For compaction control of processes other than layers of earthworks, flexible pavement and asphalt, the sampling procedure will be proposed by the Contractor in his method statement and will require the approval of the Superintendent. In such cases the samples shall be each considered to be representative and all test results will be required to meet the appropriate tolerances for the lot.
CQS24 QUALITY AUDITS

1. The Contractor's Quality Audit Schedule shall be included in the project Quality Plan. Guidance for the requirements of the auditing process is given in SAA QS5.

2. The Audit Reports shall be provided for the Superintendent.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

CQS25 RESERVED

CQS26 RESERVED
MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

CQS27 PAY ITEMS

1. Payment shall be made for all activities associated with the planning, establishment, implementation, operation and maintenance of the Quality System for the project. These costs shall include all investigation, inspections, testing, rectification and maintenance of the Quality Register.

2. Cost adjustments, if applicable, will apply the same as to any other Pay Item in the Schedule.

Pay Item QP1 QUALITY SYSTEM DOCUMENTS AND RECORDS

1. A lump sum for this item shall be provided for all costs associated with the preparation and submission of the Quality Plan, the provision of the QMR on site and the maintenance of the Quality Records during the course of the Contract.

2. Progress payments shall be calculated on the basis of 30% of the L.S. when the complete Quality Plan is available and the remainder on pro rata based on the monthly value of work done.

Pay Item QP2 QUALITY VERIFICATION AND CONTROL

1. The Lump Sum for this item shall include all costs for inspections, conformance surveys and testing required to verify that all aspects of the work under the Contract comply with the Quality Assurance provisions of the Contract.

2. Payments shall be made pro rata on the monthly value of work done.
ANNEXURE CQS-A

RANDOM SAMPLING

CQS-A1 GENERAL

1. Random sampling of test locations shall be used to control relative compaction of each layer of:

(i) earthworks
(ii) selected material zone
(iii) flexible pavement
(iv) asphalt
(v)
(vi)
(vii)

which are generally rectangular in area.

CQS-A2 SAMPLING RATES

1. The number of samples (n) per lot shall be as indicated in the specific Specification Parts which are summarised in the Sub-Annexure to this Quality Requirements Specification.

CQS-A3 RANDOM SAMPLING LOCATIONS

1. Sampling locations within a lot for the control of relative compaction shall be determined as follows:

(i) Representing the lot as a rectangle, sub-divide the lot lengthwise into equi-area sub-lots in accordance with the number of samples selected (n).
(ii) Establish six grid lines within the lot, as illustrated in Figure CQS-A2;
(iii) Throw a die to select a number between 1 and 6. This determines which grid line to use for the sample location in sub-lot 1;
(iv) Throw die to select a group (1-6) in Table CQS-A1;
(v) Throw die twice to select two random numbers (between 1 and 6) for row and column in Table CQS-A1 and obtain random fraction R;
(vi) Length co-ordinate for sample location in Sub-lot 1 = RL/n;
(vii) For sample location in next sub-lot:-
   Add L/n to previous length co-ordinate.
   Add 1 (on a cycle of 6) to previous grid line.
Figure CQS-A2  Sampling Locations for Rectangular Lot
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<th>GROUP</th>
<th>ROW</th>
<th>COLUMN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
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<td>(6)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table CQS-A1  -  Table of Random Fractions

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CQS-B1 GENERAL

1. Method Statements are required to describe the key steps and sequence in the construction activities, how and by whom each step shall be undertaken and what materials and equipment shall be used. Method Statements may include a flow chart to clarify the sequence of key steps. One or more Method Statements may address a Construction Activity.

2. Each Method Statement will be supported by a Check List which shall identify relevant inspections, test points, materials requirements and Hold Points. Each requirement on the Check List will have an officer responsible identified and will require the nominated officer to sign off the requirement so indicating its satisfactory execution.

3. Method Statements and Check Lists shall be compatible with the appropriate Inspection and Test Plan. Check Lists will be completed for each lot of work during construction and compiled with other documents to comprise the Quality Register.

4. The Contractor shall submit Method Statements and Check Lists to describe the key steps in those Construction Activities listed below that are identified with a preceding asterisk (*).

Table CQS-B1 - Construction Activities

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<tr>
<th>Item</th>
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<td>Temporary Roadways and Detours</td>
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<td>Control of Erosion and Sedimentation</td>
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<td>Installation of Precast Box Culverts</td>
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<td>Siting and Installation of Drainage Structures</td>
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<td>Construction of Lined Open Drains including Kerb and Gutter</td>
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<td>Stabilisation of Pavement or Subgrade Materials</td>
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<td>Provision of Subsurface Drainage as subsoil drains, pavement drains or free draining layer</td>
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<td>Construction of Flexible Pavement Layers</td>
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<td>Construction of Concrete Pavement Layers</td>
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<td>Construction of Asphaltic Concrete Pavement Layers</td>
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<td>Construction of Segmental Paving</td>
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<td>Pavement Marking</td>
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<td>Minor Concrete Works</td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
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<td>Landscaping</td>
<td>C273</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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ANNEXURE CQS-D

NONCONFORMANCE REPORT

NCR No:...........................

EXAMPLE

Date: ..............................................

CONTRACT:................................................................................................

PRODUCT OR SERVICE:..........................................................................

SUB-CONTRACTOR (if appropriate): ....................................................

INSPECTION & TEST PLAN No: ...............................................................

LOT No & DESCRIPTION/LOCATION: ..................................................

DETAILS OF NONCONFORMANCE: .........................................................

..............................................................

..............................................................

..............................................................

..............................................................

PROPOSED DISPOSITION: ........................................................................

..............................................................

..............................................................

..............................................................

..............................................................

IS A SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ATTACHED: YES □ ...................... NO □

CLIENT APPROVED □ COMMENT: ..............................................................

REJECTED □

CLIENT SIGNATURE: .................................................................................... DATE: ..............................................

DISPOSITION COMPLETED (CONTRACTOR) .............................................. DATE: ..............................................

RELEASE OF HOLD POINT (CLIENT) ..................................................... DATE: ..............................................

CLOSE OUT OF NONCONFORMANCE REPORT:

CONTRACTOR QMR: .................................................................................. DATE: ..............................................

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BEGA VALLEY SHIRE COUNCIL
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CQS3 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS .............................................................................................. 1
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